

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska (the Municipality) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Municipality's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police/Fire Retirement System fiduciary funds which represent 50% and 57% of the assets and net assets/fund balance, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts which represents 0.1%, 0.2%, and 0.4% of the assets, net assets, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Police/Fire Retirement System fiduciary funds and the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, is based on the report of the other auditors. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Municipality of Anchorage's 2009 financial statements. Those statements, before they were restated for the matter discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, were audited by us and, in our report dated June 4, 2010, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Police/Fire Retirement System trust funds (part of the aggregate remaining fund information opinion unit), the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts and the Anchorage Community Development Authority (both part of the aggregate discretely presented component units) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2011 on our consideration of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, the required supplementary information including the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the condition rating of Anchorage's road network, and the schedules of funding progress, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary General Fund budgetary schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Mikunda, Cottrell & Co.

Anchorage, Alaska May 25, 2011

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage), we offer readers of Anchorage's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. All monetary amounts are in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Anchorage exceeded its liabilities at the end of 2010 with reported net assets of \$3.621,477.
- Anchorage's total net assets increased by \$111,264 or approximately 3.2% for 2010. The
 increase reflects a change in net assets of governmental activities of \$50,654 and a change
 in business-type activities of \$60,610.
- During the year, the business-type activities generated \$316,980 in revenues (excluding special items), which were offset by expenses and transfers of \$256,370.
- As of December 31, 2010, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$299,430, an increase of \$50,844. Of the fund balance, \$176,550 is reserved. The remaining \$122,880 is unreserved, although \$43,465 is designated for bond rating/emergency operations.
- The Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund and the MOA Trust Fund did not meet the eligibility criteria as major funds but because of their significance to Anchorage taxpayers they have been included.
- Anchorage has established a formal fund balance designation policy for its general funds. The policy sets forth a bond rating designation equal to 8.25% of general fund revenues. Additionally, the policy sets forth an operating emergency designation for general fund unreserved fund balances of the five major general fund sub groups managed within a range of 2% to 3% of general fund revenues through the annual budget process. Unreserved general fund balance designated through the fund balance designation policy was \$43,465. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, general fund unreserved fund balance was 10% and 7% of general fund expenditures, respectively.

As of December 31, 2010, one of the five major general fund sub-funds' fund balances was lower than required by the policy and was adjusted back into compliance through the 2011 budgetary process. The Fire Service Area did not meet the emergency reserve designation. The operating emergency designation range was set at 3%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Anchorage's CAFR. The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for non major governmental funds, non major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of Anchorage:

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about Anchorage's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net assets presents information on all of Anchorage's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Anchorage is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how Anchorage's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event gives rise and when the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement on an accrual basis, with related cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Anchorage that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Anchorage include general government, fire services, police services, health and human services, economic and community development, public transportation, public works, education, maintenance and operations of roads and facilities, and debt service. Governmental activities also include information from CIVICVentures, a blended component unit. The business-type activities of Anchorage include water services, wastewater services, electric generation and distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, and refuse collection services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Anchorage itself, but also the following discretely presented component units for which Anchorage is financially accountable – the Anchorage School District (ASD), Anchorage Community Development Authority (Authority or ACDA), and the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts (ACPA). Financial information for these discrete component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. CIVICVentures, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as an integral part of the primary government and therefore has been included with the primary government as a blended component unit.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the local government, reporting Anchorage's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

Anchorage maintains twenty-five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, MOA Trust Fund, and Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund. Information from the other twenty-two governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Anchorage adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. The Assembly approves operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and revenues, direct costs and indirect costs at the fund and subfund level. In addition to the budgetary comparison schedule by function, two budgetary comparison schedules at the department level and at the fund and subfund level for the general fund have been added as additional supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Anchorage maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Anchorage uses enterprise funds to account for its water services, wastewater services, electric generation, electric transmission, electric distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, and refuse collection services.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Anchorage's various functions. Anchorage uses internal service funds to account for vehicle operations and maintenance, risk management, self insurance, unemployment compensation, and information technology services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the portion allocated to enterprise funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric generation/distribution services, water services, wastewater services, and port services, all of which are considered to be major enterprise funds of Anchorage. Information from the other three proprietary enterprise funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor proprietary enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All proprietary internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non major proprietary internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, such as the retirement and retiree medical plans for police and fire employees, in which Anchorage acts solely as a trustee. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Anchorage's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning Anchorage's disclosure of information relating to its paved road infrastructure network (accounted for under the modified approach) and general fund budgetary comparison schedule and schedule of funding status for the Police and Fire Retirement System.

In addition to these required elements, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented as additional

supplementary information immediately following the required supplementary information. A summary of selected statistical information is also provided.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Anchorage's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,621,477 and \$3,510,213 at the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively (reference Table A-1).

The net assets for governmental activities were \$2,924,425 and \$2,873,771, with \$58,378 and \$18,194 classified as unrestricted in 2010 and 2009, respectively. The significant portion (92%) of Anchorage's net assets for governmental activities reflects its investment in capital assets such as infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery and equipment, net of the debt on these assets. Anchorage uses capital assets to provide both present and future services to citizens and therefore these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net assets of \$175,100 and \$165,638 in 2010 and 2009, respectively, result from restrictions imposed legally or externally by creditors, debt covenants or grantors.

Table A-1 Anchorage's Net Assets (in thousands)

	Gove	emmental	Busin	ness-type			
	ac	tivities .	ac	tivities	To	tal	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Current and other assets	\$ 503,340	\$ 462,028	\$ 536,774	\$ 518,274	\$ 1,040,114	\$ 980,302	
Capital assets	3,242,869	3,198,415	1,457,073	1,380,428	4,699,942	4,578,843	
Total assets	3,746,209	3,660,443	1,993,847	1,898,702	5,740,056	5,559,145	
Lang termiliabilities	694,275	659,674	649,038	643,714	1,343,313	1,303,388	
Other liabilities	127,509	126,998	647,757	618,546	775,266	745,544	
Total liabilities	821,784	786,672	1,296,795	1,262,260	2,118,579	2,048,932	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	2,690,947	2,689,939	453,328	419,149	3,144,275	3,109,088	
Restricted	175,100	165,638	166,915	136,376	342,015	302,014	
Uhrestricted	58,378	18,194	76,809	80,917	135,187	99,111	
Total net assets	\$ 2,924,425	\$ 2,873,771	\$ 697,052	\$ 697,052 \$ 636,442 \$ 3,6		\$ 3,510,213	

Current and other assets include \$251,222 and \$207,142 of unrestricted cash and investments held for governmental activities at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Governmental activities' long-term liabilities increased by \$34,601 or approximately 5.2%. The increase in long-term liabilities was primarily the result of issuance of new debt (\$79,556 general obligation Bonds and \$1,546 Capital Leases) offset by repayment of debt. General obligation bonds represent 70% of the total long-term debt for governmental activities (including CIVICVentures). Revenue bonds (including CIVICVentures) represent 21% of the debt outstanding for governmental activities.

For business-type activities, unrestricted net assets of \$76,809 (11% of total net assets) and \$80,917 (13% of total net assets), may be used to meet the ongoing needs of these organizations at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. This represents a decrease of \$4,108 (5.1%) The primary contributor to the decrease was the decrease in the unrestricted net assets of the Electric

Utility of \$22,116 offset by increases in unrestricted net assets of the Anchorage Water Utility (\$5,624), Anchorage Wastewater Utility (\$2,063) and the Port of Anchorage (\$8,242). The most significant portion of net assets for the business-type activities, \$453,328 (65%) and \$419,149 (66%) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 respectively, are invested in capital assets which are used to provide customers with services. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$34,179 or approximately 8.2% in 2010. Net assets of business-type activities subject to external restrictions were \$166,915 (24%) and \$136,376 (21%) in 2010 and 2009, respectively. External restrictions were related to debt service and construction acquisition requirements.

Governmental Activities

During 2010, Anchorage's net assets increased \$50,654 for governmental activities (reference Table A-2). Highlights of governmental activities' net asset changes are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$16,743. Included in the decrease is American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grants of \$7.3 million and reduction in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) on behalf payments of \$6.3 million.
- Capital grants were \$41,301 lower in 2010 than in 2009, a 38% decrease. Anchorage received \$31.4 million less from the State for legislative grants in 2010, \$5,000 was received in 2009 for a regional fire training center and no roads were contributed to the municipality from the State in 2010 (\$9,700 contributed in 2009).
- Education expenses increased by \$3,746 in 2010 to \$235,125 from \$231,379 in 2009.
- The total property tax levy for 2010 was \$471,080, an increase from the 2009 property tax levy of \$457,808 (less property tax relief of \$15,019).
- Investment earnings of \$20,839 were \$14,226 less in 2010 than in 2009 (\$35,065).
 Earnings in 2009 were significantly higher as the market recovered from an unprecedented loss in the latter part of 2008.

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Table A-2 Anchorage's Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

	Gover act	nmer			Busine acti		• •	To	otal		
	<u>2010</u>		2009		<u>2010</u>		2009	<u>2010</u>		2009	
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 56,750	\$	55,518	\$	260,970	\$	245,176	\$ 317,720	\$	300,694	
Operating grants & contributions	47,877		64,620		109		109	47,986		64,729	
Capital grants & contributions	66,986		108,287		47,443		14,582	114,429		122,869	
General revenues:											
Property taxes	479,410		461,907		-		-	479,410		461,907	
Other taxes	48,737		45,831		-		-	48,737		45,831	
Gain on sale of capital assets	-		1,252		-		-	-		1,252	
Grants and entitlements not											
restricted to specific programs	15,053		15,019				. .	15,053		15,019	
Investment earnings	20,839		35,065	_	8,458		9,288	 29,297	_	44,353	
Total revenues	735,652		787,499	_	316,980	_	269,155	 1,052,632		1,056,654	
Expenses:											
General government	22,467		29,050		-		-	22.467		29,050	
Fire services	88,837		80,454		-		-	88,837		80,454	
Police services	107,678		104,475		-		-	107,678		104,475	
Health and human services	26,633		27,082		-		-	26,633		27,082	
Economic and community dev.	78,942		82,989		-		-	78,942		82,989	
Public transportation	30,241		34,517		-		-	30,241		34,517	
Public works	56,127		107,529		_		_	56,127		107,529	
Education	235,125		231,379		-		-	235,125		231,379	
Maintenance and operations	35,241		33,758		-		-	35,241		33,758	
Interest	28,201		29,600		-		-	28,201		29,600	
Water	-		-		38,759		38,485	38,759		38,485	
Wastewater	-		-		32,916		30,491	32,916		30,491	
Electric	-		-		122,332		105,532	122,332		105,532	
Port	-		-		10,518		11,233	10,518		11,233	
Municipal airport	-		-		3,326		3,279	3,326		3,279	
Solid waste	-		-		16,177		16,288	16,177		16,288	
Refuse			-		8,176	_	7,821	 8,176		7,821	
Total expenses	709,492	_	760,833		232,204		213,129	 941,696		973,962	
Change in net assets prior to											
transfers	26,160		26,666		84,776		56,026	110,936		82,692	
Transfers	24,494	_	22,620		(24,166)		(25,745)	 328	_	(3,125)	
Change in net assets	50,654		49,286		60,610		30,281	111,264		79,567	
Net assets, beginning of											
year, as restated	2,873,771	2	2,824,485		636,442		606,161	 3,510,213		3,430,646	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 2,924,425	\$ 2	2,873,771	\$	697,052	\$	636,442	\$ 3,621,477	\$	3,510,213	

Figure A-1
Governmental Activities Revenues by Type

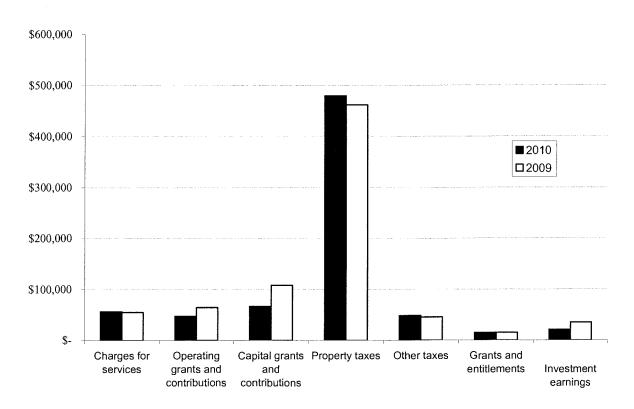
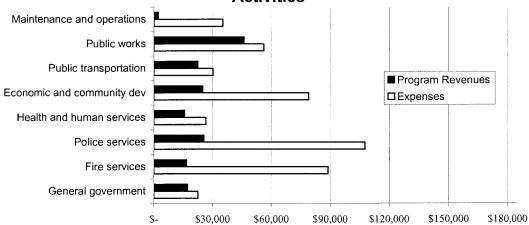


Figure A-2
2010 Program Revenue vs Expense by Governmental
Activities



2010 Expense by Functional Activity Refuse Solid waste Municipal airport Port Wastewater Water Interest Maintenance and operations Education Public works Public transportation Economic & community dev Health and human services Police services General government \$25,000 \$50,000 \$75,000 \$100,000 \$125,000 \$150,000 \$175,000 \$200,000 \$225,000 \$250,000

Figure A-3

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased Anchorage's net assets by \$60,610 in 2010. Key elements of the change in net assets are as follows:

- Electric Utility change in net assets was \$3,456.
- Change in net assets for Water and Wastewater was \$7,272 and \$748, respectively.
- Capital contributions to the Port were \$40,170, related to the expansion project.

Financial Analysis of Anchorage's Funds

As noted earlier, Anchorage uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Anchorage's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Anchorage's financial requirements.

As of December 31, 2010, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$299,430, an increase of \$50,844 in comparison to the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$176,550 is reserved and not available for additional spending because it has already been committed either to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$34,846), to meet debt service requirements (\$16,251), to generate income for perpetual care of the municipal cemetery (\$406), to recognize prepaid items, deposits and inventory (\$2,268), to recognize long-term loans to other funds (\$2,500), or is otherwise reserved in the MOA Trust Fund (\$120,279).

Approximately 41% of total fund balance (\$122,880) is classified as unreserved fund balance. Of the unreserved fund balance, \$54,870 is reported in Special Revenue Funds to be used for grant specified projects and \$8,455 is reported in the Capital Projects Funds. The remaining unreserved fund balance of \$59,555 is reported in the General Fund. Of that amount \$43,465 is

designated for bond rating and operating emergencies under Anchorage's Fund Balance Designation Policy.

The General Fund is the primary operational fund for Anchorage. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, the unreserved fund balance was \$59,555 and \$41,316 while total fund balance was reported at \$63,322 and \$45,197 for 2010 and 2009, respectively. Investment gains of \$2,172 were reported for 2010, which was a decrease of \$857 from the 2009 investment income. The increase in fund balance of \$18,125 can be attributed to the strong fiscal control that resulted in expenditure savings and a disputed personal property tax payment of \$4.6 million from a taxpayer that has been set aside as unreserved, undesignated until an appeal is heard from the State of Alaska court system.

In measuring the General Fund's liquidity, one may compare both the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to total expenditures. At December 31, 2010, unreserved fund balance represents 10% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 10.6% of the same amount. Unreserved fund balance was 7% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance was 7.7% of the same amount at December 31, 2009.

Investment gains in the MOA Trust Fund were \$13,283. This was a decrease of \$10,068 from the prior year gain of \$23,352. 2009 experienced a larger increase in investment gains as the market returned to normal after a sharp decline in the equities markets in 2008.

The Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund was included as a major fund for the first time in 2008, as a result of meeting the eligibility criteria for a major fund. Capital outlay in this fund decreased in 2010 by \$13,612 over the prior year. This was due primarily to the construction of Martin Luther King Boulevard in the south end of Anchorage where the majority of work occurred in 2009. Combined, the Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund and the other non major governmental funds reported an increase in fund balance of \$25,136 in 2010, with an overall decrease in spending of \$51,527 over 2009.

Proprietary Funds

Anchorage's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail.

- The Electric Utility's net capital assets increased by \$35,278 or 9.2% in 2010, while increasing by \$22,033, or 6.1% in 2009. Several major projects were completed in 2010 including BRU gas wells (\$2.3 million), Substation 15 (\$2.5 million), Unit 5 turbine major overhaul (\$6.4 million), Unit 7 hot gas path inspection (\$5.3 million), and Alaska Power Administration substation modification (\$2.8 million).
- In 2006 the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) issued Order Number 2 (Order) in Docket U-06-89 concerning the use of the funds received in settlement of the 2005 gas underlift that resulted in recognizing a deferred credit in the amount of \$22,950 to be used for future gas purchases. The Order also agreed with the Electric Utility's proposal to loan the electric fund the gas underlift proceeds to construct a new generating unit with the condition that as the funds are returned, the loan amount plus interest will be restricted for future gas purchases. As of December 31, 2010 the deferred credit account has a balance of \$28,507.
- In 2010, the Electric Utility paid a dividend of \$6,014 to Anchorage based on 2009 revenues confirmed after audit. The dividend consists of a revenue distribution to general government of 5% of the Electric Utility's gross revenues excluding restricted revenues and payment of a gross receipts tax considered supplemental Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA) at 1.25% times actual gross operating revenues (\$1,483). In addition to these MUSA payments, the Electric Utility paid MUSA on its net plant in service (\$3,590).

- The Electric Utility entered into a participation agreement with Chugach Electric Association, Inc. on August 28, 2008 to proceed with the joint development, construction and operation of the Southcentral Power Project ("the Project"). The approximate capacity of the Project is 180MW, of which the Electric Utility's proportionate share will be 54MW, or 30%. The Electric Utility's estimated share of the cost of the project at this time is \$110,561, including interest during construction. The Electric Utility has recorded capital expenditures of \$39,882 as of December 31, 2010. The Project is anticipated to enter commercial operation by January 1, 2013.
- The Water Utility's net capital assets increased by \$18,826 or 4% in 2010 compared with \$30,402 or 7% increase in 2009. The increase is mostly due to additions to transmission and distribution systems (\$31.4 million), pumping plant (\$2 million), water treatment plant upgrades (\$2.1 million), source supply plant (\$2.5 million), and general plant (\$3.1 million).
- The Water Utility's total net assets increased by \$7,272 or 8.9% during 2010. Expenses increased by \$1,644 with \$847 due to an increased depreciation, increased plant in service and increases in fuel, chemical and utility costs.
- The Wastewater Utility's net capital assets increased by \$9,915, or 2.8% in 2010 compared with \$40,866 or 13% increase in 2009. The increase is due to asset additions to wastewater plant of \$23.5 million offset by additions of \$11.6 million to accumulated depreciation and a reduction of \$2 million to construction work in progress.
- The Wastewater Utility's net assets increased \$748 or 1.3% during 2010. Operating and non-operating revenues were up \$655 in 2010, while operating and non-operating expenses increased by \$2,844.
- During 2010, the Port's total non-current assets increased by \$46,102 due mostly to an increase in advances to MARAD (\$41,140) and increase in capital assets (\$4,962) related to the Port intermodal expansion project.
- The Port has been presented as a major enterprise fund since 2008 because it met the major fund eligibility criteria.
- The Port's net assets increased by \$41,601 due primarily from capital contributions of \$40,170 for the intermodal expansion project, largely from the State.

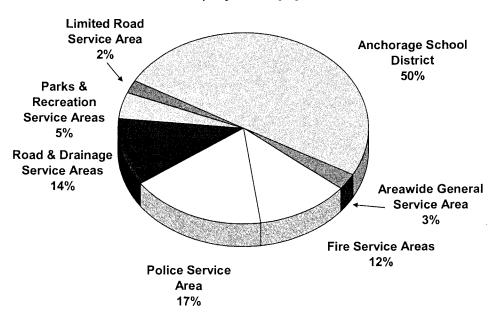
General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Anchorage adopted its 2010 operating budget in December 2009, which included projected revenue sources to support spending. By April 2010, Anchorage had actual year-end financial data that served as the basis for the first quarter amendment process, which resulted in the 2010 revised budget approved in May. The revised budget served as the basis to calculate the property tax revenue requirements. The property tax levy then was set and taxes were levied for general purposes for all service areas. The Anchorage School District's annual operating budget for its July 1-June 30 fiscal year also had been approved by this time and its property tax levy also was set based on its revenue requirements.

Throughout the year supplemental appropriations are requested for unanticipated, high priority needs. The following were revisions to the 2010 budget in the five major service areas (Areawide, Fire, Roads and Drainage, Police, Parks and Recreation):

- \$233,854 contribution to Anchorage School District for property taxes collected on their behalf by general government;
- \$109 to Health and Human Services for I/M software;

- \$33 to the Purchasing Department for disposal of surplus municipal property;
- \$516 to the Anchorage Fire Department for a labor settlement;
- \$300 of Police Department revenues to collect delinquent criminal/civil fines and fees;
- \$215 of Retirement Certificate of Participation (COP) debt service fund balance and a contribution from the Anchorage Fire Department for payment of a labor settlement;
- \$620 reappropriation from the Maintenance and Operations Department to the Real Estate Department for the payment of an inter fund loan to Municipal Light and Power;
- \$310 reappropriation from the Maintenance and Operations Department to Anchorage Building and Safety Service Area Fund as a fund balance contribution;
- \$119 of fund balance in the Anchorage Metropolitan Police Service Area for reimbursement of discounted health insurance premiums paid for retirees of the Police/Fire Medical Expense Trust previously paid by Employee Relations Department; and
- \$126 of fund balance in the Areawide fund for reimbursement of discounted health insurance premiums paid for retirees of the Police/Fire Medical Expense Trust previously paid by the Employee Relations Department.



2010 Property Tax Levy by Service Areas

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2010 and 2009, Anchorage had invested \$4,699,942 and \$4,578,844 in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, land, and infrastructure (reference Table A-3). More detailed information about Anchorage's capital assets is presented in Note 6, Capital Assets, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-3
Municipality of Anchorage's Capital Assets
(net of accumulated depreciation, in thousands)

		ımental vities		ess-type vities	То	tal
	2010	2009	2010	2010 2009		2009
Land Buildings and building	\$ 1,233,225	\$ 1,226,652	\$ 49,251	\$ 51,146	\$ 1,282,476	\$ 1,277,798
improvements	286,545	269,947	276,184	269,728	562,729	539,675
Art	17,310	17,310	-	-	17,310	17,310
Equipment	60,688	55,792	-	_	60,688	55,792
Distribution and collection						
systems	-	-	1,025,355	992,422	1,025,355	992,422
Infrastructure	1,586,874	1,519,942	-	-	1,586,874	1,519,942
Construction work-						
in-progress	58,227	108,773	106,283	67,132	164,510	175,905
Total	\$ 3,242,869	\$ 3,198,416	\$ 1,457,073	\$ 1,380,428	\$ 4,699,942	\$ 4,578,844

In 2010, total governmental activities capital asset additions were \$224,666, with the majority of the additions in construction work-in-progress, buildings and building improvements. Anchorage also purchased and traded land for various projects in 2010.

Significant additions to governmental activities capital assets during 2010 were \$36,058 of building and improvement additions, \$21,490 of equipment, and \$77,291 of infrastructure additions.

Business-type activities capital assets increased by \$243,467 during 2010 primarily due to distribution and collection system additions of \$86,031 and construction work-in-progress additions of \$137,719.

Long-term Debt

At December 31, 2010 Anchorage had \$1,268,376 in debt outstanding, an increase of 3.2% from 2009 debt outstanding of \$1,229,430 (reference Table A-4). More detailed information about Anchorage's long-term debt liabilities is presented in Note 11, Long-term Obligations, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-4
Municipality of Anchorage's Outstanding Debt
(in thousands)

	Governmental activities				Busine activ	ss-ty vities	pe		To	otal		
	2010		2009		2010		2009	2010			2009	
General obligation bonds	\$ 487,342	\$	448,590	\$	-	\$	504	\$	487,342	\$	449,094	
Revenue bonds	39,750		42,735		463,892		486,026		503,642		528,761	
CIVICVentures revenue bonds	108,625		109,695		-		-		108,625		109,695	
Capital leases	3,643		3,144		-		-		3,643		3,144	
Long-term contracts	4,745		4,855		158,589		132,017		163,334		136,872	
HUD loans	1,790		1,864		-		-		1,790		1,864	
Total	\$ 645,895	\$	610,883	\$	622,481	\$	618,547	\$	1,268,376	\$	1,229,430	

\$79,556 of general obligation bonds and \$1,546 of capital leases were issued in 2010 to fund various governmental activities. \$35,488 of long-term notes were issued to fund capital projects in the business-type activities.

Anchorage's general obligation bonds are rated AA Stable by Standard & Poor's and AA+ by Fitch.

Infrastructure Modified Approach

Anchorage manages its paved road network using its Pavement Management Plan and accounts for it using the modified approach. The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from 2 for pavement in excellent condition to 7 for pavement in poor condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. The most recent condition assessment shows that the condition of Anchorage's paved road network is in accordance with its plan. Condition assessments are updated every three vears.

A comparison of estimated to actual maintenance and preservation expense is presented in Required Supplementary Information. During 2010 actual road infrastructure maintenance and preservation expense was 7.5% more than estimated.

A condition assessment was performed in 2008 and indicated approximately 80.18% of total paved roads as being in good or better condition. This assessment result increased slightly from the assessment results of 80.01% received during the 2005 assessment. The current assessment exceeds Anchorage's plan to maintain 60% of total paved roads in good or better condition. The next scheduled assessment is in 2011.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Anchorage's population rose .3% in 2010; and preliminary unemployment data stands at 6.9% which is well below the national average of 9.6%.

The Property Tax Cap allows for both growth (inflation, population, new construction) and other factors such as debt service, operations and maintenance, costs of voter-approved projects, and legal judgments and settlements. In 2011 the property tax levy represents 54% of the General Government Operating Budget revenue. Non-property taxes and program generated revenues accounted for the majority of the remaining revenues (33%); intra-governmental charges outside general government (6%); and Federal and State revenues (4%) which constitutes the balance.

The 2011 revised budget is \$21,787 more than the 2010 revised budget. This includes a \$13.6 million increase in debt service for voter-approved debt service. Property tax revenues required to support the 2011 revised budget increased from \$245.4 million in 2010 to \$247.6 million.

The approved 2011 operating budgets for Anchorage's Utilities total \$259,658; approved capital budgets total \$302,189.

In 2008, the Plan I, II and III investments for the Police & Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund sustained substantial losses of \$115,668 to its investment portfolios. In 2009, the Police & Fire Retirement Board adopted the actuary's recommendation to recover the underfunding that occurred in 2008. The Retirement Board approved a 15 year amortization period that will require annual contributions from Anchorage of \$12 million beginning in 2010. Plan I, II, and III

investments recovered enough during 2010, that contributions were reduced to \$8.6 million in 2011 and \$6.2 million in 2012.

In 2004, Anchorage adopted a change in the formula used to calculate MUSA where payments are calculated on net plant in service which includes contributed plant. This change treats the Utilities, for MUSA purposes, similar to the private sector and in the manner in which business personal property taxes are calculated. In past years, the Water Utility and Wastewater Utility paid MUSA on the net non-contributed portion of plant in service, but prior to 1989 MUSA was calculated on net plant in service. The change in the formula has been legally challenged as discussed in more detail in the basic notes to the financial statements.

On September 2, 2005, the RCA issued an order establishing a revenue requirement for the Water's and Wastewater's Utility rates that excluded MUSA expense associated with the contributed portion of the Utilities' plant balances. The Utilities filed an appeal with the Alaska Superior Court in 2005 where the Superior Court upheld the Commission's order. The Superior Court decision was appealed to the State of Alaska Supreme Court. On September 4, 2009, the Supreme Court issued a unanimous decision finding no reasonable basis for the 2005 exclusion of MUSA from the Utilities' revenue requirement. The Court remanded the case to the RCA for further proceedings. The Utilities' submitted written direct testimony in the remand proceeding on December 18, 2009. The remand proceeding concluded following additional written testimony from the Regulatory Affairs and Public Advocacy section of the Alaska Department of Law (RAPA) and the Utilities' and a public hearing was held July 21 through July 27 2010. A final decision on the MUSA matter was originally due from the RCA by October 25, 2010, but has been extended to June 23, 2011. Revenue collected subject to refunds approximated \$21.5 million and \$15.3 million through December 31, 2010 for Water and Wastewater, respectively, with approximately \$3.3 million and \$2.3 million associated with revenues collected in 2010. Anchorage is unable to determine the likely outcome of this case, and therefore has not recorded a liability for funds payable.

For more information on current rate cases, see the notes to the financial statements.

Contacting Anchorage's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Anchorage's finances and to demonstrate our accountability for the monies we receive. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Municipality of Anchorage, Controller Division, 632 W. 6th Avenue, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, AK 99519-6650.

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Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

				Component Units			
Assets		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		Anchorage School District
Current assets:							
Cash	\$	112,151	\$ 5,425	\$	117,576	\$	
Cash in central treasury Master lease agreement		218,266,373 916,526	87,611,622 		305,877,995 916,526		=
Investments		30,892,756	- -		30,892,756		167,307,793
Accrued interest on investments Interest receivable		1,034,215	1,415,915 299,236		2,450,130 299,236		67,161
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectib	les)	24,702,441	23,017,780		47,720,221		28,430,664
Due from primary government		407.000	_		197 900		117,379,986
Due from component unit Internal balances		187,800 (2,048,097)	2,048,097		187,800 —		
Inventories		1,431,828	29,100,774		30,532,602		2,917,897
Prepaid items and deposits Deferred charges		1,676,556	56,447 173,009		1,733,003 173,009		9,700,620 6,027,761
Restricted assets:					•		-,,
Investments		137,930,073	_		137,930,073 378,783		
Investments in TCH, LLC Investment, art collection		378,783	_		3/0,/03		_
Customer deposits			1,162,641		1,162,641		_
Interim rate escrow investments Restricted deposits			6,124,010 87,526,715		6,124,010 87,526,715		_
Bond acquisition and construction			91,160,230		91,160,230		
Bond operation and maintenance Debt service accounts		*****	9,400,000 7,667,207		9,400,000 7,667,207		
Landfill post closure cash reserve			4,597,159		4,597,159		
Mitigation reserve investment			· · · -		_		
Interest receivable Receivables		829,416	_		829,416		
Intergovernmental receivables		33,776,097	1,681,481		35,457,578		
Total current assets		450,086,918	353,047,748		803,134,666		331,831,882
Noncurrent assets:							
Deferred charges and other assets		4,342,765 565,160	10,527,261 (565,160)		14,870,026		
Internal balances Loans and leases receivable, net		47,553,798	5,702		47,559,500		_
Net OPEB		791,259	· 		791,259		_
Restricted assets: Customer deposits			565,562		565,562		No.
Advances to MARAD		-	139,939,619		139,939,619		
Revenue bond reserve investments Capital assets, not being depreciated		2,683,172,415	33,252,652 155,534,886		33,252,652 2,838,707,301		66,618,285
Capital assets, het being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net		559,696,547	1,301,538,463		1,861,235,010		1,162,912,616
Total noncurrent assets		3,296,121,944	1,640,798,985		4,936,920,929		1,229,530,901
Total assets	\$	3,746,208,862	\$ 1,993,846,733	\$	5,740,055,595	\$	1,561,362,783
Liabilities and Net Assets							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	16,760,210	\$ 16,483,571	\$	33,243,781	\$	7,555,797
Accrued interest payable		9,053,880	4,203,303		13,257,183		11,429,961
Accrued payroll liabilities Current portion of long-term obligations		11,218,839 67,126,971	3,014,180 38,120,429		14,233,019 105,247,400		13,402,366 70,726,292
Notes payable		07,120,371 —	40,000,000		40.000.000		70,720,202
Due to primary government		_	_		_		_
Due to component unit		78,468,444			78,468,444		_
Deferred revenue and deposits		10,648,289	99,071		10,747,360		118,062,930
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		1,101,167	9,411,336		10,512,503		
Total current liabilities		194,377,800	111,331,890		305,709,690		221,177,346
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		250 000	565,562 573,980,475		565,562 574 238 763		
Deferred credits Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	s	258,288 627,148,035	573,980,475 610,917,118		574,238,763 1,238,065,153		726,009,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		627,406,323	1,185,463,155		1,812,869,478		726,009,000
Total liabilities		821,784,123	1,296,795,045		2,118,579,168		947,186,346
Net assets:		021,704,120	1,200,700,040		2,110,010,100		011,100,010
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt Restricted for:		2,690,946,874	453,327,512		3,144,274,386		488,771,145
Debt service		7,199,432	39,582,987		46,782,419		2,051,689
Interim rate escrow requirement			6,124,010		6,124,010		
Maintenance and operations Acquisition and construction		1,544,769	121,207,730		122,752,499		4,886,817
Convention center operating reserve		6,225,378			6,225,378		· · · · · ·
Police and fire retiree medical liability Grant activity		30,540,154 7,204,727	_		30,540,154 7,204,727		
Heritage land bank		1,699,849	_		1,699,849		_
Perpetual care:							
Nonexpendable MOA trust:		406,351			406,351		
Nonexpendable		120,279,315	_		120,279,315		_
Endowment Unrestricted		58,377,890	76,809,449		135,187,339		118,466,786
Total net assets		2,924,424,739	697,051,688		3,621,476,427		614,176,437
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	3,746,208,862	\$ 1,993,846,733	\$	5,740,055,595	\$	1,561,362,783
		-,,,			. 111		de de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la c

Component Units

	Compo (Con			Total Reporting Entity						
	Anchorage Community Development Authority		Alaska Center for the Performing Arts		December 31, 2010		As Restated December 31, 2009			
\$	3,899,551 — —	\$	1,230,926 — —	\$	5,248,053 305,877,995 916,526	\$	4,405,880 262,875,562 759,080			
			_		198,200,549 2,450,130		217,434,242 1,591,773			
			14,054		366,397		766,820 74,192,930			
	25,647 259,437		14,054		76,190,586 117,639,423		116,700,438			
			_		187,800 —		256,744 —			
	60,570		65,950 —		33,450,499 11,560,143 6,200,770		28,868,673 12,493,399 6,592,952			
			-		137,930,073		130,931,735			
	_		127,042		378,783 127,042		412,252 127,042			
					1,162,641		1,164,559			
	32,219		599,1 9 7		6,124,010 88,158,131		4,204,515 75,506,658			
	_		_		91,160,230 9,400,000		102,571,731 8,600,000			
			_		7,667,207		7,771,476			
	-		_		4,597,159 —		2,920,700 5,126,356			
	_		_		829,416		902,706 759,879			
					35,457,578		64,661,446			
	4,277,424		2,037,169		1,141,281,141		1,132,599,548			
	9,726,465 —		_		24,596,491		25,077,255			
	_		_		47,559,500 791,259		50,825,478 1,076,661			
	_				565,562 139,939,619		880,664 98,800,001			
			_		33,252,652		33,067,682			
	11,176,625 15,022,278				2,916,502,211 3,039,169,904		2,944,952,241 2,877,329,865			
	35,925,368				6,202,377,198		6,032,009,847			
\$	40,202,792	\$	2,037,169	\$	7,343,658,339	\$	7,164,609,395			
\$	733,445	\$	296,217	\$	41,829,240	\$	44,498,849			
	_		-		24,687,144 27,635,385		23,784,405 25,461,701			
	_		_		175,973,692		165,224,599			
					40,000,000		40,000,000			
	42,757		143,475		186,232		239,217			
	638,442		405,596		78,468,444 129,854,328		77,663,030 129,467,403			
			72,371		10,584,874		5,273,912			
	1,414,644		917,659		529,219,339		511,613,116			
	_		_		565,562 574,238,763		880,664 550,523,390			
_	2,762,118		-		1,966,836,271	_	1,960,808,937			
_	2,762,118		047.650		2,541,640,596		2,512,212,991			
	4,176,762		917,659		3,070,859,935		3,023,826,107			
	26,198,903		_		3,659,244,434		3,613,988,985 49,785,039			
	-				48,834,108 6,124,010		4,204,515			
	_		599,197 —		599,197 127,639,316		666,416 94,909,438			
			_		6,225,378		5,564,732			
					30,540,154 7,204,727		28,013,132 7,496,344			
			*****		1,699,849	1,005,44				
	_		_		406,351	384,55				
	_		60,739		120,279,315 60,739	112,696,15 60,79				
	9,827,127		459,574		263,940,826	222,007,74				
	36,026,030	_	1,119,510	<u>r</u>	4,272,798,404		4,140,783,288			
\$	40,202,792	\$	2,037,169	\$	7,343,658,339	<u>\$</u>	7,164,609,395			

Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Net (Expense), Revenue and Changes in Net

					Pro	ogram Revenue	s			Assets
									Prim	ary Government
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		ı	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Sovernmental Activities
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government Fire services Police services Health and human services Economic & community development	\$	22,466,640 88,837,324 107,677,900 26,632,684 78,941,612	\$	7,656,683 7,494,561 18,521,825 3,680,732 5,875,611	\$	2,843,565 2,961,701 7,085,999 11,913,497 13,766,023	\$	6,630,523 6,176,896 8,300 2,902 5,298,328	\$	(5,335,869) (72,204,166) (82,061,776) (11,035,553) (54,001,650)
Public transportation		30,240,829		4,659,923		2,800,282		14,880,680		(7,899,944)
Public works		56,127,232		8,669,482		5,187,746		32,067,302		(10,202,702)
Education Maintenance and operations of roads and facilit Interest on long-term debt	ies	235,125,354 35,241,475 28,201,071		191,534 —		110,922 1,206,882 —		1,160,655 760,701 ——		(233,853,777) (33,082,358) (28,201,071)
Total governmental activities		709,492,121		56,750,351		47,876,617		66,986,287		(537,878,866)
Business-type activities: Water		38,759,459	-	51,056,732		-		_		_
Wastewater		32,916,342		37,994,692		_				
Electric		122,331,031		131,520,920				40 470 000		_
Port Municipal Airport		10,518,074 3,325,730		11,452,966 1,227,073		108,584		40,170,090 7,272,716		
Solid Waste		16,177,197		18,974,151		100,504		1,212,110		_
Refuse		8,176,402		8,744,034						_
Total business-type activities		232,204,235		260,970,568		108,584		47,442,806		_
Total primary government	-\$	941,696,356	- -	317,720,919		47,985,201		114,429,093	\$	(537,878,866)
Component Units:									-	
Anchorage School District Anchorage Community Development Authority Alaska Center for the Performing Arts	\$	754,060,838 7,969,542 2,799,477	\$	6,756,203 7,796,379 2,343,744	\$	167,633,175 — 326,802	\$	47,466,227 117,408		
Total Component Units	\$	764,829,857	 \$	16,896,326		167,959,977		47,583,635	-	
rotal component onits		neral revenues:		10,030,020	<u> </u>	101,000,017	<u> </u>	47,000,000	=	
		Property taxes Motor vehicle tax Hotel and motel ' Tobacco taxes Assessments in I Grants and entitle Appropriation fro Investment incor Gain on sale of o	taxes lieu o emer m Mu ne	f taxes its not restricted inicipality of Anct						479,409,921 9,512,490 19,604,118 17,334,746 2,284,762 15,053,452 20,838,767
	Tra Spe	Other nsfers from (to) o ecial item:	ther t							
		NPO/OPEB write			-1-1 7					E00 E20 604
		al general revenu	•	ansters, and spe	ciai iti	эт				588,532,684
		ange in net assets								50,653,818
		assets, beginnin	-	ear, as restated						2,873,770,921
	Net	assets, end of ye	ear						\$	2,924,424,739

Net (Expense), Revenue and Changes in Net Assets (Continued)

	tinued)	_		C							
Primary	Government	_			nent Units		Alaska				
		Anch	orage		mmunity	(Center for		Total Rep	orting	
Business-Type		Sch	nool	De	velopment	the	Performing				As Restated
Activities	Total	Dis	trict		Authority		Arts		2010		2009
, , , ,											
\$ —	\$ (5,335,869)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	(5,335,869)	\$	(11,514,192)
	(72,204,166)		_						(72,204,166)		(56,078,106)
	(82,061,776)				_		_		(82,061,776)		(77,613,696)
	(11,035,553)		_						(11,035,553)		(10,644,200)
	(54,001,650)				_		_		(54,001,650)		(57,632,723)
_	(7,899,944)		_		_				(7,899,944)		(17,788,133)
	(10,202,702)		_		_		_		(10,202,702) (233,853,777)		(18,787,150) (225,459,645)
	(233,853,777)										(27,289,051)
	(33,082,358)		_				_		(33,082,358) (28,201,071)		(27,269,031)
	(28,201,071) (537,878,866)	_							(537,878,866)		(532,407,369)
	(537,676,600)								(337,878,800)		(552,407,509)
12,297,273	12,297,273				_		_		12,297,273		9,763,941
5,078,350	5,078,350		_				_		5,078,350		6,527,877
9,189,889	9,189,889				_				9,189,889		14,477,686
41,104,982	41,104,982				_		_		41,104,982		10,123,090
5,282,643	5,282,643						_		5,282,643		2,559,969
2,796,954	2,796,954		-		_		_		2,796,954		2,681,143
567,632	567,632								567,632	- —	699,128
76,317,723	76,317,723					_			76,317,723		46,832,834
\$ 76,317,723	\$ (461,561,143)	. \$		\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	(461,561,143)	<u>\$</u>	(485,574,535)
		\$ (532,2	205,233)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(532,205,233)	\$	(496,550,548)
					(55,755)				(55,755)		(90,247)
							(128,931)		(128,931)		27,811
		\$ (532,2	205,233)	\$	(55,755)	\$	(128,931)	\$	(532,389,919)	<u>\$</u>	(496,612,984)
	479,409,921								479,409,921		461,906,542
	9,512,490				_				9,512,490		9,078,006
	19,604,118				_				19,604,118		17,846,829
	17,334,746		_		_				17,334,746		16,581,627
-	2,284,762				_				2,284,762		2,324,750
	15,053,452	313.4	436,541		_				328,489,993		312,085,939
_	-		947,582				_		232,947,582		217,971,708
8,457,540	29,296,307		552,323		7,183		78,831		34,934,644		47,595,782
· · · —	· · · —	•	,		´ —		· —		· · · —		1,120,549
_	-	1,1	119,024				_		1,119,024		1,830,426
(24,165,530)	328,898		_						328,898		(3,125,000)
											17,582,137
(15,707,990)	572,824,694	553,0	055,470		7,183		78,831		1,125,966,178		1,102,799,295
60,609,733	111,263,551	20,8	850,237		(48,572)		(50,100)		132,015,116		120,611,776
636,441,955	3,510,212,876		326,200		6,074,602		1,169,610		4,140,783,288		4,020,171,512
\$ 697,051,688	\$ 3,621,476,427	\$ 614,	176,437	\$ 3	6,026,030	\$	1,119,510	<u>\$</u>	4,272,798,404	<u>\$</u>	4,140,783,288

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

							Total Gover	nmental Funds
Assets	General		MOA Trust		apital Projects ads & Drainage	Other Governmental Funds	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Cash	\$ 14.268	\$	_	\$		\$ 97.883	\$ 112,151	\$ 31,284
Cash in central treasury	138,140,944	Ψ	8,021	Ψ.	8,486,977	44,214,837	190,850,779	144,214,606
Master lease agreement escrow	241,287				-	_	241,287	· · ·
Investments	-				_	30,892,756	30,892,756	28,479,074
Accrued interest on investments	1,032,462		_		_	1,753	1,034,215	611,063
Due from other funds	5,074,969		_		_	6,722,351	11,797,320	5,757,353
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)	21,542,963		_		_	1,717,419	23,260,382	23,036,558
Interest receivable	1.070.989					 174,219	 1,245,208	267 1,082,692
Special assessments receivable Due from component units	1,070,969		_			157,921	187,800	256,744
Inventories	1,076,253		_			157,921	1,076,253	1,031,989
Prepaid items and deposits	190,474				_	1,000,000	1,190,474	1,132,843
Advances to other funds	1,510,984						1,510,984	1,911,354
Restricted assets:	.,,						.,	.,,
Investments	_		120,315,780		_	13,799,554	134,115,334	126,937,105
Investments in TCH, LLC	_		_			378,783	378,783	412,252
Intergovernmental receivables	1,153,196				13,384,863	19,238,038	33,776,097	64,632,721
Accrued Investments	_		15,260			_	15,260	21,236
Loans receivable, net	39,750,000		****			7,803,798	47,553,798	50,813,369
Total assets	\$ 210,828,668	<u>\$</u>	120,339,061	<u>\$</u>	21,871,840	\$ 126,199,312	\$ 479,238,881	\$ 450,362,510
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 5,758,037	\$	59,746	\$	3,954,705	\$ 6,250,681	\$ 16,023,169	\$ 17,731,290
Accrued payroll liabilities	10,172,918		-			516,443	10,689,361	10,446,025
Due to other funds	70.400.444		******		33,149	9,129,860	9,163,009	23,012,059
Due to component unit	78,468,444		_			40 005 700	78,468,444	77,663,030
Deferred revenue and deposits Advances from other funds	53,107,378		_		98,218 512,883	10,235,729 1,510,984	63,441,325 2,023,867	67,324,774 5.599.791
	447.506.777	-						
Total liabilities	147,506,777		59,746		4,598,955	27,643,697	179,809,175	201,776,969
Fund balances: Reserved:								
Encumbrances	_		_		21,962,418	12,883,880	34,846,298	52,271,902
Inventories	1,076,253		_				1,076,253	1,031,989
Prepaid items and deposits	190,474		_		_	1,000,000	1,190,474	1,132,843
Long-term loans	2,500,112		_		_		2,500,112	2,837,070
Perpetual care	_				_	406,351	406,351	384,555
MOA trust	-		120,279,315		_	-	120,279,315	112,696,152
Debt service	-		_		_	16,250,773	16,250,773	16,259,350
Unreserved, designated:								
Bond rating and operating emerge reported in General Fund	43,464,820						43.464.820	33,059,151
Special revenue funds	43,404,620		_			54,124,076	54,124,076	43.181.202
Capital projects funds	_		_		4,048,821	12,550,023	16,598,844	8,132,507
Unreserved, undesignated, reported	in:		_		1,040,021	12,000,020	10,550,044	0,102,001
General fund	16,090,232		_		_		16,090,232	8,256,412
Special revenue funds			_		_	745,660	745,660	554,232
Capital projects funds					(8,738,354)	594,852	(8,143,502)	(31,211,824)
Total fund balances	63,321,891		120,279,315		17,272,885	98,555,615	299,429,706	248,585,541
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 210,828,668	\$	120,339,061	\$	21,871,840	\$ 126,199,312	\$ 479,238,881	\$ 450,362,510

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Reconciliation of Net Assets Between the
Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Amounts reported as fund balances on the governmental fund balance sheet	\$	299,429,706
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,242,868,962
Police and fire OPEB actuarial calculations reported overpayments for the current fiscal year: Police and fire postemployment healthcare benefit asset		791,259
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Jail lease receivable, net activity Property taxes HUD 108 receivable Long term loan receivable, net activity Deferred charges 40,564,156 9,908,346 1,881,181 1,253,509 4,342,765	_	57,949,957
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, cost of insurance, and information technology to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets:		
Total internal service equity related to governmental activities Net of amounts included in: Capital assets, net of depreciation Compensated absences 28,341,128 (29,278,008) 965,611) —	28,731
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Master lease agreement Pollution remediation Notes and contracts CIVICVentures revenue bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable (487,341,761) (39,750,000) (487,341,761) (49,039,750,000) (584,481) (4,039,943) (6,935,318) (108,625,000) (20,334,819) (9,032,554)))))	(676,643,876)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,924,424,739

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

					_			Other	_	Total Govern	nmen	tal Funds
		General		MOA Trust		apital Projects ads & Drainage		Sovernmental Funds		2010		2009
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	514,094,973	Si.	_	Si	_	\$	11,377,359	\$	525,472,332	\$	504,375,926
Assessments in lieu of taxes	•	2,284,762	•		•		•		•	2,284,762	•	2,324,750
Special assessments		652,751				_		907,050		1,559,801		1,080,120
Licenses and permits		9,727,381								9,727,381		11,137,072
Intergovernmental		28,166,808				25,455,683		67,942,898		121,565,389		172,943,841
Charges for services		27,846,781		*****		11,288		7,293,537		35,151,606		31,898,045
Fines and forfeitures		7,469,147				,200		292,527		7,761,674		8,372,541
Investment income		2,172,131		13,283,430		134,960		4.333.024		19,923,545		33,133,010
Restricted contributions		1,214,575						638,078		1,852,653		746,194
Other		2,981,568		_		76,903		2.037.441		5,095,912		5,140,839
Total revenues		596,610,877		13,283,430		25,678,834		94,821,914		730,395,055		771,152,338
Expenditures:		000,010,011		10,200,100		20,010,001	_	01,021,011	_	100,000,000		77 1,102,000
Current:												
General government		17,717,605		600,267		_		(386,327)		17,931,545		21,529,868
Fire services		81,151,694		· —		_		2,518,797		83,670,491		76,265,286
Police services		97,540,955						5,385,816		102,926,771		99,974,274
Health and human services		13,194,025				_		11,950,544		25,144,569		26,589,623
Economic and community development		44,240,847						19,386,845		63,627,692		62,988,984
Public transportation		19,659,833		metro				1,896,287		21,556,120		22,220,628
Public works		18,706,994				No.		2,227,447		20,934,441		22,822,998
Education		233,853,777		_				1,271,577		235,125,354		231,378,123
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities		34,338,144		_				146,066		34,484,210		32,752,300
Debt service:												
Principal		16,408,950						4,239,000		20,647,950		30,823,332
Interest		20,189,951				_		7,391,120		27,581,071		28,686,622
Bond issuance costs		120,959				296,964		79,581		497,504		
Capital outlay						65,543,520	_	40,151,400	_	105,694,920	_	145,213,610
Total expenditures		597,123,734		600,267		65,840,484	_	96,258,153		759,822,638	_	801,245,648
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures		(512,857)		12,683,163		(40,161,650)	_	(1,436,239)	_	(29,427,583)	_	(30,093,310)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers from other funds		29,768,429		_		3,316,948		14,597,682		47,683,059		56,159,016
Transfers to other funds		(11,858,178)		(5,100,000)		(6,106)		(6,560,897)		(23,525,181)		(33,433,469)
General obligation bonds issued		_		_		43,265,588		11,594,412		54,860,000		
Refunding bonds issued		23,750,000		_				*******		23,750,000		
Premium on bond sale		421,682				413,482		110,804		945,968		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to												
extinguish debt		(24,047,975)		_				_		(24,047,975)		_
Loan proceeds		507,250		_		*******				507,250		
Insurance recoveries		_		_		_				_		133,334
Sale of capital assets		96,472						2,155		98,627	_	990,835
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,637,680	_	(5,100,000)	_	46,989,912	_	19,744,156	_	80,271,748		23,849,716
Net change in fund balances		18,124,823		7,583,163		6,828,262		18,307,917		50,844,165		(6,243,594)
Fund balances, beginning of year		45,197,068		112,696,152		10,444,623		80,247,698		248,585,541		254,829,135
Fund balances, end of year	\$	63,321,891	_\$	120,279,315	\$	17,272,885	\$	98,555,615	\$	299,429,706	\$	248,585,541
			-									

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year ended December 31, 2010

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$ 50,844,165
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay and equipment purchases \$ 75,494,226 Contributed assets 6,498,315 Depreciation expense (37,927,524)	
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net assets.	44,065,017 339,738
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity HUD 108 receivable (3,052,047) (75,667)	(3,078,509)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: New issuance of general obligation bonds Master lease agreement loan proceeds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds Premium on bond sale Payment to escrow agent for refunding Principal repayment Net change in bond issuance costs Net change in interest accrual (422,644)	
Some expenses and revenues reported in the statement of activities do not	(35,826,025)
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures or revenues in governmental funds: Compensated absences Pollution remediation Claims & judgments payable HUD rehabilitation loans payable HUD section 108 loan payable, net activity Police and fire postemployment healthcare benefits asset, net activity	(119,306) (998,622) 429,779 (32,056) 1,539 (285,402)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, fleet management and information technology to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(4,686,500)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 50,653,818

Statement of Net Assets
Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

Assets	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 1,600	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 150
Cash in central treasury	30,998,726	16,024,576	7,896,813	20,729,372
Master lease agreement escrow	_	-		_
Due from other funds	3,068,437	_	-	
Receivables (net of allowance				
for uncollectibles)	12,767,723	3,391,617	2,769,965	1,118,357
Accrued interest on investments	994,410	122,041	40,220	155,330
Interest receivable	299,213		_	
Current portion of lease receivable	_			_
Inventories	26,909,463	1,586,708	274,688	329,915
Prepaid items and deposits		_		35,158
Special assessments receivable		77,981	94,874	_
Unbilled reimbursable projects	28,378	132,847	57,203	
Deferred charges and other assets	173,009	_		_
Restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	1,162,641	_		
Restricted deposits	87,526,715			
Interim rate escrow investments	2,048,840	2,455,479	1,619,691	440.504
Intergovernmental receivables		_		149,581
Bond and acquisition and	50 000 550	40.000.040	4 400 004	40 007 007
construction accounts	50,698,552	12,686,946	1,400,304	16,237,087
Landfill post closure cash reserve		_		_
Mitigation reserve investment	_			_
Revenue bond operations and maintenance accounts	0.400.000			
Debt service accounts	9,400,000	E 000 E27	_	_
	2,666,670	5,000,537		
Total current assets	228,744,377	41,478,732	14,153,758	38,754,950
Noncurrent assets:				
Loans receivable, net	_		_	
Advances to other funds	_		_	
Deferred charges and other assets	2,364,752	5,243,078	2,919,431	
Restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	_	366,327	199,235	_
Advances to MARAD		_		139,939,619
Revenue bond reserve investments	33,252,652	_		
Capital assets, net	417,022,051	495,261,516	357,855,992	67,345,344
Total noncurrent assets	452,639,455	500,870,921	360,974,658	207,284,963
Total assets	\$ 681,383,832	\$ 542,349,653	\$ 375,128,416	\$ 246,039,913

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	ontinued)	_		Total Proprietary Funds			ry Funds		
 Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009		
\$ 3,675 11,962,135	\$ 5,425 87,611,622	\$	 27,415,594	\$	5,425 115,027,216	\$	5,425 118,660,956		
	3,068,437		675,239 1,018,376		675,239 4,086,813		759,080 30,075,686		
2,578,835 103,914 23	22,626,497 1,415,915 299,236		196,851 —		22,823,348 1,415,915 299,236		28,967,398 980,710 559,773		
_	29,100,774		355,575		29,456,349		13,596 24,836,904		
21,289 	56,447 172,855 218,428		486,082 — —		— 172,855 — 218,428		218,428		635,499 200,741 601,798
	173,009 1,162,641		_		173,009 1,162,641		245,841 1,164,559		
1,531,900	87,526,715 6,124,010 1,681,481		_ _ _		87,526,715 6,124,010 1,681,481		74,820,104 4,204,515 788,604		
10,137,341 4,597,159	91,160,230 4,597,159		3,814,739		94,974,969 4,597,159		106,566,361 2,920,700 5,126,356		
-	9,400,000 7,667,207				9,400,000 7,667,207		8,600,000 7,771,476		
30,936,271	354,068,088		33,962,456		388,030,544		418,506,082		
5,702 	5,702 — 10,527,261		1,609,933 —		5,702 1,609,933 10,527,261		12,109 5,803,863 10,108,360		
 119,588,446	565,562 139,939,619 33,252,652 1,457,073,349		 29,278,008		565,562 139,939,619 33,252,652 1,486,351,357		880,664 98,800,001 33,067,682 1,409,657,440		
119,594,148	1,641,364,145		30,887,941		1,672,252,086		1,558,330,119		
\$ 150,530,419	\$ 1,995,432,233	_\$_	64,850,397	\$_	2,060,282,630	. \$	1,976,836,201		

(Continued)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

Liabilities and Net Assets	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities payable Compensated absences payable	\$ 14,603,186 1,095,871 2,319,395	\$ 682,188 1,055,524 1,190,614	\$ 490,453 312,583 1,141,426	\$ 171,762 99,710 134,623
Claims payable Claims incurred but not reported Notes payable Due to other funds		_ _ _		40,000,000
Accrued interest payable Pollution remediation obligation Long-term obligations maturing	1,336,872 —	1,586,427 20,000	1,123,886 20,000	
within one year Deferred revenue and deposits	16,945,000 —	8,909,753 —	5,340,531 —	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable Capital acquisition and construction	1,162,641		_	
accounts and retainage payable	4,932,156	1,490,173	1,193,050	140,250
Total current liabilities	42,395,121	14,934,679	9,621,929	40,546,345
Noncurrent liabilities: Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts, premiums,	000 000 705	405.070.007	05 700 000	
deferred gain or loss on refunding) Advances from other funds Alaska clean water loans payable	239,933,705	135,873,037 — 66,017,870	65,729,999 — 67,611,083	
Capital leases payable Claims incurred but not reported	<u> </u>			
Deferred revenue and deposits Compensated absences payable		 94,640	— 89,788	 66,112
Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits	_	366,327	199,235	_
Deferred credits and other liabilities: Pollution remediation obligation Future landfill closure costs		155,000	156,000	
Other deferred credits Contributed capital	121,305,382 43,952,447	21,750 236,043,597	 172,657,299	
Total noncurrent liabilities	405,191,534	438,572,221	306,443,404	66,112
Total liabilities	447,586,655	453,506,900	316,065,333	40,612,457
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for interim rate escrow requirement Restricted for acquisition and construction Unrestricted	166,889,451 34,582,450 2,048,840 — 30,276,436	61,104,205 5,000,537 2,455,479 — 20,282,532	47,917,384 — 1,619,691 — 9,526,008	67,345,344 — — 116,176,706 21,905,406
Total net assets	233,797,177	88,842,753	59,063,083	205,427,456
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 681,383,832	\$ 542,349,653	\$ 375,128,416	\$ 246,039,913

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Net assets of business-type activities.

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	ontini	ued)	_		Total Proprietary Funds			
 Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Sovernmental Activities – Internal Service Funds	December 31, 2010		[December 31, 2009
\$ 535,982 450,492 652,991 ———————————————————————————————————	\$	16,483,571 3,014,180 5,439,049 ————————————————————————————————————	\$	737,041 529,478 867,222 10,772,968 7,583,045 — 5,700,784 21,326 — 925,302 —	\$	17,220,612 3,543,658 6,306,271 10,772,968 7,583,045 40,000,000 6,721,124 4,224,629 40,000 33,566,682 99,071 1,162,641	\$	16,642,890 3,410,692 5,948,746 9,470,516 8,396,732 40,000,000 12,820,980 3,961,820 20,000 32,578,837 222,242 1,164,559
493,066		8,248,695		1,101,167		9,349,862		4,046,719
 4,854,156	_	112,352,230		28,238,333		140,590,563		138,684,733
14,673,256 — — — — 56,696		441,536,741 — 148,302,209 — — — — 307,236		1,097,050 — 1,732,432 4,684,326 258,288 98,389		441,536,741 1,097,050 148,302,209 1,732,432 4,684,326 258,288 405,625		463,161,173 2,115,426 123,580,117 1,638,121 5,574,375 383,316 787,922
_		565,562				565,562		880,664
20,459,932 — —		311,000 20,459,932 121,327,132 452,653,343				311,000 20,459,932 121,327,132 452,653,343		237,500 19,217,586 104,079,400 446,060,674
 35,189,884	_	1,185,463,155		7,870,485		1,193,333,640		1,167,716,274
 40,044,040		1,297,815,385		36,108,818		1,333,924,203	_	1,306,401,007
110,071,128 — — 5,031,024 (4,615,773)	-	453,327,512 39,582,987 6,124,010 121,207,730 77,374,609		28,319,587 ————————————————————————————————————		481,647,099 39,582,987 6,124,010 121,207,730 77,796,601		446,578,577 39,460,747 4,204,515 92,710,970 87,480,385
 110,486,379		697,616,848		28,741,579		726,358,427		670,435,194
\$ 150,530,419			\$	64,850,397	\$	2,060,282,630	\$	1,976,836,201

(565,160) \$ 697,051,688

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Port
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 124,920,455	\$ 43,618,754	\$ 35,838,303	\$ 5,290,246
Other	4,642,456	5,423,931	1,629,028	4,695,659
Total operating revenues	129,562,911	49,042,685	37,467,331	9,985,905
Operating expenses:				
Operations	77,269,843	22,738,833	22,860,945	4,546,835
Amortization of future landfill closure costs				_
Depreciation and amortization	26,795,802	8,048,501	5,528,534	4,666,881
Total operating expenses	104,065,645	30,787,334	28,389,479	9,213,716
Operating income (loss)	25,497,266	18,255,351	9,077,852	772,189
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment income	5,092,795	1,240,449	383,195	974,656
Other revenues	46,674	574,005	2,639	1,467,061
Intergovernmental revenue		_	_	
Interest expense	(17,505,951)	(7,135,497)	(4,179,253)	_
Allowance for funds used during				
construction	1,911,335	1,440,042	524,722	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets			_	_
Amortization of deferred charges	(227,004)	(387,411)	(50,293)	
Other expenses	(271,985)			(1,271,761)
Net nonoperating revenues				
(expenses)	(10,954,136)	(4,268,412)	(3,318,990)	1,169,956
Income (loss) before capital contributions				
and transfers	14,543,130	13,986,939	5,758,862	1,942,145
Capital contributions	-			40,170,090
Transfers from other funds	- .	3,000		
Transfers to other funds	(11,086,666)	(6,717,558)	(5,011,065)	(510,773)
Change in net assets	3,456,464	7,272,381	747,797	41,601,462
Total net assets – beginning	230,340,713	81,570,372	58,315,286	163,825,994
Total net assets – ending	\$ 233,797,177	\$ 88,842,753	\$ 59,063,083	\$ 205,427,456

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Change in net assets of business-type activities.

	Business-	Гуре Activities		Total Proprietary Funds		
	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds	2010	2009	
\$	28,390,106 542,373	\$ 238,057,864 16,933,447	\$ 81,066,031 7,573	\$ 319,123,895 16,941,020	\$ 310,863,394 13,303,652	
	28,932,479	254,991,311	81,073,604	336,064,915	324,167,046	
urania.	19,397,425 1,242,346 6,430,923 27,070,694 1,861,785 766,445 11,119 108,584 (249,175)	146,813,881 1,242,346 51,470,641 199,526,868 55,464,443 8,457,540 2,101,498 108,584 (29,069,876) 3,876,099 (161,983)	82,117,089	228,930,970 1,242,346 57,942,512 288,115,828 47,949,087 9,439,809 2,240,251 108,584 (29,259,063) 3,876,099 141,321	218,015,513 1,125,732 55,107,246 274,248,491 49,918,555 11,279,293 1,830,180 108,584 (24,187,757) 3,316,046 166,020	
	(101,000)	(664,708)		(664,708)	(942,866)	
		(1,543,746)		(1,543,746)	(1,778,789)	
	474,990	(16,896,592)	1,235,139	(15,661,453)	(10,209,289)	
	2,336,775 7,272,716 440,000 (1,282,468) 8,767,023 101,719,356 110,486,379	38,567,851 47,442,806 443,000 (24,608,530) 61,845,127	(6,280,217) 21,773 336,550 ———————————————————————————————————	32,287,634 47,464,579 779,550 (24,608,530) 55,923,233 670,435,194 \$ 726,358,427	39,709,266 15,025,169 4,500 (25,856,144) 28,882,791 641,552,403 \$ 670,435,194	
		(1,235,394)				
		\$ 60,609,733				

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Port
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$	144,852,071 (25,558,646) (45,951,693)	\$	49,238,519 (14,739,555) (9,234,506)	\$	36,698,236 (13,241,510) (8,928,516)	\$	10,873,326 (2,245,972) (3,559,556)
Net cash from operating activities		73,341,732		25,264,458		14,528,210		5,067,798
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities. Transfers to other funds. Transfers from other funds. Loan proceeds from interfund loans.	es:	(11,086,666) — 620,000		(6,717,558) 3,000 —		(5,011,065) — —		(510,773) — —
Loan payments on interfund loans Interest payments on interfund loans Interest payments from interfund loans Due to other funds Advance from other funds		116,106 —				_ _ _		22,225,306
Advance to other funds		_		_		_		
Intergovernmental revenue								
Net cash from noncapital and related financing activities		(10,350,560)		(6,714,558)		(5,011,065)		21,714,533
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations Principal payments on long-term obligations Loan payments on interfund loans Payments from (proceeds to) loan to		11,771 (16,995,000) —		19,007,158 (8,668,010) —		16,499,419 (5,171,182) —		
Wastewater Utility CIP Fund Payments to MARAD		_		6,583,628		(6,583,628)		 (41,139,618)
Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Transfers in from other funds		(17,037,281) (54,566,558) —		(7,017,031) (27,204,017)		(4,000,392) (17,868,957)		(9,546,039) —
Landfill post closure cash reserve				B-0-7-700		*****		
Principal payments on interfund loans				-				_
Interest payments on interfund loans Proceeds from issuance of debt		_		_		_		_
Proceeds from sales of capital assets Due to other funds		60,492 —				_ _ _		_
Capital contributions – customers Capital contributions – intergovernmental		2,605,878 684,383		312,253 3,277,127		501,616 3,063,914		40,049,234
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		(85,236,315)		(13,708,892)		(13,559,210)		(10,636,423)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from investments Purchase of investments		9,452,378		 (2,101,017)		(1,400,304)		5,139,952
Investment income		4,766,159		1,247,539		379,163		999,448
Net cash from investing activities		14,218,537		(853,478)		(1,021,141)		6,139,400
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(8,026,606)		3,987,530		(5,063,206)		22,285,308
Cash, beginning of year		40,189,573		12,403,373		13,159,254		14,681,301
Cash, end of year	\$	32,162,967	\$	16,390,903	\$	8,096,048	\$	36,966,609
cash, and or year				,,			 -	
Cash Cash in central treasury Capital acquisition and construction accounts	\$	1,600 30,998,726 	\$	16,024,576	\$	7,896,813	\$	150 20,729,372 16,237,087
Customer deposits		1,162,641	_	366,327	_	199,235	Ф.	26.066.600
Cash, December 31	\$	32,162,967	\$	16,390,903	\$	8,096,048	\$	36,966,609

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	ontinued)	Governmental	Total Proprietary Funds		
Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities – Internal Service Funds	2010	2009	
\$ 28,967,797 (10,654,084) (8,930,897)	\$ 270,629,949 (66,439,767) (76,605,168)	\$ 81,212,357 (12,261,159) (70,866,663)	\$ 351,842,306 (78,700,926) (147,471,831)	\$ 357,257,599 (77,412,093) (143,494,624)	
9,382,816	127,585,014	(1,915,465)	125,669,549	136,350,882	
(1,282,468) 440,000 — — — — — 162,907	(24,608,530) 443,000 620,000 — 116,106 162,907	244,000 1,266,752 — — 173,718	(24,608,530) 687,000 1,886,752 — 116,106 336,625	(25,856,144) 4,500 1,626,253 857,433 (181,840) 569,125 3,653,125	
	22,225,306	(512,882)	22,225,306 (512,882)	(22,225,306)	
				544,599	
(679,561)	(1,041,211)	1,171,588	130,377	(41,008,255)	
(1,451,546)	35,518,348 (32,285,738) —	(773,671) —	35,518,348 (33,059,409) —	151,909,373 (31,211,553) 6,583,628	
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(6,583,628)	
(263,481) (14,113,827)	(41,139,618) (28,318,185) (123,299,398)	(93,469) (5,706,470) 92,550	(41,139,618) (28,411,654) (129,005,868) 92,550	(23,227,666) (144,070,115)	
(1,676,459) — —	(1,676,459) — —	(1,266,752) (74,392)	(1,676,459) (1,266,752) (74,392)	(1,537,285) (1,626,253) (124,435)	
90,471	150,963	1,019,613 357,754 395,523	1,019,613 508,717 395,523	898,455 460,042	
6,618,316	3,419,747 53,692,974	_	3,419,747 53,692,974	1,176,117 29,853,335	
(10,796,526)	(133,937,366)	(6,049,314)	(139,986,680)	(17,499,985)	
	14,592,330 (3,501,321) 8,164,882	 	14,592,330 (3,501,321) 9,147,150	41,031,383 (115,613,644) 10,140,764	
772,573	19,255,891	982,268	20,238,159	(64,441,497)	
(1,320,698)	11,862,328	(5,810,923)	6,051,405	13,401,145	
23,423,849	103,857,350	37,041,256	140,898,606	127,497,461	
\$ 22,103,151	\$ 115,719,678	\$ 31,230,333	\$ 146,950,011	\$ 140,898,606	
\$ 3,675 11,962,135 10,137,341 ——————	\$ 5,425 87,611,622 26,374,428 1,728,203	\$ 27,415,594 3,814,739 	\$ 5,425 115,027,216 30,189,167 1,728,203	\$ 5,425 118,660,956 20,187,002 2,045,223	
\$ 22,103,151	<u>\$ 115,719,678</u>	\$ 31,230,333	\$ 146,950,011	\$ 140,898,606	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

•								
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Port
See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.								
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Transfer to escrow account Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to a	\$ net	25,497,266 —	\$	18,255,351 (70,438)	\$	9,077,852 199,783	\$	772,189 —
cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Amortization of future landfill closure costs		26,795,802		8,048,501		5,528,534		4,666,881
Allowance for uncollectible accounts Security contract		1,128		7,172		(18,168)		<u> </u>
Security fees Right-of-way fees Reimbursable costs		_				_		1,305,539 161,522
Other revenues / expenses Changes in assets and liabilities which increase		(285,803)		574,005		2,639		_
(decrease) cash: Accounts receivable Accrued payroll liabilities Notes receivable		5,569,304 67,511		809,698 199,834		823,163 (53,463)		(465,286) (10,299)
Unbilled reimbursable projects Prepaid items and deposits		(11,902)		260,178		135,094		
Inventories Customer deposits Deferred charges and other assets		(4,602,182) — 1,811,125		(46,801) (172,070) (2,202,264)		1,635 (143,032) (421,848)		
Accounts payable and retainages Claims payable Deferred credits and other liabilities		1,332,313 17,245,532		(445,647) — 2,200		(700,545) 		509 — —
Deferred revenue and deposits Pollution remediation obligation Compensated absences payable		(1,918) — (76,444)		20,000 24,739	•	73,500 23.066		(114,354) 15,111
	\$	73,341,732	- <u>-</u>	25,264,458	\$	14,528,210		5.067,798
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital purchases on account Contributed capital and equipment	\$	5,613,002	\$	583,356 4,899,733	\$	368,066 3,440,156	\$	140,250 40,170,090
Portion of plant from AFUDC Deferred refunding loss		1,911,335 			_			
	\$	7,524,337	\$	5,483,089	\$	3,808,222	<u> </u>	40,310,340

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

 (Co	ontinu	red)	overnmental	 Total Proprietary Funds		
Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities – Internal Service Funds	 2010		2009
						(Continued)
\$ 1,861,785 —	\$	55,464,443 129,345	\$ (7,515,356) —	\$ 47,949,087 129,345	\$	49,918,555 (4,204,515)
6,430,923 1,242,346 — — — —		51,470,641 1,242,346 (9,868) (1,271,761) 1,305,539 161,522	6,471,871 — — — — —	57,942,512 1,242,346 (9,868) (1,271,761) 1,305,539 161,522		55,107,246 1,125,732 65,780 (1,302,050) 1,312,465 140,074 2,760
11,119		301,960	138,753	440,713		(125,512)
33,534 (66,254) 7,020 — 3,321 ————————————————————————————————————		6,770,413 137,329 7,020 383,370 11,068 (4,647,348) (315,102) (812,987) (4,600) — 17,247,732 (132,627) 93,500 53,079	(196,851) (4,363) — 81,902 27,901 — (145,845) (570,600) — (125,028) (77,849)	6,573,562 132,966 7,020 383,370 92,970 (4,619,447) (315,102) (812,987) (150,445) (570,600) 17,247,732 (257,655) 93,500 (24,770)		2,122,426 749,814 1,024 256,621 30,388 545,686 99,677 (793,419) (4,914,293) 2,984,999 33,657,127 (983,419) 553,716
\$ 9,382,816	\$	127,585,014	\$ (1,915,465)	\$ 125,669,549	\$	136,350,882
\$ 493,066 7,272,716 	\$	7,197,740 55,782,695 1,911,335 —	\$ 1,101,167 21,773 — —	\$ 8,298,907 55,804,468 1,911,335 	\$	5,243,889 20,949,598 1,375,798 753
\$ 7,765,782	\$	64,891,770	\$ 1,122,940	\$ 66,014,710	\$	27,570,038

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2010

(With financial information at December 31, 2009)

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds

Assets		2010		2009
Cash in central treasury	\$	139,094	\$	26,472
Cash, cash equivalents held				
under securities lending program		20,277,539		26,432,372
Investments, at fair value:				
Cash & money market funds		11,348,826		15,367,336
Fixed income funds		1,332,461		1,235,590
U.S. treasuries		12,846,200		13,845,430
U.S. agencies		-		2,387,236
Corporate fixed income securities		33,514,169		19,956,363
Asset-backed securities		26,573,815		
Fixed income funds		6,772,308		
Foreign government debt securities				1,199,840
Structured securities				36,628,496
Domestic equity securities		147,418,646		136,526,046
International equity securities		60,999,273		54,053,889
Real estate funds		34,932,024		29,926,340
Total investments		335,737,722		311,126,566
Capital assets, net		13,078		3,950
Total assets	\$	356,167,433	\$	337,589,360
Liabilities	***************************************			
Accounts payable	\$	84,220	\$	122,450
Payable under securities	•	,===	•	, , , , , ,
lending program		20,277,540		26,432,372
Total liabilities		20,361,760		26,554,822
Net Assets				
Held in trust for:				
Employees' pension benefits		323,419,938		299,911,563
Employees' post employment healthcare benefits		12,385,735		11,122,975
Total net assets		335,805,673		311,034,538
-	_	050 407 450		007.500.005
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	356,167,433	<u>\$</u>	337,589,360

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds

	2010	2009
Additions:		
Contributions from other funds	\$ 14,666,889	\$ 2,514,661
Contributions from employees	406,395	_
Investment income:		
Interest	4,783,066	5,543,547
Dividends	1,116,165	1,598,418
Net increase in fair value of investments	36,432,357	46,181,448
Less: investment expense	(1,355,130)	(1,263,330)
Total additions	56,049,742	54,574,744
Deductions:		
Regular benefit payments	30,460,543	29,716,382
Administrative expenses	818,064	871,627
Total deductions	31,278,607	30,588,009
Change in net assets	24,771,135	23,986,735
Net assets – beginning	311,034,538	287,047,803
Net assets – ending	\$ 335,805,673	\$ 311,034,538

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage) operates under an elected nonpartisan Mayor-Assembly form of government. The Mayor is elected at large for a three-year term. Legislative power is vested in the Assembly with executive and administrative power vested in the Mayor. The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Anchorage (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government.

Blended Component Units

CIVICVentures is a nonprofit corporation created to finance and construct a new convention center for Anchorage, as well as upgrades and improvements to the existing Egan Center. As of December 31, 2010, two of CIVICVentures' five-member board of directors were executive employees of Anchorage. All of the board is appointed by the Mayor. CIVICVentures is reported as a debt service fund and as a capital projects fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Anchorage School District (ASD) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within Anchorage. Members of the School Board are elected by the voters; however, the ASD is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because the Assembly approves the total budget of the ASD, levies the necessary taxes, and approves the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds. The ASD has a June 30 fiscal year end; therefore, the financial information presented in these financial statements is as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The Anchorage Community Development Authority (Authority or ACDA) is a legally separate public corporation created to operate and manage on-street and off-street parking, and purchase, develop, and sell properties and other economic development activities. The voting majority of the board is composed of members appointed by the Anchorage Mayor and includes two executive employees of the MOA. The budget is required to be approved annually by the primary government and the primary government has the ability to impose its' will on the Authority. The Authority provides services to the general public.

The Alaska Center for Performing Arts, Inc. (ACPA) is a legally separate non-profit entity that operates, maintains and promotes the performing arts center, which is owned by the primary government. The budget is required to be approved annually by the primary government, and the entity is fiscally dependant upon the primary government. ACPA manages the performing arts center and provides facility management services for the Municipality to the general public.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Complete financial statements of individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices in the following locations:

Anchorage School District 5530 East Northern Lights Boulevard Anchorage, Alaska 99504-3135 CIVICVentures c/o Municipality of Anchorage P.O. Box 196650 Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6650

Anchorage Community
Development Authority
700 West 6th Avenue, Suite 206
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 621 West 6th Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency Funds only report assets and liabilities, thus they do not have a measurement focus. However, they do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property and other taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six months of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes which must be collected within 60 days following year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, lodging and other taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Anchorage reports the following major governmental funds based on the quantitative criteria:

• The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for resources which are not required legally or by sound management to be accounted for in any other fund.

Additionally, Anchorage has elected to present the following funds as major governmental funds because of their significance to the public:

- · The Roads and Drainage Capital Project Fund.
- The MOA Trust Fund.

Anchorage reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Electric Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Electric Utility.
- The Water Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Water Utility.
- The Wastewater Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Wastewater Utility.
- The Port Fund accounts for operations of the Municipal owned port.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

 The Internal Service Funds account for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles, information technology, and for general liability, workers' compensation, medical/dental, and unemployment compensation insurance coverage provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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 The Pension and Post-employment Benefit Trust Funds account for the Police and Fire Retirement Systems Pension plans and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical plan for eligible Police and Fire retirees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. Anchorage has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The Electric, Water, and Wastewater Utilities meet the criteria, and accordingly, follow the accounting and reporting requirements of ASC 980, Regulated Operations. The Utilities' rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA), and as a result revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction (CIAC) which the Utilities record as contributed plant in service and deferred liability. For rate-making purposes, the Utilities amortize contributed plant over the life of the respective utility plant as a reduction of depreciation expense and a reduction of deferred liability. Consequently, CIAC are recorded as a regulatory liability in the accompanying basic financial statements. The Utilities' rates also include an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction (AFUDC), which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds includes AFUDC as an item of nonoperating revenues in a manner that indicates the basis for the amount capitalized

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between Anchorage's various business-type functions and various other functions of Anchorage. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Anchorage's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

(d) Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To obtain flexibility in cash management, Anchorage uses a central treasury. Pooled cash is invested in various securities to maximize return while maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet maturing obligations. Investments in securities to satisfy bond reserve and other requirements are maintained in separate accounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Investments

Investments at December 31, 2010 are reported at fair value. Investment income on cash pool investments is allocated to the various funds based on their average daily cash pool equity balances. Funds that have negative balances in the cash pools are charged interest; the interest income is allocated to those funds having equity in the cash pools.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property taxes receivable, including those business-type activities, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles, including those related to business-type activities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a lien on property on the first day of the tax year in which taxes are levied. For 2010, real property taxes were levied on April 27th. Real property taxes were payable in two installments on June 15 and August 15, and personal property taxes in two installments on August 31 and October 31. ASD had accrued taxes and deferred revenue of \$117,379,986 for financing half of the 2010-2011 budget as of June 30, 2010. At December 31, 2010, property taxes receivable was \$12,879,063 including penalties and interest of \$1,699,363 and excluding allowance for uncollectable property tax receivable of \$108,106.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (specific identification), except inventories of the Utilities, which are valued at the lower of average cost or market. All primary government inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when used (consumption method).

Restricted Assets

Assets restricted for specific uses by bond covenants, grant provisions or other requirements are classified as restricted assets. The "bond operation and maintenance account" is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from Anchorage's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "bond acquisition and construction account" is used to report those proceeds of bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "debt service account" is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments. "Intergovernmental receivables" represent grant receivables due from state and federal governments. "Restricted assets," excluding customer deposits, are considered investments, and as such, are excluded from cash for the purposes of the statement of cash flows. Liabilities payable from such restricted assets are separately classified.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, drainage systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Anchorage as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment or \$1,000 for computer hardware and software. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Although Anchorage holds title to capital assets of the ASD, ASD has the risk and benefits of ownership associated with their capital assets. ASD, under Alaska law, cannot legally hold title to real property nor incur long-term debt. However, Anchorage has delegated the construction management of school projects to ASD. In order to reflect all of the capital assets used for school purposes and the related obligations serviced by ASD, real property and the associated obligations have been reported in ASD's financial statements.

The Utilities capitalize interest on construction work in progress in accordance with regulatory requirements. Interest was capitalized in 2010 in the amounts of \$1,911,335, \$1,440,042, and \$524,722 for the Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities, respectively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

For all regulated utility property replaced or retired, the average cost of the property unit, plus removal cost less salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Gain or loss on the sale or retirement of plant is not recognized, except for extraordinary retirement. For all other proprietary fund types, gain or loss on the sale or retirement is recognized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	3-47 years
Production, Treatment, General Plant, Transmission and Reservoirs	5-90 years
Lift Stations, Interceptor, Trunks and Laterals	50-85 years
Equipment Containers	14 years
Office Equipment and Vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure (other than roads)	30-75 years

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network. Anchorage has elected to depreciate all other infrastructure networks. Under this election, Anchorage does not depreciate paved road infrastructure assets that are part of a network or subsystem of a network that meet two specific requirements. First, Anchorage manages the paved road infrastructure network using an asset management system that has certain specified characteristics; second, Anchorage documents that the paved road infrastructure network is being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by Anchorage.

Compensated Absences

It is Anchorage's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they are due and payable, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statements of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings, and issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Contributed Capital

The Utilities receive CIAC, which they record as contributed plant in service and deferred liability. For rate-making purposes the Utilities amortize contributed plant over the life of the respective Utility plant as a reduction of depreciation expense and a reduction of deferred liability. Consequently, CIAC are recorded as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The Utilities' rates also include an AFUDC, which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2010, Electric, Water and Wastewater Utility deferred liability balances were \$43,952,447, \$236,043,597, and \$172,657,299, respectively.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

(e) Utility Revenues

Utility revenues (excluding gas revenues) are based on cycle billings rendered monthly to customers. The Water and Wastewater Utilities accrue an estimate of revenues at the end of the fiscal year for services sold but not billed at such date. All other utilities do not accrue revenue of any fiscal period for services sold but not yet billed at such date as such amounts are not material.

(f) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, Anchorage has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the central treasury (regardless of maturity period), because the funds use the pool essentially as a demand deposit account.

(g) Reclassifications

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. The reclassification had no effect on previously reported changes in net assets or fund balances.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability – Related Party Transactions

(a) Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The Assembly approves operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and revenues and direct costs at the fund or sub-fund level.

Excluding the impact of bond refunding which was not appropriated because expenditures were equal to revenues with no impact to fund balance, no department or fund exceeded budget. Including the impact of bond refunding, for the year ended December 31, 2010, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments: Fire by \$184,006, Maintenance & Operations by \$16,754,798 and Anchorage Parks and Recreation by \$1,596,604. For the year ended December 31, 2010, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following subfunds of the General Fund: Fire Service Area by \$1,051,169, Roads & Drainage Service Area by \$17,901,295, Anchorage Parks & Recreation Service area by \$1,606,565 and Building Safety Service Area by \$114,019.

(b) Related Party Transaction

Authority: The primary government has leased 600 spaces located on four sites to the Authority for a period of 35 years at \$10 per year per lot.

TCH, LLC: In 2008, Anchorage entered into an agreement with the Alaska Club Partners, LLC to form Town Center Holdings, LLC (TCH), a limited liability company, to purchase and renovate the Valley River Center in Eagle River. Under this agreement, Anchorage is a fifty percent owner, and its interest in TCH is recorded in the Areawide Capital Projects Fund using the equity method of accounting. Anchorage is a member of the board of directors but does not have a controlling interest in the LLC.

NOTE 3 Restatement

In connection with the Capital Construction Work-in-Progress (CWIP) accounts disclosed in Note 6(a), the Municipality had previously recorded items in these accounts that are expense in nature. The Municipality uses the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure where new roads and efficiency to current roads are capitalized, and all other costs are expensed in the year incurred. At the end of 2009, there was \$40,583,728 of expenses relating primarily to roads that were still in CWIP. Of this amount, \$12,194,227 related to 2009 and the remaining \$28,389,501 related to 2008 and earlier.

The effect to Net Assets of governmental activities as of December 31, 2009 is as follows:

Governmental Net Assets, December 31, 2009,
as previously presented \$2,914,354,649
Removal of expenses from CWIP (40,583,728)
Governmental Net Assets, December 31, 2009,
as restated \$2,873,770,921

This restatement affects only the government-wide financial statements and has no impact to previously reported fund balance in the governmental funds, nor any impact on the budget or budgetary basis of accounting.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 4 Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2010, Anchorage had the following cash and investments, with fixed income maturities as noted:

maturities as noted.			Fixed Income Investment Maturities (in years)							
		Fair	_	Less						More
Investment Type		Value*	_	Than 1		1 - 5	_	6 - 10	_	Than 10
Petty Cash	\$	117,876								
Master Lease Agreement		916,526								
Interim Rate Escrow Investments		6,124,010								
Central Treasury - Unrestricted										
Cash & Money Market Funds		3,243,614								
Repurchase Agreements		1,896,359								
Commercial Paper		14,249,556		14,249,556						
Certificates of Deposit		12,563,744		12,563,744						
U.S. Treasuries		73,336,492		6,246,975		50,005,108		16,955,148		129,261
U.S. TIPS		1,850,037		_		1,850,037				
U.S. Agencies		69,600,680		58,598,271		3,260,862		3,444,617		4,296,930
Foreign Governments & Agencies		5,077,381		5,077,381		_		_		-
Municipal Bonds		757,289				221,556		382,408		153,325
Asset-Backed Securities**		48,479,549		1,035,016		16,012,527		11,006,774		20,425,232
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		89,789,495		31,418,796		45,106,846		10,650,338		2,613,515
Payables		(12,377,306)								
•	\$	308,466,890	\$	129,189,739	\$	116,456,936	\$	42,439,285	\$	27,618,263
Central Treasury - Restricted										
Cash & Money Market Funds		8,140,396								
Repurchase Agreements		693,655								
Commercial Paper		22,329,299		22,329,299		_		_		
Certificates of Deposit		6,870,490		6,870,490		_		_		_
Bankers' Acceptances		2,430,781		2,430,781				_		
U.S. Treasuries		32,361,234		7,821,048		18,291,005		6,201,900		47,281
U.S. TIPS		676,712				676,712				
U.S. Agencies***		93,019,433		29,059,734		61,127,974		1,259,982		1,571,743
Foreign Governments & Agencies		6,968,288		6,968,288		_		_		
Municipal Bonds		277,003		_		81,041		139,878		56,084
Asset-Backed Securities**		17,732,982		378,591		5,857,106		4,026,088		7,471,197
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		52,154,560		25,949,768		21,353,103		3,895,710		955,979
Payables		(4,527,405)		,						
.,	\$	239,127,428	\$	101,807,999	\$	107,386,941	\$	15,523,558	\$	10,102,284
MOA Trust Fund						<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
Cash & Money Market Funds	\$	163,867								
Fixed Income Funds	*	41,210,872						41,210,872		_
Domestic Equities & Equity Funds		48,043,787						, -,		
International Equities & Equity Fun	ds	24,881,207								
Real Estate Funds		6,031,306								
	\$	120,331,039	\$		\$		\$	41,210,872	\$	
					· —					

^{*} Market value plus accrued income.

^{**} Includes asset-backed securities, residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, and collateralized debt obligations.

^{*** \$661,900} in callable 1-5 year notes are expected to be called within the next year and are classified as Less Than 1.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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				Fix	ed In	come Investm	ent N	laturities (in ye	ears)	<u> </u>
		Fair	_	Less						More
Investment Type		Value	_	Than 1	_	1 - 5	_	6 - 10	_	Than 10
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fur	nd	7.000.000								
Cash & Money Market Funds		7,830,003						4 222 464		
Fixed Income Funds		1,332,461		_				1,332,461		_
Domestic Equity Funds		2,037,587								
International Equity Funds	<u> </u>	1,183,382	•		•		\$	1,332,461	\$	
	\$	12,383,433	<u>\$</u> _		\$		Φ_	1,332,401	Φ_	
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability F	und									
Cash & Money Market Funds		289,566								
Fixed Income Funds		7,537,392		_		_		7,537,392		
Domestic Equities & Equity Funds		11,920,730								
International Equities & Equity Funds	i	7,888,737								
Real Estate Funds		2,903,729								
	\$	30,540,154	\$		\$		\$	7,537,392	\$	
Delice and Fire Petirement Pension Tr	ot E	und		,						
Police and Fire Retirement Pension Tru Cash & Money Market Funds	JSI FI	3,518,823								
U.S. Treasuries		12,846,200				7,008,303				5,837,897
Corporate Fixed Income Securities		33,514,169				18,727,421		10,473,277		4,313,471
Asset-Backed Securities**		26,573,814				785,946		128,163		25,659,705
Fixed Income Funds		6,772,308				700,940		6,772,308		20,000,700
		145,381,059						0,772,000		
Domestic Equities & Equity Funds International Equities & Equity Funds										
Real Estate Funds		59,815,892 34,932,024								
Real Estate Funds	\$	323,354,289	\$		\$	26,521,670	\$	17,373,748	\$	35,811,073
	Ψ	323,334,203	Ψ		Ψ	20,021,070	<u> </u>	17,070,140	-	00,011,010
HUD Section 108 Loan Program Invest	men									
Cash & Money Market Funds		1,638								
U.S. Treasuries		350,993		350,993				_		
	\$	352,631	\$	350,993	\$		\$		\$	
CIVICVentures Component Unit										
Cash & Money Market Funds		14,608								
U.S. Agencies		8,447,019		8,447,019						_
Foreign Governments & Agencies		5,342,145		5,342,145						
1 ordigit Governmente & Agentice	\$	13,803,772	\$	13,789,164	\$		\$	·	\$	_
			_				_			70.504.000
Total Cash & Investments	\$	1,055,518,048	\$	245,137,895	\$	250,365,547	\$	125,417,316	\$	73,531,620
Governmental Activities		389,152,094								
Business-Type Activities		330,489,138								
Fiduciary Funds		335,876,816								
•	\$	1,055,518,048								

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Anchorage Central Treasury

Anchorage manages its Central Treasury in four portfolios; one internally managed portfolio and three externally managed duration portfolios based on liability duration and cash needs: working capital, contingency reserve and strategic reserve.

Both externally and internally managed investments are subject to the primary investment objectives outlined in Anchorage Municipal Code (AMC) 6.50.030, in priority order as follows: safety of principal, liquidity, return on investment and duration matching. Consistent with these objectives, AMC 6.50.030 authorizes investments that meet the following rating and issuer requirements:

- Obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies or U.S. government-sponsored corporations and agencies.
- Corporate Debt Securities that are guaranteed by the U.S. government or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as to principal and interest.
- Taxable and tax-exempt municipal securities having a long-term rating of at least
 A- by a nationally recognized rating agency or taxable or tax-exempt municipal
 securities having a short-term rating of at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by
 Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch.
- Debt securities issued and guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and rated AAA by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Commercial paper, excluding asset-backed commercial paper, rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch.
- Bank debt obligations, including unsecured certificates of deposit, notes, time deposits, and bankers' acceptances (with maturities of not more than 365 days), and deposits with any bank, the short-term obligations of which are rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's, or F-1 by Fitch and which is either:
 - a. Incorporated under the laws of the United States of America, or any state thereof, and subject to supervision and examination by federal or state banking authorities; or
 - b. Issued through a foreign bank with a branch or agency licensed under the laws of the United States of America, or any state thereof, or under the laws of a country with a Standard & Poor's sovereign rating of AAA, or a Moody's sovereign rating for bank deposits of Aaa, or a Fitch national rating of AAA, and subject to supervision and examination by federal or state banking authorities.
- Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. agencies, or U.S. government-sponsored corporations and agencies.
- Dollar denominated corporate debt instruments rated BBB- or better (investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.

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- Dollar denominated corporate debt instruments rated lower than BBB- (non-investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency, including emerging markets.
- Dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign governments rated BBB- or better (investment grade) by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Asset Backed Securities (ABS), excluding commercial paper, collateralized by: credit cards, automobile loans, leases and other receivables which must have a credit rating of AA- or above by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Mortgage Backed Securities, including generic mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued by Ginnie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Fannie Mae, as well as nonagency mortgage-backed securities, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs), or Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), which must have a credit rating of AA- or better by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- Debt issued by the Tennessee Valley Authority.
- Money Market Mutual Funds rated Am or better by Standard & Poor's, or the
 equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency, as long as they consist
 of allowable securities as outlined above.
- The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP).
- Mutual Funds consisting of allowable securities as outlined above.
- Interfund Loans from a Municipal Cash Pool to a Municipal Fund.

In addition to providing a list of authorized investments, AMC 06.50.030 specifically prohibits investment in the following:

- Structured Investment Vehicles.
- Asset Backed Commercial Paper.
- Short Sales.
- Securities not denominated in U.S. Dollars.
- Commodities.
- Real Estate Investments.
- Derivatives, except "to be announced" forward mortgage-backed securities (TBAs) and derivatives for which payment is guaranteed by the U.S. government or an agency thereof.

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The Investment Management Agreement (IMA) for each external manager and the policy and procedures (P&P) applicable to the internally managed investments provide additional guidelines for each portfolio's investment mandate. The IMA and P&P limit the concentration of investments for the working capital portfolio and the internally managed portfolio at the time new investments are purchased as follows:

		Working Capital Portfolio Holding % at	Internally Managed Portfolio Holding % at
Investment Type	Concentration Limit	12/31/2010	12/31/2010
U.S. Government Securities*	50% to 100% of investment portfolio	52%	62%
Repurchase Agreements	0% to 50% of investment portfolio	0%	2%
Certificates of Deposit**	0% to 50% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	10%	2%
Bankers' Acceptances	0% to 25% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	0%	2%
Commercial paper	0% to 15% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	12%	13%
Corporate Bonds	0% to 15% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	17%	11%
Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP)***	0% to 25% of investment portfolio	0%	0%
Money Market Mutual Funds	0% to 25% of investment portfolio	5%	4%
Dollar Denominated Fixed Income Securities, other than those listed herein, rated by at least one nationally recognized rating agency	0% to 15% of investment portfolio Maximum 5% per issuer	4%	4%
Todat and nationally recognized rating agoney		100%	100%

^{*} Includes debt obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies or U.S. governmentsponsored corporations, including corporate debt issued under the FDIC's Temporary Liquidity Guarantee program.

^{**} The policy limits CDs that are not secured by U.S. government securities to 20% of the internally managed portfolio.

^{***} The Working Capital Portfolio may not be invested in AMLIP.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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MOA Trust Fund

The MOA Trust Fund (MOA Trust) has a long-term investment horizon and accepts near term market volatility to maximize rates of return through a balanced investment approach utilizing both equity and fixed income instruments.

To preserve the purchasing power of the corpus and to maximize the rates of return over time, the MOA Trust is authorized to invest in the following equity and fixed income instruments pursuant to Anchorage Municipal Code 6.50.030, 6.50.060, and the MOA Trust investment policy:

- All investments eligible for purchase by the Anchorage Central Treasury.
- Publicly traded equity investments.
- Debt instruments issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and debt instruments that have been issued by domestic and non-domestic entities, subject to the following criteria:
 - No more than 5% of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in the fixed income securities of a single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
 - No more than 10% of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in domestic fixed income securities rated less than BBB- by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
 - No more than 30% of the fixed income portfolio may be invested in investment grade dollar denominated fixed income securities issued by non-domestic entities.
 - No more than 5% of the MOA Trust may be invested in non-dollar denominated fixed income securities.
- Real Estate investments in a diversified portfolio of institutional quality, income producing properties held in a collective investment vehicle which limits the MOA Trusts' liability.
- Alternative basket clause investments utilizing special purpose investment vehicles.
- Fixed income derivative instruments used in an unlevered manner to implement portfolio strategies consistent with other authorized investments.
- Cash and cash equivalents, including but not limited to repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and shares in money market or short-term investment funds consistent with the investment criteria outlined above.
- Mutual funds or other commingled investment vehicles that predominantly consist of the authorized investments listed above.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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The MOA Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Investment Holding % at 12/31/2010
Domestic Equities*	35%	45%	40%
International Equities	17%	23%	21%
Fixed Income (excluding TIPS)	25%	33%	31%
Treasury Inflation Protected			
Securities (TIPS)	0%	5%	3%
Real Estate	6%	11%	5%
Cash Equivalents	0%	15%	0%
			100%

^{*}Includes American depositary receipts.

When the concentration of investments falls outside of the limits set by the investment policy, cash inflows and outflows are deployed so that the portfolio can be returned to its target strategic allocation. Transactions may also be made if cash flows are insufficient to return the portfolio to its target allocation within 12 months.

The MOA Trust provides further diversification within the domestic equity allocation by using a passive core position indexed to the S&P 500 index, with separate growth and value portfolios. The aggregation of all the large capitalization portfolios is balanced to avoid any produced style bias, and a separate small cap portfolio is utilized. According to AMC 06.50.060 and the investment policy:

- No more than 5% of the voting stock of any corporation may be acquired by the Trust.
- Within the domestic equity portfolio, holdings in any one company should not exceed the greater of 5% of the respective portfolio or 1.5 times the stock's weighting in the S&P 500 (or other appropriate stock index) at the time of purchase.
- Within the international equity portfolio, holdings in any one company should not exceed more than 5% of the international equity portfolio. Countries represented by the Morgan Stanley Capital International Europe, Australia, Far East Index (MSCI-EAFE), as well as emerging markets, are available for investment. Allocations between countries are expected to be diversified.
- Investments in fixed income instruments may not exceed 5% for a single issuer, excluding securities issued by the U.S. Government or agencies thereof.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund (Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust) investment objective is to earn a rate of return on fund assets that exceeds the rate of inflation by at least five percent in order to maintain funding of accrued liabilities and enhance member health benefits. The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment objective is based upon a 5 - 10 year investment horizon and short-term market volatility is to be viewed with an appropriate perspective.

In accordance with its investment policy, Member Allocated funds of the Police and Fire Medical Trust must be invested in cash equivalents. The Trust's general funds may be invested in the following instruments:

- Domestic equities.
- International equities.
- Domestic (dollar-denominated) fixed income securities.
- Cash equivalents.

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy controls risk by stipulating that:

- The use of leverage is prohibited, as are short sales and margin transactions.
- For equities, investment in any one company shall not exceed the greater of 5% or 1.5 times the company's weighting in an appropriate market index; investment in any one sector shall not exceed the greater of 30% or 1.5 time the sector's weighting in the appropriate market index.
- No position in an individual security shall exceed 5% of the fixed income portfolio's market value.
- The duration of the fixed income portfolio shall be within 20 percent of the duration of the Barclay's Aggregate Index.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Investment Holding % at 12/31/2010
General Funds:			
Domestic Equities - Large/Mid Cap	27%	37%	34%
Domestic Equities - Small Cap	6%	12%	11%
International Equities	23%	31%	26%
Domestic Fixed Income (excluding TIPS)	23%	31%	24%
U.S. TIPS	3%	7%	5%
Cash Equivalents	0%	5%	0%
			100%
Member Allocated Funds:			
Cash Equivalents	100%	100%	100%
		-	100%

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund's investment objectives reflect the long-term nature of the Fund as well as its shorter-term liquidity needs. Its investment policy seeks growth of assets by combining equity, fixed income, and real estate for a balanced approach that emphasizes total return while avoiding excessive risk.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund may invest in the following investment instruments:

- Domestic equities.
- International equities.
- Fixed income securities.
- Real estate equities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Investment Holding % at 12/31/2010
Domestic Equity - Mid/Large Cap*	25%	33%	30%
Domestic Equity - Small Cap	6%	12%	9%
International Equity	22%	30%	26%
Fixed Income - Nominal	19%	30%	23%
Fixed Income - TIPS	0%	7%	1%
Real Estate	6%	12%	10%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	N/A	N/A	1%
			100%

^{*}Includes American depositary receipts.

Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund

The investment objectives of the Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund (Police and Fire Retirement Trust) are to be viewed over the long term with investments in both equity and fixed income instruments utilized to maximize return while maintaining acceptable levels of risk and adequate liquidity for payment of benefits. When evaluating the risk and return tradeoffs of potential investments, safety of principal is a key selection criterion.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust may invest in the following types of securities, as long as they are traded on one of the major security exchanges or in the over-the-counter market:

- Domestic and International equities.
- Fixed income securities.
- Exchange-listed derivatives, subject to Board approval.
- Collateralized mortgage securities or mortgage-backed securities which have a Flow Uncertainty Index score of 15 or less.
- Cash and money market instruments.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment policy also prohibits the following investments:

- · Letter stocks.
- Short sales.
- Tax exempt bonds that do not exceed the return on taxable bonds of equivalent duration and credit quality.
- Private placements other than Rule 144A securities with registration rights.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Non-exchange-listed derivatives.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust limits the concentration of its investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Investment Holding % at 12/31/2010
Domestic equities			
Large Cap Core	8%	13%	11%
Large Cap Growth	9%	14%	12%
Large Cap Value	9%	14%	12%
Subtotal - Large Cap	29%	35%	35%
Small Cap Growth	2%	6%	5%
Small/Mid Cap Value	2%	6%	5%
Subtotal - Small/Mid Cap	4%	12%	10%
Subtotal - Domestic Equity*	34%	45%	45%
International equities			
EAFE	6%	10%	8%
Growth	7%	15%	10%
Subtotal - International Equity	16%	24%	18%
Subtotal - Equity	52%	68%	63%
Fixed Income			
Domestic Fixed Income	25%	35%	25%
Real Estate funds			
Equity Real Estate Investment Trust	1%	9%	5%
Real Estate Separate Accounts	2%	8%	6%
Farmland	0%	8%	0%
Subtotal - Real Estate	9%	15%	11%
Cash & Cash equivalents			
Cash equivalents	0%	4%	1%
			100%

^{*}Includes American depositary receipts.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust establishes further diversification for its portfolio through the following investment policy guidelines:

• No individual portfolio position shall constitute more than the greater of 5% of the security's weight in the agreed upon market index, plus or minus 2%, unless specifically authorized by the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment board.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

- No group or industry sectors shall constitute more than 120% of the sector's weight in an appropriate market index or 25% of the market value of the assets controlled by any fund manager.
- Listed American Depositary Receipts shall constitute no more than 20% of the market value of the assets controlled by any fund manager.
- Commercial paper must be rated P-1 by Moody's or A-1 by Standard & Poor's.

The average credit rating for the fixed income portfolio must be at least A by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's, and no more than 15% of the fixed income portfolio may be in issues rated lower than Baa by Moody's or BBB by Standard & Poor's at the time of purchase.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The externally managed portfolios of the Anchorage Central Treasury, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust, and the Police and Fire Retirement Trust utilize the duration method to measure exposure to interest rate risk. All other funds disclose interest rate risk through the segmented time distribution tables within this note, which categorize fixed income investments according to their maturities.

Duration is a measure of an investment's sensitivity to interest rate changes, and represents the sensitivity of an investment's market price to a 1% change in interest rates. The effective duration of an investment is determined by its expected future cash flows, factoring in uncertainties introduced through options, prepayments, and variable rates. The effective duration of a pool is the average fair value weighted effective duration of each security in the pool.

The effective durations of the externally managed portfolios of the Anchorage Central Treasury (working capital, contingency reserve and strategic reserve) at December 31, 2010, were 0.26 years, 1.73 years, and 3.58 years, respectively.

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's investment policy requires that the weighted average duration of its fixed income portfolio be within 20% of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Index. At December 31, 2010, the duration of the index was 4.98 years and the duration of the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's fixed income portfolio was 4.90 years.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment policy states that the total fixed income portfolio's weighted average duration cannot exceed 120% of the market's duration utilizing the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index. At December 31, 2010, the duration of the index was 4.98 years, and the duration of the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's fixed income portfolio was 4.82 years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. For fixed income securities, this risk is generally expressed as a credit rating.

At December 31, 2010, the Anchorage Central Treasury's investment in commercial paper totaled \$36,578,855, and was rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. All commercial paper is purchased with a maturity of 270 days or less. The Anchorage Central

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Treasury's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, totaled \$214,007,512 at December 31, 2010. The distribution of ratings on these securities was as follows:

Moo	dy's	S8	kΡ
Aaa	38%	AAA	40%
Aa	18%	AA	12%
Α	23%	Α	27%
Baa	12%	BBB	12%
Ba or lower	1%	BB or lower	1%
Not Rated	8%	Not Rated	8%
	100%		100%

At December 31, 2010, Anchorage's Central Treasury was invested in Asset Backed Securities and Mortgage Backed Securities valued at \$2,651,964 which fell below the minimum credit rating of AA-/Aa3 required by AMC 6.50.030. These circumstances resulted from the downgrade of investments held in the contingency reserve and strategic reserve portfolios. Securities falling outside of compliance are divested as soon as it is prudent to do so.

At December 31, 2010, securities in the MOA Trust's \$41,210,872 fixed income portfolio had a weighted average quality rating of AA.

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust had an investment of \$1,114,593 in commingled fixed income funds with a 5-star Morningstar rating and a weighted average credit quality rating of A, and an investment of \$217,868 in commingled TIPS funds with a 4-star Morningstar rating and a weighted average credit quality rating of AAA.

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund had an investment of \$7,099,993 in commingled fixed income funds with a 3-star Morningstar rating and a weighted average credit quality rating of A, and an investment of \$437,399 in commingled TIPS funds with a 4-star Morningstar rating and a weighted average credit quality rating of AAA.

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's total fixed income portfolio had a weighted average rating of Aa3 by Moody's. The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment in marketable debt securities, excluding U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, totaled \$45,771,587, with ratings distributed as follows:

Mod	ody's	S8	P
Aaa	8%	AAA	12%
Aa	16%	AA	13%
Α	30%	Α	34%
Baa	26%	BBB	26%
Ba or lower	19%	BB or lower	15%
Not Rated	1%	Not Rated	0%
	100%		100%

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's real estate mutual fund investment of \$15,854,433 had a 3-star Morningstar rating.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's real estate investment of \$19,077,592 is a limited partnership, consisting of both open- and closed-end commingled funds managed by real estate firms. These real estate investments are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure when the amount invested in a single issuer exceeds 5% or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, as well as mutual funds and other pooled investments, are exempted from this requirement.

At December 31, 2010, Anchorage held a total of \$79,261,553 in securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA). These investments compromised 8.9% of the total portfolio and 12.5% (\$68,651,256) of the Anchorage Central Treasury.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of a depository institution, that an entity will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, that an entity will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2010, the Anchorage Central Treasury had bank deposit carrying amounts totaling \$17,259,852, of which \$893,147 was covered by federal depository insurance. Bank deposits of \$13,808,356 were secured by collateral held at the depository bank, and additional bank deposits of \$533,460 were secured by a tri-party collateral agreement. The tri-party collateral agreement requires that collateral be transferred to the custodian of the tri-party agreement and held in the pledging bank's name on behalf of Anchorage. Additional bank balances of \$2,590,014 were invested in overnight repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreement investments were also collateralized through a tri-party collateral agreement. All collateral consists of obligations issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation, with market value not less than the collateralized deposit balances.

Securities Lending

During 2010, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust lent securities in its investment portfolio to financial institutions through a securities lending program administered by the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's custodian. At December 31, 2010, the amount of the collateral provided by borrowers averaged 102.3% of the value of securities lent. The Police and Fire Retirement Trust is authorized to lend its investment securities by its statement of investment policy, which is approved by the Board. The lending is managed by the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's custodian. All loans can be terminated on demand by either the Police and Fire Retirement Trust or the borrowers. The term of the loans can vary from one week to many months. The agent lends the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's U.S. Government and Agency securities and domestic corporate fixed income and equity securities for securities or cash collateral of 102%. The securities lending contracts do not allow the Police and Fire Retirement Trust to pledge or sell any collateral securities. Cash collateral is invested in the agent's collateral investment pool, whose share values are based on the amortized cost of the pool's investments. At December 31, 2010, the pool had a weighted average maturity of 15 days. There are no restrictions on the amount of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

securities that can be lent at one time or to one borrower. The following represents the balances relating to the securities lending transactions at December 31, 2010:

	Fair Value of			
	Underlying	Collateral		
Securities Lent	Securities Received			
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 8,799,074	\$ 8,986,640		
Domestic Corporate Fixed Income	3,074,273	3,151,210		
Domestic Equities	8,404,192	8,606,033		
•	\$ 20,277,539	\$ 20,743,883		

The lending agent provides indemnification if the borrowers fail to return the underlying securities (and the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or if the borrowers fail to pay income distributions on borrowed securities. There were no significant violations or contractual provisions, no borrower or lending agent default losses, and no recoveries of prior period losses during the year.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. Anchorage has no specific policy addressing foreign currency risk; however foreign currency risk is managed through the requirements of AMC 6.50.030 and the asset allocation policies of each portfolio.

The Anchorage Central Treasury is not exposed to foreign currency risk because AMC 6.50.030 explicitly prohibits the purchase of securities not denominated in U.S. Dollars. At December 31, 2010 all debt obligations held in the Anchorage Central Treasury were payable in U.S. Dollars.

At December 31, 2010 the MOA Trust's exposure to foreign currency risk represented 21% of its aggregate portfolio. Exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

			Fair Value
Investment Type	Underlying Currency	<u>_(L</u>	J.S. Dollars)
American Depositary Receipts	Canadian Dollar	\$	115,759
	Euro		61,237
	Pound Sterling		145,226
Commingled International Equity Funds	Various		24,881,207
		\$	25,203,429

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's investment in commingled international equity funds exposes it to exchange risk in various foreign currencies. At December 31, 2010, this investment totaled \$1,183,381 and represented approximately 26% of the Trust's general funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund's exposure to foreign currency risk represented 26% of its aggregate portfolio, and consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Underlying Currency	Fair Value (U.S. Dollars)				
American Depositary Receipts Commingled International Equity Funds	Swiss Franc Various	\$	47,056 7,888,737			
		\$	7,935,793			

At December 31, 2010, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's exposure to foreign currency risk represented 19% of its aggregate portfolio, and consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Underlying Currency	Fair Value (U.S. Dollars)				
American Depositary Receipts	Brazillian Real	\$	135,092			
	Swiss Franc		372,575			
International Equities	Canadian Dollar		642,302			
Commingled International Equity Funds	Various		59,815,892			
		\$	60,965,861			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 5 Receivables (Including Loans and Leases Receivable)

Anchorage's receivables including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts were reported as follows at December 31, 2010:

				Business-		
	(Governmental		type		-
		Activities		Activities		Total
Current:						
Property taxes	\$	12,879,063	\$		\$	12,879,063
Accomodations taxes		3,147,744		-		3,147,744
Unbilled reimbursable projects		_		218,428		218,428
Special assessments receivable		1,245,208		172,855		1,418,063
Trade accounts, including internal						_
service funds		10,987,844		23,449,988		34,437,832
Total accounts receivable		28,259,859		23,841,271		52,101,130
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(3,557,418)		(823,491)		(4,380,909)
	\$	24,702,441	\$	23,017,780	\$	47,720,221
Noncurrent:						
Miscellaneous loans	\$	619,368	\$	5,702	\$	625,070
HUD loans (including section 108)	•	7,184,430	*		•	7,184,430
Jail lease		39,750,000				39,750,000
Total loans and leases, net	\$	47,553,798	\$	5,702	\$	47,559,500
Total loans and leases, net	\$	47,553,798	<u>\$</u>	5,702	\$	47,559,500

Special assessments, loans and leases are not expected to be collected within one year, except for minor portions due currently.

In 1987 and 1988 the Municipality loaned the Performing Arts Center (PAC) \$2,720,000 for seating, carpeting and general capital improvements. Repayment of this non-interest bearing loan was from a ticket surcharge that was established in 1987. Loan repayments were made until 2003 when the balance owing on the loan was \$581,209. In 2004 a 30 year revenue bond was issued in the amount of \$5,365,000, the proceeds of which were used to pay for repairs to the roof of the PAC and the surcharge was increased and fully diverted to fund the repayment of the bonds. After the roof bonds are fully repaid in 2035, or once the debt service reserve fund is fully funded, whichever occurs first, surplus revenues from the surcharge above and beyond that required for debt service on the bonds will then be applied to the original loan until paid in full. Due to the extended timeline for repayment, the Municipality has fully reserved for this receivable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 6 Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows (in thousands):

(a) Primary Government

	eginning						F.,
	Balance Restated	1	ncrease	ı	Decrease		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated:						_	
Land	\$ 1,226,652	\$	6,683	\$	(110)	\$	1,233,225
Artwork	17,310		-		-		17,310
Construction	100 772		02 444		(122 600)		58,227
Work-in-Progress Infrastructure	108,773 1,333,744		83,144 40,666		(133,690)		1,374,410
Total Capital Assets, Not	 1,333,744		40,000				1,074,410
Being Depreciated	 2,686,479		130,493		(133,800)		2,683,172
Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated:							
Buildings & Imp	565,576		36,058		(25)		601,609
Equipment	183,568		21,490		(3,125)		201,933
Infrastructure	408,250		36,625		-		444,875
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated	 1,157,394		94,173		(3,150)		1,248,417
Less Accumulated							
Depreciation for:							
Buildings & Imp	295,629		19,435		-		315,064
Equipment	127,776		16,465		(2,996)		141,245
Infrastructure	 222,052		10,359				232,411
Total Accumulated	645 457		46.050		(2.006)		600 720
Depreciation	 645,457		46,259	_	(2,996)		688,720
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net	 511,937		47,914		(154)		559,697
Total Governmental							
Activities, Net	\$ 3,198,416	\$	178,407	\$	(133,954)	<u>\$</u>	3,242,869

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network and to depreciate all other infrastructure assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

		Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Being								
Depreciated:								
Land and Property held for future use	\$	51,146	\$	11	\$	(1,906)	\$	49,251
Construction	Φ	31,140	φ	11	Φ	(1,300)	Ψ	40,201
Work-in-Progress		67,132		137,719		(98,568)		106,283
Total Capital Assets, Not				<u> </u>				
Being Depreciated		118,278		137,730		(100,474)		155,534
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Distribution and Collection								
Systems, Infrastructure		1,676,700		86,031		(8,993)		1,753,738
Buildings and Improvements		413,330		19,706	_	(10,549)		422,487
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		2,090,030		105,737		(19,542)		2,176,225
Depredated		2,090,030		100,737		(13,342)	_	2,170,220
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation for:								
Distribution and Collection								
Systems, Infrastructure		684,278		52,877		(8,772)		728,383
Buildings and Improvements Total Accumulated		143,602	_	13,190		(10,489)		146,303
Depreciation		827,880		66,067		(19,261)		874,686
Total Capital Assets, Being		027,000	_			(10,201)		
Depreciated, Net		1,262,150		39,670		(281)		1,301,539
Total Business-Type								
Activities, Net	\$	1,380,428	\$	177,400	\$	(100,755)	\$	1,457,073

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Depreciation expense was charged to the departments and functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	3,090
Fire Services		4,063
Police Services		2,198
Health and Human Services		1,179
Economic & Community Development		16,026
Public Transportation		3,121
Public Works		12,118
Maintenance and Operations		4,464
Total – Governmental Activities	\$	46,259
Business-Type Activities:		
Electric	\$	26,795
Water		8,049
Wastewater		5,529
Refuse		719
Solid Waste		3,489
Port		4,667
Municipal Airport		2,223
Total – Business-Type Activities		51,471
Depreciation expense offset by		
amortization of regulatory liability -		44.500
contributed plant		14,596
Gross increase in accumulated	ф.	00.007
depreciation	\$	66,067

The 2011 Utility construction budgets are \$167,139 \$38,281 and \$37,948 for Electric, Water, and Wastewater, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(b) Discretely Presented Component Units – Anchorage School District – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows (in thousands):

	J۱	Balance July 1, 2010 Increa									Increase Decrease					Increase Decrease			Balance ne 30, 2010
Governmental Activities:																			
Capital Assets, not Being																			
Depreciated:																			
Land	\$	42,357	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42,357											
Construction in Progress		86,780		52,681		115,200		24,261											
Total Capital Assets								00.040											
not Being Depreciated		129,137		52,681		115,200		66,618											
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	:																		
Land Improvements		47,074		2,800		-		49,874											
Buildings and Equipment		1,433,349		114,322		15,467		1,532,204											
Pupil Transportation		9,044		651				9,695											
Total Capital Assets																			
Being Depreciated		1,489,467		117,773		15,467		1,591,773											
being bepreciated		1,400,401		117,770		10,101		1,001,110											
Less Accumulated																			
Depreciation for:																			
Land Improvements		34,437		1,153		-		35,590											
Buildings and Equipment		359,295		32,090		6,813		384,572											
Pupil Transportation		8,263		435		-		8,698											
Total Accumulated																			
Depreciation		401,995		33,678		6,813		428,860											
Deprediation		401,995		33,070		0,013		420,000											
Total Capital Assets,																			
Being Depreciated,																			
Net		1,087,472		84,095	_	8,654		1,162,913											
Covernmental																			
Governmental																			
Activities Capital	¢	1,216,609	\$	136,776	\$	123,854	\$	1,229,531											
Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	1,210,009	Φ	130,770	φ ====	120,004	Ψ	1,223,001											

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(c) Discretely Presented Component Units – Anchorage Community Development Authority – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows (in thousands):

		eginning Balance	1	ncrease	De	crease		nding alance
Business Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, not Being								
Depreciated:								
Land	\$	11,059	<u>\$</u>	118	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	11,177
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	i :							
Parking Garages		36,137		536				36,673
Lot Improvements		542		38				580
Furniture and Fixtures		100		-				100
Equipment and Vehicles		2,694		307				3,001
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated		39,473		881		-		40,354
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation for:								
Parking Garages		21,270		1,216				22,486
Lot Improvements		363		63				426
Furniture and Fixtures		92		5				97
Equipment and Vehicles		1,977		346				2,323
			-					
Total Accumulated		00.700		4 620				05 222
Depreciation		23,702		1,630		-		25,332
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated,								
Net		15,771		(749)		<u>-</u>		15,022
Business Type								
Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	26,830	\$	(631)	\$	_	\$	26,199

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 7 Port Expansion

In March 2003, Anchorage, the Port and the Federal Maritime Administration (MARAD) entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with respect to funding and administering the Port of Anchorage Intermodal Expansion Project. Under this agreement, the Port is responsible for providing overall program requirements and direction for the Port Expansion to MARAD.

MARAD administers the construction of the project and, as such, the Port only recognizes capital assets upon transfer of those assets from MARAD. At the time of such transfer, the Port records the capital asset at cost, as reported by MARAD, and concurrently recognizes non-operating revenue (contributed capital) to the extent of the funding directly received and administered by MARAD. In addition to the funds that the Port contributes to MARAD for the expansion project, which are recorded as Advances to MARAD on the Statement of Net Assets, other federal agencies contribute funds directly to MARAD. These federal funds are not recorded on the Port's financial statements until such time that the completed asset is transferred to the Port from MARAD.

At the end of 2010, cumulative transfers to MARAD by the Port total \$140,400,001, of which \$139,939,619 is shown in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets (in the Port Fund) as "Advances to MARAD" and \$460,382 is included in capital assets. The table below provides the detail of the cumulative transfers to MARAD, as of December 31, 2010:

Source of Port's Contributions		
to MARAD		Amounts
	·	
State of Alaska Grants	\$	89,990,164
Commercial Paper		40,000,000
Port funds		10,409,837
	•	
Total contributions	\$	140,400,001

On April 8th, 2011, MARAD requested and the Municipality transferred \$23,000,000 to fund FY 2011 construction activities for the Port of Anchorage Intermodal Expansion Project.

NOTE 8 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

(a) Interfund Receivables and Payables

A summary of interfund receivables and payables relating to short term operating advances is as follows:

Interfund payable to General Fund from:

Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 227,786
Nonmajor enterprise fund	1,020,340
Internal service fund	 3,826,843
Total interfund payable to General Fund	5.074,969

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

Interfund payable to nonmajor governmental fund from: Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund	33,149
Interfund payable between nonmajor governmental funds	5,833,637
Total interfund payable, governmental funds	 10,941,755
Interfund payable to Electric Enterprise Fund from nonmajor governmental fund for land acquisition	3,068,437
Interfund payable to nonmajor governmental fund from internal service fund	855,565
Interfund payable between internal service funds for capital assets	1,018,376
Total interfund payable	\$ 15,884,133
All balances are expected to be settled within the next fiscal year, excepreceivables and payables recorded as advances to/from other funds. A 12/31/10 were as follows:	
Advance payable between internal service funds for capital assets	\$ 1,097,050
Advance payable to internal service fund from Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund for capital assets	512,883
Advance payable to General Fund from nonmajor governmental fund for capital assets	1,510,984
Total advances payable	\$ 3,120,917
Interfund Transfers	
A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:	
From General Fund to: Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund for capital assets Nonmajor governmental funds for capital assets Nonmajor governmental funds for grant matching Nonmajor governmental funds to fund pension liability Nonmajor governmental funds for operating subsidy Nonmajor governmental funds for debt service Internal service fund for operating subsidy Internal service fund for capital assets Total transfers from General Fund	\$ 3,316,948 3,619,849 1,238,944 1,869,000 431,409 1,063,028 244,000 75,000 11,858,178
From MOA Trust Fund to: General Fund for annual operating subsidy	5,100,000

(b)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

From Capital Projects Roads and Drainage Fund to: General Fund for debt service		6,106
From nonmajor governmental funds to: General Fund for debt service General Fund for operating subsidy Nonmajor governmental funds for debt service Nonmajor governmental funds for capital assets Nonmajor governmental funds for operating subsidy Total transfers from nonmajor governmental funds		77,945 107,500 6,130,452 220,000 25,000 6,560,897
From Electric Enterprise Fund to: General Fund for annual revenue distribution		11,086,666
From Water Enterprise Fund to: General Fund for annual revenue distribution		6,717,558
From Wastewater Enterprise Fund to: General Fund for annual revenue distribution		5,011,065
From Port Enterprise Fund to: General Fund for annual revenue distribution Water Enterprise Fund for capital assets Total transfers from Port Enterprise Fund		507,773 3,000 510,773
From nonmajor enterprise funds to: General Fund for annual revenue distribution Water Enterprise Fund for capital assets Internal service fund for capital assets Total transfers from nonmajor enterprise funds		1,153,816 111,102 17,550 1,282,468
Total transfers Out	\$	48,133,711
Reconciling items: Transfer in to nonmajor enterprise fund from Water Fund CIAC Transfer out from nonmajor enterprise fund to Water Fund	\$	440,000
CIAC	<u> </u>	(111,102)
Total transfers In	\$	48,462,609

In the fund-level financial statements, total transfers out of \$48,573,711 exceeded transfers-in by \$551,102. This is comprised of a \$111,102 transfer from Solid Waste Services to the Water Utility, which is recorded as a reduction of Contributions in Aid of Construction (CIAC) in the Water Utility in accordance with regulatory accounting provisions and a \$440,000 transfer from the Water Utility to Solid Waste Services which is recorded to CIAC in the Water Utility in accordance with regulatory accounting provisions. At the government-wide financial statement level, transfers out continue to exceed transfers in by \$551,102.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

In addition, governmental funds transferred capital assets to internal service funds in the amount of \$21,773. These items are not reflected as transfers at the fund level, but are included in capital contributions.

NOTE 9 Lease Agreements

(a) Operating Leases (Anchorage as lessee)

Commitments under operating lease agreements for facilities provide for minimum annual rental payments are as follows (in 000's):

			ness Type ctivities	
Years:			-	
2011	\$	4,549	\$	197
2012		4,216		196
2013		3,586		196
2014		3,575		176
2015		3,481		136
2016-2020		18,014		682
2021-2025		17,564		682
2026-2030		1,871		455
2031-2035		0		5
2036-2040		0		5
2041-2045		0		5
2046-2050		0		5
2051-2056		0		5
Totals	\$	56,856	\$	2,745
2010 rent expense	\$	6,704	\$	258

(b) Capital Leases (Anchorage as lessee)

Anchorage has various capital leases for equipment in its General Fund for the Fire Department. Anchorage entered into a revolving Master Tax-Exempt Lease/Purchase (Master Lease) agreement with KeyBank in 2008 and with Sun Life Trust in 2010, to finance various capital expenditures by the Municipality. During 2010, Anchorage issued new leases in the amount of \$507,250 in governmental funds and \$1,039,143 in internal service funds. The annual debt service to maturity for capital leases is as follows (in 000's):

		Governmental Activities									
	Pri	Principal		terest	Total						
Years:											
2011	\$	1,218	\$	114	\$	1,332					
2012		1,019		72		1,091					
2013		924		32		956					
2014		285		9		294					
2015		197		3		200					
	\$	3,643	\$	230	\$	3,873					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

At December 31, 2010, \$2,657,734 of the outstanding principal balance is recorded in the internal service funds.

(c) Investment in Direct Financing Leases (Anchorage as lessor)

The direct financing lease agreements for various capital assets at the Port of Anchorage, which had been in place in 2009 (and prior years) were fully collected, as scheduled, in 2010.

(d) Operating Leases (Anchorage as lessor)

Anchorage has leased to third parties parcels of real estate at both the Port of Anchorage and Merrill Field Airport that generate recurring revenues. The lease agreements are long term and allow the lessee(s) to use the leased parcels for industrial purposes tied to the port or airport. Generally, the property leased is land only, although the Port of Anchorage has leased some infrastructure, in addition to land, to the US Coast Guard. Improvements built on the leased parcels are done at the expense of the lessee(s). Future minimum rents scheduled for these agreements are as follows (in 000's):

		Port of Anchorage		Merrill Field Airport
Years:	-			
2011	\$	1,763	\$	492
2012		1,416		474
2013		1,347		474
2014		1,095		465
2015		827		465
2016-2020		2,559		2,118
2021-2025		1,886		1,559
2026-2030		119		1,188
2031-2035		-		1,165
2036-2040		-		1,084
2041-2045		<u>-</u>		1,055
Totals	\$	11,012	\$	10,539
Lease revenue for 2010	\$	4,334	_\$_	527
Carrying value of leased assets:				
Original cost	\$	9,084	\$	2,600
Accumulated depreciation	*	4,776	*	_,,,,,
Net Book Value	\$	4,308	\$	2,600

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 10 Short-Term Obligations

(a) Tax Anticipation Notes

On February 19, 2010 Anchorage issued tax anticipation notes in the General Fund with a face value of \$120,000,000. The purpose of the issuance was to raise money to pay current expenditures in anticipation of the collection of property taxes.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2010 was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$ _	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	\$

(b) Commercial Paper

In January 2008, the Anchorage Assembly authorized the issuance of Commercial Paper in one or more series in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed two hundred fifteen million dollars (\$215,000,000) as an interim financing program for the port expansion project until such time that the outstanding balance of commercial paper notes are refunded by long term Port Revenue Bonds. The expansion project is expected to continue until 2021. In 2008, commercial paper notes were issued in the amount of \$40,000,000 and were shown on the Port Enterprise Fund financial statements as a current liability since the lending term on commercial paper cannot exceed 270 days (less than one year). During 2010 the notes were redeemed and reissued numerous times; however, the total balance outstanding remains at \$40 million.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 11 Long Term Obligations

(a) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity, net of related premium and discount amortizations, for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows (in thousands):

	_	Balance anuary 1, 2010	_A	dditions	R	eductions	_	Balance cember 31, 2010	 e Within ne Year
Governmental activities: General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds CIVICVentures Capital Leases Long-Term Contracts HUD Section 108 Loan Total Debt Payable	\$	448,590 42,735 109,695 3,144 4,855 1,864 610,883	\$	79,556 — 1,546 — 81,102	\$	(40,804) (2,985) (1,070) (1,047) (110) (74) (46,090)	\$	487,342 39,750 108,625 3,643 4,745 1,790 645,895	\$ 26,050 3,150 1,180 1,217 115 78
Compensated Absences Pollution Remediation Arbitrage Rebate Payable Claims Payable and IBNR Total Governmental Activities	\$	21,259 3,041 430 23,678 659,291	<u>\$</u>	15,300 999 — 58,150	\$	(15,260) (15,260) — (430) (58,787) (120,567)	\$	21,299 4,040 — 23,041 694,275	\$ 15,324 1,657 — 18,356
Business-type activities: General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Long-Term Contracts Total Debt Payable Compensated Absences Pollution Remediation	\$	504 486,026 132,017 618,547 5,693 258	\$	35,488 35,488 6,173 93	\$	(504) (22,134) (8,916) (31,554) (6,120)	\$	463,892 158,589 622,481 5,746 351	\$ 22,355 10,286 32,641 5,439 40
Landfill Closure Liability Total Business- type Activities	\$	19,218 643,716	\$	1,242 42,996	\$	(37,674)	\$	20,460	\$ 38,120

Governmental activities compensated absences are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

(b) General Obligation Bonds

Anchorage issues general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for capital acquisition and construction. GO bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. They are generally issued as 20-year serial bonds with principal and interest payments due each year.

ASD GO bonds are reported as obligations of the component unit since they are expected to be repaid from ASD revenues; such amounts total \$743,090,000 at June 30, 2010. All other Anchorage GO bonds are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In March 2010, Anchorage issued \$54,860,000 principal amount of General Obligation Bonds in its 2010 series A. \$11,560,000 principal amount of these bonds are Tax Exempt with a net effective rate of 1.617%, and the remaining \$43,300,000 principal amount are Taxable Build America Bonds with a net effective rate of 3.427%. The MOA will receive a cash subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the interest paid on the 2010

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Series A Taxable Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds, together with other legally available funds, will be used for the following purposes: (i) to provide for the cost of certain capital improvement projects (ii) to reimburse Anchorage for costs of such capital improvement projects; (iii) to pay costs of issuance; and (iv) to provide funds for deposit in the Reserve Account.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities								
		Principal		Interest	_	Total			
Years:									
2011	\$	26,050	9	23,482	\$	49,532			
2012		33,285		20,522		53,807			
2013		33,610		19,093		52,703			
2014		36,730		17,608		54,338			
2015		31,855		16,095		47,950			
2016-2020		171,490		58,317		229,807			
2021-2025		109,435		24,873		134,308			
2026-2030		39,835		4,699		44,534			
Add the most red property		482,290		184,689		666,979			
Add unamortized premiums/ (discounts), net		5,052				5,052			
(discourits), Het		3,032	_		_	3,032			
	\$	487,342	9	184,689	\$	672,031			

(c) Revenue Bonds

On April 15, 2000, Anchorage issued \$60,440,000 in Revenue Bonds to construct and operate the new municipal jail facility that is leased to the State of Alaska. Jail revenue bond covenants require an "absolute net lease" pursuant to which Anchorage shall not be expected or required to make any payment of any kind under the Agreement of Lease. The State of Alaska Department of Administration (DOA) is required to make all payments under the Agreement of Lease. The DOA's obligation to make lease payments and to perform and observe all other covenants and agreements is absolute and unconditional except as expressly provided in the Agreement of Lease. In March 2005, Anchorage issued \$40,835,000 in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund \$39,585,000 of the 2000 Revenue Bonds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities - Excluding CIVICVentures

		Principal		Interest	 <u>Total</u>		
Years:							
2011	\$	3,150	\$	1,885	\$ 5,035		
2012		3,300		1,734	5,034		
2013		3,470		1,565	5,035		
2014		3,655		1,387	5,042		
2015		3,840		1,203	5,043		
2016-2020		22,335		2,879	25,214		
	\$	39,750	\$	10,653	\$ 50,403		

On February 2, 2006, CIVICVentures, a blended component unit, issued \$110,920,000 in tax-exempt, non-recourse revenue bonds to finance the acquisition of land and construction of a new civic and convention center. Revenues pledged to pay the debt are those revenues identified in the Indenture of Trust between CIVICVentures and U.S. Bank National Association, consisting of Hotel, Motel, and Bed and Breakfast room taxes collected and remitted pursuant to agreement, by Anchorage. In the event room tax collections are not sufficient to pay the debt, Anchorage is not obligated in any way to pay the debt on behalf of CIVICVentures.

The bonds are due in semi-annual installments ranging annually from \$6,097,000 to \$8,448,825 including interest at 3.5% to 5.0% through 2038.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows (in thousands):

	 CIVICVentures								
	Principal		Interest				Total		
Years:									
2011	\$ 1,180		\$	4,990		\$	6,170		
2012	1,300			4,946			6,246		
2013	1,425			4,897			6,322		
2014	1,555			4,840			6,395		
2015	1,690			4,778			6,468		
2016-2020	10,840			22,670			33,510		
2021-2025	15,605			19,910			35,515		
2026-2030	21,910			15,718			37,628		
2031-2035	30,165			9,711			39,876		
2036-2038	 22,955	_		2,104			25,059		
	\$ 108,625	_	\$	94,564		\$	203,189		

Electric, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Refuse Collection and Port revenue bond covenants require establishment of certain cash reserves. Revenue bond covenants further

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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stipulate that operating income, as defined in the covenants, will be at least equal to 1.35 times the debt service requirement for that year.

In December 2009, the Electric Utility issued \$15,240,000 principal amount of Senior Lien Electric Revenue Bonds, 2009 series A (Tax Exempt) with a net effective rate of 4.23%, and \$114,760,000 principal amount of Senior Lien Electric Revenue Bonds, 2009 Series B (Taxable Build America Bonds) with a net effective rate of 6.53%. The Utility will receive a cash subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the interest paid on the 2009 Series B Taxable Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds, together with other legally available funds, will be used for the following purposes: (i) to provide for the cost of certain capital improvement projects (ii) to reimburse the Utility for costs of such capital improvement projects; (iii) to pay costs of issuance; and (iv) to provide funds for deposit in the Reserve Account.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows (in thousands):

	Business-Type Activities								
		Principal		Interest		Total			
Years:									
2011	\$	22,355	\$	24,415	\$	46,770			
2012		23,395		23,155		46,550			
2013		23,805		22,030		45,835			
2014		25,476		20,858		46,334			
2015		22,910		19,589		42,499			
2016-2020		56,095		86,310		142,405			
2021-2025		56,365		73,745		130,110			
2026-2030		73,635		57,797		131,432			
2031-2035		95,440		34,582		130,022			
2036-2039		65,100		7,840		72,940			
		464,576		370,321		834,897			
Less unamortized premiums/									
discounts, net		(684)		0		(684)_			
	\$	463,892	\$	370,321	\$	834,213			

(d) Notes and Contracts

In September 2004, Anchorage entered into an agreement with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority for \$5,365,000 to provide funding for repairs to the PAC roof. This loan will be repaid with revenues from a PAC ticket surcharge.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities								
	F	Principal		Interest		Total			
Years:									
2011	\$	115	\$	224	\$	339			
2012		120		220		340			
2013		125		215		340			
2014		130		210		340			
2015		135		204		339			
2016-2020		760		934		1,694			
2021-2025		945		751		1,696			
2026-2030		1,205		493		1,698			
2031-2034		1,210		155		1,365			
	\$	4,745	\$	3,406	\$	8,151			

Anchorage has various clean water and drinking water fund loans in its Solid Waste, Water, and Wastewater Utilities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these notes and contracts are as follows (in thousands):

	 Business-Type Activities									
	 Principal		Interest		Total					
Years:										
2011	\$ 10,286	\$	2,156	\$	12,442					
2012	10,661		2,271		12,932					
2013	10,047		2,064		12,111					
2014	9,956		1,914		11,870					
2015	9,829		1,764		11,593					
2016-2020	47,029		6,647		53,676					
2021-2025	37,608		3,373		40,981					
2026-2030	22,830		865		23,695					
2031	 343		5		348					
	\$ 158,589	\$	21,059	\$	179,648					

(e) HUD Section 108 Loan

Anchorage entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in August of 2005 to borrow up to \$5,000,000 in HUD Section 108 Loan funds. On September 21, 2009 Anchorage notified HUD, that no additional funds would be utilized under this agreement. As of December 31, 2010 Anchorage has borrowed \$2,000,000 of these funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the HUD Section 108 Loan are as follows (in thousands):

	 Governmental Activities								
	 Principal	1	nterest		Total				
Years:									
2011	\$ 78	\$	97	\$	175				
2012	83		93		176				
2013	88		89		177				
2014	93		84		177				
2015	98		80		178				
2016-2020	582		316		898				
2021-2025	 768		136		904				
	\$ 1,790	\$	895	\$	2,685				

(f) Bonds Authorized But Unissued

At December 31, 2010, Anchorage has the following authorized but unissued general obligation bonds (in thousands):

Purpose	Ordinance Interest Amount Date Limitation Authorized		Amount Issued		Remaining Authorized		
Anchorage Parks & Recreation	April 2007	None	\$ 4,995	\$	4,100	\$	895
Anchorage Roads & Drainage	April 2007 April 2008 April 2009 April 2010	None None None None	35,550 44,800 34,225 37,090		34,285 35,878 26,000 0		1,265 8,922 8,225 37,090
Area Wide Transportation Capital Improvement	April 2009	None	600		97		503
Public Safety/Transportation	April 2008 April 2009 April 2010	None None None	1,688 700 250		1,538 0 0		150 700 250
Anchorage Fire Service Area	April 2009 April 2010	None None	1,800 1,150		1,655 0		145 1,150
						\$_	59,295

In April 2011, Anchorage voters approved the issuance of \$33,191,000 in roads, public safety, police facilities and fire protection bonds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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(g) Refunded Bond Issues

In March 2010, Anchorage issued \$23,750,000 in General Obligation General Purpose Refunding and Restructuring Bonds. Proceeds of \$24,171,681 were used to provide defeasance and redemption of a total of \$23,450,000: \$13,975,000 principal amount of the 1999 General Obligation and General Purpose Bonds; \$5,645,000 principal amount of the 2002 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds Series A; \$1,835,000 principal amount of the 2007 General Obligation Bonds, Series C; \$1,995,000 principal amount of the 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A; and to pay costs of issuance of the General Obligation Bonds. As a result of the refunding, Anchorage increased its total debt service requirements by \$1,188,308, which resulted in an economic gain of \$553,150, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt of \$27,044,780 and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt of \$25,856,472.

(h) Defeasance of Debt

Anchorage defeased certain general obligation and revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other available funds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in Anchorage's financial statements. At December 31, 2010, the amount of general obligation and revenue bonds considered defeased was \$300,630,000, including \$14,575,000 of revenue bonds from the Wastewater Utility and \$11,175,000 of revenue bonds from the Water Utility.

(i) ASD Debt

The following is a summary of long-term ASD debt transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2009		Additions Red		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2010		Amount Due within 1 year	
General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences Workers Compensation Medical Claims	\$	772,585 9,421 15,231 5,623	\$	20,025 3,937 7,597 31,741	\$	49,520 3,293 4,473 27,415	\$	743,090 10,065 18,355 9,949	\$	52,475 3,188 5,115 9,949
	\$	802,860	\$	63,300	\$	84,701		781,459	\$	70,727
Unamortized premium on GO Bonds							\$	15,276 796,735		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

General Obligation Bonds	Amount
\$60,000,000 1995 series A school construction serial bonds due in annual	
installments of \$3,705,000 to \$5,030,000 through October 2015;	
interest at 5.0% to 6.0%.	\$ 13,445
\$29,765,000 1995 series A school construction refunding bonds due	
in annual installments of \$3,515,000 through October 2010;	
interest at 6.0%.	3,515
\$20,735,000 1998 series A school construction refunding bonds	
due in annual installments of \$175,000 to \$5,120,000 through	
July 2014; interest at 4.35% to 5.0%.	19,255
\$35,000,000 2000 series A school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$1,625,000 to \$1,715,000 through	
December 2011; interest at 5.0% to 5.5 %.	3,340
\$77,900,000 2000 series B school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$3,590,000 through December 2010;	
interest at 5.0%.	3,590
\$65,000,000 2001 series A school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$2,995,000 through June 2011;	
interest at 5.5%.	2,995
\$51,805,000 2001 school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$9,085,000 to \$10,345,000 through July 2013;	
interest 4.625% to 5.5%.	38,260
\$131,800,000 2002 series B school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$5,465,000 to \$6,350,000 through July 2022;	
interest 4.125% to 5.5%.	23,550
\$70,345,000 2002 school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$4,700,000 to \$9,120,000 through July 2015;	
interest 4.125% to 5.5%.	39,075
\$126,770,000 2003 series B school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$1,145,000 to \$6,080,000 through September 2020;	
interest 3.75% to 4.8%.	32,625
\$80,735,000 2004 series B school construction refunding bonds due in	
installments of \$75,000 to \$27,390,000 through December 2017;	
interest 3.5% to 5.25%.	80,405
\$86,240,000 2004 series D school construction serial bonds due in annual	
installments of \$3,335,000 to \$4,385,000 through December 2016;	
interest 5%.	26,665
\$63,850,000 2005 series A school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$2,530,000 to \$3,050,000 through March 2016;	
interest 3.6% to 5.0%.	16,680
\$29,155,000 2005 series B school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$45,000 to \$8,140,000 through December 2020;	
interest 3.25% to 5.0%.	28,930

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

General Obligation Bonds (continued)	Amount
\$14,790,000 2005 series E school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$3,035,000 to \$4,110,000 through December	
2018; interest at 5.0%	14,790
\$48,495,000 2006 series A school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$1,775,000 to \$3,640,000 through October 2026;	
interest at 3.75% to 5.0%	43,555
\$28,885,000 2006 series B school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$60,000 to \$7,075,000 through October 2020;	
interest at 3.75% to 5.0%	22,615
\$51,705,000 2006 series C school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$65,000 to \$9,770,000 through July 2021;	54.045
interest at 3.75% to 5.0%	51,215
\$171,155,000 2007 series B school construction refunding bonds due in	
annual installments of \$50,000 to \$29,530,000 through September 2024;	100 OFF
interest at 4.0% to 5.0%	169,955
\$63,790,000 2007 series D school construction serial bonds due in	
annual installments of \$2,165,000 to \$4,885,000 through August 2027;	59,715
interest at 4.0% to 5.0%	59,715
\$29,840,000 2008 series B school construction serial bonds due in annual	
installments of \$980,000 to\$2,285,000 through August 2028; interest at 3.25% to 5.25%	28,890
\$20,025,000 2010 Series B school construction serial bonds due in annual	20,090
installments of \$680,000 to \$1,345,000 through April 2030; interest at	
1.5 % to 5.91%	20,025
1.5 /0 (0 5.51 /0	20,020
	\$ 743,090

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Principal	Interest	Total		
Years:					
2011	\$ 52,475	\$ 35,001	\$ 87,476		
2012	54,875	32,470	87,345		
2013	55,025	29,956	84,981		
2014	56,335	27,240	83,575		
2015	57,815	24,464	82,279		
2016-2020	253,545	82,614	336,159		
2021-2025	177,215	27,410	204,625		
2026-2030	35,805	3,445	39,250		
	\$ 743,090	\$ 262,600	\$ 1,005,690		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

The amount of long-term liability that is due within one year as of June 30, 2010 is \$52,475,000.

The Debt Service Fund has \$2,051,659 available to service the general obligation bonds.

There are a number of restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. ASD is in compliance with all significant restrictions.

NOTE 12 Debt Issued Subsequent to Year End

On March 31, 2011, Anchorage issued \$112,000,000 of General Obligation Tax Anticipation Notes. The interest rate on the Notes is 1.5% with a maturity date of December 29, 2011.

In May 2011, Anchorage issued \$28,390,000 in new General Obligation, General Purpose Bonds to provide funding for voter approved capital improvements.

In May 2011, Anchorage issued \$4,940,000 of General Obligation School Bonds to finance voter approved educational capital projects.

In May 2011, Anchorage issued \$28,310,000 General Obligation School Refunding Bonds which will refund General Obligation General Purpose Bonds.

NOTE 13 Conduit Debt Obligations

Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds - United Way of Anchorage

On November 1, 2000, Anchorage issued \$850,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. On July 30, 2001, Anchorage issued \$900,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. Anchorage has no direct involvement with the administration of these bonds except to allow their issuance under the name of Anchorage. These revenue bonds are issued under provisions of State and Federal law that provide that the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of Anchorage. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2000 issue bonds follows:

		Principal
Years:	, , ,	
2011	\$	66,867
2012		71,513
2013		76,506
2014		81,829
2015		80,007
	\$	376,722

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2001 issue bonds follows:

	 Principal
Years:	
2011	\$ 41,824
2012	44,612
2013	47,621
2014	50,802
2015	54,204
2016-2021	375,280
	\$ 614,343

NOTE 14 Retirement Plans

Substantially all regular employees of Anchorage are members of a public employees' retirement system except for employees who are members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) and International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 302 (Local 302) (effective July 1, 2004).

IBEW members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from hours of work reported by participating employers and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The current agreement increased contributions during 2009. Contributions to the plan for each hour worked by a covered employee for 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$6.50, \$6.50, and \$6.00, respectively. The total employer contributions for 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$3,297,677, \$3,410,897, and \$3,002,367, respectively. One hundred percent (100%) of Anchorage's required contributions to the IBEW plan have been made through these contributions to the Alaska Electrical Trust Fund. Each year, IBEW issues audited financial statements that can be obtained by writing the plan administrator, Alaska Electrical Trust Fund, 2600 Denali Street, Suite 200, Anchorage, Alaska, 99503.

Local 302 members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from compensable work hours and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The current agreement provides for contributions of \$4.50 per hour worked by a covered employee, up from \$4.00 in 2008 and 2009. Total employer contributions for 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$1,423,400, \$1,209,578, and \$1,092,171, respectively. One hundred percent (100%) of Anchorage's required contributions to the Local 302 plan have been made through these contributions to the Local 302 International Operating Engineers Employers Construction Industry Retirement Fund. Each year, Local 302 issues audited financial statements that can be obtained by writing the plan administrator, Welfare and Pension Administration Service, Inc., P.O. Box 34203, Seattle, Washington, 98124.

All Anchorage employees who are members of a public employees' retirement system participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) except for police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994, paramedics, and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994, and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, who participate in either Plan I, Plan II, or Plan III of the Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System. Police officers, command officers, paramedics, and fire fighters hired subsequent to these dates are in the State Plan. All pension and postemployment healthcare benefit obligations of Anchorage are included on the government-wide, proprietary, or fiduciary financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(a) State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System

Plan Descriptions

Employees hired prior to July 1, 2006, and employees hired after July 1, 2006 who have PERS enrollment from prior employment, participate in PERS Tiers I-III, a defined benefit cost sharing plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for political subdivisions within the State of Alaska. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2006 who have no prior PERS participating employment participate in PERS Tier IV, a defined contribution plan with a component of defined benefit postemployment healthcare.

The defined benefit plan was originally established as an agent multiple-employer plan, but was converted by legislation to a cost-sharing plan, effective July 1, 2008. Under the cost-sharing arrangement, the State of Alaska Division of Retirement and Benefits no longer tracks individual employer assets and liabilities. Rather, all plan costs and past service liabilities will be shared among all participating employers. Both plans are administered by the State of Alaska (State) to provide pension, postemployment healthcare, death, and disability benefits to eligible employees.

All full-time and regular part-time Anchorage employees not covered by the State of Alaska Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) or another retirement plan are eligible to participate in PERS. For both the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan, benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Each fiscal year, PERS issues publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. They may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, P.O. Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203, by phoning (907) 465-4460, or via the web at www.state.ak.us/drb/pers/.

Funding Policy and Annual Pension and Postemployment Healthcare Cost - PERS Tier I-III Defined Benefit Plan

Participating employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary, Police Officers and Firefighters contribute 7.5%. Employer contribution rates are established by state statute. Employer contribution rates are established annually by a state sanctioned management board. The funding policy for PERS provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when

The employer contribution rate is statutorily capped at 22% of annual covered salary. State legislation currently provides that the State of Alaska will contribute any amount over 22% such that the total contribution equals the Alaska Retirement Management Board adopted rate, but not the same as the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45 accounting rate.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Detailed contribution rates for Anchorage and actuarial methods for the plan for the year ended 2010 are as follows:

	Employ	ee Rate	Contract	ual Rate	ARM Board	•	GASB 45*		
Police Officers and Firefighters	1/1 to 6/30/10	7/1 to 12/31/10							
Pension Postemployment Healthcare	2.78% 4.72%	2.68% 4.82%	8.16% 13.84%	7.85% 14.15%	10.25% 17.40%	9.98% 17.98%	10.72% 53.96%	13.49% 55.87%	
Total Contribution Rate	7.50%	7.50%	22.00%	22.00%	27.65%	27.96%	64.68%	69.36%	
Other Employees									
Pension Postemployment Healthcare	2.50% 4.25%	2.41% 4.34%	8.16% 13.84%	7.85% 14.15%	10.25% 17.40%	9.98% 17.98%	10.72% 53.96%	13.49% 55.87%	
Total Contribution Rate	6.75%	6.75%	22.00%	22.00%	27.65%	27.96%	64.68%	69.36%	

^{*} This rate uses a 4.5% OPEB discount rate and disregards future Medical Part D payments

Annual Pension and Postemployment Healthcare Cost

Anchorage is required to contribute 22% of covered payroll, subject to a wage floor. In addition, the State contributed approximately 5.65% from January 1 through June 30 and 5.96% between July 1 and December 31, 2010 of covered payroll to the Plan. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement Number 24, Anchorage has recorded the state contribution in the General Fund in the amount of \$9,867,535 as a PERS onbehalf payment. However, because Anchorage is not statutorily obligated for these payments, this amount has been excluded from pension and OPEB cost as described here. Pension and OPEB payments for the thirty months from July 1st 2008 to December 31st 2010 are shown in thousands below:

	Annual		Total		
	Pension	Annual	Benefit	Anchorage	% of TBC
Year	Cost	OPEB Cost	Cost (TBC)	Contributions	Contributed
2010	\$ 16,952	\$ 18,640	\$ 35,592	\$ 35,592	100%
2009	12,760	22,989	35,749	35,749	100%
7/1 to 12/31/2008	5,035	11,874	16,909	16,909	100%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Funding Policy and Annual Pension and Postemployment HealthCare Costs – PERS Tier IV Defined Contribution Plan

Employees first enrolling into PERS after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV. PERS Tier IV is a defined contribution retirement plan that includes a component of defined benefit post-employment health care. The plan requires both employer and employee contributions. Employees may make additional contributions into the plan, subject to limitations. Contribution rates are as follows:

	Polic	e/Fire	Oth	ners
	1/1 - 6/30	7/1 - 12/31	<u>1/1 - 6/30</u>	<u>7/1 - 12/31</u>
Employee Contribution	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>
Employer Contribution				
Retirement	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Health Reimbursement Arrangement *	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Retiree Medical Plan	0.83%	0.55%	0.83%	0.55%
Death & Disability Benefit	<u>1.33%</u>	<u>1.18%</u>	<u>0.30%</u>	<u>0.31%</u>
Total Employer Contribution	<u>10.16%</u>	<u>9.73%</u>	<u>9.13%</u>	<u>8.86%</u>

*Health Reimbursement Arrangement - AS 39.30.370 requires that the employer contribute "an amount equal to three percent of the employer's average annual employee compensation." For actual remittance, this amount is calculated as a flat rate per full time employee and a flat rate per hour for part time employees. Prior to July 1, 2010 a rate of \$65.37 per full time employee per pay period and \$1.09 per part time hour worked was paid. For pay periods ending after July 1, 2010, a rate of \$66.18 per full time employee per pay period and \$1.10 per part time hour worked was paid.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, Anchorage contributed \$1,524,971 to PERS Tier IV for retirement and retiree medical, and \$673,987 to PERS Tier IV for Health Reimbursement Arrangement on-behalf of its employees. Employee contributions to the plan totaled \$1,953,906.

Under the newly adopted cost-sharing arrangement for the PERS defined benefit plan (Tiers I – III), the state statute employer contribution rate of 22%, includes Tier IV employees. In addition to the amounts above, Anchorage contributed approximately 12.27% on Police & Fire Tier IV employee payroll and approximately 13.14% on other Tier IV employee payroll. This amount was applied to the obligation of the PERS defined benefit plan and is included in the contributions (ARC) recorded in the defined benefit cost-sharing plan.

(b) Police and Fire Pension System Plans

Plans I, II and III are defined benefit single-employer plans established by Chapter 3.85 of the Code. The plans are administered by the Police and Fire Retirement Board (Retirement Board). The cost of administering the plans is financed by the Retirement System assets held in a trust account. The Board consists of nine members: three appointed by the Mayor, three elected by the Fire members, and three elected by the Police members.

All regular full-time police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994; paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994; and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, are required to participate in a plan. No other person is eligible to participate. Membership is determined by date of initial employment or by employee election.

Plan I - Members employed on or before June 30, 1977

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

- Plan II Members employed between July 1, 1977, and April 16, 1984, and
- Plan III Members employed between April 16, 1984, and July 18, 1994.
 Members of Plans I and II were also permitted to elect into Plan III at its inception.

Members of Plan I, II, and III are required to contribute an amount not to exceed 6% of compensation if the assets to liabilities ratio falls below 100%. Additionally, Anchorage is required to contribute 2.5:1 Anchorage/member contribution ratio and any additional contributions to ensure that Plans I, II, and III are adequately funded as determined by the actuary and approved by the Retirement Board.

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Code and may be amended only by the Assembly. The January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation recommended contribution rates for Plans I, II and III are 6% for the employee and \$8.6 million for the Municipality. All past contributions were made in accordance with actuarial recommendations.

Benefits for all three plans include voluntary normal, early, and deferred retirement benefits and occupational and non-occupational disability and death benefits. The extent of benefits varies by plan and basic benefit provisions are discussed in the following paragraphs. Benefits vest after five years of service for all plans, retirement benefits are paid monthly for life and are equal to 2.5% of average monthly compensation times years of credited service. A member may retire after 20 years of credited service and immediately begin receiving a monthly benefit. For Plans I and II average monthly compensation is the amount paid during the period of the highest three consecutive calendar years divided by the number of months for which compensation was received. For Plan III, final average compensation is the greater of the average of the two highest consecutive tax years of base compensation or average of total base compensation for the last 52 pay periods.

Plan I and II members may elect early retirement after five years of credited service and attainment of age 55 and receive a retirement benefit. Plan III members may elect early retirement after 15 years of credited service and either withdraw their contributions or start receiving a retirement benefit. All three plans have deferred retirement options for members who have at least five years credited service and have not reached age 55. Plan I and II members may either withdraw their contributions or remain in the plan and begin receiving a retirement benefit upon reaching age 55. Plan III members may either withdraw their contributions or receive a retirement benefit beginning the date on which he or she would have completed 20 years of credited service or upon reaching age 55. All benefits or refunds of the Plans are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the plan terms as noted. Disability benefits may be either occupational or non-occupational.

Benefits are payable for life, and are subject to certain restrictions. To be eligible for non-occupational benefits, a member must have five years credited service prior to date of disability. Plan I and II members receive an occupational benefit of 66 2/3% of gross monthly compensation at time of disability and a non-occupational disability of 50% of monthly compensation. Plan III members receive an occupational benefit of 50% of final average compensation at time of disability and a non-occupational disability of 25% of final average compensation at time of disability with more than five but less than ten years credited service. For each additional year of service up to 20 years, the benefit shall increase by 2.5% of final average compensation.

Plan III beneficiaries are entitled to receive limited cost of living adjustments and children's benefits until dependent children reach age eighteen.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Information regarding the Plans is available upon request and may be obtained by writing to Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System, 3650 E. Tudor Road, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6650 or by phoning (907) 343-8400.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Annual pension cost for the current year and the related information is as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement Systems						
	Plan I	Plan II	Plan III				
Annual pension cost (in thousands)	\$8,540	\$5,636	\$13,731				
Contributions made (in thousands)	\$1,780	\$1,507	\$5,638				
Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2010	January 1, 2010	January 1, 2010				
Actuarial cost method	Modified Aggregate	Modified Aggregate	Modified Aggregate				
Amortization period	15 years	15 years	15 years				
Asset valuation method	Market	Market	Market				
Actuarial assumptions:							
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%				
Investment rate of return	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%				
Projected salary increase	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%				
Cost of living adjustment	N/A	N/A	0.75% to 1.50% *				

^{* 0.75%} for present retirees and after retirement for current active members after 20th anniversary of hire, and 1.50% after 25th anniversary of hire.

Because the aggregate actuarial cost method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities, information about funded status and funding progress has been prepared using the entry age actuarial cost method for that purpose, and that the information presented is intended to approximate the funding progress of the plan.

The following schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits (in thousands).

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
January 1, 2011:						
Plan I	\$78,411	\$90,173	\$11,762	87.00%	\$136	8648.50%
Plan II	56,352	67,017	10,665	84.10%	536	1989.70%
Plan III	188,591	222,810	34,219	84.60%	6,568	521.00%
January 1, 2010:						
Plan I	\$74,626	\$91,924	\$17,298	81.20%	\$119	14536.10%
Plan II	52,902	67,180	14,278	78.70%	515	2772.40%
Plan III	172,478	219,565	47,087	78.60%	7,005	672.20%
January 1, 2009:						
Plan I	\$70,585	\$93,118	\$22,533	75.80%	\$352	6401.40%
Plan II	49,649	67,290	17,641	73.80%	614	2873.10%
Plan III	157,351	212,132	54,781	74.20%	6,795	806.20%

Contribution Requirements

In May 2003, the Retirement Board elected to change the methodology for calculating contributions to the modified aggregate actuarial cost method, effective with the plan year beginning January 1, 2004.

[#] See Contribution Requirements section below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

Member contributions, if needed, are calculated to be 40% of the Municipality contributions (ratio of 2.5:1) subject to a maximum level of 6% of salary. Employer contributions are calculated annually as part of the Actuarial Valuation of the Plans Assets. Based on this methodology, Municipal contributions of \$8.6 million are required in 2011.

(c) Investments

The State Plan and the Police & Fire Retirement System do not own any notes, bonds, or other instruments of Anchorage.

NOTE 15 Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

Members of the Police & Fire Retirement Plan participate in one of two post-employment health benefit plans.

(a) Gentile Group

Members of the Police & Fire Retirement Plan who retired prior to January 1, 1995, and command personnel who were employed prior to that date, but not retired at that date, participate in the "Gentile Group" Plan. Anchorage pays 100% of a defined benefit insurance premium including health for all eligible retirees as well as dental, audio and vision coverage for police retirees. Optional dental, audio and vision coverage is paid by the fire and command retirees. The plan is accounted for on a "pay as you go" method with costs recognized as expenditures as premiums are paid. At December 31, 2010, there were 267 retiree participants. For 2010 the monthly contribution for each member ranged between \$1,452 and \$1,986 per member depending on age and years of service. Benefit costs totaled \$6,007,709 in 2010. There are no plans in place to terminate or discontinue this benefit for eligible members.

(b) Police & Fire Retiree Medical Group & Associated Prefunding Arrangement

Active duty and non-command personnel members who were employed prior to January 1, 1995, but who were scheduled to retire after that date, as well as non-represented command personnel appointed after January 1, 1995 participate in the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Plan. Established with both defined benefit and defined contribution characteristics, Anchorage contributes a fixed dollar contribution to each member on a monthly basis. Those funds are placed into individual member accounts and can be used to fund any qualifying medical costs or health insurance premiums. Additionally, members have access to Anchorage's health insurance program if they elect to pay the associated premium.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

The significant terms of the agreement required Anchorage to contribute \$2,000,000 in 1994 and \$490 per month per retired employee in 1995 to the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund. For all subsequent years, the amount to be contributed per retired employee is adjusted in accordance with the CPI factors indicated below:

Retirement Age	Service at Retirement	Annual Adjustment
60 or older 55 – 59	25 years	75% of medical CPI 50% of medical CPI
50 – 54	20 – 24 years	50% of medical CPI
Less than 50	0 – 19 years	(with a maximum of 6%) 25% of medical CPI (with a maximum of 3%)

For 2010 the monthly contribution for each member ranges between \$507 and \$759 per member depending on age and years of service. Anchorage contributed \$2,673,889 to the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund in 2010.

Concurrent with the establishment of the plan, Anchorage initiated a "Prefunding" arrangement. The terms of the prefunding call for annual deposits through 2014 into a debt service fund for the purpose of accumulating resources to pay the annual required contributions to the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Plan beginning in 2014. Based on an actuarial report dated September 2009, the original payment schedule would not fully prefund the plan by 2014. Anchorage opted to continue contributions to the Trust through 2021 to fully prefund the plan. This change required an Amendment to the Anchorage Municipal Code, which was approved by the Assembly in December 2009. In accordance with the current prefunding arrangement, Anchorage is required to contribute \$1,869,000 to the debt service fund on an annual basis in order to fully fund the actuarially determined liability by 2021.

In 2010, Anchorage contributed the annual \$1,869,000 to the fund. Anchorage will perform an actuarial funding study every three years and adjust the required annual contribution as needed and/or extend the final payment, as done in 2009 which requires a Code amendment.

Detailed information regarding rates and actuarial methods for the plan for the year ended 2010 are as follows:

	Postemployment Healthcare Plan						
	Gentile	Police and Fire					
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2009	January 1, 2009					
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit					
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, closed	Level Dollar, closed					
Amortization Period	28 Years	28 Years					
Asset Valuation Method	Unfunded	Unfunded					
Actuarial Assumptions:							
Annual Discount Rate	4.50%	8.00%					

The components of annual postemployment healthcare costs for the year ended 2010 (in thousands) are as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2010

	Postemployment Healthcare				
	Gent	ile Group_	Police and Fire Retiree Medical Group		
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	5,768	\$	3,187	
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)		(32)		(30)	
Adjustment to the ARC		43		31	
Annual OPEB Cost (APC)		5,779		3,188	
Contributions made		(6,008)		(2,674)	
Increase (Decrease) in NOO		(229)		514	
NOO, beginning of year		(704)		(373)	
NOO (Asset), end of year	\$	(933)	\$	141	
Percentage of Post-Employment Health Care Cost Contributed (2010)		103.96%		83.88%	
Percentage of Post-Employment Health Care Cost Contributed (2009)		105.14%		78.82%	
Percentage of Post-Employment Health Care Cost Contributed (2008)		107.16%		180.44%	

Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (in thousands)

	A 1	•			ctuarial	A	nfunded ctuarial	
	Actuarial Valuation		Actuarial Accrued Value of Liability			Accrued		Funded
	Year		aiue oi 1 Assets		.iability (AAL)	Liability (UAAL)		Ratio
Gentile Group	2010	1 Idi	-	\$	90.819	\$	90,819	0%
Contino Croup	2009		_	*	90,819	Ψ	90,819	0%
	2008		-		87,419		87,419	0%
Police & Fire	2010	\$	9,506	\$	41,433	\$	31,927	23%
	2009		9,506		41,433		31,927	23%
	2008		9,500		41,986		32,486	23%

State Public Employee Retirement Plan

Police officers and fire fighters hired after January 1, 1995 participate in the State Public Employee Retirement Plan, rather than the Police and Fire Retirement System Plan, thus, those individuals receive postemployment medical benefits as determined by that Plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan

Anchorage has determined that a fiduciary relationship does not exist between it and the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation plan is not reported in Anchorage's financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 16 Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

The unreserved, designated fund balance of \$54,124,076 reported for special revenue funds on Anchorage's Governmental Funds Balance Sheet consists entirely of amounts designated for subsequent year's expenditures.

NOTE 17 Risk Management and Self-Insurance

Anchorage is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness of and injuries to employees; unemployment; and natural disasters. The primary government utilizes three risk management funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The primary government provides coverage up to the maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for automobile and general liability claims and \$1,000,000 for each workers' compensation claim. Two settled claims exceeded this commercial coverage in 2010 while no claims exceeded this coverage in 2009 and 2008.

Unemployment compensation expense is based on actual claims paid by the State of Alaska and reimbursed by Anchorage.

All municipal departments participate in the risk management program and make payments to the risk management funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Claims payable represent estimates of claims to be paid based upon past experience modified for current trends and information. The ultimate amount of losses incurred through December 31, 2010, is dependent upon future developments. At December 31, 2010, claims incurred but not reported included in the liability accounts are \$12,267,731 in the General Liability/Workers' Compensation Fund and Medical/Dental Self Insurance Fund.

Changes in the funds' claim liability amounts in 2009 and 2010 are as follows:

	Liability Balance January 1		(Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Payment			Liability Balance December 31	
2009:									
General Liability/Workers' Compensation Medical/Dental Unemployment	\$	15,196,223 5,260,400 52,174	\$	7,760,952 48,329,738 365,352	\$	(6,764,370) (46,235,550) (287,456)	\$	16,192,805 7,354,588 130,070	
	\$	20,508,797	\$	56,456,042	\$	(53,287,376)	\$	23,677,463	
2010: General Liability/Workers'									
Compensation Medical/Dental Unemployment	\$	16,192,805 7,354,588 130,070	\$	8,648,832 48,760,422 740,907	\$	(8,557,092) (49,528,532) (701,661)	\$	16,284,545 6,586,478 169,316	
	\$	23,677,463	\$	58,150,161	\$	(58,787,285)	\$	23,040,339	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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The Medical and Dental Self Insurance Fund had negative unrestricted net assets of \$3,675,255 at December 31, 2010. Medical and Dental rates were increased by 23% in 2011 to offset the deficit.

NOTE 18 MOA Trust Fund

On April 2, 2002, Anchorage voters approved Proposition #4 which fundamentally changed distribution rules applicable to the MOA Trust Fund. Key excerpts from Proposition #4 include:

- "The trust fund shall be defined as an endowment fund with a controlled spending policy limiting dividend distributions..."
- "Any use of the corpus, or a portion of the corpus, separate from the controlled spending policy of the endowment, may only be used for purposes approved by a majority of the voters voting on a ballot proposition in a regular or special election."
- "Under the endowment's controlled spending policy an annual dividend may be appropriated by the assembly provided that the annual appropriation does not exceed 5% of the average asset balance of the trust."

Code was also revised to accompany the Municipal Charter change. The changes made to Code 6.50.060 further define and clarify the methodology to be used in paying out an annual dividend from the MOA Trust Fund each year.

Depending on the investment market conditions in any given year, the MOA Trust Fund may or may not generate sufficient realized and unrealized net earnings to cover the 5% dividend payout. Under the endowment model, however, up to 5% of the market value of the MOA Trust Fund for the twenty consecutive quarters ending on March 31 of each year is available for appropriation by the Assembly to help fund the general government budget. The endowment model is tied to an average market value, not to annual earnings, and it assumes a long-term investment return of 8% and inflation of 3%. During periods of market decline the MOA Trust Fund may experience a negative return; nonetheless the voter-approved endowment model for the MOA Trust Fund makes it possible for the Assembly to pay out a 5% dividend by drawing from the fund's corpus. Over time the MOA Trust Fund is also expected to benefit from positive years in the market (i.e., years in which the real rate of return exceeds 5%); however the Assembly must abide by the 5% cap on annual distributions. This means that any excess returns generated during positive years in the market effectively are converted to corpus. Additionally, the Municipal Treasurer is required by Code to determine whether the MOA Trust Fund's purchasing power is being maintained, by performing an analysis at least every five years beginning in year 2007.

In January, 2009, the Assembly, in response to substantial 2008 investment losses, amended Code 6.50.060 to further limit the annual dividend payout. Effective January 1, 2010, no more than 4% of the market value of the MOA Trust Fund for the twenty consecutive quarters ending on March 31 of each year is available for appropriation by the Assembly to help fund the general government budget. This policy change will remain in effect until such time as the MOA Trust Fund's market value recovers to a level equal to or greater than the Trust's market value at December 31, 2007.

In 2010, consistent with the policy limitations described above, \$5,100,000 of the MOA Trust Fund balance was determined to be expendable and transferred to the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

NOTE 19 Regulatory and Other Matters

(a) Electric Utility

Beluga River Unit (BRU) Underlift Cash Settlement: Each of the three participants in the BRU has a right to take one-third of the gas produced by the Unit each year. Imbalances between the Unit owners are resolved each year in accordance with the BRU Gas Balancing Agreement. "Overlifted" parties (parties that have taken more than one-third of the Unit output) must offer to "underlifted" parties (parties that have taken less than one-third of the Unit output) the option to either accept a cash settlement for their underlift for the year, or accept a right to take the underlift in future years, subject to certain restrictions.

The Electric Utility received monetary settlements totaling \$22,950,406 after lease burdens and taxes were satisfied for the 2005 underlift in April 2006. The Electric Utility proposed to use this money to fund future gas purchases beginning in approximately 2018, and to preserve the value of the cash until that time by setting up a loan from the Gas Fund to the Electric Fund for the purpose of replacing the retired generating unit 3. Repayment of the loan is scheduled to make funds available for gas purchases by the time those purchases are needed. The Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) approved this plan in Order U-06-89(2). The Electric Utility recorded a regulatory liability as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, which includes original principal plus interest earnings of \$28,506,978 and \$27,310,766, respectively.

Regulatory Debits/Credits: The revenue requirement methodology approved by the RCA for setting the gas transfer price the Electric Utility uses to produce power requires an estimate for the current year revenue requirement along with the prior year under or over recovered costs be used to compute the price to be charged. The Electric Utility records an asset and a regulatory credit for under recovered costs or a liability and a regulatory debit for over recovered costs by recording the difference between the revenue received and the actual revenue requirement. At December 31, 2010, the Electric Utility had over recovered in the amount of \$2,591,481, and under recovered in the amount of \$4,965,256 at December 31, 2009.

Petition to Adjust Gas Transfer Price Methodology: On April 3, 2007, the Electric Utility filed a petition with the RCA to adjust its gas transfer price methodology, which is the basis by which the gas price component in rates charged to customers is established. According to this methodology, the revenue requirement is reduced by revenue realized from third party gas sales to Chugach Electric Association, Inc. (CEA) and ENSTAR Natural Gas Company. The Electric Utility's petition proposed to remove the third party gas sales from the revenue requirement calculation and instead use those proceeds for future BRU construction and future natural gas purchases when the BRU gas field no longer meets all of the Electric Utility's gas requirements for thermal generation.

The RCA granted the Electric Utility's petition on May 15, 2007 in Order U-07-45(2), reiterating that the revenue must be dedicated directly to the benefit of the Electric Utility's rate payers. As of January 2007 the Electric Utility recorded gas sales as a regulatory liability, rather than revenue, which as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, totaled \$92,044,981 and \$76,231,434, respectively. Also, as of January 2007, the Electric Utility recorded gas sales proceeds as a restricted investment for future natural gas purchases or BRU construction.

Revenue Requirement Study: The Electric Utility filed a request for rate relief with the RCA based on a 2008 test year revenue requirement study on April 10, 2010. The study shows an adjusted revenue requirement of \$107,745,572, and a revenue deficiency of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

\$6,283,657. This is 6.19% of total test year revenue, or 7.12% of the Electric Utility's test year revenue from demand and energy charges. In view of its pending investment requirements, the Electric Utility has a need to recover its full revenue requirement. The Electric Utility has asked for a 7.12% increase to demand and energy charges to eliminate the test year revenue deficiency. The RCA has suspended the request into a docket of investigation and granted an interim refundable increase to demand and energy charges of 4.01% effective June 1, 2010. The statutory deadline for a final decision in this matter is July 8, 2011.

Eklutna Hydroelectric Project: On October 2, 1997, the ownership of the Eklutna Hydroelectric Project was formally transferred from the Alaska Power Administration, a unit of the United States Department of Energy, to the three participating utilities: the Electric Utility, CEA, and Matanuska Electric Association (MEA). The project is jointly owned and operated by the participating utilities and each contributes their proportionate share for operation, maintenance, and capital improvement costs, as well as maintenance of the transmission line between Anchorage and the hydroelectric plant. The Electric Utility has a 53.33% ownership interest in the project and recorded costs of \$616,409 and \$476,895 in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project: The Electric Utility agreed to acquire a portion of the output of the Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project (Project) pursuant to a Power Sales Agreement (Agreement). The Agreement specifies the Electric Utility acquire 25.9% of the output of the Project. The Project went on line September 1, 1991. The Electric Utility made payments to the Alaska Energy Authority (AEA) of \$4,532,826 in 2010 for its portion of costs, and received 79,441 megawatt hours of power in 2010 from the Project. The Electric Utility received a budget surplus refund in the amount of \$169,902 for 2010. The Electric Utility's estimated cost of power from the Project for 2011 is \$4,495,572.

AEA issued the Power Revenue Bonds, First and Second Series in September 1989 and August 1990, respectively for the long term financing of the construction costs of the Project. On July 1, 2010, AEA issued \$28,800,000 principal amount of Power Revenue Bonds, Sixth Series. The Sixth Series Bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the Power Revenue Bonds, Fifth Series Bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. The total amount of debt outstanding as of December 31, 2010 is \$101,266,004. The pro rata share of the debt service costs of the Project, for which the Electric Utility is responsible, given its 25.9% share of the Project, is \$26,227,895. In the event of payment defaults by other power purchasers, the Electric Utility's share could be increased by up to 25%, which would then cause the Electric Utility's pro rata share of project debt service to be a total of \$32,784,869; the Electric Utility does not now know of or anticipate any such defaults.

Inter-Fund Loan: The Electric Utility loaned the Municipality's Real Estate Services Fund \$3,688,437 to acquire real property described as Tract B, Muldoon Estates Subdivision. This loan was approved by Assembly Ordinance AO 2006–149(S) on October 24, 2006. The loan is not to exceed five years and pays interest to the Electric Utility based on the Municipality's Cash Pool Earnings Rate plus 50 basis points. The loan balance at December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$3,068,437 and \$3,688,437, respectively.

Southcentral Power Project: The Electric Utility entered into a participation agreement with CEA on August 28, 2008 to proceed with the joint development, construction and operation of the Southcentral Power Project (SPP). The approximate capacity of SPP is 180 MW, of which the Electric Utility's proportionate share will be 54 MW, or 30%. The Electric Utility's estimated share of the cost of SPP at this time is \$110,561,000, including interest during construction. The Electric Utility has recorded capital expenditures of \$39,882,640 as of December 31, 2010 and \$11,493,075 as of December 31, 2009. The project is anticipated to enter commercial operation by January 1, 2013.

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(b) Water Utility

Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA) Remand On September 2, 2005, the RCA issued an order establishing a revenue requirement for the Water Utility's rates that excluded MUSA expense (an ad valorem payment in lieu of taxes to municipal government) associated with the portion of the Water Utility's plant balances funded by contributions. The Superior Court upheld the Commission decision in 2005 in an appeal filed by the Water Utility. On September 4, 2009, the Supreme Court issued a unanimous decision finding no reasonable basis for the 2005 exclusion of MUSA from the Water Utility's revenue requirement. The Court remanded the case to the RCA for further proceedings. The Water Utility submitted written direct testimony in the remand proceeding on December 18, 2009. The remand proceeding concluded following additional written testimony from the Regulatory Affairs and Public Advocacy section of the Alaska Department of Law (RAPA) and the Water Utility and a public hearing was held July 21 through July 27, 2010. A final decision on the MUSA matter was originally due from the RCA by October 25, 2010, but has been extended to June 23, 2011. Revenue collected subject to refunds approximated \$21.5 million through December 31, 2010, of which approximately \$3.3 million was associated with revenues collected in 2010. The Water Utility is unable to determine the likely outcome of this case, and therefore has not recorded a liability for refunds payable.

2007 Test Year / 2009 Rates The Water Utility filed a revenue requirement study on November 14, 2008, requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 7.0%. The RCA granted the requested interim rate increase effective January 1, 2009. On February 10, 2010 the RCA issued Order U-08-157(10) (Order 10) finding no refund necessary for revenues collected during 2009. The Water Utility determined that the RCA's Order 10 calculations were in error and a refund was in fact required. The Water Utility filed corrected calculations in a compliance filing on February 23, 2010 and an informal conference was held at the Commission on May 5, 2010 to discuss the corrected revenue requirement calculations. A final order was issued by the RCA on October 26, 2010 approving the corrected revenue requirement calculation and requiring the Water Utility to pay refunds on revenues collected in 2009. The Water Utility distributed \$0.6 million in refunds (including interest) to its customers in December 2010 and January 2011.

2008 Test Year / **2010** Rates The Water Utility filed a revenue requirement study on November 10, 2009, requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 2.5%. On June 17, 2010 the RCA accepted a settlement agreement between the Water Utility and RAPA that established a permanent rate level that included the 2.5% rate increase.

2009 Test Year / 2011 Rates On November 10, 2010 the Water Utility filed a revenue requirement study requesting an interim refundable rate increase of 8.0%. The RCA issued Order U-10-101(1) (Order 1) on December 27, 2010 granting a lower interim rate increase of 1.96% to be effective January 1, 2011. On January 10, 2011 the Water Utility filed a Petition for Reconsideration of Order 1 and requested a hearing on interim rates. The requested public hearing involving the Water Utility, RAPA and the Federal Executive Agency representing the Department of Defense, was conducted on February 15 and 16, 2011. The hearing provided the Water Utility an opportunity to present evidence to the RCA of the financial damage that it would incur if higher interim rates could not be approved. After reviewing additional evidence and legal arguments, the Commission approved the full requested 8% increase over 2010 water rates effective March 24, 2011. The 8% increase remains interim and refundable pending full review by the RCA. A final decision on the increase is not anticipated earlier than February 2012.

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(c) Wastewater Utility

Municipal Utility Service Assessment Remand On September 2, 2005, the RCA issued an order establishing a revenue requirement for the Wastewater Utility's rates that excluded MUSA expense (an ad valorem payment in lieu of taxes to municipal government) associated with the portion of the Wastewater Utility's plant balances funded by contributions. The Superior Court upheld the Commission decision in 2005 in an appeal filed by the Wastewater Utility. On September 4, 2009, the Supreme Court issued a unanimous decision finding no reasonable basis for the 2005 exclusion of MUSA from the Wastewater Utility's revenue requirement. The Court remanded the case to the RCA for further proceedings. The Wastewater Utility submitted written direct testimony in the remand proceeding on December 18, 2009. The remand proceeding concluded following additional written testimony from the Regulatory Affairs and Public Advocacy section of the Alaska Department of Law (RAPA) and the Wastewater Utility and a public hearing was held July 21 through July 27, 2010. A final decision on the MUSA matter was originally due from the RCA by October 25, 2010, but has been extended to June 23, 2011. Revenue collected subject to refunds approximated \$15.3 million through December 31, 2010, of which approximately \$2.3 million was associated with revenues collected in 2010. The Wastewater Utility is unable to determine the likely outcome of this case, and therefore has not recorded a liability for refunds payable.

2007 Test Year / 2009 Rates The Wastewater Utility filed a revenue requirement study on November 14, 2008, requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 6.5%. The RCA granted the requested interim rate increase effective January 1, 2009. On February 10, 2010 the RCA issued Order U-08-158(10) (Order 10) finding no refund necessary for revenues collected during 2009. The Wastewater Utility determined that the RCA's Order 10 calculations were in error and a refund was in fact required. The Wastewater Utility filed corrected calculations in a compliance filing on February 23, 2010 and an informal conference was held at the Commission on May 5, 2010 to discuss the corrected revenue requirement calculations. A final order was issued by the RCA on October 26, 2010 approving the corrected revenue requirement calculation and requiring the Wastewater Utility to pay refunds on revenues collected in 2009. The Wastewater Utility distributed \$0.7 million in refunds (including interest) to its customers in December 2010 and January 2011.

2008 Test Year / 2010 Rates The Wastewater Utility filed a revenue requirement study on November 10, 2009, requesting an interim and refundable rate increase of 2.5%. On June 17, 2010 the RCA accepted a settlement agreement between the Wastewater Utility and RAPA that established a permanent rate level that included the 2.5% rate increase.

2009 Test Year / 2011 Rates On November 10, 2010 the Wastewater Utility filed a revenue requirement study requesting an interim refundable rate increase of 15.0%. The RCA issued Order U-10-102(1) (Order 1) on December 27, 2010 granting a lower interim rate increase of 11.75% to be effective January 1, 2011. On January 10, 2011 the Wastewater Utility filed a Petition for Reconsideration of Order 1 and requested a hearing on interim rates. The requested public hearing involving the Wastewater Utility, RAPA and the Federal Executive Agency representing the Department of Defense, was conducted on February 15 and 16, 2011. The hearing provided the Wastewater Utility an opportunity to present evidence to the RCA of the financial damage that it would incur if higher interim rates could not be approved. After reviewing additional evidence and legal arguments, the Commission approved the full requested 15% increase over 2010 Wastewater rates effective March 24, 2011. The 15% increase remains interim and refundable pending full review by the RCA. A final decision on the increase is not anticipated earlier than February 2012.

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NOTE 20 Contingencies

(a) Litigation

Anchorage, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. In the opinion of management and the Municipal Attorney, the disposition of these matters is not presently expected to have a material adverse effect on Anchorage's financial statements.

(b) Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, would become a liability of the General or other applicable fund. In management's opinion, disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

(c) Property Tax Limitation

On October 4, 1983, Anchorage voters approved a charter amendment limiting the amount of taxes Anchorage can levy except for debt service. With certain other exceptions, the amendment limits taxes to the amount levied in the previous year increased by Anchorage Consumer Price Index (CPI) and 5-year average population growth. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

(d) Spending Limitation

On August 3, 1983, the Assembly adopted an ordinance limiting the amount of expenditures in the general government operating budget for tax-supported services. The amount is limited to the previous year's budget increased by amounts no more than the percentage increase in the July CPI over the previous July CPI and those additional increases necessary to provide voter and legally mandated services. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

NOTE 21 Environmental Issues

Anchorage has adopted an aggressive proactive policy designed to identify and mitigate the potential effects of past, present and future activity that may result in environmental impact. It is accounting policy to record a liability when the likelihood of responsibility for an environmental impact is probable and the cost of mitigating the impact is estimable within reasonable limits. At December 31, 2010, there are environmental issues that meet both of these criteria and, accordingly, a provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the cost of mitigating environmental concerns of underground fuel and hazardous waste contamination. The following is a summary of environmental concerns at December 31, 2010.

(a) Solid Waste Landfill Sites

Anchorage's landfill at Merrill Field was closed during 1987 following approximately 50 years of usage. An active gas migration control system was constructed in 1992 and has since operated without fail. Operation of the gas control system has been effective in maintaining compliance with regulations pertaining to landfill gas and protecting public safety.

In 1996, a project was undertaken to improve existing groundwater controls and to construct a new system to control and collect groundwater from beneath the site for treatment in the municipal wastewater system. This collection system has operated without

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fail, and has been effective in mitigating potential offsite migration of contaminants. Anchorage continues to maintain landfill gas and groundwater control systems and to perform monitoring of this site in compliance with state and federal regulations governing closure of solid waste facilities.

Anchorage is also responsible for postclosure care at two other closed landfill sites: the former landfill beneath Della Vega Park (closed in 1977) and the Peters Creek landfill (closed in 1987). Postclosure care requirements are limited to groundwater quality and landfill gas migration.

(b) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require Anchorage to place a final cover on its current regional landfill when it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill for thirty years after closure. To properly account for these future closure and postclosure costs each year, Solid Waste Services (SWS) records an operating expense based on landfill capacity. During 2005, the future closure and postclosure care costs were reevaluated and adjusted to reflect current conditions. At December 2010, SWS had a recorded liability of \$20,459,932 associated with these future costs, based on the use of 38% of the landfill's estimated capacity. Based upon the 2005 study, it is estimated SWS will recognize an additional \$33,134,677 in liability expense between December 31, 2010 and 2043, the current estimated date the landfill is expected to reach full capacity. These amounts are based upon what it would cost to perform all the closure and postclosure functions in 2010. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

State laws and federal regulations require Anchorage to provide financial assurances for future closure and postclosure costs by one of a number of allowable mechanisms available. Anchorage elected to use the "Local Government Test" financial assurance mechanism to comply with the regulation. Pursuant to A0-2008-46, the Anchorage Assembly amended municipal code to establish a restricted account to fund the liability for landfill closure and postclosure purposes. At December 31, 2010, \$4,597,159 of SWS assets are in the restricted account for payment of closure and postclosure care costs.

Activity in the long term liability for landfill closure and postclosure care cost was as follows:

Balance					Balance		Due
January 1,					December		Within
2010	Addition	D	eletion	31, 2010			One Year
\$ 19,217,586	\$ 1,242,346	\$	-	\$	20,459,932	\$	-

(c) Fuel/PCB Contaminated site at Hank Nikkels Power Plant One

During the 1964 earthquake, approximately 250,000-400,000 gallons of diesel fuel spilled on the ground. According to several environmental investigations, the spill impacted soil and groundwater at the Hank Nikkels Power Plant One and properties west/northwest of the plant. In 2006-2007, the Electric Utility replaced generating unit 3 at the plant. During the subsurface investigation, in addition to diesel contamination known from the 1964 spill, PCBs were detected in the soil. All soil disturbing activities at the site are governed by the Risk-Based Disposal Plan (RBDP) administered by the Alaska Department of

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Environmental Conservation (ADEC) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). In 2011-2012 the Electric Utility will replace two black start engines with more efficient and lower emissions models. New underground utilities will be installed during the 2011 construction season for a new turbine that will replace Turbines 1 and 2 in 2012-2013. Contaminated soil testing and disposal during any excavations necessitated by the replacement will be conducted according to the RBDP. The additional cost of compliance cannot be measured at this time.

(d) New Air Regulations

Due to numerous court cases and certain legislative efforts, the 2011 mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to the EPA has been delayed until September, 2011. The delay in the implementation of the rule will not reduce the cost of compliance. To implement the GHG reporting requirements, the Electric Utility will need to continue upgrades of older fuel metering devices and test fuel for heating value periodically.

In 2010, the EPA released new rules authorizing state PSD (Prevention of Significant Deterioration) programs to include GHG emissions into the PSD permitting process. An installation of new turbines at both power plants will trigger a five-step BACT (Best Available Control Technology) review. The EPA places an emphasis on selection of "most energy efficient technologies" that will translate into reducing GHGs.

The cost of compliance with numerous GHG rules published by EPA since 2009 cannot be estimated at this time, but will significantly increase the cost of environmental compliance for the Electric Utility.

(e) New Generation Permitting

Environmental permits will be obtained prior to construction of new generation units. Air quality assessments and modeling, soil contamination investigations, and wastewater treatment and discharge requirements are primary environmental permitting and compliance areas that will require a consultant's expertise. The additional cost of compliance is currently not determinable.

(f) Pollution Remediation Obligation

Water Utility

Beginning in 1993, in accordance with the ADEC regulations, the Water Utility commenced activities to remove three leaking underground fuel storage tanks and the surrounding contaminated soils. Additional contamination was identified on the affected property (unrelated to the tank leakage) requiring additional removal of soils. An ADEC report indicates the Water Utility performed some groundwater sampling at the site, but there is no documentation indicating a groundwater characterization had been completed. In 2010, the Water Utility completed additional site characterization and will submit work plans for 2011 and beyond for the ADEC approval while working toward closure of the case on this site.

The Water Utility used the expected cash flow technique to measure the liability. The Water Utility estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays of \$160,000 to \$240,000 and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurring to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$175,000. The potential for a material change in the estimate is possible depending upon the response received from the ADEC.

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Wastewater Utility

Beginning in 1992, in accordance with the ADEC regulations, the Wastewater Utility commenced activities to remove two leaking underground fuel storage tanks and the surrounding contaminated soils. The Wastewater Utility maintains monitoring wells and performed soil and groundwater testing at the site. In 2010, the Wastewater Utility completed additional site characterization and will submit work plans for 2011 and beyond for ADEC approval while working toward closure of the case on this site.

The Wastewater Utility used the expected cash flow technique to measure the liability. The Wastewater Utility estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays of \$160,000 to \$210,000 and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurring to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$176,000. The potential for a material change in the estimate is possible depending upon the response received from the ADEC.

Other Environmental issues

The Municipality of Anchorage is aware of certain potential environmental issues as follows:

The presence of PCBs exceeding applicable clean up levels was discovered in the soils on the Reeve Boulevard site, Parcel 3, Tract B, Municipal Industrial Subdivision (Site), owned by the Municipality. Those soils were transported to the Site by and under the supervision of potentially responsible third parties. The presence of PCBs on the Site has been reported to the ADEC and the EPA. Anchorage is working with the ADEC and the EPA on proper characterization and remediation of the Site; the Municipality is also pursuing its rights and remedies against third parties.

Anchorage used the expected cash flow technique to measure liability. The Municipality estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays of \$500,000 to \$800,000 and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurring to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$750,000. The potential for a material change in the estimate is possible depending on the final outcome of the remediation.

Kincaid Project Group, Inc., an Alaska nonprofit corporation (KPG), has undertaken certain projects to develop improvements within Kincaid Park, owned by Anchorage. During the course of such improvements, one or more contractors of KPG disturbed lead-contaminated soils at the site of the former biathlon range. The EPA issued a notice of violation to Anchorage. While KPG has essentially acknowledged responsibility for the violation and is working with the EPA and the ADEC to remediate the site, Anchorage, as owner of the Park, remains as a potentially responsible party.

Anchorage used the expected cash flow technique to measure liability. The Municipality estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays of \$750,000 to \$1,036,000 and multiplied those outlays by their probability of occurring to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$907,000. The potential for a material change in the estimate is possible depending on the final outcome of the remediation.

The presence of diesel range organics, tetrachloroethylene and trichloroethylene chemicals exceeding applicable clean up levels were discovered on a parcel of land at 4501 Lake Otis Parkway owned by the Municipality. From 1996 through 2008, this property was operated as a dry cleaning facility. The Municipality foreclosed on the property in 1993 but leased it back to the former owner until 2008.

Anchorage used the expected cash flow technique to measure liability. The Municipality estimated a reasonable range of potential outlays of \$922,000 to \$3,800,000 and multiplied

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those outlays by their probability of occurring to estimate a pollution remediation obligation of \$2,400,000. The potential for a material change in the estimate is possible depending on the final outcome of the remediation.

NOTE 22 Subsequent Events

In February 2011, the Port entered into an agreement with the Department of Defense to acquire 48 acres of undeveloped land for fair market value of \$10,305,000. In exchange, the Port has committed to provide a permanent access road connecting Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson to the Port and to accept responsibility for the environmental condition of the transferred land.

The Electric Utility is in the process of acquiring real property at Arctic Boulevard and 30th Avenue for the site of a new midtown substation 22. The Electric Utility board approved the purchase on February 23, 2011 and the Anchorage Assembly approved AO 2011-47 on April 12, 2011. The purchase price is not to exceed \$3,500,000, plus closing costs. The closing date for the purchase of real property at Arctic Boulevard and 30th Avenue closed on May 13, 2011.

See Note 12 for long-term debt issued after year end, Note 11 (f) for bonds approved after year end and Note 7 for payments to MARAD for the Port Intermodal Expansion made after year end.

NOTE 23 New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has passed several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates covering several topics as follows:

- GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions
- GASB 57 OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple -Employer Plans
- GASB 58 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies
- GASB 59 Financial Instruments Omnibus
- GASB 60 Service Concession Arrangements
- GASB 61 The Financial Reporting Entity
- GASB 62 Codification of Pre-'89 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements

Of these statements, GASB 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions is effective for Anchorage's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 and is expected to have a significant impact on financial reporting presentation. This statement will require an analysis of all funds of Anchorage to determine ongoing compliance with fund type categories as defined in the statement and will recategorize all existing fund balance classifications into five new categories:

- ✓ Nonspendable
- ✓ Restricted
- ✓ Committed
- ✓ Assigned
- ✓ Unassigned

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- ✓ Restricted
- ✓ Committed
- ✓ Assigned
- ✓ Unassigned

GASB 60 – Service Concession Arrangements is effective for Anchorage's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 and will require an analysis of Anchorage's local concessions management contracts. GASB 61 – The Financial Reporting Entity is effective for the year ended December 31, 2013 and will require a reevaluation of Anchorage's component units. Anchorage is evaluating the potential impact of these statements.

Statements 57 through 59 and Statement 62 are not expected to have any material impact on Anchorage's financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule with Expenditures by Function for the General Fund and Sub-Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

	Budget		Actual	Budget to GAAP	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Difference	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 275,135,121	\$ 506,954,062	\$ 514,094,973	\$ -	\$ 514,094,973	\$ 7,140,911
Assessments in lieu of taxes	2,112,252	2,112,252	2,284,762	-	2,284,762	172,510
Special assessments	220,000	220,000	652,751	-	652,751	432,751
Licenses and permits	11,358,495	10,756,655	9,727,381	-	9,727,381	(1,029,274)
Intergovernmental	18,305,650	18,512,154	18,299,273	(1) 9,867,535	28,166,808	(212,881)
Charges for services	27,311,231	27,380,231	27,846,781	-	27,846,781	466,550
Fines and forfeitures	7,582,820	7,732,820	7,469,147	-	7,469,147	(263,673)
Investment income	5,765,400	5,476,220	2,172,131	-	2,172,131	(3,304,089)
Restricted contributions	1,214,575	1,214,575	1,214,575	-	1,214,575	-
Other revenues	2,426,640	2,585,640	2,981,568	-	2,981,568	395,928
Total revenues	351,432,184	582,944,609	586,743,342	9,867,535	596,610,877	3,798,733
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	16,923,634	16,119,475	16,444,055	(1) 1,273,550	17,717,605	(324,580)
Fire services	79,494,890	80,375,398	79,258,359	(1) 1,893,335	81,151,694	1,117,039
Police services	99,579,147	100,353,997	95,197,799	(1) 2,343,156	97,540,955	5,156,198
Health and human services	13,369,219	13,584,662	12,643,257	(1) 550,768	13,194,025	941,405
Economic and community development	47,257,618	47,507,428	43,580,635	(1) 660,212	44,240,847	3,926,793
Public transportation	18,924,254	19,818,618	19,138,916	(1) 520,917	19,659,833	679,702
Public works	17,151,375	17,465,512	16,490,963	(1) 2,216,031	18,706,994	974,549
Education	• ·	233,853,777	233,853,777	-	233,853,777	-
Maintenance and operations	37,098,793	36,745,427	33,928,578	(1) 409,566	34,338,144	2,816,849
Debt service:						
Principal	16,824,030	16,482,975	16,408,950	•	16,408,950	74,025
Interest	23,611,071	20,200,254	20,310,910		20,310,910	(110,656)
Total expenditures	370,234,031	602,507,523	587,256,199	9,867,535	597,123,734	15,251,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(18,801,847)	(19,562,914)	(512,857)		(512,857)	19,050,057
Other financing sources (uses):			<u>_</u>			
Transfers in – from other funds	28,508,706	30,311,544	29,768,429	-	29,768,429	(543,115)
Transfers out – to other funds	(9,545,121)	(12,289,819)	(11,858,178)	-	(11,858,178)	431,641
Proceeds from bond sale	-	-	23,750,000	-	23,750,000	23,750,000
Proceeds from premium on bond sale	-	-	421,682	-	421,682	421,682
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(24,047,975)	-	(24,047,975)	(24,047,975)
Sale of capital assets	-		96,472	-	96,472	96,472
Loan Proceeds	-	507,250	507,250		507,250	400.705
Total other financing source (uses)	18,963,585	18,528,975	18,637,680		18,637,680	108,705
Net change in fund balance	161,738	(1,033,939)	18,124,823	-	18,124,823	19,158,762
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,516,842	40,516,842	40,516,842	(2) 4,680,226	45,197,068	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 40,678,580	\$ 39,482,903	\$ 58,641,665	\$ 4,680,226	\$ 63,321,891	\$ 19,158,762

Explanation of differences:

- (1) Effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS. The on-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly over the past few years. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.
- (2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing Anchorage's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as encumbrances for goods and services ordered but not received that were reported in the year the orders were placed for budgetary pruposes. For GAAP purposes, they are reported in the year goods and services are received.

Note:

This schedule is for informational purposes only. The budget presented by function for the General Fund and Sub-Funds in this schedule is not the legal level of budget authority. This schedule provides a variance analysis of revenue, expenditures and other financing sources (uses) to budget in a format similar to the government-wide financial statement presentation.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data

December 31, 2010

In 2003, Anchorage implemented GASB Statement No. 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences*. This statement, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 34, clarifies the budgetary presentation requirements for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences that result in not being able to present budgetary comparison information for their general fund and major special revenue funds. The estimated appropriations in Anchorage's General Fund Budget do not correspond to the expenditures that are reported for the general fund on a GAAP basis. A reconciliation from GAAP to budgetary basis is provided to present the actual amounts on a budgetary basis for the budget to actual comparison.

In accordance with the Anchorage Home Rule Charter, the Mayor is required to submit a proposed budget for the next fiscal year to the Assembly at least 90 days before the end of the current fiscal year. The Assembly holds two public hearings on the proposed budget. The Assembly may increase or decrease any item, and may add or delete items; but must approve a budget and appropriate the necessary resources by ordinance at least 21 days prior to year end. Otherwise, the Mayor's proposal becomes the budget and appropriation.

The Assembly approved 2010 operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and indirect costs at the fund or sub-fund level. Some departmental appropriations span more than one fund. The Assembly approved 2010 capital budgets with anticipated appropriation of resources for the general government and appropriations for each utility. Upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that actual resources have become available for specific general government capital projects; e.g., when a grant is accepted, a bond sale or interfund transfer is approved, or a special assessment district is created, a supplemental appropriation is submitted to the Assembly for final approval. Supplemental appropriations are also submitted for approval upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that operating grant funds have become available. The legal level of a budgetary control is the fund or sub-fund level for revenues and expenditures and the department level for expenditures and other financing uses.

During the year, no obligation involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the Chief Fiscal Officer has certified that the money required for the expenditure has been appropriated for that purpose. When each obligation is incurred, the committed amount becomes encumbered; i.e., it is treated as a reduction of available budget so that the committed amount will be available to pay for the goods or services when they are received. When the commitment is fulfilled, the encumbrance is released and an expenditure is recorded. An encumbrance is also released when a commitment is canceled.

The Assembly may approve supplemental appropriations to increase or decrease the budget and appropriations, or transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance from one appropriation to another by resolution. The Assembly, by ordinance, may authorize a contract, lease or other obligation requiring financing from future appropriations, except that a lease purchase agreement committing funds in excess of \$1 million is not valid until approved by the voters. The Mayor may transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance between categories within an appropriation.

At the end of the year, an unencumbered operating appropriation lapses into the fund from which it was appropriated; except that supplemental appropriations of grant and capital project resources do not lapse until their purpose has been accomplished or abandoned.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Heritage Land Bank (a Special Revenue Fund), the Convention Center Operating Reserve (a Special Revenue Fund), Debt Service Funds except CIVICVentures Bond Fund, and the administrative operating costs of the Pension Trust Fund. Appropriations for these funds lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. The General Fund is the only major fund required to be included as required supplementary information.

Annual budgets are also adopted for proprietary fund types. However, since the measurement focus for proprietary fund types is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows, GAAP does not require the adoption of budgets, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data

December 31, 2010

The Municipal Assembly is required to approve the School District budget (in total only) and appropriate by ordinance the necessary resources at least sixty days prior to the current School District year end. Any budget revisions during the year increasing the total appropriation require approval by the Assembly. Expenditures may not exceed the aggregate total amount of the budget.

Required Supplementary Information – Condition Rating of Anchorage's Road Network

December 31, 2010

Percentage of Lane – Miles in Good or Better Condition

	2008	2005	2002
Anchorage Road District	75.51%	74.89%	76.61%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	95.87%	95.16%	95.25%
Girdwood Road District	76.15%	93.01%	73.75%
Other Road Districts	74.46%	87.62%	76.94%
Overall System	80.18%	80.01%	80.57%

Percentage of Lane – Miles in Fair Condition

	2008	2005	2002
Anchorage Road District	24.49%	25.11%	23.39%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	4.13%	4.84%	4.75%
Girdwood Road District	23.85%	6.99%	26.25%
Other Road Districts	25.54%	12.38%	23.06%
Overall System	19.82%	19.99%	19.43%

Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (in Thousands)

	_	2010	2009*	 2008 *	2007*	 2006*
Anchorage Road District:						
Needed	\$	11,772	79,137	\$ 49,418	\$ 28,584	\$ 31,396
Actual		11,800	78,094	49,923	29,002	31,124
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District:						
Needed		2,990	7,854	1,848	5,571	4,636
Actual		3,778	8,296	1,359	5,082	4,692
Girdwood Road District:						
Needed		313	330	363	606	675
Actual		263	303	256	498	630
Other Road Districts:						
Needed		1,059	1,097	1,126	768	534
Actual		1,509	2,207	2,176	1,335	4 7 8
Overall System:						
Needed		16,134	88,418	52,755	35,529	37,241
Actual		17,349	88,900	53,714	35,917	36,924
Difference		1,216	482	959	388	(31 7)

Note: The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from two for pavement in excellent condition to seven for pavement in fair condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. Condition assessments are updated every three years.

^{*} Restatement of prior year's numbers due to restatement on Government Wide Financial Statements for road projects in CWIP (see Note 6 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements).

Other Postemployment Benefits Information
Schedule of Funding Progress
Police and Fire Retirement Systems
Valuation Years 2010 through 2008
(dollars in thousands)

Actuarial value of plan assets Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)* Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Funded ratio Actuarial valuation date Actuarial value of plan assets Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)* Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Gentile Group									
		2010		2009		2008				
Actuarial valuation date		1-Jan-09		1-Jan-09	•	1-Jan-07				
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)*	\$	90,819	\$	90,819	\$	87,419				
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	90,819	\$	90,819	\$	87,419				
Funded ratio		0%		0%		0%				
Funded ratio		& Fire R	etiree Medica	l Group						
		2010		2009		2008				
Actuarial valuation date		1-Jan-09		1-Jan-09		1-Jan-07				
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	9,506	\$	9,506	\$	9,500				
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)*	\$	41,433	\$	41,433	\$	41,986				
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	31,927	\$	31,927	\$	32,486				
Funded ratio		23%		23%		23%				

^{*} Based on projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

Police and Fire Pension System Plans

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
January 1, 2011:						
Plan I	\$78,411	\$90,173	\$11,762	87.00%	\$136	8648.50%
Plan II	56,352	67,017	10,665	84.10%	536	1989.70%
Plan III	188,591	222,810	34,219	84.60%	6,568	521.00%
January 1, 2010:						
Plan I	\$74,626	\$91,924	\$17,298	81.20%	\$119	14536.10%
Plan II	52,902	67,180	14,278	78.70%	515	2772.40%
Plan III	172,478	219,565	47,087	78.60%	7,005	672.20%
January 1, 2009:						
Plan I	\$70,585	\$93,118	22,533	75.80%	\$352	6401.40%
Plan II	49,649	67,290	17,641	73.80%	614	2873.10%
Plan III	157,351	212,132	\$54,781	74.20%	6,795	806.20%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Additional Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The **General Fund and Sub-Funds** budgetary comparison schedule and reconciliation to GAAP is presented for perspective purposes to demonstrate Anchorage's legal level of adopted budget for estimated revenues and appropriations at the fund and sub-fund level, which is different than the GAAP fund structure format presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The **Department** budgetary comparison schedule and reconciliation to GAAP **for the General Fund and Sub-Funds** is presented for perspective purposes to demonstrate Anchorage's legal level of adopted budget for estimated revenues and appropriations at the department level, which is different than the GAAP fund structure format presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

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Additional Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule by General Fund and Sub-Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

	В	udget	Actual	Budget to GAAP	Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Difference	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
Revenues & other financing sources:						
Areawide Service Area	\$ 116,729,471	\$ 361,129,320	\$ 364,149,669	\$ -	\$ 364,149,669	\$ 3,020,349
Former City Service Area	409	-	2,500		2,500	2,500
Chugiak Fire Service Area	1,102,710	1,104,598	1,201,477	_	1,201,477	96,879
Glen Alps Service Area	310,124	311,349	309,718	_	309,718	(1,631)
Girdwood Valley Service Area	2,067,853	1,908,858	1,944,180		1,944,180	35,322
Former Borough Roads & Drainage	2,001,000	1,000,000	1,044,100		1,044,100	00,022
Service Area	_	_	2,927	_	2,927	2,927
Fire Service Area	58,740,049	56,438,442	57,446,505		57,446,505	1,008,063
Roads & Drainage Service Area	62,361,743	55,908,953	76,115,040	=	76.115.040	20,206,087
Limited Service Areas	9,799,346	9,789,148	9,858,139	-	9,858,139	68.991
	9,799,340	9,769,146	9,000,109	-	9,000,109	00,551
Anchorage Metropolitan	05.040.000	04 507 704	05 006 252		95,896,253	1,308,969
Police Service Area	95,042,990	94,587,284	95,896,253	-	93,096,233	1,300,909
Anchorage Bowl Parks &	24 224 270	00.070.440	00.475.004		22.475.204	2 407 260
Recreation Service Area	21,221,979	20,678,112	23,175,381	=	23,175,381	2,497,269
Eagle River - Chugiak Parks &					0 === 000	(0.050)
Recreational Service Area	4,097,755	3,763,591	3,759,638	-	3,759,638	(3,953)
Building Safety Service Area	6,940,326	6,419,756	5,775,978	-	5,775,978	(643,778)
Public Finance & Investment	1,524,120	1,723,382	1,649,549	-	1,649,549	(73,833)
Police/Fire Retiree Medical Defined						
Contribution Support	2,015	610	221	-	221	(389)
SOA PERs On-Behalf Payments	-	<u> </u>		(1) 9,867,535	9,867,535	
Total revenues & other finance sources	379,940,890	613,763,403	641,287,175	9,867,535	651,154,710	27,523,772
Expenditures & other financing uses:						
Areawide Service Area	116,729,473	357,081,266	350,296,525	-	350,296,525	6,784,741
Former City Service Area	409	· · · · · ·	· · ·	-	· · · · · ·	
Chugiak Fire Service Area	1,102,710	1,104,597	915,967	_	915.967	188,630
Glen Alps Service Area	310,124	311,350	289,175		289,175	22,175
Girdwood Valley Service Area	2,067,852	1,915,861	1,805,255	_	1,805,255	110,606
Former Borough Roads & Drainage	-,,	1,0 70,00	.,,=		.,,	,
Service Area		_	_	_	_	_
Fire Service Area	58,740,049	58,657,629	59,708,798	_	59,708,798	(1,051,169)
Roads & Drainage Service Area	62,361,742	57,557,255	75,458,550		75,458,550	(17,901,295)
Limited Service Areas	9,793,296	10,063,424	9,332,305	-	9,332,305	731,119
Anchorage Metropolitan	5,793,290	10,003,424	9,332,303	-	9,332,303	731,110
Police Service Area	95,042,993	96,106,140	92,129,937		92,129,937	3,976,203
Anchorage Parks &	90,042,993	90,100,140	92,129,937	•	92,129,937	3,910,203
	21,221,978	20.200.524	24 976 006		21,876,096	(1,606,565)
Recreation Service Area	21,221,970	20,269,531	21,876,096	-	21,070,090	(1,000,303)
Eagle River - Chugiak Parks &	4.007.756	0.700.500	2 270 024		2 270 024	383.674
Recreational Service Area	4,097,756	3,763,598	3,379,924	-	3,379,924	
Building Safety Service Area	5,823,178	6,335,983	6,450,002	-	6,450,002	(114,019)
Public Finance & Investment	2,485,577	1,630,709	1,519,818	-	1,519,818	110,891
Police/Fire Retiree Medical Defined						
Contribution Support	2,015	(1)	-	•	-	(1)
SOA PERs On-Behalf Payments	-			(1) 9,867,535	9,867,535	
Total expenditures & other financing uses	379,779,152	614,797,342	623,162,352	9,867,535	633,029,887	(8,365,010)
Net change in fund balance	161,738	(1,033,939)	18,124,823		18,124,823	19,158,762
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,516,842	40,516,842	40,516,842	(2) 4,680,226	45,197,068	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 40,678,580	\$ 39,482,903	\$ 58,641,665	\$ 4,680,226	\$ 63,321,891	\$ 19,158,762

Explanation of differences:

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS. The on-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly over the past few years. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

⁽²⁾ The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing Anchorage's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as encumbrances for goods and services ordered but not received that were reported in the year the orders were placed for budgetary pruposes. For GAAP purposes, they are reported in the year goods and services are received.

Additional Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule by Department for the General Fund and Sub-Funds Year ended December 31, 2010

								get to				
	 Buc	iget			Actual			AAP		Actual		riance With
	Original		Final	Bu	dgetary Basis		Diffe	erence	_	GAAP Basis	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures & other financing uses:							_		•	0.507.000	•	400.040
Assembly	\$ 2,548,708	\$	2,604,642	\$	2,481,729	(1)	\$	55,651	\$	2,537,380	\$	122,913 44,984
Chief Fiscal Officer	480,736		479,038		434,054	(1)		14,267		448,321		
Development Services	8,731,424		9,227,978		8,630,037	(1)		860,047		9,490,084		597,941
Economic & Community Development	16,444,187		16,583,541		15,758,110	(1)		260,023		16,018,133		825,431
Education	-		233,853,777		233,853,777			·		233,853,777		-
Employee Relations ·	2,036,373		2,102,910		1,806,266	(1)		75,154		1,881,420		296,644
Office of Equal Opportunity	194,018		192,653		167,489	(1)		5,307		172,796		25,164
Equal Rights Commission	668,863		662,474		574,849	(1)		21,536		596,385		87,625
Finance	12,641,432		12,241,351		11,261,564	(1)		355,385		11,616,949		979,787
Fire	77,706,056		77,710,377		77,894,383	(1)		1,894,310		79,788,693		(184,006)
Health & Human Services	11,391,358		11,471,054		10,918,132	(1)		551,741		11,469,873		552,922
Heritage Land Bank/Real Estate Services	6,940,175		7,792,083		7,694,107	(1)		31,494		7,725,601		97,976
Information Technology	1,332,033		1,328,787		1,276,728	(1)		322,530		1,599,258		52,059
Internal Audit	546,071		536,245		514,840	(1)		19,917		534,757		21,405
Maintenance & Operations	80,045,783		79,897,413		96,652,211	(1)		410,541		97,062,752		(16,754,798)
Management & Budget	938,269		934,047		787,455	(1)		25,091		812,546		146,592
Mayor	1,353,395		1,402,969		1,251,620	(1)		33,364		1,284,984		151,349
Municipal Attorney	6,896,021		7,124,402		6,815,269	(1)		200,334		7,015,603		309,133
Municipal Manager	3,100,357		2,910,555		2,907,104	(1)		61,939		2,969,043		3,451
Non Departmental - TANS	•		214,831		211,445			-		211,445		3,386
Parks & Recreation	20,896,643		19,312,713		20,909,317	(1)		344,704		21,254,021		(1,596,604)
Planning	3,987,441		3,977,161		3,493,575	(1)		58,404		3,551,979		483,586
Police	88.838.918		90,184,787		86,307,036	(1)		2,344,131		88,651,167		3,877,751
Police/Fire Retiree Medical	147,920		146,371		132,517			-		132,517		13,854
Project Management & Engineering	7,678,131		8,004,729		7,204,860	(1)		718,176		7,923,036		799,869
Public Transportation	20,201,599		20,335,317		20,244,765	(1)		521,892		20,766,657		90,552
Purchasing	1,530,794		1,555,111		1,261,671	(1)		40,868		1,302,539		293,440
Traffic	6,608,021		6,817,852		6,426,839	(1)		640,729		7,067,568		391,013
Total expenditures & other financing uses	 383,884,726		619,605,168		627,871,749			9,867,535		637,739,284		(8,266,581)
Less: net intragovernmental costs & billings	 (4,105,574)		(4,807,826)		(4,709,397)			-		(4,709,397)		(98,429)
Total expenditures & other financing uses	\$ 379,779,152	\$	614,797,342	\$	623,162,352		\$	9,867,535	\$	633,029,887	\$	(8,365,010)

Explanation of differences:

Note: This schedule does not provide detail by departments for revenues and other financing sources. This is because the legal level of budgetary control is adopted only for expenditures and other financing uses at the department level. Intragovernmental Costs and Billings are not budgeted by the assembly. They are presented for comparison purposes for total expenditures only.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage changed its policy regarding the recording of on-behalf payments for PERS. The on-behalf payments are not cash transactions and there is no impact or cost to the taxpayers associated with these transactions. Also, the on-behalf payment amounts have fluctuated significantly over the past few years. This has made the amounts difficult to estimate for budgetary purposes. Therefore, effective July 1, 2008, Anchorage has elected to exclude this item from its budget, and it is shown here as a reconciling item to GAAP basis.

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Heritage Land Bank Fund accounts for Municipal-owned real estate.

The **Police Investigation Fund** accounts for the proceeds from sale of property seized by the Police Department, State and Federal agencies.

The **Convention Center Operating Reserve Fund** accounts for the dedicated bed tax collections and transfers associated with the construction of the new convention and civic center and related tourism activities.

The **State Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with State grant agreements.

The **Federal Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with Federal grant agreements.

The **Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund** accounts for contributions and earnings which are used to fund the Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust.

The **Miscellaneous Operational Grants Fund** accounts for the use of miscellaneous restricted contributions and donations.

The **Other Restricted Resources Fund** accounts for the use of other specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The **Special Assessment Bonds Fund** accounts for special assessments and interest used to retire special assessment bonds which were issued to finance improvements to the assessed properties, except for special assessment bonds accounted for in proprietary funds.

The Retirement Certificates of Participation Fund accounts for an annuity investment and related income; the earnings and proceeds of which are to be used for payment of debt service requirements on certain Certificates of Participation and pension obligations of Anchorage.

The **Jail Revenue Bond Fund** accounts for debt service on jail revenue bonds and the lease revenue from the jail used to fund the debt service.

The ACPA Surcharge Revenue Bond Fund accounts for the performing arts center surcharge revenue and debt service on the roof repair loan.

The **CIVICVentures Bond Fund** accounts for the accumulation of lodging revenue transfers and investment earnings and debt service on the convention and civic revenue bonds.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The Areawide Capital Projects Fund accounts for general government construction projects not accounted for in other funds.

The **Public Safety Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects in support of police, fire and rescue operations.

The **Public Transportation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for transit facilities and equipment.

The **Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for out-of-service area roads and drainage, gas lines and pass-thru grants.

The **Parks and Recreation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for parks and recreation capital improvement projects in the taxing districts which receive parks and recreation services.

The **Historic Preservation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the preservation of historic structures.

The **Heritage Land Bank Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects recommended by the Board of Heritage Land Bank and approved by the Assembly.

The CIVICVentures Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital construction activities associated with the new convention and civic center.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

The **Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance Permanent Fund** accounts for contributions, revenues and expenditures for perpetual maintenance of the Anchorage Memorial Park Cemetery.

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

				Special Reve	nue			
	Heritage La	nd	Federal/State Fines &	Convention Center Operating	State	Federal	Police/Fire Retiree Medical	Miscellaneous Operational
Assets	Bank		Forfeitures	Reserve	Grants	Grants	Liability	Grants
Cash	\$	_	\$ 86,705	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$ —
Cash in central treasury	1,717,7	'44	1,847,232	5,315,572	12,527,936	205,169		825,207
Investments		_	-	_		352,602	30,540,154	_
Due from other funds		_		-	_	_	_	
Due from component units			_					
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible	es) s	958	_	1,685,776			_	30,685
Intergovernmental receivables			_	_	4,348,481	3,558,738	_	_
Accrued interest on investments	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Special assessments receivable	7	25	_		_	_	_	_
Prepaid items and deposits			_	1,000,000	-			_
Loans receivable	619,3	868	_		_	7,184,430	_	_
Restricted assets:		_						
Investments Investments in TCH, LLC		_	_		_	_	_	_
·								
Total assets	\$ 2,338,7	95	\$ 1,933,937	\$ 8,001,348	\$ 16,876,417	\$ 11,300,939	\$ 30,540,154	\$ 855,892
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 1,6	46	\$ 5,174	\$ 946,110	\$ 1,194,280	\$ 718,460	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 17,028
Accrued payroll liabilities	17,2	.07	_		348,097	141,392		_
Due to other funds		_		829,860		_	_	
Deferred revenue and deposits	620,0	93	_	_	264,198	7,871,663	_	30,685
Advances from other funds								
Total liabilities	638,9	46	5,174	1,775,970	1,806,575	8,731,515		47,713
Fund balances (deficits):								
Reserved:								
Encumbrances		_	67,693		2,551,326	297,429		6,522
Prepaids and deposits				1,000,000	· · —	· —	_	_
Perpetual care			_	_	BOTHER	_		_
Debt service		_	_	_		_		
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds:								
Designated	1,699,8	49	1,861,070	5,225,378	12,518,516	2,271,995	30,540,154	7,114
Undesignated					_	_	_	794,543
Capital project funds:								
Designated			_	_				_
Undesignated								
Total fund balances	1,699,8	49	1,928,763	6,225,378	15,069,842	2,569,424	30,540,154	808,179
Total liabilities and fund								
balances	\$ 2,338,7	95	\$ 1,933,937	\$ 8,001,348	\$ 16,876,417	\$ 11,300,939	\$ 30,540,154	\$ 855,892

Sp	ecia	ı	Rev	vei	าน	e

 (Cont	inue	d)						Debt	Servi	ce			
Other estricted esources		Total Special Revenue	A	Special ssessment Bonds	Cer	etirement tificates of articipation	Jai	il Revenue Bond		A Surcharge	_CI	VICVentures_	 Total ebt Service
\$ 	\$	86,705 22,438,860	\$	1,045,266	\$	160,001	\$	11,178	\$	244,968	\$	_	\$ 11,178 1,450,235
_		30,892,756				-		-				_	
		-		_		_		_				826,499	826,499
		_				_		_		143,475		<i>'</i> —	143,475
_		1,717,419				_				· —		_	
		7,907,219		_		_		_				_	_
		_		_				_				1,753	1,753
78,897		79,622		20,618		_							20,618
_		1,000,000				_		-		_			_
_		7,803,798		_		_		_		_		_	****
_		_				_						13,799,554	 13,799,554 —
\$ 78,897	\$	71,926,379	\$	1,065,884	\$	160,001	\$	11,178	\$	388,443	\$	14,627,806	\$ 16,253,312
\$ 10,236	\$	2,892,934	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
		506,696		_						_		-	_
117,544		947,404		_		_		_				_	
_		8,786,639		_				2,539		-			2,539
 	_		-								_		
 127,780		13,133,673						2,539			_		 2,539
_		2,922,970				_				_		_	*****
_		1,000,000		_				_				_	_
_				1,065,884		160,001		8,639		388,443		14,627,806	16,250,773
_		_		1,065,664		160,001		0,039		366,443		14,627,800	10,230,773
		54,124,076		_				_					_
(48,883)		745,660				_		_		_		_	_
				_				_				-	_
 (48,883)		58,792,706		1,065,884		160,001		8,639		388,443		14,627,806	 16,250,773
\$ 78,897	\$	71,926,379	\$	1,065,884	\$	160,001	\$	11,178	\$	388,443	\$	14,627,806	\$ 16,253,312

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

Capital Projects Historic Public Parks and Public Safety Transportation Miscellaneous Recreation Preservation Assets Areawide Cash \$ \$ 7,730,235 7,431,488 2,734,741 345,978 Cash in central treasury Investments 5,040,287 Due from other funds 855,565 Due from component units 14,446 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Intergovernmental receivables 1,133,717 1,236,313 4,871,148 3,261,885 827,756 Accrued interest on investments 52 571 Special assessments receivable 21,408 Prepaid items and deposits Loans receivable Restricted assets: Investments Investments in TCH, LLC 378,783 8,667,801 4,871,148 3,314,456 8,602,784 345,978 Total assets 10,134,154 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages 174,646 499,852 1,207,691 1,085,142 389,513 \$ Accrued payroll liabilities 9,747 1.025.445 Due to other funds 3,175,318 3.981.693 Deferred revenue and deposits 20,334 1,000,000 84,050 342,167 Advances from other funds 1,510,984 5,283,181 2,452,754 389,513 Total liabilities 4,881,282 1,499,852 Fund balances (deficits): Reserved: 2,958,510 3,052,618 1,218,618 1,795,034 815,801 Encumbrances Prepaids and deposits Pernetual care Debt service Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Designated Undesignated Capital project funds: Designated 2,121,852 2,937,435 6,623,077 172,510 1,177,896 (1,630,651) (933, 332)774,393 345,978 Undesignated 345,978 Total fund balances 5,252,872 7,167,949 (412,033) 861,702 8,213,271

8,667,801 \$

4,871,148 \$

3,314,456 \$

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Total liabilities and fund

10,134,154

balances

345,978

 	Capital Project (Continued)	ts		Perm	anent Fund		Total N Governm		
eritage			Total Capital	P	emetery erpetual	D	ecember 31,		As Restated ecember 31,
 nd Bank	CIVICVentures		Projects		intenance	_	2010		2009
\$ 	\$ —	\$		\$		\$	97,883	\$	31,284
1,676,949	_		19,919,391		406,351		44,214,837		21,495,480
_					_		30,892,756		28,359,074
	_		5,895,852		_		6,722,351		260,482
_			14,446		-		157,921		130,800
_	_				_		1,717,419		1,673,723
	_		11,330,819		_		19,238,038		39,018,849
_	_		_		_		1,753		267
_	_		73,979		_		174,219		268,232
_	_				_		1,000,000		1,120,397
_			_		_		7,803,798		8,078,369
					_		13,799,554		14,289,571
_	_		378,783		_		378,783		412,252
\$ 1,676,949	\$ —	\$	37,613,270	\$	406,351	\$	126,199,312	\$	115,138,780
\$ 903	\$	\$	3,357,747	\$	_	\$	6,250,681	\$	7,393,903
	_		9,747		_		516,443		515,002
	_		8,182,456				9,129,860		9,831,026
			1,446,551		_		10,235,729		11,551,360
 		_	1,510,984			_	1,510,984	_	5,599,791
 903		_	14,507,485				27,643,697	_	34,891,082
120,329			9,960,910				12,883,880		24,759,527
_			_		_		1,000,000		1,120,397
_	_				406,351		406,351		384,555
_	No.				_		16,250,773		16,259,350
_					_		54,124,076		43,181,202
_	_		_		_		745,660		554,232
867,659	_		12,550,023		_		12,550,023		5,851,188
688,058			594,852				594,852		(11,862,753)
 1,676,046		_	23,105,785		406,351	_	98,555,615	_	80,247,698
\$ 1,676,949	<u> </u>	_\$_	37,613,270	\$	406,351	\$	126,199,312	\$	115,138,780

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

				Special Revenue			
	Heritage Land Bank	Federal/State Fines & Forfeitures	Convention Center Operating Reserve	State Grants	Federal Grants	Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability	Miscellaneous Operational Grants
Revenues:							_
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 11,377,359	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ —
Special assessments	_	_	_	-			Washington
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	23,424,155	11,231,972		
Charges for services	1,939,100	_	***	_			***
Fines and forfeitures	_	292,527		_	_	, –	
Investment income (loss)	35,524	53,777	164,757	23,501	34,790	3,399,023	25,267
Restricted contributions		num.	_	_	_	_	574,216
Other	198,649	345,794	195,570		382,701		482
Total revenues	2,173,273	692,098	11,737,686	23,447,656	11,649,463	3,399,023	599,965
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	1,258,872	_	_	(2,555,950)	_	67,112	52,286
Fire services	· · · · —	_	_	630,432	504,114	1,354,493	29,758
Police services	about a	651,500	_	1,281,370	2,133,550	1,319,396	_
Health and human services			_	8,658,764	3,289,454	_	2,326
Economic and community development			5,373,758	7,688,920	5,935,796	_	377,651
Public transportation				1,852,653	43,634	_	_
Public works			reman.	1,604,006	623,441	_	_
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities	_	_		146,066	· _	_	_
Education	***			1,271,577	_	_	_
Debt service:							
Principal	_	_	_		74,000	_	_
Interest	_	_	_		100,616		_
Bond issuance costs	_	_	_	_	·	_	
Capital projects	_	_	_		*****	- .	
Total expenditures	1,258,872	651,500	5,373,758	20,577,838	12,704,605	2,741,001	462,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	914,401	40,598	6,363,928	2,869,818	(1,055,142)	658,022	137,944
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers from other funds	_	_	422,118	636,572	556,945	1,869,000	34,291
Transfers to other funds	(220,000)	_	(6,125,400)	-	· _	_	
General obligation bonds issued	`	_			-	_	_
Premium on bond sale	_	_	_		_		
Sale of capital assets	_		_	****	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(220,000)		(5,703,282)	636,572	556,945	1,869,000	34,291
Net change in			000 5:-	0.500.500		0.507.000	470 005
fund balance	694,401	40,598	660,646	3,506,390	(498,197)	2,527,022	172,235
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	1,005,448	1,888,165	5,564,732	11,563,452	3,067,621	28,013,132	635,944
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 1,699,849	\$ 1,928,763	\$ 6,225,378	\$ 15,069,842	\$ 2,569,424	\$ 30,540,154	\$ 808,179

Special Revenue

		ntinued)	Debt Service													
	Other estricted esources	ted Special		Special Assessment Bonds		Assessment Co				il Revenue Bond		A Surcharge venue Bond	CIVIC Ventures Revenue Bond		Total Debt Service	
\$		\$ 11,377,359	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
•	802,212	802,212	•	2,395	•		•							2,395		
		34,656,127		· —		_		_								
		1,939,100		_				5,019,431		_				5,019,431		
	_	292,527		_		_		_		_		_		_		
	(13,980)	3,722,659		30,419		8,160		_		8,535		46,567		93,681		
		574,216		_								10,647		10,647		
		1,123,196								333,468				333,468		
	788,232	54,487,396	_	32,814		8,160		5,019,431		342,003		57,214		5,459,622		
		(202.007)														
	791,353	(386,327)										_		_		
	_	2,518,797								and the second		****				
	_	5,385,816				_		_								
		11,950,544		_		_		_		_		10,647		10 647		
	-	19,376,125		_		_		_				10,647		10,647		
		1,896,287		_		_		_		_		_				
		2,227,447		_				_				_				
	*****	146,066		_		_		_				_		_		
		1,271,577		_		_		_		_						
	_	74,000						2,985,000		110,000		1,070,000		4,165,000		
	_	100,616				_		2,034,431		228,613		5,027,460		7,290,504		
	_	_												-		
	-															
	791,353	44,560,948						5,019,431		338,613		6,108,107		11,466,151		
	(3,121)	9,926,448		32,814		8,160				3,390	(6,050,893)		(6,006,529)		
		3,518,926						-		_		6,130,452		6,130,452		
		(6,345,400)				(132,500)				_		_		(132,500)		
	****							_								
		Tourism.		_		_		_		-		_				
		(2,826,474)			_	(132,500)	_					6,130,452		5,997,952		
	(3,121)	7,099,974		32,814		(124,340)				3,390		79,559		(8,577)		
	(45,762)	51,692,732		1,033,070	-	284,341		8,639		385,053	1	4,548,247		16,259,350		
\$	(48,883)	\$ 58,792,706	\$	1,065,884	\$	160,001	\$	8,639	\$	388,443	\$ 1	4,627,806	\$	16,250,773		

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

	Capital Projects										
	Areawide		Public Safety	<u>Tr</u>	Public ansportation	_Mi:	scellaneous		Parks and Recreation		istoric servation
Revenues:											
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ —	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_
Special assessments	25,031				_		77,412				_
Intergovernmental	3,560,627		6,665,865		14,880,679		5,461,218		2,718,382		_
Charges for services	271,881		50,415		1,620		_		940		_
Fines and forfeitures			_		-		_				_
Investment income (loss)	156,507		41,022				_		236,689		11,422
Restricted contributions	_		_				_		53,215		
Other	309,121		608						265,996		
Total revenues	4,323,167		6,757,910		14,882,299		5,538,630		3,275,222		11,422
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government					_						_
Fire services	_		_		_						_
Police services					_		_		_		_
Health and human services			_		_		_				
Economic and community development	_		_				_				
Public transportation	_		_								_
Public works	_				_						_
Maintenance and operations of roads and facilities					_		_				_
Education	_		_		****						-
Debt service:											
Principal	_				_						_
Interest	****		_		_		_				_
Bond issuance costs	37,654		20,039		664				21,224		_
Capital projects	6,903,538		7,607,460		15,832,939		5,202,365		4,314,729		
Total expenditures	6,941,192		7,627,499	_	15,833,603		5,202,365		4,335,953		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,618,025)		(869,589)		(951,304)		336,265	_	(1,060,731)		11,422_
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers from other funds	2,998,526		371,000		206,291		40,000		1,112,487		_
Transfers to other funds	(774)		(941)		(14)		****		(76,216)		_
General obligation bonds issued	5,486,000		2,919,550		96,753				3,092,109		_
Premium on bond sale	52,428		27,900		925				29,551		_
Sale of capital assets	2,155										
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,538,335		3,317,509		303,955		40,000		4,157,931		
Net change in fund balance	5,920,310		2,447,920		(647,349)		376,265		3,097,200		11,422
Fund balances, beginning of year	(667,438)		4,720,029	_	235,316	_	485,437		5,116,071		334,556
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,252,872	\$	7,167,949	\$	(412,033)	\$	861,702	\$	8,213,271	\$	345,978

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

		Projects											
	(Con								Nonmajor				
	Heritage Land Bank	CIVICVentures		Total Capital Projects		Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance	_	Governm 2010	ental	2009			
\$	_	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11,377,359	\$	10,498,254			
•	_	-	•	102,443	•		•	907,050	•	899,964			
	_			33,286,771		_		67,942,898		89,026,287			
	_	*****		324,856		10,150		7,293,537		5,159,121			
						· —		292,527		737,485			
	59,398			505,038		11,646		4,333,024		6,567,895			
	· —			53,215		· —		638,078		270,910			
	-	5,052		580,777		_		2,037,441		1,826,834			
	59,398	5,052	_	34,853,100		21,796		94,821,914		114,986,750			
	_	***		_				(386,327)		4,427,193			
	_			_				2,518,797		4,668,957			
	_			_				5,385,816		6,550,716			
	_			_				11.950.544		12,619,077			
	_	73		73				19,386,845		15,131,851			
		_		_		_		1,896,287		2,337,027			
		_						2,227,447		2,267,307			
	Bound	_		wholes				146,066		2,983,898			
	_	_				_		1,271,577		5,918,478			
	_			_		No.		4,239,000		3,925,000			
	_	_		_				7,391,120		7,582,568			
	_			79,581				79,581		_			
	290,369			40,151,400				40,151,400		66,057,643			
	290,369	73	_	40,231,054				96,258,153		134,469,715			
_	(230,971)	4,979	-	(5,377,954)		21,796		(1,436,239)		(19,482,965)			
	220,000	_		4,948,304		_		14,597,682		16,850,141			
	_	(5,052)		(82,997)				(6,560,897)		(14,396,875)			
	_			11,594,412				11,594,412					
	_	_		110,804				110,804		_			
				2,155	-	****		2,155		956,527			
	220,000	(5,052)	_	16,572,678				19,744,156		3,409,793			
	(10,971)	(73)		11,194,724		21,796		18,307,917		(16,073,172)			
	1,687,017	73		11,911,061		384,555		80,247,698		96,320,870			
\$	1,676,046	\$ —	\$	23,105,785	\$	406,351	\$	98,555,615	\$	80,247,698			
	.,010,040	- 		20,100,100		700,001		00,000,010		50,247,030			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Heritage Land Bank Special Revenue Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

	Bu	dget		Variance With		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:						
Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	\$ — 63,732 111,000	\$ — 63,732 311,000	\$ 1,939,100 35,524 198,649	\$ 1,939,100 (28,208) (112,351)		
Total revenues	174,732	374,732	2,173,273	1,798,541		
Expenditures: General government	1,258,698	1,309,957	1,258,872	51,085		
Total expenditures	1,258,698	1,309,957	1,258,872	51,085		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,083,966)	(935,225)	914,401	1,849,626		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds Sale of capital assets	<u> </u>	410,000	(220,000)	(220,000) (410,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	410,000	410,000	(220,000)	(630,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(673,966)	(525,225)	694,401	1,219,626		
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,005,448	1,005,448	1,005,448			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 331,482	\$ 480,223	\$ 1,699,849	\$ 1,219,626		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Convention Center Operating Reserve Special Revenue Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

	 Bud	dget				Variance With		
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues:								
Hotel and motel taxes	\$ 10,625,873	\$	10,821,373	\$	11,377,359	\$	555,986	
Investment income	administration of the contract				164,757		164,757	
Other revenues	 		195,500		195,570		70	
Total revenues	 10,625,873		11,016,873		11,737,686		720,813	
Expenditures:								
Economic and community development	4,962,804		5,706,322		5,373,758		332,564	
Total expenditures	 4,962,804		5,706,322		5,373,758		332,564	
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures	 5,663,069		5,310,551		6,363,928		1,053,377	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers to other funds	(5,663,069)		(6,171,888)		(6,125,400)		46,488	
Transfers from other funds	 			********	422,118		422,118	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,663,069)		(6,171,888)	-	(5,703,282)		468,606	
Net change in								
fund balance	_		(861,337)		660,646		1,521,983	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 5,564,732		5,564,732		5,564,732			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,564,732	\$	4,703,395	\$	6,225,378	\$	1,521,983	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Assessment Bonds Debt Service Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

		Bue	dget			Var	iance With		
		Original		Final	 Actual	I Final Budget			
Revenues:									
Special assessments	\$		\$		\$ 2,395	\$	2,395		
Investment income					 30,419		30,419		
Total revenues					 32,814		32,814		
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,033,070		1,033,070	 1,033,070				
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,033,070		\$	1,033,070	\$ 1,065,884	\$	32,814		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Retirement Certificates of Participation Debt Service Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

			dget				Varia	ance With
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	I Budget
Revenues: Investment income			\$	_	\$	8,160	\$	8,160
	\$		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Total revenues						8,160		8,160
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds		(132,500)		(132,500)		(132,500)		_
Total other financing uses Net change in		(132,500)		(132,500)		(132,500)		
fund balance		(132,500)		(132,500)		(124,340)		8,160
Fund balance, beginning of year		284,341		284,341		284,341		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	151,841	\$	151,841	\$	160,001	\$	8,160

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Special Revenue Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

		Bud	lget				Variance With		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget	
Revenues:									
Investment income	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$_	3,399,023	\$	3,309,023	
Total revenues		90,000		90,000		3,399,023		3,309,023	
Expenditures:									
General government				88,000		67,112		20,888	
Fire services		1,396,709		1,375,804		1,354,493		21,311	
Police services		1,341,937		1,321,852		1,319,396		2,456	
Total expenditures		2,738,646		2,785,656		2,741,001		44,655	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(2,648,646)		(2,695,656)		658,022		3,353,678	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers from other funds		1,869,000		1,869,000		1,869,000			
Total other financing sources		1,869,000		1,869,000		1,869,000			
Net change in									
fund balance		(779,646)		(826,656)		2,527,022		3,353,678	
Fund balance, beginning of year	•	28,013,132		28,013,132		28,013,132			
Fund balance, end of year	27,233,486	\$	27,186,476	\$	30,540,154	\$	3,353,678		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Jail Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

		Bu	dget				Variance With		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	5.016.010	\$	5,016,010	\$	5.019.431	\$	3,421	
Investment income	Ψ ———	<u></u>	Ψ	3,990	Ψ			(3,990)	
Total revenues		5,016,010		5,020,000		5,019,431		(569)	
Expenditures: Debt service:									
Principal		2,690,000		2,690,000		2,985,000		(295,000)	
Interest		2,330,000		2,330,000		2,034,431		295,569	
Total expenditures		5,020,000		5,020,000		5,019,431		569	
Net change in fund balance		(3,990)		_		_			
Fund balance, beginning of year		8,639		8,639		8,639			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,649		\$ 8,639 \$		\$	8,639	\$		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ACPA Surcharge Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund Year ended December 31, 2010

	Bud	dget		Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Investment income	_		8,535	8,535
Other	342,917	342,917	333,468	(9,449)
Total revenues	342,917	342,917	342,003	(914)
Expenditures: Debt service:				
Principal	105,000	105,000	110,000	(5,000)
Interest	232,820	234,320	228,613	5,707
Total expenditures	337,820	339,320	338,613	707
Net change in fund balance	5,097	3,597	3,390	(207)
Fund balance, beginning of year	385,053	385,053	385,053	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 390,150	\$ 388,650	\$ 388,443	\$ (207)

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services received.

The Refuse Utility Fund accounts for the Municipal-owned refuse collection services.

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the Municipal-owned landfill and transfer station operations.

The Municipal Airport Fund accounts for the operations of Merrill Field, a Municipal-owned airport.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

							٦	Total Nonmajor	Enterprise Funds		
Assets		Refuse Utility		Solid Waste		Municipal Airport		ecember 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
Current assets:		Gunty		- Waste	-	Airport		20.0			
Current assets: Cash	\$	700	\$	2,775	\$	200	\$	3.675	\$	3.675	
Cash in central treasury	Φ	3.322.983	φ	8,639,152	Ψ	200	Ψ	11,962,135	Ψ	8,883,643	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		616,853		1,958,523		3,459		2,578,835		2,612,982	
Accrued interest on investments		21,815		82,099		3,433		103,914		109,518	
Interest receivable		21,013		02,099		23		23		547	
Prepaid items and deposits		1,301		3,216		16,772		21,289		24,610	
Restricted assets:		1,301		3,210		10,772		21,209		24,010	
Intergovernmental receivables						1,531,900		1,531,900		759.879	
Bond and acquisition and construction accounts		1,948,033		6,602,034		1,587,274		10,137,341		14,536,531	
Landfill post closure cash reserve		1,940,033		4,597,159		1,367,274		4,597,159		2,920,700	
·		5.044.005				0.400.000					
Total current assets		5,911,685		21,884,958		3,139,628		30,936,271		29,852,085	
Noncurrent assets: Loans receivable, net						5,702		5,702		12 .109	
Capital assets, net		4,147,358		58,669,985		56,771,103		119,588,446		111,924,905	
•						56,776,805		119,594,148		111,937,014	
Total noncurrent assets		4,147,358		58,669,985	\$		\$	150,530,419	\$	141,789,099	
Total assets	<u> </u>	10,059,043	<u> </u>	80,554,943	<u> </u>	59,916,433	<u> </u>	150,550,419	•	141,709,099	
Liabilities and Net Assets											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable and retainages	\$	44,976	\$	473,035	\$	17,971	\$	535,982	\$	727,212	
Compensated absences payable		112,651		469,953		70,387		652,991		610,927	
Due to other funds		·				1,020,340		1,020,340		857,433	
Accrued payroll liabilities payable		77,862		332,107		40,523		450,492		516,746	
Accrued interest payable				156,118		_		156,118		170,424	
Long-term obligations maturing within one year				1,446,096		_		1,446,096		1,446,870	
Deferred revenue and deposits		329		_		98,742		99,071		106,389	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:											
Capital acquisition and construction accounts											
and retainage payable				9,283		483,783		493,066		259,975	
Total current liabilities		235,818		2,886,592		1,731,746		4,854,156		4,695,976	
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Alaska clean water loans payable				14,673,256				14,673,256		16,124,028	
Compensated absences payable		17,892		33,805		4,999		56,696		32,153	
Total noncurrent liabilities		17,892		14,707,061		4,999		14,729,952		16,156,181	
Deferred credits and other liabilities:											
Future landfill closure costs				20,459,932				20,459,932		19,217,586	
Total liabilities		253,710		38,053,585		1,736,745		40,044,040		40,069,743	
Net assets (deficit):											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,147,358		49,152,667		56,771,103		110,071,128		104,718,627	
Restricted for capital construction		1,948,033				3,082,991		5,031,024		4,931,790	
Unrestricted		3,709,942		(6,651,309)		(1,674,406)		(4,615,773)		(7,931,061)	
Total net assets	-	9,805,333		42,501,358		58,179,688		110,486,379		101,719,356	
Total liabilities and net assets	<u> </u>	10,059,043	\$	80,554,943	\$	59,916,433		150,530,419	\$	141,789,099	
Total liabilities and tiet assets	<u>Ψ</u>	10,000,040	Ψ	00,004,040	Ψ	55,510,755	Ψ_	150,000,410	<u> </u>		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

							Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			
		Refuse Utility		Solid Waste		Municipal Airport	2010			2009
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services Other	\$	8,700,524 41,850	\$	18,473,628 500,523	\$	1,215,954	\$	28,390,106 542,373	\$	28,196,718 552,093
Total operating revenues		8,742,374		18,974,151		1,215,954		28,932,479		28,748,811
Operating expenses: Operations Amortization of future landfill closure costs Depreciation and amortization		7,401,865 — 719,319		10,908,450 1,242,346 3,488,989		1,087,110 — 2,222,615		19,397,425 1,242,346 6,430,923		19,834,684 1,125,732 6,005,388
Total operating expenses		8,121,184		15,639,785		3,309,725		27,070,694		26,965,804
Operating income (loss)		621,190		3,334,366	_	(2,093,771)		1,861,785		1,783,007
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Other revenues Intergovernmental revenue Interest expense Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before capital		186,604 ————————————————————————————————————		574,430 ————————————————————————————————————		5,411 11,119 108,584 — — — — — ——————————————————————————		766,445 11,119 108,584 (249,175) (161,983) 474,990		1,425,540 10,223 108,584 (277,375) 33,345 1,300,317
contributions and transfers		809,454		3,495,978		(1,968,657)		2,336,775		3,063,324
Capital contributions Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		(230,907)		440,000 (1,014,620) 2,921,358		7,272,716 — (36,941) 5,267,118		7,272,716 440,000 (1,282,468) 8,767,023		4,494,210 ————————————————————————————————————
Change in net assets		578,547 9,226,786		39,580,000		52,912,570		101,719,356		99,465,178
Total net assets – beginning Total net assets – ending	\$	9,805,333	\$	42,501,358	\$	58,179,688	<u> </u>	110,486,379	\$	101,719,356
Total Het assets – enully	Ψ	5,005,000	Ψ	72,501,550	Ψ	55,175,000	Ψ_	110,100,070	<u> </u>	,0,000

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

			Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds					
	Refuse Utility		Solid Waste	 Municipal Airport		2010		2009
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 8,744,241 (1,956,985) (5,426,232)	\$	19,004,912 (7,684,294) (3,408,735)	\$ 1,218,644 (1,012,805) (95,930)	\$	28,967,797 (10,654,084) (8,930,897)	\$	28,456,288 (9,795,982) (9,308,579)
Net cash from operating activities	 1,361,024		7,911,883	 109,909		9,382,816		9,351,727
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Due to other funds	 (230,907)		(1,014,620) 440,000 —	 (36,941) — 162,907		(1,282,468) 440,000 162,907		(5,323,356) — 857,433
Net cash from noncapital and related financing activities	 (230,907)		(574,620)	 125,966		(679,561)		(4,465,923)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Landfill post closure cash reserve Proceeds from sales of capital assets Intergovernmental revenue	 (841,485) — 1,660		(1,451,546) (263,481) (6,524,131) (1,676,459) 88,811	 (6,748,211) 6,618,316		(1,451,546) (263,481) (14,113,827) (1,676,459) 90,471 6,618,316		(1,806,870) (295,154) (8,925,509) (1,537,285) 336,889 4,179,663
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	 (839,825)		(9,826,806)	 (129,895)		(10,796,526)		(8,048,266)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income	 185,406		 581,232	 — 5,935				412,337 1,317,498
Net cash from investing activities	 185,406		581,232	 5,935		772,573		1,729,835
Net increase (decrease) in cash	475,698		(1,908,311)	111,915		(1,320,698)		(1,432,627)
Cash, beginning of year	 4,796,018		17,152,272	 1,475,559		23,423,849		24,856,476
Cash, end of year	\$ 5,271,716	\$	15,243,961	\$ 1,587,474	\$	22,103,151	\$	23,423,849
Cash Cash in central treasury Capital acquisition and construction accounts Cash, December 31	\$ 700 3,322,983 1,948,033 5,271,716	\$	2,775 8,639,152 6,602,034 15,243,961	\$ 200 1,587,274 1,587,474	\$	3,675 11,962,135 10,137,341 22,103,151	\$	3,675 8,883,643 14,536,531 23,423,849
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Amortization of landfill closure costs Other revenues Changes in assets and liabilities which increase	\$ 621,190 719,319 —	\$	3,334,366 3,488,989 1,242,346 —	\$ (2,093,771) 2,222,615 — 11,119	\$	1,861,785 6,430,923 1,242,346 11,119	\$	1,783,007 6,005,388 1,125,732 10,223
(decrease) cash: Accounts receivable Prepaid items and deposits Notes receivable Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities Deferred revenue and deposits Compensated absences payable	 4,354 286 — (4,649) 10,232 (2,487) 12,779		30,761 708 — (179,626) (65,080) — 59,419	 (1,581) 2,327 7,020 (6,955) (11,406) (13,868) (5,591)		33,534 3,321 7,020 (191,230) (66,254) (16,355) 66,607		(296,245) (34) 1,024 309,454 385,222 (7,525) 35,481
Total cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,361,024	\$	7,911,883	\$ 109,909	\$	9,382,816	\$	9,351,727
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital purchases on account Contributed capital and equipment Deferred refunding loss	\$ 	\$	9,283 	\$ 483,783 7,272,716	\$	493,066 7,272,716 —	\$	259,975 4,494,210 753
	\$ 	\$	9,283	\$ 7,756,499	_\$	7,765,782	\$_	4,754,938

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Three **Risk Management Funds** account for money received from other Municipal funds to pay for the costs of self-insurance claims in the following categories:

- General liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation
- Medical/Dental
- Unemployment compensation

The **Equipment Maintenance Fund** accounts for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles.

The Information Technology Fund accounts for management information services.

Combining Statement of Net Assets

Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2009)

	Risk Management							
Assets	Co	General Liability/ Workers' ompensation		Medical/ Dental		employment mpensation	Equipment Maintenance	
Current assets:								
Cash in central treasury Master lease agreement escrow	\$	13,598,343 —	\$	2,776,286 —	\$	1,031,099 —	\$	10,009,866
Due from other funds Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		1,018,376 —		— 196,851				— — 355,575
Inventories Prepaid items and deposits Restricted assets:		344,147				_		
Capital acquisition and construction accounts								
Total current assets		14,960,866		2,973,137		1,031,099		10,365,441
Noncurrent assets: Advances to other funds Capital assets, net		1,609,933						 23,452,531
Total noncurrent assets		1,609,933						23,452,531
Total assets	\$	16,570,799	\$	2,973,137	\$	1,031,099	\$	33,817,972
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and retainages Accrued payroll liabilities	\$	304,408 4,716	\$	59,968 97	\$	_	\$	233,999 186,394
Claims payable Compensated absences payable		9,598,290 5,883		1,005,362 1,849		169,316 —		247,082
Due to other funds Claims incurred but not reported		2,001,929		 5,581,116		_		855,565 —
Accrued interest payable								
Long term obligations maturing within one year Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable								1,097,917
Total current liabilities		11,915,226		6,648,392		169,316		2,620,957
Noncurrent liabilities:	***************************************	11,3010,220		0,010,002		100,010		2,020,001
Advances from other funds Deferred revenue and deposits						_		_
Capital leases payable				-				<u> </u>
Claims incurred but not reported		4,684,326						_
Compensated absences payable		4,472						19,999
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,688,798						19,999
Total liabilities		16,604,024		6,648,392		169,316	*********	2,640,956
Net assets (deficit): Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		— (33,225)		— (3,675,255)		 861,783		23,452,531 7,724,485
Total net assets		(33,225)		(3,675,255)		861,783		31,177,016
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	16,570,799	\$	2,973,137	\$	1,031,099	\$	33,817,972

		Total Internal Service Funds						
	nformation Technology	D	ecember 31, 2010	D	ecember 31, 2009			
\$	_	\$	27,415,594	\$	33,046,626			
	675,239		675,239		759,080			
			1,018,376		1,266,752			
			196,851		383,478			
	141,935		355,575 486,082		567,984			
	111,000		100,002		00.,001			
	3,814,739		3,814,739		3,994,630			
	4,631,913		33,962,456		40,018,550			
			1 600 022		2 115 426			
	— 5 825 477		1,609,933 29,278,008		2,115,426 29,229,251			
	5,825,477							
_	5,825,477	_	30,887,941	_	31,344,677			
<u>\$</u>	10,457,390	<u>\$</u>	64,850,397	\$	71,363,227			
\$	138,666	\$	737,041	\$	1,052,202			
Ψ	338,271	Ψ	529,478	Ψ	533,841			
			10,772,968		9,470,516			
	612,408		867,222		821,638			
	4,845,219		5,700,784		5,379,919			
			7,583,045		8,396,732			
	21,326		21,326					
	925,302		925,302		773,671			
	3,250		1,101,167	_	338,173			
	6,884,442		28,238,333		26,766,692			
	1 007 050		1 007 050		2 115 426			
	1,097,050 258,288		1,097,050 258,288		2,115,426 383,316			
	1,732,432		1,732,432		1,638,121			
			4,684,326		5,574,375			
	73,918		98,389		221,824			
	3,161,688		7,870,485		9,933,062			
	10,046,130		36,108,818		36,699,754			
	· -							
	4,867,056		28,319,587		27,429,911			
	(4,455,796)		421,992		7,233,562			
_	411,260		28,741,579		34,663,473			
<u>\$</u>	10,457,390	<u>\$</u>	64,850,397	<u>\$</u>	71,363,227			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Internal Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

	General Liability/ Workers' Compensation	Medical/ Dental	Unemployment Compensation	Equipment Maintenance
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services Other	\$ 10,468,753 7,573	\$ 42,686,666 —	\$ 431,860 	\$ 11,363,022 —
Total operating revenues	10,476,326	42,686,666	431,860	11,363,022
Operating expenses: Operations Depreciation and amortization	11,361,343	49,221,175 	740,907	6,979,564 3,913,975
Total operating expenses	11,361,343	49,221,175	740,907	10,893,539
Operating income (loss)	(885,017)	(6,534,509)	(309,047)	469,483
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income (loss) Other revenues Interest expense Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	468,016 — — —	260,341 — — —	37,107 — — —	247,622 131,951 — 311,474
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	468,016	260,341	37,107	691,047
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(417,001)	(6,274,168)	(271,940)	1,160,530
Capital contributions Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		244,000		15,847 17,550
Change in net assets	(417,001)	(6,030,168)	(271,940)	1,193,927
Total net assets – beginning	383,776	2,354,913	1,133,723	29,983,089
Total net assets – ending	\$ (33,225)	\$ (3,675,255)	\$ 861,783	\$ 31,177,016

I	nformation	Total Internal Service Funds				
	Technology		2010		2009	
\$	16,115,730	\$	\$ 81,066,031 7,573		83,877,678	
	16,115,730		81,073,604		83,877,678	
	13,814,100		82,117,089		82,022,046	
	2,557,896		6,471,871		6,799,799	
	16,371,996		88,588,960		88,821,845	
	(256,266)		(7,515,356)		(4,944,167)	
	(30,817) 6,802 (189,187) (8,170)		982,269 138,753 (189,187) 303,304		1,990,803 259,109 (252,606) 261,324	
	(221,372)		1,235,139		2,258,630	
	(477,638) 5,926		(6,280,217) 21,773		(2,685,537) 443,292	
	75,000		336,550		(106 433)	
					(106,433)	
	(396,712)		(5,921,894)		(2,348,678)	
	807,972		34,663,473		37,012,151	
\$	411,260	\$	28,741,579	\$	34,663,473	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

	Risk Management							
	C	General Liability/ Workers' ompensation		Medical/ Dental	Un	employment empensation		Equipment Naintenance
Cash flows from operating activities:		o,,,po,,,out.,o.,		Politai		ompenoacion.		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$	10,476,326 (116,217)	\$	42,686,666 (280,223) (49,933,645)	\$	431,860 — (701,661)	\$	11,494,973 (3,975,521)
Net cash provided (used) by operating		(11,073,170)			_			(3,002,330)
activities Cash flows from page pital and soluted financing	_	(713,061)	_	(7,527,202)		(269,801)	_	4,517,122
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:								
Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds		_		244.000				
Loan proceeds from interfund loans		1,266,752		244,000		_		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_
Advance to other funds		(512,882)	_					
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities	_	753,870		244,000				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations		_		_				_
Interest payments on long-term obligations		_				_		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		_		_		(4,419,872)
Transfers from other funds Due to other funds		_				_		17,550 395,523
Principal payments on interfund loans				_				
Interest payments on interfund loans		_		-		_		_
Proceeds from issuance of debt Proceeds from sales of capital assets		_		_		_		357,754
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities								(3,649,045)
Cash flows from investing activities:					_			(0,010,010)
Investment income (loss)		468,016		260,340		37,107		247,622
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		468,016		260,340		37,107		247,622
Net increase (decrease) in cash		508,825		(7,022,862)		(232,694)		1,115,699
Cash, beginning of year		13,089,518		9,799,148		1,263,793		8,894,167
Cash, end of year	\$	13,598,343	\$	2,776,286	\$	1,031,099	\$_	10,009,866
Cash in central treasury Capital acquisition and construction accounts	\$	13,598,343	\$	2,776,286 ———	\$	1,031,099	\$	10,009,866
Cash, December 31	\$	13,598,343	<u>\$</u>	2,776,286	\$	1,031,099	\$	10,009,866
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	(885,017)	\$	(6,534,509)	\$	(309,047)	\$	469,483
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		_		_		_		3,913,975
Other revenues Changes in assets and liabilities which increase (decrease) cash;		_		_		_		131,951
Accounts receivable				(196,851)		_		
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,372		(10,121)		_		22,294
Prepaid items and deposits Inventories		41,208		_		_		27,901
Accounts payable and retainages		33,587		(113,573)		39,246		(63,958)
Deferred revenue and deposits				_				
Claims payable Compensated absences payable		91,739 4,050		(662,339) (9,809)		_		 15,476
Total cash provided (used) by operating activitie	es_\$_	(713,061)	\$	(7,527,202)	\$	(269,801)	\$	4,517,122
Noncash investing capital and financing activities								
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital purchases on account		-		_		-		1,097,917
Contributed capital and equipment	_				<u> </u>			15,847
	\$		\$		\$		<u> </u>	1,113,764

ı	nformation		Total Internal	Sen	ice Funds
1	echnology	_	2010		2009
\$	16,122,532	\$	81,212,357	\$	84,093,234
	(7,889,198)		(12,261,159)		(13,134,349)
	(6,155,857)		(70,866,663)		(66,337,270)
	2,077,477		(1,915,465)		4,621,615
					(106,433)
	_		244,000		_
	_		1,266,752		1,626,253
	173,718		173,718		3,653,125
_			(512,882)		
	470.748		4 474 500		E 470 04E
	173,718		1,171,588		5,172,945
	(773 674)		/773 E741		(734 040)
	(773,671)		(773,671)		(731,940)
	(93,469) (1.286.598)		(93,469) (5,706,470)		(128,171)
	(1,286,598)		(5,706,470) 92,550		(6,165,630)
	75,000		395,523		460,042
	— (1,266,752)		(1,266,752)		(1,626,253)
	(74,392)		(74,392)		(124,435)
	1,019,613		1,019,613		712 514
-		_	357,754		712,514
	(2,400,269)		(6,049,314)		(7,603,873)
_	(30,817)		982,268		1,990,669
	(30,817)		982,268		1,990,669
	(179,891)		(5,810,923)		4,181,356
	3,994,630		37,041,256		32,859,900
\$	3,814,739	\$	31,230,333	\$	37,041,256
		<u></u>		-	3.1312
\$		\$	27,415,594	\$	33,046,626
-	3,814,739	·	3,814,739	•	3,994,630
\$	3,814,739	\$	31,230,333	\$	37,041,256
\$	(256,266)	\$	(7,515,356)	\$	(4,944,167)
	2,557,896		6,471,871		6,799,799
	6,802		138,753		259,024
			(106 051)		
	(17 000)		(196,851)		7 744
	(17,908)		(4,363)		7,744
	40,694		81,902		41,405
	(41 147)		27,901		(21,786)
	(41,147)		(145,845)		(219,599)
	(125,028)		(125,028)		(222,030)
	(87,566)		(570,600) (77,849)		2,984,999
\$	2,077,477	\$	(77,849) (1,915,465)	\$	(63,774) 4,621,615
	2,011,777	Ψ	1,10,10,100)	*	1,021,010
\$	3,250 5,926 9,176	<u>\$</u>	1,101,167 21,773 1,122,940	\$	338,173 443,292 781,465

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The **Police/Fire Retirement Trust Funds** account for the contributions, revenues, expenses and distributions of the three Municipal Police and Fire Retirement Plans.

The **Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund** accounts for contributions and distributions on behalf of the Police and Fire retirees who are eligible for the plan covered by the Trust.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2010

(With financial information at December 31, 2009)

			Po	lice/Fire Retire	mer	t Trust Funds		
		Police/Fire		Police/Fire		Police/Fire		
		Retirement		Retirement		Retirement		
Assets	S	ystem Plan I	S	ystem Plan II	S	ystem Plan III		Total
Cash in central treasury Cash, cash equivalents held	\$	34,034	\$	24,116	\$	78,642	\$	136,792
under securities lending program Investments, at fair value:		4,917,303		3,534,375		11,825,861		20,277,539
Cash & money market funds		853,290		613,243		2,052,290		3,518,823
Fixed income funds		_				 .		
U.S. treasuries		3,115,115		2,238,772		7,492,313		12,846,200
U.S. agencies				_		_		_
Corporate fixed income securities		8,126,955		5,840,683		19,546,531		33,514,169
Asset-backed securities		6,443,967		4,631,153		15,498,695		26,573,815
Fixed income funds		1,642,238		1,180,244		3,949,826		6,772,308
Foreign government debt securitie	S	_						
Structured securities				_				
Domestic equity securities		35,253,907		25,336,290	84,790,862			145,381,059
International equity securities		14,504,942		10,424,417		34,886,532		59,815,891
Real estate funds		8,470,775		6,087,780		20,373,469		34,932,024
Total investments		78,411,189		56,352,582		188,590,518		323,354,289
Capital assets, net		3,254		2,306	_	7,518		13,078
Total assets		83,365,780	\$	59,913,379	\$	200,502,539	\$	343,781,698
Liabilities							_	
Accounts payable Payable under securities	\$	20,954	\$	14,848	\$	48,418	\$	84,220
lending program		4,917,303		3,534,375		11,825,862		20,277,540
Total liabilities	\$	4,938,257	\$	3,549,223	\$	11,874,280	\$	20,361,760
Net Assets							_	
Held in trust for:								
Employees' pension benefits	\$	78,427,523	\$	56,364,156	\$	188,628,259	\$	323,419,938
Employees' postemployment								
healthcare benefits								
Total net assets	\$	78,427,523	\$	56,364,156	\$	188,628,259	\$	323,419,938

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Retiree Medical December 31, December 3 Trust Fund 2010 2009 \$ 2,302 \$ 139,094 \$ 26,4	72 72
Trust Fund 2010 2009	72 72
	72
\$ 2,302 \$ 139,094 \$ 26,4	72
— 20,277,539 26,432,3	36
7,830,003 11,348,826 15,367,3	
1,332,461 1,332,461 1,235,5	90
12,846,200 13,845,4	30
<u> </u>	36
— 33,514,169 19,956,3	63
 26,573,815	_
 6,772,308	_
	40
	96
2,037,587 147,418,646 136,526,0	46
1,183,382 60,999,273 54,053,8	89
<u> </u>	40
12,383,433 335,737,722 311,126,5	66_
13,078 3,9	50
\$ 12,385,735 \$ 356,167,433 \$ 337,589,3	60
\$ — \$ 84,220 \$ 122,4	50
	72
\$ \$ 20,361,760 \$ 26,554,8	22_
\$	63
12,385,735 12,385,735 11,122,9	75
\$ 12,385,735	38

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2010

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2009)

Police/Fire Retirement Pension Trust Funds Police/Fire Police/Fire Police/Fire Retirement Retirement Retirement System Plan I System Plan II System Plan III **Total** Additions: 11,993,000 2,735,000 \$ 2,162,000 7,096,000 Contributions from other funds 406,395 372,965 Contributions from employees 7,340 26,090 2,767,979 4,783,023 1,176,177 838,867 Interest 979,055 Dividends 240,327 171,571 567,157 Net increase in fair 36,035,380 value of investments 8,770,880 6,290,435 20,974,065 (1,355,130)(784, 198)Less investment expense (333,255)(237,677)Total additions 30,993,968 52,841,723 12,596,469 9,251,286 Deductions: 5,636,918 14,340,717 28,557,202 Regular benefit payments 8,579,567 776,146 Administrative expenses 191,130 135,567 449,449 29,333,348 Total deductions 8,770,697 5,772,485 14,790,166 Change in net assets 3,825,772 3,478,801 16,203,802 23,508,375 299,911,563 Net assets - beginning 74,601,751 52,885,355 172,424,457 323,419,938 Net assets - ending 78,427,523 56,364,156 188,628,259 \$

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Police/Fire		Total Fiduo	iary	Funds
 Retiree Medical Trust Fund	D	ecember 31, 2010	D	ecember 31, 2009
\$ 2,673,889 —	\$	14,666,889 406,395	\$	2,514,661 —
43		4,783,066		5,543,547
137,110		1,116,165		1,598,418
396,977 —		36,432,357 (1,355,130)	•	46,181,448 (1,263,330)
 3,208,019		56,049,742		54,574,744
1,903,341 41,918		30,460,543 818,064		29,716,382 871,627
 1,945,259		31,278,607		30,588,009
1,262,760		24,771,135		23,986,735
 11,122,975		311,034,538		287,047,803
\$ 12,385,735	\$	335,805,673	\$	311,034,538

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The **Financial Trend Data** presented in Tables 1-6 is provided to help understand and assess how our financial position has changed over the past five years.

The **Revenue Capacity Data** presented in Tables 7-12 is provided to help understand and assess our ability to generate own-source revenues, such as property taxes.

The **Debt Capacity Data** presented in Tables 13-17 is provided to help understand and assess our debt burden and ability to issue additional debt in the future.

The **Demographic and Economic Information** presented in Tables 18-19 is provided to help understand our demographic and economic environment and facilitate comparisons of financial statement information over time.

The **Operating Information** presented in Tables 20-21 is provided to help understand our operations and resources as well as provide a context for understanding and assessing our economic condition.

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Net Assets By Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year				
		As Restated	As Restated	As Restated					
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Governmental activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of		# 0 000 000 4 7 0	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* • * • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		40.405.070.700	A. 170 151 515	* 0 404 880 000	# O FO1 OO1 110
related debt	\$ 2,690,946,874	\$2,689,939,470	\$2,620,279,025	\$ 2,549,539,076	\$2,537,136,632	\$2,485,270,733	\$2,472,454,545	\$ 2,491,806,336	\$ 2,524,921,113
Restricted	175,099,975	165,637,114	168,742,562	259,806,239	241,714,127	212,619,180	214,684,422	210,664,439	186,928,803
Unrestricted	58,377,890	18,194,337	35,463,284	(103,725,438)	(77,746,279)	(84,043,560)	(87,866,060)	(100,957,081)	(75,930,173)
Total governmental activities	# 0 004 404 7 00	£ 0 070 770 004	£0.004.404.0 7 4	E 0 705 040 077	CO 704 404 400	# 0 C40 04C 0E0	£0.500.070.007	£ 0.004 E40.004	¢ 0.605.040.740
net assets	\$2,924,424,739	\$2,873,770,921	\$2,824,484,871	\$ 2,705,619,877	\$2,701,104,480	\$2,613,846,353	\$2,599,272,907	\$ 2,601,513,694	\$ 2,635,919,743
Business-type activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 453,327,512	\$ 419,148,666	\$ 430,705,921	\$ 397,162,624	¢ 200 614 000	\$ 318,829,727	\$ 257,844,237	\$ 277,360,904	\$ 234,298,478
Restricted	166,914,727	\$ 419,148,666 136.376.232	113,883,731	\$ 397,162,624 101,772,016	\$ 388,614,000 105,727,434	103,454,088	\$ 257,844,237 98,379,013	67,696,691	58,145,668
Unrestricted	76,809,449	80,917,057	61,571,494	54,823,246	50,592,777	88,048,950	101,389,544	74,793,074	103,192,210
	70,009,449	00,317,007	01,571,434	34,023,240	30,332,111	00,040,900	101,505,544	14,130,014	100,102,210
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 697,051,688	\$ 636,441,955	\$ 606,161,146	\$ 553,757,886	\$ 544,934,211	\$ 510,332,765	\$ 457,612,794	\$ 419,850,669	\$ 395,636,356
nei asseis	\$ 697,001,000	\$ 030,441,833	\$ 606,161,146	\$ 333,737,660	\$ 544,934,211	φ 510,332,703	\$ 457,012,794	\$ 419,000,009	\$ 393,030,330
Total subsequent accompany									
Total primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of									
related debt	\$3,144,274,386	\$3,109,088,136	\$3,050,984,946	\$ 2,946,701,700	\$2,925,750,632	\$2,804,100,460	\$2,730,298,782	\$ 2,769,167,240	\$ 2,759,219,591
Restricted	342.014.702	302,013,346	282,626,293	361,578,255	347,441,561	316,073,268	313,063,435	278,361,130	245,074,471
Unrestricted	135,187,339	99,111,394	97,034,778	(48,902,192)	(27,153,502)	4,005,390	13,523,484	(26,164,007)	27,262,037
Total primary government					,,				
net assets	\$3,621,476,427	\$3,510,212,876	\$3,430,646,017	\$ 3,259,377,763	\$3,246,038,691	\$3,124,179,118	\$3,056,885,701	\$ 3,021,364,363	\$ 3,031,556,099

Notes: In 2007, Anchorage Community Development Authority (ACDA) and Alaska Center for the Performing Arts (ACPA) were reclassified from blended component units to discretely presented component units.

As a result, the ACDA and ACPA net assets will not be included as part of the totals for 2007 and subsequent years.

In 2007, the Cooperative Services Authority was reclassified from a discretely presented component unit to a

 $Net \ assets \ for \ 2007 \ Business-type \ activities \ have \ been \ restated \ for \ a \ prior \ period \ adjustment \ to \ the \ Port. \ \ Refer \ to \ Note \ 6.$

This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA Change in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	As Restated 2010	As Restated 2009	As Restated 2008	As Restated 2007	Fiscal Year 2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Expenses:									
General activities:	\$ 22.466.640	\$ 29 050 467	\$ 26 337 901	\$ AD A62 811	\$ 44.44.290	4 33 140 630	\$ 28.412.366	\$ 32 474 404	30 514 675
Fire services									
Police services	107,677,900	104,474,503	102,916,651	87,247,323	52,291,313	98,669,291	69,371,463	61,282,774	67,287,822
Health and human services	26,632,684	27,082,391	26,458,471	25,972,527	25,045,197	31,155,930	24,312,243	30,287,357	36,166,795
Cultural and recreation services	1 0		. ;				,	33,140,965	33,684,423
Economic & community development	78,941,612	82,988,652	76,303,695	70,057,933	62,090,686	47,652,399	46,849,814	- 000	1 0 770
Public works	56.127.232	107,527,253	78.337.320	80.368.055	24,039,663 92,686,550	60 434 830	37.096.194	17,511,333	17,611,047 22,743,616
Education	235,125,354	231,378,123	212,266,737	200,028,978	184,566,884	170,393,368	154,278,770	144,095,089	142,419,697
Maintenance and operations									
of roads and facilities	35,241,475	33,758,467	35,404,978	30,325,886	32,036,221	27,657,703	26,663,041	27,312,986	25,221,296
Interest on long-term debt	28,201,071	29,600,473	29,822,096	29,613,108	29,723,363	21,568,745	19,944,303	20,075,030	19,411,686
Total governmental activities expenses	709,492,121	760,831,764	699,389,837	663,877,339	586,713,280	594,361,845	482,420,435	599,275,425	457,818,946
Business-type activities:									
Water	38,759,459	38,484,886	39,388,902	36,269,883	37,215,822	35,840,802	31,739,512	27,353,319	27,144,704
Wastewater	32,916,342	30,491,470	31,803,895	28,457,829	28,187,998	26,702,698	24,452,663	21,222,484	20,128,260
Electric	122,331,031	105,530,769	90,760,462	78,901,165	99,850,090	101,351,360	93,047,721	83,461,874	77,971,266
Port	10,518,074	11,105,399	11,533,424	10,710,625	10,076,243	9,676,376	8,165,915	7,394,998	6,939,378
Municipal airport	3,325,730	3,279,054	3,229,657	2,980,806	2,983,778	2,569,643	2,152,012	2,040,292	2,191,356
Solid waste	16,177,197	16,326,313	15,555,914	17,261,224	14,250,955	13,613,706	13,086,817	12,883,742	14,096,344
Refuse Connective Services Authority	8,176,402	1,816,227	1,367,979	6,548,379	6,304,451	5,938,896	5,902,024	5,669,170	5,710,857
Appharage Community Development Authority			0.00,416,1	01 6'667'1	6 522 482	- 304 643	734 366	4 640 650	310 010 1
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts				. ,	1.986.912	1 934 907	1 726 324	1 793 186	1 705 129
Total business-type expenses	232 204 235	213 034 112	200 954 736	182 385 229	202,000,000	202 933 031	185 206 564	166 438 724	160 130 640
Total primary government expenses	\$ 941,696,356	\$ 973,865,876	\$ 900,344,573	\$ 846,262,568	\$ 794,102,712	\$ 797,294,876	\$ 667,626,999	\$ 765,714,149	\$ 617,949,586
Program revenues: (see also Table 3)									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:		07.0				007			
General government	7 404 564	5 6,519,429	\$ 8,176,803	\$ 13,310,411	3 17,450,777	\$ 11,525,168	\$ 14,016,015	\$ 11,628,477	5 7,004,896
Police services	18 521 825	17 866 612	18 649 891	91 147 627	12 194 471	12 707 148	9,000,912	9,027,036	7 944 839
Health and himan services	3 680 732	3 748 435	3,669,266	3 715 052	3 787 127	4 334 673	3,781,694	3,572,320	3 571 237
Fronomic & community development	5 875 611	5,875,077	5.406,449	7,666,960	7.555.914	6.278.744	5.817.018	3,000,320	3.021.068
Public transportation	4,659,923	4,435,263	4,545,387	3,987,108	3,941,306	3,250,901	3.002.525	2.494,514	2.427.133
Public works	8,669,482	9,202,667	8,256,833	15,136,381	16,911,964	30,394,761	10,332,321	11,430,058	14,899,123
Maintenance and operations									
of roads and facilities	191,534	319,034	202,171	744,928	1,418,615	1,553,757	1,906,892	1,890,571	2,290,926
Total charges for services revenues	56,750,351	55,518,183	57,770,833	73,976,441	70,933,148	76,681,737	54,296,556	48,495,723	46,155,906
Operating grants and contributions	47,876,617	64,619,647	47,769,996	34,531,461	53,470,466	29,048,223	25,158,092	44,299,109	59,264,178
Capital grants and contributions	66,986,287	108,286,565	68,209,477	61,844,863	48,274,799	18,358,385	12,275,783	11,714,829	11,045,522
Total governmental activities program reven	171,613,255	228,424,395	173,750,306	170,352,765	172,678,413	124,088,345	91,730,431	104,509,661	116,465,606
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services	260,970,568	245,176,485	227,754,831	215,858,228	231,062,446	225,779,021	206,386,340	179,533,964	163,113,176
Operating grants and contributions	108,584	108,584	1,615,050	1,600,351	975,495	, 1	407,337	152,806	3,043,512
Capital grants and contributions	47,442,806	14,581,877	39,135,924	5,666,752	7,555,178	4,137,718	2,303,543	3,897,033	11,672,890
Total business-type activities revenues		259,866,946	268,505,805	223,125,331	239,593,119	229,916,739	209,097,220	183,583,803	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 480,135,213	\$ 488,291,341	\$ 442,256,111	\$ 393,478,096	\$ 412,271,532	\$ 354,005,084	\$ 300,827,651	\$ 288,093,464	\$ 294,295,184
Net (Expense)/Revenue									
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (537,878,866)	\$ (532,407,369) 46,832,834	\$ (525,639,531) 67,551,069	\$ (493,524,574) 40.740.102	\$ (414,034,867)	\$ (470,273,500)	\$ (390,690,004) 23,890,656	\$ (494,765,764)	\$ (341,353,340) 17,698,938
Total primary government net expense	\$ (461,561,143)	\$ (485,574,535)	\$ (458,088,462)	\$ (452,784,472)	\$ (381,831,180)	\$ (443,289,792)	\$ (366,799,348)	\$ (477,620,685)	\$ (323,654,402)

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA Change in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year				
	As Restated 2010	As Restated 2009	As Restated 2008	As Restated 2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
General revenues and other									
changes in net assets:									
Governmental activities;									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$479,409,921	\$461,906,542	\$435,202,824	\$381,995,766	\$392,314,240	\$362,963,283	\$333,690,024	\$311,917,530	\$292,396,169
Motor vehicle taxes	9,512,490	9,078,006	10,535,938	10,291,028	10,021,797	9,962,376	10,131,578	9,617,492	10,123,166
Hotel and motel taxes	19,604,118	17,846,829	22,173,862	20,209,303	19,093,196	11,933,792	11,680,274	10,287,972	11,007,248
Tobacco taxes	17,334,746	16,581,627	16,658,407	16,560,416	17,676,774	14,060,448	8,631,780	4,734,327	5,349,091
Assessments in lieu of taxes	2,284,762	2,324,750	2,086,576	1,775,622	16,200,594	14,933,858	9,181,929	6,608,739	6,570,767
Grants and entitlements not restricted									
to specific programs	15,053,452	15,018,748	15,112,751	13,536,127	•	1	•	1	t
Investment earnings (loss)	20,838,767	35,064,547	(47,269,808)	33,098,513	39,161,900	15,590,837	18,162,086	30,409,566	(5,065,814)
Other	•	1,252,159	•	1	•	•	(3,494,292)	858,959	1,363,556
Transfers	24,494,428	22,620,211	21,042,141	20,573,196	6,824,493	598,704	465,838	1,603,773	(495,778)
Special item - NPO/OPEB write-off	•	•	22,986,984	•	•		,	•	•
Retroactive infrastructure capitalization	•	1	1	•	•	54,803,648	•	84,321,357	
Total governmental activities	588,532,684	581,693,419	498,529,675	498,039,971	501,292,994	484,846,946	388,449,217	460,359,715	321,248,405
Business true activities.									
Landings - type activities.	071	007	10000	300 000	000	000	777 020 0	400	0 0 40 470
Investment earnings	8,457,540	9,288,490	1,790,087,1	12,399,226	707,777,8	202,505,0	2,270,444	1,934,832	3,843,173
Other		(95,304)	•		1	1	109,211	43,121	178,460
Regulatory adjustment	•	•	•	•	٠	19,852,555	11,951,652	6,695,054	(5,968,283)
Special item - NPO/OPEB write-off	r	•	4,097,662	ą.	i	Ā	•	ů.	1
Transfers	(24,165,530)	(25,745,211)	(21,042,141)	(20,573,196)	(6,824,493)	(598,704)	(465,838)	(1,603,773)	495,778
Total business-type activities	(15,707,990)	(16,552,025)	(15,147,808)	(8,173,970)	2,397,759	25,759,053	13,871,469	7,069,234	(1,450,872)
Total primary government	\$572,824,694	\$565,141,394	\$483,381,867	\$489,866,001	\$ 503,690,753	\$510,605,999	\$402,320,686	\$467,428,949	\$319,797,533
Change in net assets:									
Governmental activities	\$ 50,653,818	\$ 49,286,050	\$ (27,109,856)	\$ 4,515,397	\$ 87,258,127	\$ 14,573,446	\$ (2,240,787)	\$ (34,406,049)	\$ (20,104,935)
Business-type activities	60,609,733	30,280,809	52,403,261	32,566,132	34,601,446	52,742,761	37,762,125	24,214,313	16,248,066
Total primary government	\$111,263,551	\$ 79,566,859	\$ 25,293,405	\$ 37,081,529	\$121,859,573	\$ 67,316,207	\$ 35,521,338	\$ (10,191,736)	\$ (3,856,869)

Notes: In 2004, the Cooperative Services Authority (CSA) was established as a fund and function of Anchorage. In 2005 it was classified as a discreet component unit. In 2008 CSA was dissolved.

In 2004, the Cultural and Recreation Services Department was combined with the Economic and Community Development Department.

In 2007, Alaska Community Development Authority (ACDA) and Alaska Center for the Performing Arts (ACPA) were reclassified from blended component units to discretely presented component units.

As a result, the ACDA and ACPA expenses, revenues, and net assets will not be included as part of totals for 2007 and subsequent years.

In 2007, the Cooperative Services Authority was reclassified from a discretely presented component unit to a blended component unit.

This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Charges for Services by Function/Program
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

As Restated

Notes: In 2007, the Anchorage Community Development Authority and the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts were reclassified from blended component units to discretely presented component units.

In 2007, the Cooperative Services Authority was reclassified from a discretely presented component unit to a blended component unit.

In 2008, the Cooperative Services Authority was dissolved.

This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

In 2002, the Municipality adopted a fund balance designation policy to support the municipal bond rating. This designation is 8.25% of prior year revenues.

In 2003, the Municipality adopted a fund balance designation policy to mitigate the risk of funding shorffalls, stabilize tax rates, and to facilitate long-range planning. The "emergency operations designation" is within a range of 2% to 3% of prior year revenues and is calculated after the 8.25% bond rating designation.

This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year				
	2010	As Restated 2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:								-	
Taxes	\$ 527,757,094	\$ 506,700,676	\$ 486,293,914	\$ 429.372.924	\$ 455.172.329	\$ 398.135.665	\$372,606,202	\$ 344 146 857	\$ 324 217 752
Special assessments	1,559,801	1.080,120	1,159,628	1,250,564	1,287,799	1,717,412	1,650,613	1.297.844	1.284.172
Licenses and permits	9.727.381	11.137.072	10.950.551	12,288,396	13 840 537	13 012 040	12 624 998	11 568 910	10 743 088
Intergovernmental	121,565,389	172.943.841	124,425,213	102 611 734	82 592 145	49.406.608	37 433 876	56 013 938	69 971 256
Charges for services	35,151,606	31,898,045	34,112,140	31 845 148	35 348 493	41 918 152	24 776 906	22 283 909	21 797 570
Fines and forfeitures	7.761,674	8,372,541	8.996.470	10,043,220	5,678,880	9.098.207	6.957.579	6.088.988	5.235.801
Investment income	19 923 545	33 133 010	(47 288 530)	31 072 851	27 853 203	12 455 565	14 727 452	26 015 807	(8 256 977)
Destricted contributions	1 852 653	746.104	2 326 186	1 855 080	1 202,000	705,000	1 204 225	50,010,007	(6,230,377)
Other	5.095.912	5 140 839	4 802 460	5 004 863	5 440 632	3 457 580	3.261.388	3 690 183	3 912 262
Total revenues	730,395,055	771,152,338	626,778,032	625,345,689	638,417,060	529,686,478	475,333,349	472,058,886	429,165,454

Expenditures:									
General government	17,931,545	21,529,868	25,049,556	25,927,198	25,864,299	17,373,936	16,514,722	22,961,766	31,171,319
Fire services	83,670,491	76,265,286	76,322,626	69,692,211	63,512,191	58,252,110	50,902,167	45,955,347	44,726,659
Police services	102,926,771	99,974,274	101,537,582	90,424,063	82,191,066	74,316,323	66,316,356	60,157,670	57,980,046
Health and human services	25,144,569	26,589,623	25,953,139	25,043,484	24,360,212	26,190,221	23,765,640	29,841,949	35,628,099
Cultural and recreation services			•	•	1	•	•	23,836,321	23,692,791
Economic and community development	63,627,692	62,988,984	61,635,730	54,158,211	53,881,037	44,120,594	37,949,866		,
Public transportation	21,556,120	22,220,628	24,625,761	21,512,366	20,644,987	19,819,015	18,002,811	15,350,897	14,886,117
Public works	20,934,441	22,822,998	26,436,195	23,556,542	20,456,482	16,774,304	14,987,397	29,832,140	19,887,224
Education	235,125,354	231,378,123	212,266,737	200,028,978	185,077,206	170,393,368	154,278,770	144,095,089	142,419,697
Maintenance and operations									
of roads and facilities	34,484,210	32,752,300	35,830,185	29,719,944	30,028,685	27,206,940	24,357,789	26,892,534	23,844,750
Capital outlay	105,694,920	145,213,610	172,099,343	151,545,463	130,232,159	75,629,256	58,750,450	59,954,574	45,875,719
Debt service									
Principal	20,647,950	30,823,332	30,371,078	29,432,234	34,949,110	30,128,791	27,501,762	25,791,483	24,505,708
	10,100,12	770'000'07	850,892,82	29,342,270	28,000,47 i	19,837,158	19,652,378	19,227,244	220,167,02
Bond issuance costs	497,504		441,158	102,345	2,722,984	1,281,946	843,788	444,379	1,137,292
Total expenditures	759,822,638	801,245,648	821,838,129	750,485,309	701,986,889	581,323,972	513,823,896	504,341,393	486,506,443
Deficiencies of revenues over expenditures	(29,427,583)	(30,093,310)	(195,060,097)	(125,139,620)	(63,569,829)	(51,637,494)	(38,490,547)	(32,282,507)	(57,340,989)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	47,683,059	56,159,016	71,752,640	47,630,377	47,837,359	20,395,441	24,108,152	22,646,876	16,691,306
Transfers out	(23,525,181)	(33,433,469)	(46,779,615)	(27,207,181)	(41,012,866)	(19,996,737)	(25,083,344)	(23,154,015)	(19,307,735)
Contributions to component unit	1	•	1		•	(300,000)	•		ı
Bonds issued	78,610,000		60,000,000	54,630,000	110,920,000	198,895,000	73,840,000	35,000,000	127,100,000
Other long-term debt issues	•	•	•			350,000	5,365,000	•	,
Premium on bonds	945,968	,	788,975	1,681,507	33,142	8,504,209	4,226,536	714,292	6,042,090
Payment to bond escrow agent	(24,047,975)		,	1	1 1	(109,094,800)	(23,087,336)		(75,227,604)
Capital leases			475,000	•	673,553	i	1,146,807	ı	•
roal rioceans	007, 100	. :	000,67		•		•		
Insurance recoveries	, 0	133,334	38,720	22,316	41,915	114,300			- 1
Sale of capital assets	78,627	990,835	1,152,346	1,071,446	4,243,901	870,285	2,149,378	2,926,684	1,363,556
Net other financing sources (uses)	80,271,748	23,849,716	87,128,066	77,828,465	122,737,004	99,737,698	62,665,193	38,133,837	56,661,613
National of find halances	\$ 50 844 165	(F 243 594)	\$1107 932 031)	\$ (47 311 155)	\$ 50 167 175	\$ 48 100 204	\$ 24 174 646	\$ 5 851 330	(976 376)
					•	10,100,101	010,11,1		

Notes: In 2004, the Cultural and Recreation Services Department was combined with the Economic and Community Development Department.

This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

For years 2007 and later, Municipal Utility/Enterprise Service Assessments have been reclassified from tax revenue to transfers in accordance with GAAP.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Debt Service As a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ear			
	2010	2009	2008	2007	<u>2006</u>	2005	2004	<u>2003</u>	2002
Expenditures:									
General government	\$ 17,931,545	\$ 21,529,868	\$ 25,049,556	\$ 25,927,198	\$ 25,864,299	\$ 17,373,936	\$ 16,514,722	\$ 22,961,766	\$ 31,171,319
Fires services	83,670,491	76,265,286	76,322,626	69,692,211	63,512,191	58,252,110	50,902,167	45,955,347	44,726,659
Police services	102,926,771	99,974,274	101,537,582	90,424,063	82,191,066	74,316,323	66,316,356	60,157,670	57,980,046
Health and human services	25,144,569	26,589,623	25,953,139	25,043,484	24,360,212	26,190,221	23,765,640	29,841,949	35,628,099
Cultural and recreation services	•	1	1	•	ı	ŧ	1	23,836,321	23,692,791
Economic and community development	63,627,692	62,988,984	61,635,730	54,158,211	53,881,037	44,120,594	37,949,866	•	•
Public transportation	21,556,120	22,220,628	24,625,761	21,512,366	20,644,987	19,819,015	18,002,811	15,350,897	14,886,117
Public works	20,934,441	22,822,998	26,436,195	23,556,542	20,456,482	16,774,304	14,987,397	29,832,140	19,887,224
Education	235,125,354	231,378,123	212,266,737	200,028,978	185,077,206	170,393,368	154,278,770	144,095,089	142,419,697
Maintenance and operations									
of roads and facilities	34,484,210	32,752,300	35,830,185	29,719,944	30,028,685	27,206,940	24,357,789	26,892,534	23,844,750
Capital outlay	105,694,920	145,213,610	172,099,343	151,545,463	126,763,050	75,629,256	58,750,450	59,954,574	45,875,719
Debt service									
Principal	20,647,950	30,823,332	30,371,078	29,432,234	34,949,110	30,128,791	27,501,762	25,791,483	24,505,708
Interest	27,581,071	28,686,622	29,269,039	29,342,270	28,066,471	19,837,168	19,652,378	19,227,244	20,751,022
Total expenditures	759,325,134	801,245,648	821,396,971	750,382,964	695,794,796	580,042,026	512,980,108	503,897,014	485,369,151
Less:									
Debt service	48,229,021	59,509,954	59,640,117	58,774,504	63,015,581	49,965,959	47,154,140	45,018,727	45,256,730
Amounts capitalized	75,494,226	60,343,117	155,946,242	104,733,796	78,490,668	87,813,000	48,282,000	43,361,000	41,930,000
Total non-capital expenditures	\$ 635,601,887	\$ 681,392,577	\$ 605,810,612	\$ 586,874,664	\$ 554,288,547	\$ 442,263,067	\$ 417,543,968	\$ 415,517,287	\$ 398,182,421
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	7.59%	8.73%	9.84%	10.01%	11.37%	11.30%	11.29%	10.83%	11.37%

Notes: This table is presented from 2002, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34.

In 2004, Cultural and Recreation services were combined with various other activities into Economic and Community Development Department.

Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Real <u>Property</u>	Personal <u>Property</u>	Motor <u>Vehicle</u>	Motor Vehicle <u>Rental</u>	Hotel - <u>Motel</u>	<u>Tobacco</u>	Assessments In Lieu of Taxes & <u>MUSA</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$426,969,356	\$47,371,702	\$ 4,881,941	\$ 4,692,648	\$ 19,530,750	\$ 17,321,934	\$ -	\$ 4,704,001	\$525,472,332
2009	414,139,893	43,437,488	4,700,829	4,357,508	17,763,896	16,550,062	-	3,426,250	504,375,926
2008	393,226,611	37,984,281	5,183,112	5,339,159	22,081,280	16,524,753	-	3,868,142	484,207,338
2007	342,486,565	35,067,327	5,156,698	5,088,735	20,162,405	16,559,744	-	3,075,828	427,597,302
2006	351,930,570	36,852,875	5,283,655	4,756,868	19,021,469	17,662,355	-	3,463,943	438,971,735
2005	324,720,303	34,635,366	5,200,151	4,525,798	11,836,725	14,050,603	-	3,166,719	398,135,665
2004	295,913,480	34,009,541	5,351,524	4,503,742	11,627,259	8,627,333	9,642,123	2,931,200	372,606,202
2003	276,047,056	33,507,415	5,161,320	4,456,172	10,287,972	4,734,327	6,818,520	3,134,075	344,146,857
2002	253,109,459	34,844,763	5,237,900	4,682,406	11,007,248	5,349,091	6,972,333	3,014,552	324,217,752
2001	240,091,214	38,434,176	5,008,303	3,867,013	11,101,361	4,762,237	6,546,100	3,064,359	312,874,763

Notes: Beginning in 2005, local Assessments in Lieu of Taxes and Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA) payments have been removed from the tax category. "Other" consists of aircraft, tax cost recoveries, and penalties and interest.

Use of Property Taxes

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	_	Anchorage School District Property Taxes	Anchorage School District Enrollment	5	operty Tax Support Per Pupil	Municipality of Anchorage Property Taxes	Municipality of Anchorage Population	s	perty Tax upport Citizen	_ <u>P</u>	Total roperty Taxes
2010	\$	233,853,777	48,570	\$	4,815	\$ 240,487,281	291,826	\$	824	\$	474,341,058
2009	\$	225,459,645	49,381	\$	4,566	\$ 232,117,736	290,588	\$	799	\$	457,577,381
2008	\$	212,165,785	48,440	\$	4,380	\$ 219,045,107	284,994	\$	769	\$	431,210,892
2007	\$	198,981,074	48,707	\$	4,085	\$ 178,572,818	283,823	\$	629	\$	377,553,892
2006	\$	184,379,644	49,320	\$	3,738	\$ 204,403,801	282,813	\$	723	\$	388,783,445
2005	\$	170,080,162	49,182	\$	3,458	\$ 189,275,507	278,241	\$	680	\$	359,355,669
2004	\$	153,993,490	49,265	\$	3,126	\$ 175,929,531	277,498	\$	634	\$	329,923,021
2003	\$	144,035,890	49,545	\$	2,907	\$ 165,518,581	274,003	\$	604	\$	309,554,471
2002	\$	139,237,827	50,029	\$	2,783	\$ 148,716,395	269,070	\$	553	\$	287,954,222
2001	\$	131,060,303	48,856	\$	2,683	\$ 147,465,087	264,937	\$	557	\$	278,525,390

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Finance Department; Anchorage School District, Annual Financial Report; and the U.S. Census Bureau.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real				Total Taxable	Areawide
Fiscal	 Residential	 Commercial	 Total	•	Personal	Assessed	Tax
<u>Year</u>	<u>Property</u>	Property	<u>Real</u>		Property	<u>Value</u>	Rate (mils)
2010	\$ 19,538,749,838	\$ 8,982,605,974	\$ 28,521,355,812	\$	2,942,321,080	\$ 31,463,676,892	7.89
2009	19,669,462,275	8,964,468,173	28,633,930,448		2,819,418,266	31,453,348,714	7.67
2008	19,467,058,556	8,706,338,583	28,173,397,139		2,407,424,007	30,580,821,146	7.31
2007	18,938,470,451	7,771,561,687	26,710,032,138		2,559,073,381	29,269,105,519	7.02
2006	17,043,312,074	6,622,078,149	23,665,390,223		2,178,724,534	25,844,114,757	7.59
2005	14,498,860,789	5,682,627,289	20,181,488,078		1,908,057,825	22,089,545,903	8.23
2004	13,802,206,345	5,082,013,558	18,884,219,903		1,843,145,621	20,727,365,524	8.36
2003	12,131,461,007	5,094,240,309	17,225,701,316		1,854,219,932	19,079,921,248	8.87
2002	10,683,301,968	4,539,449,991	15,222,751,959		1,876,558,473	17,099,310,432	9.37
2001	9,467,392,125	4,307,602,373	13,774,994,498		1,885,868,114	15,660,862,612	9.44

Notes: Municipality of Anchorage assesses properties at 100% of estimated actual value.

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Property Appraisal Division.

Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 assessed value)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	2007	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	2004	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>
Areawide:										
General Government	0.45	0.49	0.37	0.23	0.46	0.64	1.10	1.50	1.56	1.24
Schools	7.44	7.18	6.94	6.79	7.13	7.59	7.26	7.37	7.81	8.20
Property Tax Credit	0.00	(0.57)	<u>(0.51)</u>	0.00	0.00	<u>0.00</u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Areawide	<u>7.89</u>	<u>7.10</u>	<u>6.80</u>	<u>7.02</u>	<u>7.59</u>	<u>8.23</u>	<u>8.36</u>	<u>8.87</u>	<u>9.37</u>	<u>9.44</u>
Former City Service Area	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.03
Chugiak Service Area	0.96	0.97	0.99	1.00	0.91	1.00	0.89	0.88	0.99	1.00
Glen Alps Service Area	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.25	2.47	2.76
Girdwood Service Area	3.87	3.83	3.03	4.00	3.97	3.47	3.47	3.39	3.25	3.35
Former Borough Roads and										
Drainage Service Area	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fire Service Area	1.83	1.75	1.77	1.73	1.76	1.97	1.87	1.64	1.68	1.82
Roads and Drainage Service Area	2.13	2.77	2.60	2.59	2.80	2.75	2.90	3.10	2.97	3.61
Limited Service Areas	1.33	1.32	1.30	1.28	1.21	1.31	1.26	0.99	1.29	1.29
Anchorage Metropolitan Police										
Service Area	2.67	2.61	2.56	2.60	2.57	2.71	2.37	2.25	2.39	2.40
Parks and Recreation Service Area	0.66	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.56	0.62	0.68	0.74	0.73	0.72
Building Safety Service Area	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
Eagle River/Chugiak Parks &										
Recreation Service Area	0.91	1.05	1.08	1.11	1.13	1.17	1.18	0.69	0.69	0.70

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Assembly Ordinances.

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2010

	2010	
		Percentage
		of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
ACS of Anchorage Inc.	\$ 245,851,624	0.78%
GCI Communication Corp.	166,704,829	0.53%
Calais Co. Inc.	156,421,413	0.50%
Fred Meyer Stores Inc.	138,860,136	0.44%
Enstar Natural Gas Company	137,963,497	0.44%
BP Exploration (Alaska) Inc.	124,779,506	0.40%
Galen Hospital Alaska Inc.	123,546,182	0.39%
WEC 2000A-Alaska LLC	104,778,620	0.33%
Hickel Investment Co.	100,156,411	0.32%
Anchorage Fueling & Svc. Co.	92,080,176	0.29%
-	\$ 1,391,142,394	4.42%

2001

200	' I		
			Percentage
			of Total
		Assessed	Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>		<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
Alaska Communications	\$	226,090,723	1.44%
AT & T Alascom		119,117,706	0.76%
Hickel Investment Company		90,237,072	0.58%
Federal Express Corporation		80,741,366	0.52%
Galen Hospital Alaska Inc.		79,511,393	0.51%
WEC 2000A-Alaska LLC		77,386,308	0.49%
GCI Communication Corporation		72,249,078	0.46%
Calais Company Inc.		64,782,754	0.41%
B.P. Exploration Alaska Inc.		62,574,067	0.40%
CGF Properties Inc.		57,443,208	0.37%
	\$	930,133,675	5.94%

Notes: Assessed values include both real and personal property.

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Property Appraisal Division.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year of	the Levy	. (Collections	Total Collectio	ns to Date		
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	in	Subsequent		Percentage	С	utstanding
Year	Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy		<u>Years</u>	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy		<u>Balance</u>
2010	\$ 471,148,908	\$ 470,361,847	99.83%	\$	_	\$ 470,361,847	99.83%	\$	787,061
2009	463,732,284	454,799,895	98.07%		6,517,944	461,317,839	99.48%		2,414,445
2008	438,158,786	430,346,262	98.22%		7,250,311	437,596,573	99.87%		562,213
2007	386,615,505	378,829,566	97.99%		7,548,513	386,378,079	99.94%		237,426
2006	398,955,490	389,483,559	97.63%		9,311,867	398,795,426	99.96%		160,064
2005	357,895,662	353,993,904	98.91%		3,898,039	357,891,943	100.00%		3,719
2004	337,190,170	325,033,543	96.39%		12,148,212	337,181,755	100.00%		8,415
2003	315,403,940	311,915,068	98.89%		3,488,067	315,403,135	100.00%		805
2002	299,084,667	298,771,844	99.90%		312,023	299,083,867	100.00%		800
2001	279,861,463	277,508,664	99.16%		2,346,081	279,854,745	100.00%		6,718

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Treasury Division.

Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities										
	General		Special	Certificates		Notes			Total		
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Assessment	of		and		Capital	Governmental		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Bonds (1)	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Participation</u>		<u>Loans</u>		<u>Lease</u>	<u>Activities</u>		
2010	\$ 487,341,763	\$ 148,375,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,535,000	\$	3,642,532	\$ 645,894,295		
2009	448,590,369	152,430,000	-	-		6,719,000		3,143,291	610,882,660		
2008	475,781,420	156,180,000	-	-		6,894,000		4,088,564	642,943,984		
2007	441,657,000	159,175,000	335,000	-		7,060,000		1,558,751	609,785,751		
2006	411,256,115	161,725,000	600,000	-		7,160,000		2,014,682	582,755,797		
2005	440,262,898	53,620,000	630,000	3,360,000		9,255,000		1,565,243	508,693,141		
2004	367,386,459	54,545,000	690,000	6,560,000		5,441,032		1,414,000	436,036,491		
2003	334,678,100	56,610,000	895,000	9,615,000		811,270		-	402,609,370		
2002	320,699,475	58,575,000	1,020,000	12,530,000		1,613,766		-	394,438,241		
2001	281,505,000	60,440,000	1,255,000	16,486,000		630,000		290,013	360,606,013		

		Business-typ	e Activities		Total		Percentage	Total
	General		Special	Notes	Business-	Total	of Personal	Debt to
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Assessment	and	Type	Primary	Income	Population
Year	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Government	(Table 18)	(Table 14)
2010	\$ -	\$ 463,891,471	\$ -	\$ 158,588,588	\$ 622,480,059	\$ 1,268,374,354	8.76%	\$ 4,346
2009	503,673	486,026,173	-	132,016,611	618,546,457	1,229,429,117	8.93%	4,231
2008	970,177	375,390,296	-	114,647,859	491,008,332	1,133,952,316	7.84%	3,979
2007	1,401,428	396,391,269	40,000	98,010,000	495,842,697	1,105,628,448	8.42%	3,895
2006	1,798,224	316,923,801	109,630	84,657,947	403,489,602	986,245,399	7.93%	3,088
2005	8,165,166	334,214,124	186,446	72,107,899	414,673,635	923,366,776	7.99%	3,311
2004	15,997,050	350,440,344	272,363	66,207,324	432,917,081	868,953,572	7.99%	3,131
2003	23,574,244	327,919,068	304,186	52,206,789	404,004,287	806,613,657	7.89%	2,944
2002	30,936,573	343,109,627	397,442	48,256,491	422,700,133	817,138,374	8.21%	3,037
2001	39,340,000	381,980,000	535,000	47,745,796	469,600,796	830,206,809	8.70%	3,134

Notes: Details regarding the Municipality of Anchorage's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Municipality of Anchorage routinely issues debt on an annual basis to finance new construction and refund prior existing debt for lower cost.

This schedule excludes debt related to the Anchorage School District, The Municipality of Anchorage's largest component unit.

(1) Includes CIVICVentures revenue bonds issued in 2006.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ratio of	
					Net	GO Debt to	
			General	Less:	General	Assessed	Net
Fiscal		Assessed	Obligation	Available	Obligation	Value of	GO Debt
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Resources	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Property</u>	Per Capita
2010	291,826	\$ 31,463,676,892	\$ 487,341,763	\$ 1.070,990	\$ 486.270.773	1.55%	\$ 1,666
	•	, , , ,	, , ,		, , ,		
2009	290,588	31,453,348,714	449,094,042	814,460	448,279,582	1.43%	1,543
2008	284,994	30,580,821,146	476,751,597	1,007,077	475,744,520	1.56%	1,669
2007	283,823	29,269,105,519	443,058,428	1,139,219	441,919,209	1.51%	1,557
2006	282,813	25,844,114,757	413,054,339	1,230,134	411,824,205	1.59%	1,456
2005	278,241	22,089,545,903	448,428,064	1,855,430	446,572,634	2.02%	1,605
2004	277,498	20,727,365,524	383,383,509	2,001,815	381,381,694	1.84%	1,374
2003	274,003	19,079,921,248	358,252,344	1,251,452	357,000,892	1.87%	1,303
2002	269,070	17,099,310,432	351,636,048	1,697,550	349,938,498	2.05%	1,301
2001	264,937	15,660,862,612	320,845,000	2,160,030	318,684,970	2.03%	1,203

Notes: This schedule includes all general obligation bonds of the Municipality of Anchorage including both governmental activities and business-type activities.

This schedule excludes the general obligation debt of the Anchorage School District. That debt is reported in Table 15, direct and overlapping debt.

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Treasury Division.

Direct & Overlapping Debt December 31, 2010

	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage <u>Overlap</u>	Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Anchorage School District overlapping debt	743,090,000	100%	\$ 743,090,000
Anchorage's direct debt			 645,894,295
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 1,388,984,295

Notes: Anchorage School District overlapping debt includes general obligation school bonds.

The Municipality of Anchorage's direct debt includes all debt reported for governmental activities (see Table 13).

Percentage of overlap is based on assessed property values.

Source: Debt outstanding balance obtained from Anchorage School District 2010 CAFR.

Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2010

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u>
The Municipality of Anchorage has no legal debt limit mandated by the Municipal Charter, Municipal Code or state law.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Electric Utility													
					et Revenue	Debt Service	Requirement (a	accrual basis)	-				
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue (1)	Ē	Operating expenses (2)		vailable for ebt Service	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total	Coverage (3)				
2010	\$ 134,511,173	\$	82,342,389	\$	52,168,784	\$ 16,995,000	\$ 15,974,962	\$ 32,969,962	1.58				
2009	120,484,857		71,496,357		48,988,500	17,270,000	9,460,410	26,730,410	1.83				
2008	108,120,323		56,737,791		51,382,532	17,295,000	9,775,653	27,070,653	1.90				
2007	103,846,120		42,968,092		60,878,028	17,725,000	10,714,687	28,439,687	2.14				
2006	122,317,974		61,133,040		61,184,934	21,225,000	11,675,721	32,900,721	1.86				
2005	119,283,380		71,146,481		48,136,899	13,310,000	12,650,207	25,960,207	1.85				
2004	108,480,057		63,518,720		44,961,337	12,830,000	12,981,045	25,811,045	1.74				
2003	90,828,692		52,565,630		38,263,062	11,815,000	13,423,715	25,238,715	1.52				
2002	83,289,164		45,615,495		37,673,669	11,295,000	13,923,278	25,218,278	1.49				
2001	87,430,201		45,059,976		42,370,225	11,290,000	15,052,657	26,342,657	1.61				

- (1) Excludes interest charged to construction and interest restricted for construction.
- (2) Includes Municipal Utility Service Assessment per Municipal Ordinance AO 83-58 and excludes depreciation.
- (3) Required minimum coverage 1.35.

			Solid V	Vaste			
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service	Requirement (a	accrual basis)	_ _ <u>Coverage (3)</u>
2010	\$ 19,384,938	\$ 12,150,796	\$ 7,234,142	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
2009	20,094,151	12,546,222	7,547,929	360,000	4,837	364,837	20.69
2008	18,319,902	12,310,770	6,009,132	340,000	23,919	363,919	16.51
2007	16,638,808	14,320,344	2,318,464	320,000	41,925	361,925	6.41
2006	16,004,058	11,723,024	4,281,034	305,000	58,923	363,923	11.76
2005	16,250,609	9,837,244	6,413,365	290,000	74,844	364,844	17.58
2004	16,205,018	8,230,463	7,974,555	270,000	89,026	359,026	22.21
2003	15,909,306	7,989,612	7,919,694	255,000	102,009	357,009	22.18
2002	17,993,884	9,048,235	8,945,649	245,000	114,068	359,068	24.91
2001	15,499,373	6,805,685	8,693,688	230,000	125,349	355,349	24.47

- (1) Excludes interest charged to construction.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and Municipal Utility Service Assessment.
- (3) Required minimum coverage 1.25.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			 F	ort						
			et Revenue	De	ebt Service	Re	quirement (a	acc	rual basis)	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue (1)	Operating openses (2)	vailable for ebt Service	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>	Coverage (3)
2010	\$ 12,427,622	\$ 5,818,956	\$ 6,608,666	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2009	12,978,363	6,549,724	6,428,639		-		-		-	-
2008	12,543,838	6,900,782	5,643,056		-		-		-	-
2007	12,981,129	6,212,308	6,768,821		-		-		-	-
2006	12,599,691	4,270,976	8,328,715		1,330,000		39,900		1,369,900	6.08
2005	12,888,242	3,788,630	9,099,612		1,250,000		117,300		1,367,300	6.66
2004	10,470,461	4,608,950	5,861,511		1,180,000		190,200		1,370,200	4.28
2003	9,332,885	3,690,890	5,641,995		1,190,000		258,900		1,448,900	3.89
2002	10,601,900	2,986,761	7,615,139		1,054,242		321,075		1,375,317	5.54
2001	10,028,331	2,896,854	7,131,477		990,000		354,900		1,344,900	5.30

- (1) Excludes interest charged to construction.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and Municipal Utility Service Assessment.
- (3) Required minimum coverage 1.35.

					Water Utility				
Finant		۸۵	aaamant	Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Debt Service	e Requirement	(accrual basis)	- -
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue (1)	_	sessment lections (2)	Operating Expenses (3)	Debt Service	Principal (4)	Interest	Total	Coverage (5)
2010	\$ 50,860,139	\$	312,253	\$ 29,456,391	\$21,716,001	\$ 5,255,000	\$ 6,094,343	\$ 11,349,343	1.91
2009	50,391,141		301,479	28,054,018	22,638,602	4,095,000	7,632,687	11,727,687	1.93
2008	44,264,376		326,820	27,725,271	16,865,925	4,250,000	7,836,288	12,086,288	1.40
2007	44,755,119		292,321	26,714,777	18,332,663	3,960,000	5,549,972	9,509,972	1.93
2006	39,480,462		605,444	18,964,994	21,120,912	5,375,000	5,174,576	10,549,576	2.00
2005	39,214,137		475,004	18,733,157	20,955,984	5,185,000	5,394,050	10,579,050	1.98
2004	33,688,579		560,866	17,094,054	17,155,391	4,595,000	5,277,793	9,872,793	1.74
2003	30,602,246		452,608	15,449,834	15,605,020	4,400,000	5,165,863	9,565,863	1.63
2002	31,158,976		523,688	15,428,722	16,253,942	4,220,000	5,358,150	9,578,150	1.70
2001	30,724,971		627,537	13,785,272	17,567,236	4,060,000	5,540,110	9,600,110	1.83

- (1) Excludes interest restricted for construction, interest on advanced grants, amortization of premiums on investments, includes antenna revenue.
- (2) Assessment collections represent payments made by benefited property owners, see Capital contributions -customer/special assessments on the Statements of Cash Flows.
- (3) Excludes depreciation and Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) relief distributed to labor, includes Municipal Utility Service Assessment as per the 2007 bond covenants.
- (4) Does not include Mini-Bonds as they have no debt service requirements.
- (5) Required minimum coverage 1.35 for bonds issued prior to 1999, 1.15 times for bonds in subsequent years.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			V	Vastewater Utili	ty				
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Revenue (1)	Assessment Collections (2)	Operating Expenses (3)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		bt Service Principal	Requirement (accrual basis) <u>Total</u>	Coverage (4)
2010	\$37,853,165	\$ 501,616	\$27,872,010	\$10,482,771	\$	615,000	\$ 3,181,475	\$ 3,796,475	2.76
2009	37,346,056	420,981	26,417,348	11,349,689		595,000	3,204,697	3,799,697	2.99
2008	34,954,522	842,664	24,844,546	10,952,640		575,000	3,225,638	3,800,638	2.88
2007	35,566,755	481,651	23,627,253	12,421,153		520,000	1,672,649	2,192,649	5.66
2006	31,163,232	1,017,357	17,576,955	14,603,634		95,000	1,361,319	1,456,319	10.03
2005	29,168,118	919,373	16,401,620	13,685,871		90,000	1,365,706	1,455,706	9.40
2004	26,802,108	886,986	15,821,938	11,867,156		90,000	707,312	797,312	14.88
2003	25,318,049	725,096	14,717,225	11,325,920		85,000	284,573	369,573	30.65
2002	25,593,935	952,980	14,189,645	12,357,270		80,000	288,093	368,093	33.57
2001	24,848,166	1,102,733	13,650,933	12,299,966		75,000	291,318	366,318	33.58

- (1) Excludes interest restricted for construction, interest on advanced grants, amortization of premiums on investments.
- (2) Assessment collections represent payments made by benefited property owners.
- (3) Excludes depreciation and Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) relief distributed to labor, includes Municipal Utility Service Assessment as per the 2007 bond covenants.
- (4) Required minimum coverage 1.15.

			Roads and D	raina	ige Special	Ass	sessments					
				Ne	t Revenue		Debt	Serv	ice Requir	eme	ent	
Fiscal	As	sessment	Operating	Αv	ailable for							
<u>Year</u>	2	Collected	Expenses	<u>De</u>	bt Service	<u>F</u>	Principal	<u> </u>	nterest		Total	Coverage
2010	\$	525,886	n/a	\$	525,886	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	-
2009		193,337	n/a		193,337		-		-		-	-
2008		195,300	n/a		195,300		145,000		11,056		156,056	1.25
2007		172,235	n/a		172,235		35,000		13,725		48,725	3.53
2006		252,409	n/a		252,409		30,000		51,083		81,083	3.11
2005		349,442	n/a		349,442		60,000		55,658		115,658	3.02
2004		649,186	n/a		649,186		205,000		72,775		277,775	2.34
2003		534,422	n/a		534,422		125,000		83,031		208,031	2.57
2002		471,957	n/a		471,957		205,000		99,714		304,714	1.55
2001		777,225	n/a		777,225		-		115,561		115,561	6.73

			CIVICVentures				
			Net Revenue	Debt	Service Requir	ement	
Fiscal	Hotel & Motel	Operating	Available for				
<u>Year</u>	Tax Revenue	<u>Expenses</u>	Debt Service	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	<u>Coverage</u>
2010	\$ 6,125,400	n/a	\$ 6,125,400	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 5,027,460	\$ 6,097,460	1.00
2009	5,448,157	n/a	5,448,157	920,000	5,059,660	5,979,660	0.91
2008	5,827,392	n/a	5,827,392	305,000	5,070,335	5,375,335	1.08
2007	5,241,006	n/a	5,241,006	-	5,070,335	5,070,335	1.03
2006	5,053,453	n/a	5,053,453	-	2,943,611	2,943,611	1.72

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Finance Department; Municipal Light & Power, Finance Department and Anchorage Water & Wastewater, Finance Department.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Total			
		Per Capita	Personal		Unemploy-	
Fiscal		Personal	Income	School	ment	Registered
<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	Income (1)	(in thousands)	Enrollment	Rate (2)	<u>Voters</u>
2010	291,826 \$	49,629 \$	14,483,033	48,570	6.9	262,792
2009	290,588	47,381	13,768,350	49,381	6.6	257,334
2008	284,994	50,755	14,464,870	48,440	5.9	264,880
2007	283,823	46,243	13,124,827	48,707	6.0	244,452
2006	282,813	43,957	12,431,611	49,320	5.0	201,440
2005	278,241	41,522	11,553,123	49,182	5.4	201,007
2004	277,498	39,206	10,879,587	49,265	5.7	184,162
2003	274,003	37,307	10,222,230	49,545	5.7	191,458
2002	269,070	36,998	9,955,052	50,029	5.4	194,218
2001	264,937	36,013	9,541,176	48,856	4.3	205,733

Notes:

- (1) The Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development (ADLWD) has not published 2009 or 2010 Per Capita Personal Income for the Anchorage Municipal Area yet. Per capita income was estimated using the five previous years average increase for 2009 and 2010.
- (2) The Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development amends every month the unemployment rate data for the previous month and again at the end of every calendar year. We change the prior fiscal year to match updated statistical information reported. For some consistency, other prior years remain unchanged.
- Source: Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Research and Analysis Section;
 U.S. Census Bureau; and the Anchorage School District, Annual Financial Report; Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Information on per capita personal income in the Anchorage Municipal area is not available from the Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Department.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2010	(*)		2001				
	Average	% of		Average	% of		
	Monthly	Total		Monthly	Total		
Public/Private Employers	Employment E	<u>Employment</u>	Public/Private Employers	Employment I	Employment		
U.S.Uniformed Military	23,077	26.05%	U.S. Uniformed Military	17,802	23.00%		
State of Alaska	18,139	20.47%	Federal government	16,800	21.70%		
Federal Civilians	17,065	19.26%	State of Alaska	16,152	20.87%		
University of Alaska	7,218	8.15%	University of Alaska	6,344	8.20%		
Anchorage School District	7,006	7.91%	Anchorage School District	6,293	8.13%		
Providence Health & Services	4,000	4.51%	Providence Health System in Alaska	3,369	4.35%		
Anchorage, Municipality of	3,110	3.51%	Safeway Stores/Carrs	3,252	4.20%		
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	3,249	3.67%	Municipality of Anchorage	2,950	3.81%		
Carrs/Safeway	2,999	3.38%	Fred Meyer	2,262	2.92%		
Fred Meyer	2,749	3.10%	Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	2,178	2.81%		
Total Monthly Employment	88,612			77,402			

Note:

Source: State of Alaska Department of Labor and Workforce Development

^{(*) 2009} information presented as 2010 because 2010 information is not disclosed until July 2011.

Full-Time Equivalent Employees Last Eight Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Year			
	2010	2009	<u>2008</u>	2007	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Function								
General Government								
Fire services	377	395	403	401	385	363	352	350
Police services	537	572	552	532	521	517_	484	475
Subtotal - public safety	914	967	955	933	906	880	836	825
General government	324	365	345	369	337	331	328	341
Health and human services	141	148	141	166	145	159	157	161
Economic and community development	219	230	202	259	215	192	194	225
Public transportation	158	158	159	158	156	153	141	140
Public works	379	412	405	430	408	386	380	390
Subtotal - other	1,221	1,313	1,252	1,382	1,261	1,221	1,200	1,257
Total - general government	2,135	2,280	2,207	2,315	2,167	2,101	2,036	2,082
Enterprise Funds								
Water	129	138	133	129	126	129	128	125
Wastewater	129	139	134	129	125	128	127	125
Electric	245	244	240	240	235	227	224	218
Port	22	22	21	25	21	20	21	19
Municipal airport	8	9	9	10	10	10	10	10
Solid waste	75	72	72	76	68	60	64	61
Refuse	21	20	20	20_	21	20	19	19_
Total - enterprise funds	629	644	629	629	606	594	593	577
Total	2,764	2,924	2,836	2,944	2,773	2,695	2,629	2,659

Note:

This table is presented from 2003, when Anchorage implemented GASB Statement 34. This table includes regular, seasonal and temporary full-time employees.

All election workers, Assembly members, and Board and Commission members were excluded.

Source:

Municipality of Anchorage, Employee Relations Department.

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Miscellaneous Statistical Data by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Fires services 1 Number of stations	4	4	4	14	19	19	13	5	7	-
Fire suppression incidents	10,252	10,463	9,645	9:636	9,032	9,044	980'6	7,939	6,691	6,439
Emergency medical service incidents	19,749	19,072	18,716	18,297	18,730	17,480	17,727	16,547	17,452	16,297
₫.	7	,	4	4	7	,	ć	ć	,	ć
Z Number of stations	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>†</u>	<u> </u>	<u>5</u>	7	7	<u>n</u>
Health and human services Health clinic visits:										
Disease prevention and control	13,441	17,114	14,005	14,519	17,423	18,750	18,919	23,398	24,300	22,890
Reproductive health clinic	9,081	8,263	7,003	6,704	9,370	10,467	10,784	11,724	12,300	12,009
Matemal child health clinic	•		•		1,011	3,167	2,828	1,924	3,200	2,733
Women, Infants and Children	79,693	77,859	59,647	49,575	51,695	16,054	56,281	58,916	59,543	73,409
Environmental service customers:										
Customer service counter	14,302	10,726	10,238	21,390	21,890	27,565	26,917	25,764	31,020	29,689
Public facility inspections	1,801		3,002	3,683	3,210	2,587	4,012	4,118	4,317	2,558
Noise, nuisance, housing	1,046	1,370	1,141	260	361	1,080	921	734	1,048	1,222
Air quality and vehicle IM	96,215		92,514	103,765	105,037	110,131	114,622	104,520	104,987	5,886
Daycare assistance families	3,111	2,254	2,838	2,075	2,000	3,007	1,913	1,708	1,872	1,734
Licensed child care centers	104	109	111	118	113	124	125	119	128	125
Licensed child care homes	170	168	207	215	210	225	236	267	153	Па
Economic and community development										
Cultural and recreation services:										
Total park acres	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	10,938	15,068	14,958	14,946	14,900
Parks	248	248	248	248	248	242	237	236	236	236
Swim pools, indoor	9	9	2	2	9	2	9	9	9	9 !
	270	270	270	270	270	250	128	128	127	127
3 Ski trails (km)	149	134	134	134	na 4	na	134	133 8	. 33	
Historic sites	01 27	10	27	97	72	t 70	27	72	27	9 61
Anchorage Museum at Rasmuson Center:	ũ	ì	ī	1	ī	i	ì	ì	i)
Number of visitors	212,514	92,000	119,854	132,309	142,843	164,311	183,956	209,113	139,529	182,679
Value of museum collection	10,009,399	9,946,210	9,732,176	9,623,771	9,442,409	9,211,480	8,916,030	8,782,030	5,994,107	7,968,966
Value of 1% for Art collection (**)	12,129,948	11,387,908	11,104,208	10,331,978	9,875,328	8,033,818	7,852,168	7,069,136	6,175,076	5,823,788
A Branches	9	9	9	5	22	r.	c)	Ŋ	2	9
	623,162	644,677	605,000	675,000	644,332	654,418	615,480	576,195	571,213	552,390
Items circulated	1,642,303	1,500,716	1,600,000	1,542,800	1,542,800	1,442,997	1,438,887	1,499,246	1,383,688	1,243,489
Reference responses William Egan Civic and Convention Center	216,528	188,141	219,043	115,903	181,414	180,877	156,033	116,642	108,126	145,236
Events	203	248	443	513	458	323	396	314	321	620
Attendance	114,351	141,918	196,102	219,643	263,946	232,882	247,172	223,346	276,402	382,353

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
Miscellaneous Statistical Data by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
•	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Function										
Dena'ina Civic and Convention Center:										
Events (*)	425	413	ı	•	•	•	•	•	,	1
Attendance (*)	159,134	206,358			•	,	•	•	•	,
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts:										
Events	524	209	265	542	483	598	588	463	695	678
Attendance	231,556	300,293	251,258	230,436	221,744	238,300	244,017	239,113	227,917	244,599
George Sullivan Sports Arena:										
Events	150	167	163	169	172	171	156	134	138	169
Attendance	310,219	395,382	347,993	385,738	380,043	384,952	356,088	302,190	298,392	443,168
Anchorage Golf Course:										
Rounds played	28,624	34,454	27,861	31,564	29,075	35,250	33,933	35,221	32,034	36,044
Department of Neighborhoods:										
Weatherization clients										
Total dwellings upgraded	693	535	226	187	171	142	204	223	200	236.
Number of people served	1,852	1,165	601	206	209	436	750	989	624	801
Public transportation										
Average daily ridership:										
Weekdays	14,100	14,294	14,297	13,564	13,401	13,498	11,921	11,395	10,675	11,480
Saturdays	6.821	7.062	6.864	6,632	6.529	6.619	5.904	5,411	4.930	5,452
Sundays	3,899	3.816	3.670	3.486	3.518	3 499	3 034	2.517	2.151	2 223
Total annual ridership	7 175 569	7 187 171	7 220 677	3 080 137	3 048 228	3 075 074	3 536 050	3 330 451	3 120 567	3 356 982
A could miloso	7,145,565	7 458 405	7,520,077	2,000,107	0,240,520	0,010,01	0,000,000	0,000,401	2,120,001	4 062 534
Allinga Illingaga	0,2,012,2	2,400,130	677,010,2	2,010,040	0,7,004,7	2,417,303	2,310,300	2,144,070	610,160,2	1,905,054
Timetable revenue hours	126,655	131,125	132,120	130,184	130,324	131,037	124,724	114,604	110,176	104,507
Public works										
Miles of streets and alleys:										
Anchorage Road Service Area										
	٢	c		,	ç		,	9	47	70
Oripaved	- 000	D 00	71	71	7 - 1	71	7	2 1	7 6	90
Faved	909	909	000	960	CAC	480	180	/10	080	064
Limited Road Service Area	307	298	298	298	297	297	297	296	295	289
Alleys	44	44	44	44	53	53	53	53	40	40
Water										
Number of customers	54,976	54,835	54,697	54,525	54,316	53,906	52,742	53,847	52,628	50,920
Average treatment plant production										
(gallons/day)	23,100,000	22,600,000	21,930,000	22,850,000	22,095,359	22,958,708	21,189,127	24,141,578	22,597,170	19,680,000
Treatment plant capacity (gallons/day)	75,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000	59,000,000	59,000,000	59,000,000	59,000,000	59,000,000	59,000,000
Average well production (gallons/day)	8,394,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	2,540,000	3,941,915	4,164,856	5,321,938	3,564,366	4,764,033	6,225,000
Miles of water mains	834	829	828	828	882	864	808	838	732	732
Public fire hydrants	5,874	5,851	5,817	5,786	5,775	5,724	5,645	5,546	5,367	5,304
Private fire hydrants	1.357	1.356	1.204	1.344	1.255	1,115	1,100	1.014	868	841
		1		<u>}</u>	:		-	-	1	

Miscellaneous Statistical Data by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 2002 2001		FINAL SEE 898 55.783 55.835 55.470 55.272 54.892 54.171 53.639 52.869 51.343	Illons/day) 28,50,000 29,90,000 31,210,000 29,400,000 30,141,960 30,170,000 31,280,000 31,280,000 31,280,000	s/day) 61,100,000 61,270,000 61,270,000 61,270,000 61,270,000 61,100,000 61,100,000 61,100,000 61,100,000		45 45 45 45 45 45 45	83 82 82 82 167 176	623 623 616 596 594 590 585 594 492 483		30,481	3,948 4,027 4,132 4,146 4,167 4,187 4,207 4,224 4,238	130 131 136 136 135 137 138 136	257 254 243 237 236 232		nrenheit) - KW 364,500 366,100 366,100 366,100 333,200 333,200 333,200 353,700 353,700 353,700	3,962,962 3,798,272 4,370,277 4,316,392 4,347,289 5,101,816 4,628,010 4,412,629 3,950,668 3,997,123	offs 150,146 168,062 169,313 174,848 187,798 190,816 191,516 202,278 184,670 190,508		ial customers 238,393 245,590 247,788 273,262 267,639 279,735 367,614 338,446 370,257 348,807 and an analysis	COUNTY 3500 3500 0500 0000 COTON 0500 CTOO CTOO CTOO CTOO CTOO CTOO CTOO CT	9,994 9,946 9,945 9,946 9,945 10,022	10,673 11,824 12,528 13,246 13,519 13,946 14,757 15,643 15,770	1,890 1,878 1,884 1,895 1,895 1,824	
	Function	Wastewater Number of customers	5 Average treatment (gallons/dav)	Treatment plant capacity (gallons/day)	Miles of wastewater lines:	Interceptors	Trunks	Laterals	Electric	Number of customers	6 Number of street lights	Circuit miles of overhead distribution lines	Miles of underground distribution lines	Plant generation capacity	(30 degrees Fahrenheit) - KW	Port Tonnage	Municipal airport Landings and take-offs	Solid waste	otal landfill/disposal customers Total wasto land filled (tons)	Refuse collection	Average residential billed customers	Residential tons collected	Average commercial billed customers	

- Dena'ina Civic and Convention Center first opened for operation in September 2008. The first available information for events and attendance was in the fiscal year 2009.
 - The Curator of Public Art is no longer a part of the Anchorage Museum but is now a part of Public Works.
- South Fork Auxiliary, Station 13, was added to the total count. It is an auxiliary not a manned station; however, it houses a tender for ready access in case of an emergency.
 - Mountain View, Westchester Lagoon, and the Training Center substations were eliminated in 2010 due to budgetary concerns and lack of use.
- The increase in ski trails was due to 2.4 km of trail added for the Chester-Campbell multi-use connection and 12.9 km added for the single-track bike trails.
- The Samson-Dimond branch was open for the majority of 2010 and not closed until December of 2010; therefore, it is still included in 2010's total for the fiscal year. The plant production is affected by the weather. In the year 2010 the anchorage area had large amounts of rain which resulted in lower plant production. In August of 2009, 9th Ave upgrade entailed removing over one hundred street lights.

Source: Municipality of Anchorage, Various Departments.