

## MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage), we offer readers of Anchorage's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. All monetary amounts are in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets of Anchorage exceeded its liabilities at the end of 2004 with reported net assets of \$3,056,886.
- Anchorage's total net assets increased approximately 1.2% over the course of this year's operations. The total increase reflects the net asset increase of our business-type activities of \$37,762 and a decrease in net assets of our governmental activities of \$2,241.
- As of December 31, 2004, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$302,799, an increase of \$24,175 in comparison to the prior year. Of this total amount, \$208,347 is reserved. The remaining \$94,452 unreserved balance may be legally restricted, otherwise limited as to its use, or previously designated by Assembly action. A more detailed discussion of fund balance appears later in this report.
- During the year, the business-type activities generated \$223,435 in revenues, including special items, which were offset by expenses and transfers of \$185,672. During 2003, business-type activities generated \$192,257 in revenues and transfers which were offset by expenses, including special items of \$168,043.
- During 2004, Anchorage established a formal Fund Balance Designation policy for general fund unreserved fund balances. The policy set forth a Bond Rating Designation equal to 8.25% of general fund revenues. Additionally, the policy set forth an Operating Emergency Designation for general fund unreserved fund balances of the five major general fund sub groups equal to 2.5% of general fund revenues and will subsequently be managed within a range of 2% to 3% of general fund revenues through the annual budget process. Unreserved general fund balance designated through the Fund Balance Designation policy was \$27,843 as of December 31, 2004. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, general fund unreserved fund balance was 9.6% and 9.1% of general fund revenues respectively. As of December 31, 2004, two of the five major general fund sub groups were outside the managed range and will be adjusted through the budgetary process.
- Proceeds from the 1999 sale of the Anchorage Telephone Utility were placed in the MOA Trust Fund to provide a perpetual revenue stream for Anchorage and tax relief for its citizens. The MOA Trust Fund is an endowment with a long-term performance focus—one that assumes a long-term average annual investment return of 8% and a long-term average annual inflation rate of 3%. The Trust provides revenue to general government calculated as 5% of the average market value of the trust during the preceding five year period. During 2003 and 2004, the MOA Trust Fund provided \$6,800 and \$6,600, respectively, in support of government services.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Anchorage's CAFR. The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts — management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of Anchorage:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about Anchorage's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
  - The statement of net assets presents information on all of Anchorage's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in nets assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Anchorage is improving or deteriorating.
  - The statement of activities presents information showing how Anchorage's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement on an accrual basis, with related cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Anchorage that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Anchorage include general government, fire services, police services, health and human services, economic and community development, public transportation, public works, education, maintenance and operations, and debt service. The business-type activities of Anchorage include water services, wastewater services, electric generation and distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, refuse collection services, Parking Authority, Cooperative Services Authority, and Performing Arts Center.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Anchorage itself, but also the following discretely presented component units for which Anchorage is financially accountable – the Anchorage School District and Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. Financial information for the Anchorage School District and Anchorage Historical Properties, Inc. is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc., Cooperative Services Authority, Inc., and Anchorage Parking Authority, Inc., although legally

separate, function for all practical purposes as an integral part of the primary government and therefore have been included in business-type activities as blended component units.

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the local government, reporting Anchorage's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.
  - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

Anchorage maintains twenty-three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund and MOA Trust Fund, which are considered major funds. Information from the other twenty governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Anchorage adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

- Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Anchorage maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Anchorage uses enterprise funds to account for its water services, wastewater services, electric generation, electric transmission, electric distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, refuse collection services, Parking Authority, Cooperative Services Authority, and Performing Arts Center.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Anchorage's various functions. Anchorage uses internal service funds to account for vehicle operations and maintenance, risk management, self insurance, unemployment compensation, and information technology services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the

government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the portion allocated to enterprise funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water services, wastewater services, and electric generation/distribution services, all of which are considered to be major enterprise funds of Anchorage. Information from the other four proprietary enterprise funds and three blended component units is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All proprietary internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, such as the retirement and retiree medical plans for police and fire employees, in which Anchorage acts solely as a trustee. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Anchorage's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning Anchorage's disclosure of information relating to its paved road infrastructure network accounted for under the modified approach and general fund budgetary comparison schedule.

In addition to these required elements, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented as supplementary information immediately following the required supplementary information. A summary of selected statistical information is also provided.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

#### Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Anchorage's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,056,886 and \$3,021,365 at the fiscal years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 (reference Table A-1).

The net assets for governmental activities were \$2,599,273 and \$2,601,514, with \$87,866 and \$100,957 classified as unrestricted deficits in 2004 and 2003 respectively. The significant portion (95%) of Anchorage's net assets for governmental activities reflects its investment in capital assets such as infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery and equipment, net of the debt on

these assets. Anchorage uses capital assets to provide both present and future services to citizens and therefore these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted Net Assets of \$214,684 and \$210,665 in 2004 and 2003 respectively, result from restrictions imposed legally or externally by creditors, debt covenants or grantors. The deficit in unrestricted net assets represents accrued liabilities in excess of unrestricted assets. Accrued liabilities include a \$153,919 long-term obligation for post-employment medical benefits in the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund which was recognized based upon a funding analysis performed in 2002. More detailed information about the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund is presented in Note 11, Post-Employment Health Care Benefits, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-1 Anchorage's Net Assets (in thousands)

		emmental ctivities		ness-type tivities	To	otal
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Current and other assets	\$ 447,204	\$ 421,894	\$ 265,800	\$ 194,682	\$ 713,004	\$ 616,576
Capital assets	2,848,384	2,834,653	1,115,317	1,093,445	3,963,701	3,928,098
Total assets	3,295,588	3,256,547	1,381,117	1,288,127	4,676,705	4,544,674
Long term liabilities	605,918	569,894	437,847	408,135	1,043,765	978,029
Other liabilities	90,397	85,139	485,657	460,141	576,054	545,280
Total liabilities	696,315	655,033	923,504	868,276	1,619,819	1,523,309
Net assets (deficit):		-				
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	2,472,455	2,491,806	257,844	277,361	2,730,299	2,769,167
Restricted	214,684	210,665	98,379	67,697	313,063	278,362
Unrestricted	(87,866)	(100,957)	101,390	74,793	13,524	(26,164)
Total net assets	S 2,599,273	\$ 2,601,514	\$ 457,613	\$ 419,851	\$ 3,056,886	\$ 3,021,365

Current and other assets include \$346,433 and \$301,062 of cash and investments held for governmental activities at December 31, 2004 and 2003. Governmental activities long term liabilities increased by \$36,024 or approximately 6%. The increase in long term liabilities was primarily the result of new general obligation bonds issued in the amount of \$52,375 and long term contracts issuance of \$5,365 with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority, offset by debt service payments of \$27,502. Over 60% of the governmental activities long term liabilities are general obligation bonds.

For business-type activities, unrestricted net assets of \$101,390 (22%) and \$74,793 (18%) may be used to meet the ongoing needs of these organizations at December 31, 2004 and 2003 respectively. This represents an increase of \$26,597 or approximately 36%. This increase reflects an increase in overall business-type charges for services of 15% offset against an increase in the associated overall business-type expenses of 11% during 2004. The most significant portion of net assets for the business-type activities, \$257,844 (56%) and \$277,361 (66%) as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 respectively, are invested in capital assets which are used to provide customers with the services they desire. Net assets invested in capital assets, net or related debt, decreased \$19,517 or approximately 7% in 2004. Net assets of business-type

activities subject to external restrictions were \$98,379 (21%) and \$67,697 (16%) in 2004 and 2003. External restrictions were related to debt service and construction acquisition requirements.

At the end of 2004 and 2003, Anchorage reported positive total net asset balances for both governmental and business-type activities.

Significant changes in net assets are discussed below under Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities.

#### Governmental Activities

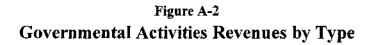
During 2004, Anchorage's net assets decreased \$2,241 for governmental activities (reference Table A-2). Highlights of governmental activities net asset changes are as follows:

- Investment revenues decreased \$12,247 from prior year due primarily to a substantial decrease in the year-end market value adjustment of unrealized investment gains related to the MOA Trust investment portfolio.
- Tobacco tax revenues increased \$3,897 due to an imposed increase in the tobacco tax rate of \$1 per pack for cigarettes effective October 1, 2004.
- Municipal utility service assessment (MUSA) tax revenues increased \$2,573 due to a change in the method of assessment used during 2004. During 2004, net plant in service was utilized to calculate the tax due.
- Loss on disposal of capital assets of \$3,494 was incurred which consisted primarily of road and drainage infrastructure cost adjustments.
- A net pension obligation of \$2,477 was recognized as of December 31, 2004 which reflects the unfunded actuarially determined pension obligation associated with the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System.

Table A-2 Auchorage's Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

	Govern activ		Busines. activi	• •	Tota	al
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	54,297	48,496	206,386	179,534	260,683	228,030
Operating grants and contributions	25,158	44,299	407	153	25,565	44,452
Capital grants and contributions	12,276	11,715	2,304	3,897	14,580	15,612
General revenues:						
Property taxes	333,690	311,918		-	333,690	311,918
Other taxes	39,626	31,248	_	-	39,626	31,248
Gain (Loss) on capital asset sale	(3,494)	859	109	43	(3,385)	902
investment carnings	18,162	30,409	2,276	1,935	20,438	32,344
Other	-	· .		_		-
Total revenues	479,715	478,944	211,482	185,562	691,197	664,506
I Otto ( ) Otto						
Expenses:						
General government	28,412	32,474	-	-	28,412	32,474
Fire services	55,209	48,199	-	-	55,209	48,199
Police services	69,372	61,283	•	-	69,372	61,283
Health and Human services	24,312	30,287		-	24,312	30,28
Economic and Community Dev	46,850	33,141	-	-	46,850	33,14
Public transportation	20,284	17,611	-	-	20,284	17,61
Public works	37,096	184,797		-	37,096	184,79
Education	154,280	144,095	-	-	154,280	144,09:
Maintenance and Operations	26,663	27,313		-	26,663	27,31
Interest	19,944	20,075		-	19,944	20,07
Water		-	31,739	27,353	31,739	27,35
Wastewater	-	-	24,453	21,223	24,453	21,22
Electric	-	-	93,048	83,462	93,048	83,46
Port			8,166	7,395	8,166	7,39
Municipal Airport		-	2,152	2,040	2,152	2,04
Solid waste	_		13,087	12,884	13,087	12,88
Refuse	_	_	5,902	5,669	5,902	5,66
Cooperative Service Authority	_		202		202	
Parking Authority		-	4,731	4,620	4,731	4,62
Performing Arts Center	_	-	1,726	1,793	1,726	1.79
otal expenses	482,422	599,275	185,206	166,439	667,628	765,71
hange in net assets prior to						
special items and transfers	(2,707)	(120,331)	26,276	19,123	23,569	(101,20
pecial items - regulatory adjustment			11,952	6,695	11,952	6,69
ransfers	466	1,604	(466)	(1,604)	•	_
hange in net assets	(2,241)	(118,727)	37,762	24,214	35,521	(94,51)
et assets, beginning of year,	(=1= : - )	(		•	* *	, ,
as previously reported	2,601,514	2,635,920	419,851	395,637	3,021,365	3,031,55
dd adjustment for retroactive	_,001,514	_,			-,,-	
capitalization of infratructure	_	84,321	_	_	-	84,32
et assets, beginning of year,	<u>-</u>	77.77		<del></del>		
et assets, beginning of year, as restated	2,601,514	2,720,241	419,851	395,637	3,021,365	3,115,87

Public works 2003 expenditures include an adjustment of \$154,483 for capital outlay expensed under the modified approach to reporting infrastructure.



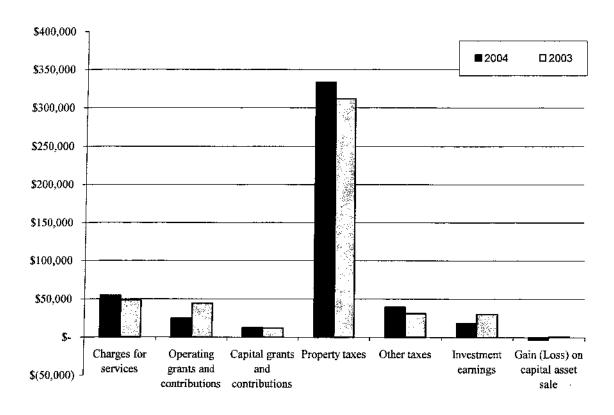


Figure A-3
2004 Program Revenue vs Expense by Governmental

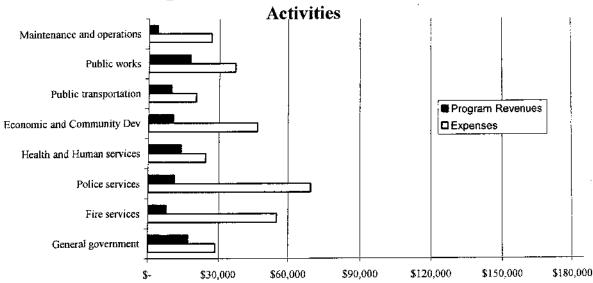
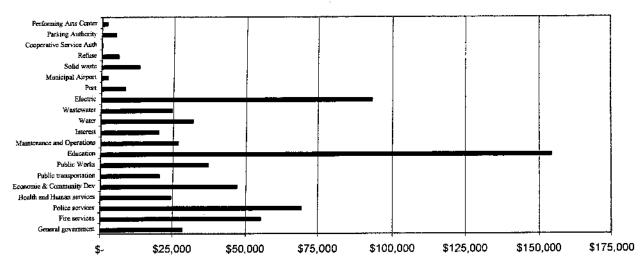


Figure A-4 2004 Expense by Functional Activity



#### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities increased Anchorage's net assets by \$37,762 in 2004. Key elements of the change in net assets are as follows:

- Electric revenues overall increased by 19% in 2004. This increase was attributable to a full year's recognition of both the second and final phase of the retail rate increase (3.474%) implemented in October 2003 and the contract for sale of electrical power to the military at Fort Richardson which was also effective October 2003. In addition, electric resale revenues increased by 109% in 2004.
- During 2004, water and wastewater revenues increased 10% and 6% respectively. The revenue increases were attributable to interim refundable rate increases of 13.61% for water and 8.06% for wastewater which were effective in February 2004.

## Financial Analysis of Anchorage's Funds

As noted earlier, Anchorage uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of Anchorage's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Anchorage's financial requirements.

As of the current fiscal year end, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$302,799, an increase of \$24,175 in comparison to the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$208,347 is reserved and not available for additional spending because it has already been committed either to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$30,990), to meet debt service requirements (\$41,719), to generate income for perpetual care of the municipal cemetery (\$269), to recognize prepaid items, deposits and inventory (\$961), to satisfy long term loan principal payments (\$5,480), or is otherwise reserved in the MOA Trust Fund (\$128,928).

Approximately 31% of total fund balance (\$94,452) is classified as unreserved fund balance. Of the unreserved fund balance, approximately 58% of the unreserved fund balance is reported in Special Revenue Funds (\$12,570) and Capital Projects Funds (\$41,767) to be used for grant specified projects and capital construction. The remaining unreserved fund balance of approximately 42% (\$40,115) is reported in the General Fund. Of the General Fund unreserved fund balance of \$40,115, approximately 78% (\$31,244) is in service area sub funds of the General Fund and must be used to support activities of those particular service areas. The remaining 22% (\$8,871) of the General Fund unreserved fund balance is in the Areawide Service Area sub fund. Unreserved fund balance may also be designated for specific purposes by Assembly action, such as the Fund Balance Designation Policy approved in 2004.

The General Fund is the primary operational fund for Anchorage. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the unreserved fund balance was \$40,115 and \$35,460, while the total fund balance was \$42,916 and \$41,295. In measuring the General Fund's liquidity, one may compare both the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to total expenditures. At December 31, 2004, unreserved fund balance represents 9.6% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 10.3% of the same amount. Unreserved fund balance was 8.9% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance was 10.4% of the same amount at December 31, 2003.

Investment revenue in the MOA Trust Fund decreased \$10,412 or 48% due to the decrease in market returns experienced during 2004 in both the bond and equity markets. During 2003 the investment returns were exceptionally high and the 2004 results reflected a return to more long term historical average investment return experience.

A key factor in the overall increase in total governmental fund's fund balance was the increase in financing proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds and long term contracts in 2004 of \$57,740 which represented an increase of approximately 65% over prior year activities.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Anchorage's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail.

- During 2004, Electric residential revenues increased by 12% and commercial revenues increased by 16% as compared to respective increases of 6% and 7% during 2003. The increased electric revenue can be attributed to a prior year retail rate increase implemented in October 2003 and an increase in total kilowatt usage. Public authority revenue increased 450% due to the October 2003 agreement to provide Fort Richardson Army Base with its power requirements. Although the volume of gas sold decreased, gas revenues increased by 4% due to an increase in gas contract prices which are determined by contractual agreement.
- The Electric utility's overall expenses increased by 11% in 2004. The major increase was in Production which increased by 35%. Production expenses increased partly due to the increase of \$.3159 per Mcf (thousand cubic feet) in the contract price of gas purchased and the increase in gas purchases of 1,281,624 Mcfs during 2004. The Electric utility purchased 7,352,758 Mcf in 2004 compared to 6,071,134 Mcf in 2003. The increase in gas purchased was related to the increase in kilowatt hour sales in 2004. Production costs also increased due to increased gas field expenses for field operation, equipment maintenance, and repairs. In Docket U-96-36, the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) decision revised the transfer price of the gas calculation methodology which also increased production expense.
- The Electric utility recorded a Special Item of \$11,952 as the result of a RCA order in which the disposition of the 2003 underlift cash settlement was determined. The RCA allowed the electric utility to eliminate the deferred gas cost asset that had accumulated from 1997 and the 2003 amount that was to be included in the calculation of the fuel cost

- for inclusion in the Utility's pricing for gas. The Electric utility was allowed to retain the remaining funds plus any investment earnings on those funds and dedicate them to future gas capital expenditures.
- Water total revenues increased 10% or \$3,086 during 2004. The substantial portion of the revenue increase was from residential sales revenues which increased 10% or \$2,111. Total costs increased 16% or \$4,363, with total expenses increasing 12% or \$2,995 and Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA) expense increasing 72% or \$1,368.
- Wastewater total revenues increased 6% or \$1,484 during 2004. The substantial portion of the revenue increase was from residential sales revenues which increased 5% or \$1,013. Total costs increased 15% or \$3,199, with total expenses increasing 10% or \$2,084 and Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA) expense increasing 95% or \$1,115.
- The Water Utility sold "mini bonds" in an aggregate appreciated amount of \$2,000,000 to the general public. The bond proceeds were deposited in the bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool to be spent within six months on capital improvements and upgrades to the system approved as part of the Utility's 2004 and 2005 capital improvement plans and to pay costs of issuance.
- The Wastewater Utility issued \$22,620,000 of revenue bonds to finance a large portion of its capital expansion. The proceeds of the improvement bonds were used to reimburse the Municipality of Anchorage for the costs of the certain additions, betterments and improvements to the system undertaken as a part of the 2001, 2002 and 2003 capital improvement plans (approximately \$11.9 million); to pay a portion of the costs of the system's 2004 and 2005 capital improvement plans.
- The Water and Wastewater Utilities obtained additional low interest loans of \$8,715,413 and \$8,228,002 respectively from the State of Alaska to fund capital improvement projects.
- The Water Utility Fund issued \$18,595,000 of Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds. Net proceeds of \$18,486,045 were used to provide for the defeasance and redemption of \$3,055,000 principal amount of the 1993 Senior Lien Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds and to reimburse the utility for capital improvement expenditures, to pay the costs of certain additions, betterments and extensions to the water system, to satisfy the reserve requirement, and to pay costs of issuance of the water bonds. The remaining proceeds of \$15,003,158 were deposited to the bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$105,736 and an economic gain of \$41,325.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The 2004 approved budget (adopted in late 2003) includes projected funding sources.

Annually after the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year, the rate of tax levy is established and taxes are levied for general purposes, which includes all service areas of Anchorage and the Anchorage School District (ASD). Expenditure revisions are usually made in conjunction with the tax levy. This first quarter budget revision establishes the budget for property taxes. A significant consistent difference between the original budget and the final revised budget is the amount contributed to ASD for taxes levied. The amount to be contributed to ASD is

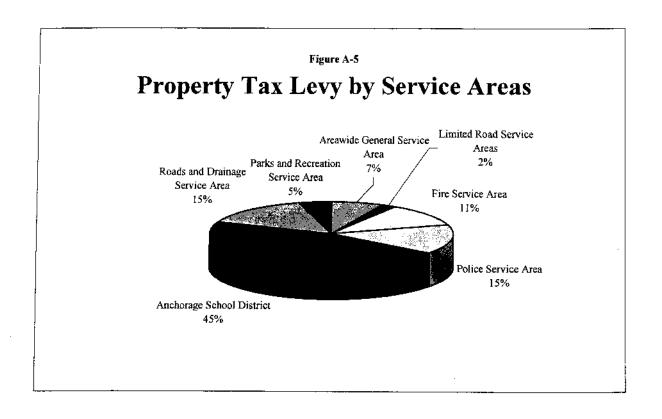
determined during the first quarter of the fiscal year when the budget for ASD is approved for its ensuing fiscal year, July 1 – June 30, and the resulting tax levy rate and tax amount are levied for ASD.

The following were major revisions to the approved budget during 2004, in thousands:

- Five Major Service Areas (Areawide, Fire, Roads and Drainage, Police, Parks and Recreation)
  - \$154,493 contribution to the Anchorage School District for property taxes collected on their behalf by general government.
  - \$743 to provide additional funding for ten additional police positions.
  - \$750 to provide additional funding for snow hauling due to heavier than expected first quarter snowfall.
  - \$1,000 to provide additional funding for self insurance fund activities.
  - \$598 for street maintenance and drainage projects supported by general obligation bonds.

#### Other Service Areas

- \$458 to fund various Limited Road Service Areas/Chugiak Birchwood Eagle River Rural Road Service Areas budgets to reflect anticipated additional summer and winter road maintenance
- \$3,025 to fund acquisition of properties for the Lake Otis-Tudor Road, Abbott-Bragaw Road, and Convention Center projects.
- \$462 contribution to the Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund for additional street maintenance equipment.
- \$1,500 for additional road and park improvements in service areas outside the Anchorage bowl service area.



## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2004 and 2003, Anchorage had invested \$3,963,700 and \$3,928,098 in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, land, and paved roads (reference Table A-3). More detailed information about Anchorage's capital assets is presented in Note 5, Capital Assets, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-3

Municipality of Anchorage's Capital Assets
(net of accumulated depreciation, in thousands)

	 Gover Acti	rume: ivities			Busin Act	ess-ty ivities	•		To	otal	
	2004		2003		2004		2003		2004		2003
Land	\$ 1,195,735	\$	1,193,603	S	58,277	\$	58,214	\$	1,254,012	\$	1,251,817
Buildings and											
improvements	164,638		170,971		85,247		85,808		249,885		256,779
Art	13,943		12,970		-		•		13,943		12,970
Equipment	52,266		45,763		-		-		52,266		45,763
Distribution and											
collection systems	-		•		912,753		882,647		912,753		882,647
Infrastructure	1,391,943		1,369,333		-				1,391,943		1,369,333
Construction in progress	 29,858		42,013		59,040		66,776		88,898		108,789
	\$ 2,848,383	<u>_s</u>	2,834,653	\$	1,115,317	S	1,093,445	3	3, <del>9</del> 63,700	S	3,928,098

Significant additions to governmental activities capital assets during 2004 were \$10,746 of current paved road infrastructure additions and \$20,042 of current year drainage systems additions. During 2004, no additional infrastructure networks were retroactively added to governmental activities capital assets. Construction in progress decreased in 2004, primarily as a result of capital outlay determined to be expensed under the modified approach to reporting roads infrastructure.

Business-type activities capital assets increased during 2004 primarily due to distribution and collection system additions of \$71,575.

## Long-term Debt

At year end Anchorage had \$868,954 in debt outstanding, an increase of 7.7% from 2003 debt outstanding of \$806,613 (reference Table A-4). More detailed information about Anchorage's long-term debt liabilities is presented in Note 8, Long Term Obligations, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-4

Municipality of Anchorage's Outstanding Debt
(in thousands of dollars)

	Govern Acti	nment ivities	_		Busin Act	ess-ty <sub>l</sub> ivities		Tot	al
	2004		2003	_	2004		2003	 2004	2003
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 367,387	\$	334,678	\$	15,997	\$	23,574	\$ 383,384	\$ 358,252
Revenue Bonds	54,545		56,610		350,441		327,919	404,986	384,529
Special Assessment Debt with									
Governmental Commitment	690		895		272		304	962	1,199
Certificates of Participation	6,560		9,615		-		-	6,560	9,615
Long-term Contracts	6,855		811		66,207		52,207	73,062	53,018
Total	\$ 436,037	\$	402,609	\$	432,917	\$	404,004	\$ 868,954	\$ 806,613

New debt in governmental activities resulted from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$52,375 and long-term contracts in the amount of \$5,365 associated with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority.

Anchorage also issued \$21,465,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund \$21,425,000 of outstanding bonds. The economic gain generated by this refunding was \$1,081,150, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt.

Since 1999, Anchorage's general obligation bonds have been rated at (AA-) by Standard Poor and (Aa3) by Moody's.

## Infrastructure Modified Approach

Anchorage manages its paved road network using its Pavement Management Plan and accounts for it using the modified approach. The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from 2 for pavement in excellent condition to 7 for pavement in poor condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. The most recent condition assessment shows that the condition of Anchorage's paved road network is in accordance with its policy. Condition assessments are updated every three years.

As this is Anchorage's third year of implementation, the condition assessment will not be updated until 2005 when the next road condition assessment survey is performed. The 2002 assessed condition of the paved roads infrastructure network was approximately 81% of total paved roads as being in good or better condition. This exceeds Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% of total paved roads in good or better condition.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Municipal population increased less than 1% to 277,500 at year end 2004 and unemployment stood at 5.7%, which is comparable to the national average of 5.8%.

The Citizens Property Tax Cap allows for both economic growth (inflation and population) and for a number of other factors including new construction, debt service, voter-approved new services, special taxes, operations and maintenance costs, and judgments. Property taxes represent 59% of the General Government Operating Budget Revenue. Local taxes and program revenues account for the majority of the remaining revenues (32%). Intergovernmental charges outside of general government (7%), Federal/State revenues (1%), and applied fund balance account for the remaining balance.

The 2005 general government operating budget, as revised at first quarter 2005, is \$22,900 more than was approved for 2004 at first quarter revision. This increase reflects an increase in debt service for voter approved bonds and funding for an additional 54 public safety positions. While property tax revenues supporting the 2005 budget increased from the 2004 level of \$182,700 to \$187,800, the percentage of the 2005 budget supported by property tax revenues decreased from 59% in 2004 to 57% in 2005. This decrease was due in part to a four-part property relief package which included a residential property tax exemption, a personal property tax exemption, increased tobacco taxes, and a change in property assessment methodology for leasehold property.

Anchorage's fiscal year 2005 governmental activities capital budget is \$97,162 and primarily funds future infrastructure improvements. The capital budget is funded substantially through general obligation bond proceeds and Federal grants.

On November 16, 2004, an ordinance adopting and appropriating funds for the 2005 Municipal Utilities Operating and Capital budget for the Municipality of Anchorage was approved. The Utilities' operating budgets total \$202,911 and capital budgets total \$106,972.

The Municipality adopted a change in the formula used to calculate Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA). Beginning in 2004, payments are calculated on net plant in service. This change treats the utilities, for MUSA purposes, similar to the private sector and in the manner in which business personal property taxes are calculated. In past years, a Municipal utility paid MUSA on the net non-contributed portion of plant in service, but prior to 1989 MUSA was calculated on net plant in service.

The Water and Wastewater Utilities filed two-stage rate cases with the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) on January 9, 2004, requesting permanent rate increases of 14.20% and 8.06% for 2004 for Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively and an additional 7.17% and 6.83% for 2005 for Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively. In the event the RCA was unable to approve permanent rates within the 45 day statutory period, the Utilities requested interim refundable rate increases of 14.20% and 8.06% for 2004. The 2004 interim refundable rate increases were subsequently approved, the Utilities' filings for rate relief were suspended, and all rates were made interim and refundable by the RCA effective February 24, 2004. The January 2004 filings were updated with amended revenue requirements studies filed on November 3, 2004 that increased the revenue requirements but did not ask for additional permanent rate increases. On February 18, 2005, the RCA issued an order allowing the Utilities to implement their requested 2005 interim refundable rates.

In March 2005, two testifiers representing the State Attorney General (AG) filed pre-filed testimony with the RCA opposing various aspects of the Utilities' rate cases. Their testimony opposed several aspects of the revenue requirements study including: changes in MUSA; the return on equity used; certain payroll adjustments added to the amended filing; and the Utilities' plant accounting practices. The testimony concluded that the Utilities' revenue requirements were overstated by approximately \$7,100,000 and \$5,800,000 for the Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively. In addition to its pre-filed testimony, on March 25, 2005 the AG filed a motion for partial summary disposition, asking that the Utilities' MUSA increases be denied and consumer refunds be issued within 30 calendar days of the RCA's ruling.

The Utilities have filed responses to the AG's pre-filed testimony and its motion for partial summary disposition; and is actively preparing for its upcoming rate case hearings.

On May 24, 2005, the RCA issued an electronic ruling to the Water Utility for partial summary disposition which denied the AG's requests as it related to MUSA, but granted the AG's request to exclude certain acquisition adjustments. The financial impact of the

acquisition adjustment orders is estimated to be less than \$200,000 upon the revenue requirements and would not result in a refund situation. A decision whether or not to file a motion for reconsideration will be made after a paper order has been received from the RCA.

On May 24, 2005, the RCA issued an electronic ruling to the Wastewater Utility for partial summary disposition which denied the AG's requests as it related to MUSA.

The case will be heard by the RCA on June 14 through June 17, 2005, and the RCA's final rulings are due by September 15, 2005. The Utilities expect a favorable outcome on all of the remaining material issues addressed by the AG, and therefore have not recorded an accrual for any of the disputed items.

## Contacting Anchorage's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Anchorage's finances and to demonstrate our accountability for the monies we receive. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Municipality of Anchorage's Controller Division, 632 W. 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, AK 99519-6650.



**KPMG LLP**Suite 600
701 West Eighth Avenue
Anchorage, AK 99501

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise Anchorage's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Municipality of Anchorage's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units and the Anchorage Parking Authority, a blended component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Anchorage School District, Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc, and Anchorage Parking Authority is based on the reports of the other auditors. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Municipality of Anchorage's 2003 financial statements and in our report, dated March 31, 2004, we expressed, based upon our audit and the reports of other auditors, unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of



The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska

December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 31, 2005 on our consideration of Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents, schedule of funding progress in Note 10, budgetary comparison schedule-general fund as listed in the table of contents, and condition rating of Anchorage's road network as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality of Anchorage's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables, as listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

KPMG LLP

March 31, 2005 except for note 14(b) which is as of May 24, 2005



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#### Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

			Pri	mary Governme	nt			Сотро	nent (	Jmits
Assets		Governmental Activities	•	Business-Type Activities		Total		Anchorage School District		Anchorage Historic Properties
<b></b>	<u> </u>	14,783	 \$		- <u>-</u>	5,358,428	<u> </u>	413,658	\$	38,523
Cash Cash in central treasury	J	189,334,675		73,283,491	Ф	262,618,166	4		•	
Investments		24,389,203				24,389,203		206,160,202		722,429
Interest receivable		1,294,617		254,525		1,549,142		774,492		_
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		80,282,775		42,923,737		123,206,512		1,200,992		18,587
Due from primary government		_		_				81,751,661		_
Due from component unit		244,395				244,395		_		<del></del>
Internal balances		1,116,230		(1,116,230)		15.640.500		2 222 421		 391
Inventories		1,072,522		16,577,067		17,649,589		2,737,471 1,526,575		750
Prepaid items and deposits		495,785		86,591 304,052		582,376 304,052		3,046,519		750
Deferred charges				304,032		304,032		5,040,519		
Restricted assets:		10,576		15,034,711		15,045,287		_		_
Cash in central treasury Investments		132,683,533		24,784,783		157,468,316		_		_
Customer deposits		-		1,781,877		1,781,877		mes-		_
Restricted deposits				592,202		592,202		_		-
Bond acquisition and construction		_		46,330,873		46,330,873				_
Bond operation and maintenance				8,375,780		8,375,780		_		<del></del>
Debt service accounts		_		21,547,810		21,547,810				_
Receivables		466,236		5,225		471,461				-
Intergovernmental receivables		13,214,429				13,214,429		23,017,168		_
Loans receivable, net				28,585		28,585		_		_
Deferred charges and other assets		2,584,894		9,661,402		12,246,296		220 404 848		94,192
Capital assets, not being depreciated		2,526,635,854		117,317,036		2,643,952,890		229,606,868 777,282,200		13,737
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		321,747,725	_	998,000,127		1,319,747,852			_	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,295,588,232	\$	1,381,117,289	<u> </u>	4,676,705,521	<u>\$</u>	1,327,517,806	<u> </u>	888,609
Liabilities and Net Assets										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	9,701,333	\$	12,605,956	\$	22,307,289	\$	18,334,162	\$	18,097
Accrued expenses		_		_				25,470,875		132
Claims payable, including IBNR		12,390,992				12,390,992		9,114,825		_
Accrued interest payable		3,838,686		5,154,547		8,993,233		10,767,475		_
Due to component unit		54,667,774		2.060.782		54,667,774		82,342,533		_
Deferred revenue		9,660,768		3,059,782 460,319,602		12,720,550 460,319,602		04,344,333		
Deferred credits		137,362		4,517,007		4,654,369		_		_
Liabilities payable from restricted assets Noncurrent liabilities:		157,302		4,517,007		4,5054,505				
Due within one year		40,733,821		35,254,098		75,987,919		34,760,000		<del></del>
Due in more than one year		565,184,589		402,593,503		967,778,092		646,490,000		
Total liabilities		696,315,325		923,504,495		1,619,819,820		827,279,870		18,229
		030,310,020		322,231,122		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,
Net assets (deficit):										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7	,472,454,545		257,844,237		2,730,298,782		325,639,068		107,929
Restricted for:	_	,9 x ( 40/4 1) 4 9 4 1 4 5		207,011,207		2,750,250,702		,,		,-
Debt service		38,640,719		44,127,199		82,767,918		10,732,112		
Maintenance and operations				35,142		35,142		-		_
Acquisition and construction		24,038,663		54,216,672		78,255,335		945,856		
Grant activity		18,517,524		· · · · —		18,517,524		_		_
Heritage Land Bank		4,289,774		<del></del>		4,289,774		_		
Other purposes		_		_				-		391
Perpetual care:						242.202				
Nonexpendable		269,397		<del></del>		269,397		_		
MOA Trust:						450 000 045				
Nonexpendable		122,328,345		_		122,328,345		_		
Expendable		6,600,000		101 290 544		6,600,000 13 523 484		162,920,900		762,060
Unrestricted		(87,866,060)		101,389,544	_	13,523,484			_	
Net assets	<u>2,</u>	599,272,907		457,612,794		3,056,885,701	_	500,237,936	_	870,380
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 3,	295,588,232	\$ 1	1,381,117,289	\$	4,676,705,521	\$	1,327,517,806	<u>\$</u>	888,609

December 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
\$ 5,810,609	\$ 4,898,625
262,618,166	209,217,808
231,271,834	204,116,305
2,323,634	2,390,091
124,426,091	115,189,761
81,751,661	72,491,829
244,395	587,093
	·—
20,387,453	20,299,607
2,109,701	16,214,690
3,350,571	463,496
15,045,287	3,674,614
157,468,316	128,667,213
1,781,877	1,807,310
592,202	524,363
46,330,873	29,067,931
8,375,780	7,126,426
21,547,810	41,068,381
471,461	713,273
36,231,597	35,360,912
28,585	65,732
12,246,296	18,951,238
2,873,653,950	2,901,428,978
2,097,043,789	1,957,684,167
\$ 6,005,111,936	\$ 5,772,009,843
\$ 40,659,548	\$ 32,398,592
25,471,007	22,888,113
21,505,817	21,690,679
19,760,708	13,350,556
54,667,774	48,327,886
95,063,083	81,849,580
460,319,602	443,737,040
4,654,369	3,757,316
110,747,919	102,752,729
1,614,268,092	1,458,501,680
2,447,117,919	2,229,254,171
3,056,045,779	3,116,957,999
93,500,030	96,620,241
35,142	524,363
79,201,191	48,837,494
18,517,524	19,027,354
4,289,774	5,981,641
391	_
269,397	256,622
122,328,345	118,304,677
6,600,000	6,600,000
177,206,444	129,645,281
3,557,994,017	3,542,755,672
\$ 6,005,111,936	\$ 5,772,009,843
,,,,,,,,,,	

Total Reporting Entity

#### Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

			Program Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 28,412,366	\$ 14,016,015	\$ 3,017,124	\$ <del>-</del>
Fire services	55,208,871	5,655,912	2,084,350	17,166
Police services	69,371,463	9,784,179	1,322,354	_
Health and human services	24,312,243	3,781,694	10,146,551	
Economic & community development	46,849,814	5,817,018	3,044,759	1,779,383
Public transportation	20,283,370	3,002,525	2,971,554	3,849,687
Public works	37,096,194	10,332,321	2,239,274	5,188,633
Education	154,278,770	_		
Maintenance and operations	26,663,041	1,906,892	332,126	1,440,914
Interest on long-term debt	19,944,303		<u> </u>	
Total governmental activities	482,420,435	54,296,556	25,158,092	12,275,783
Business-type activities:			,	
Water	31,739,512	33,397,222	_	_
Wastewater	24,452,663	26,590,207	_	
Electric	93,047,721	107,656,289	_	_
Port	8,165,915	10,284,368		_
Municipal Airport	2,152,012	1,055,742	_	2,241,293
Solid Waste	13,086,817	15,722,106	_	62,250
Refuse	5,902,024	6,033,272	_	
Cooperative Services Authority	202,210	· -		_
Parking Authority	4,731,366	4,951,013	_	_
Performing Arts Center	1,726,324	696,121	407,337	
Total business-type activities	185,206,564	206,386,340	407,337	2,303,543
Total primary government	\$ 667,626,999	\$ 260,682,896	\$ 25,565,429	\$ 14,579,326
Component Units:				
Anchorage School District	s —	\$ —	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Anchorage Historic Properties		·		
Totals - Component Units	<u>s</u> —	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	s –

General revenues:

Property taxes Motor vehicle taxes

Lodging taxes Tobacco taxes

Utility service assessment taxes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Appropriation from Municipality of Anchorage

Investment earnings

Other Special item:

Regulatory Adjustment

Total general revenues, special item, and other transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year, as previously reported

Add adjustment for retroactive capitalization of infrastructure assets under GASB 34

Net assets, beginning of year, as restated

Net assets, end of year

	Net (Expens	e), Revenue and Chan	ges in Net Assets		_	
	Primary Governm		Con	nponent Units	- -	
			Anchorage	Anchorage	Tatal Dan	antina Patitu
Governmental	Business-Type	77-4-1	School	Historic	2004	orting Entity 2003
Activities	Activities	Total	District	Properties	2004	2003
				_	- (44.0=0.00	# (10 (30 (5T)
\$ (11,379,227)	s —	\$ (11,379,227)	<b>s</b> —	<b>s</b> —	\$ (11,379,227)	\$ (13,632,457)
(47,451,443)		(47,451,443)	_		(47,451,443)	(38,201,852)
(58,264,930)	_	(58,264,930)	_		(58,264,930)	(50,384,356)
(10,383,998)	_	(10,383,998)	_	_	(10,383,998)	(9,256,827)
(36,208,654)	-	(36,208,654)	_	-	(36,208,654)	(28,494,187)
(10,459,604)	_	(10,459,604)	_		(10,459,604)	(11,217,532)
(19,335,966)	_	(19,335,966)	_	_	(19,335,966)	(156,555,901) (144,095,089)
(154,278,770)	_	(154,278,770)	_	_	(154,278,770)	(22,852,533)
(22,983,109)		(22,983,109)		_	(22,983,109) (19,944,303)	(20,075,030)
(19,944,303)		(19,944,303)	<del></del> _	. ————	(390,690,004)	(494,765,764)
(390,690,004)		(390,690,004)			(390,090,004)	(494,703,704)
	1,657,710	1,657,710	_	_	1,657,710	3,011,578
	2,137,544	2,137,544			2,137,544	3,965,504
	14,608,568	14,608,568	_	_	14,608,568	6,639,029
_	2,118,453	2,118,453	_	_	2,118,453	1,714,784
_	1,145,023	1,145,023	_		1,145,023	449,061
_	2,697,539	2,697,539			2,697,539 131,248	2,664,177 (65,807)
	131,248	131,248	_	_	(202,210)	(05,807)
_	(202,210)	(202,210) 219,647	_		219,647	(272,170)
_	219,647 (622,866)	(622,866)	<u> </u>	<u></u>	(622,866)	(961,077)
	23,890,656	23,890,656			23,890,656	17,145,079
\$ (390,690,004)	\$ 23,890,656	\$ (366,799,348)	<u> </u>	<u>s – </u>	\$ (366,799,348)	\$ (477,620,685)
			\$ (388,915,173)	s —	\$ (388,915,173)	\$ (351,968,343)
				(131,693)	(131,693)	(165,741)
			\$ (388,915,173)	\$ (131,693)	\$ (389,046,866)	\$ (352,134,084)
333,690,024	_	333,690,024	_	_	333,690,024	311,917,530
10,131,578	-	10,131,578	<del></del>	<del></del>	10,131,578	9,617,492
11,680,274		11,680,274		_	11,680,274	10,287,972
8,631,780	<del></del>	8,631,780	<del></del>	_	8,631,780	4,734,327
9,181,929	_	9,1 <b>8</b> 1,9 <b>29</b>		_	9,181,929	6,608,739 219,226,948
		(0.305.001)	219,201,438		219,201,438	902,080
(3,494,292)	109,211	(3,385,081)	144 002 650	<del>-</del>	(3,385,081) 144,983,658	142,954,582
	2 276 444	20,438,530	144,983,658 2,320,920	53,124	22,812,574	35,961,784
18,162,086	2,276,444 —	20,438,330	2,194,195	10,538	2,204,733	1,978,237
	11,951,652	11,951,652		<del>-</del>	11,951,652	6,695,054
465,838	(465,838)				<del></del>	
388,449,217	13,871,469	402,320,686	368,700,211	63,662	771,084,559	750,884,745
(2,240,787)	37,762,125	35,521,338	(20,214,962)	(68,031)	15,238,345	(78,870,024)
2,601,513,694	419,850,669	3,021,364,363	520,452,898	938,411	3,542,755,672	3,537,304,339
	<del></del>					84,321,357
2,601,513,694	419,850,669	3,021,364,363	520,452,898	938,411	3,542,755,672	3,621,625,696
2,599,272,907	\$ 457,612,794	\$ 3,056,885,701	\$ 500,237,936	\$ 870,380	\$ 3,557,994,017	\$ 3,542,755,672

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

			Other	Total Gove	rnmental Funds
		MOA	Governmental	December 31,	December 31,
Assets	General	Trest	Funds	2004	2003
Cash	<u>s</u> –	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 14,783	\$ 14,783	\$ 12,623
Cash in central treasury	83,589,630	<b>.</b>	93,667,037	177,256,667	125,038,366
Investments	287,500		24,101,703	24,389,203	25,411,080
Due from other funds	5,351,284		574.836	5,926,120	
Receivables (net of allowance	7,404	_	J 14,030	3,920,120	31,912,733
for uncollectibles)	72,990,685		4 751 210	77,741,895	70.201.504
Interest receivable	12,550,005		4,751,210		79,321,584
Special assessments receivable	2,001,814	_	4,526	4,526	14
Due from component units	2,001,814	_	538,923	2,540,737	1,974,992
Inventories	738,969		_	244,395	587,093
Prepaid items and deposits	216,917	_	3,754	738,969	671,043
Restricted assets:	210,917		3,/34	220,671	237,027
Cash in central treasury		10.537		10.556	255 522
Investments	_	10,576	40(0.11)	10,576	256,622
	1.000.053	128,615,417	4,068,116	132,683,533	128,667,213
Intergovernmental receivables	1,099,953	466.226	12,114,476	13,214,429	13,203,655
Interest receivables  Loans receivables, net	_	466,236		466,236	423,196
	DE2 042	_	_		30,800
Advances to other funds	<u>853,042</u>			853,042	646,859
Total assets	\$ 167,374,189	\$ 129,092,229	<b>\$</b> 139,839,364	\$ 436,305,782	\$ 408,394,900
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 4,575,426	\$	\$ 3,920,977	\$ 8,496,403	\$ 9,754,020
Due to other funds	34,577	· _	1,105,754	1,140,331	1,467,912
Due to component unit	54,667,774			54,667,774	48,327,886
Deferred revenue and deposits	65,180,801	_	3,857,894	69,038,695	70,102,827
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		163,884		163,884	118,206
Total liabilities	124,458,578	163,884	8,884,625	133,507,087	129,770,851
Fund balances:					
Reserved:					
Encumbrances	1,383,615		29,606,259	30,989,874	28,988,140
Inventories	738,969	<u>=</u>	29,000,239	738,969	671.043
Prepaid items and deposits	216,917		3,754	220,671	237,027
Long-term loans	461,196	_	5.018.893	5,480,089	6,240,215
Perpetual care	-01,170		269,397	269,397	256,622
MOA trust	<u> </u>	128,928,345	209,391	128,928,345	124,904,677
Debt service		120,720,343	41,719,238	41,719,238	
Unreserved, designated for bond rating	<del></del>	_	41,719,234	41,717,230	42,717,015
and operating emergencies, reported in:					
General fund	27,843,180			22 642 160	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:	27,043,100	_	_	27,843,180	
General fund	12,271,734			12 221 224	75 460 754
Special revenue funds	12,134	<del></del>	12.570.336	12,271,734	35,460,354
Capital projects funds	<del></del>	_		12,570,336	16,010,905
Capital projects lunus			41,766,862	41,766,862	23,138,051
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund	42,915,611	128,928,345	130,954,739	302,798,695	278,624,049
balances	\$ 167,374,189	\$ 129,092,229	\$ 139,839,364	\$ 436,305,782	\$ 408,394,900
	-				

# Reconciliation of Net Assets Between the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

Amounts reported as fund balance on the governmental fund balance sheet	\$ 302,798,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,817,809,325
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:  Jail lease receivable, net activity \$ 55,83:  Property taxes 6,152  Deferred charges 2,584	2,522 4,894
	64,572,507
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, cost of insurance, and information technology to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	23,045,232
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds:	
General obligation bonds (367,386	,458)
Revenue bonds (54,545	
	,000)
Certificates of participation (6,560 Notes and contracts (6,779	* /
Compensated absences (12,889	
Police and fire post employment health care benefits liability (153,919)	
Unfunded Pension Obligation (2,344	•
Accrued interest payable (3,838)	
	(608,952,852)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,599,272,907

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

Revenues:							Other		Total Gove	romei	atal Funds
Taxes			General		MOA Trust				2004		2003
Special assessments	Revenues:										
Special assessments	Taxes	5	372,606,202	\$	_	\$		S	372,606,202	2	344,146,857
Licenses and permits   12,024,998	Special assessments				_		792.611	_		-	1,297,844
Total revenues	Licenses and permits										
Charges for services   19,170,939							34 191 663				
Fines and forfeitures   6,712,483   — 245,096   6,937,579   6,088,90   Investment income   1,292,109   11,363,355   2,071,708   14,727,452   26,915,80   Restricted contributions   34,286   — 1,266,049   1,294,335   52,4   Other   2,405,659   — 855,729   3,261,388   3,690,18   Total revenues   418,956,891   11,363,635   45,012,823   475,333,349   472,058,88   Expenditures:   Current:											
Investment income   1,292,109   1,363,635   2,071,708   14,727,452   26,915,8   Restricted contributions   34,286   1,363,635   2,071,708   14,727,452   26,915,8   Christ   2,405,659   — 855,729   3,261,388   3,690,18					_						
Restricted contributions											
Other         2,405,659         —         855,729         3,261,388         3,690,18           Total revenues         418,956,891         11,363,635         45,012,823         475,333,349         472,058,88           Expenditures:         Current:         Current:         Ceneral government         13,763,263         739,967         2,011,492         16,514,722         22,961,76           Fine services         49,029,677         —         1,872,490         50,902,167         43,955,34           Police services         63,353,884         —         2,962,472         66,316,356         60,175,640         29,841,94           Ecocomic and community development         33,911,485         —         4,078,441         37,948,866         23,856,32         Public transportation         14,852,345         —         3,474,66         18,002,811         15,366,32         Public works         13,873,783         —         1,113,614         14,987,397         29,822,14         Public works         13,873,783         —         1,113,614         14,987,397         29,822,51         Public works         12,757,762         —         5,25,000         27,501,762         22,716,762         —         7,327,762         25,791,48         1,227,24         Bond issuance costs         25,509         — <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>11,363,635</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					11,363,635						
Total revenues											52,450
Expenditures:   Current:	Other		2,405,659				855,729	- —	3,261,388	- —	3,690,183
Current   General government	Total revenues		418,956,891		11,363,635		45,012,823		475,333,349		472,058,886
General government 13,763,263 739,967 2,011,492 16,514,722 22,961,77 Fire services 49,029,677 — 1,872,490 50,902,167 45,955,34 Police services 63,353,884 — 2,962,472 66,516,356 60,157,67 Health and pursue services 12,794,694 — 10,970,946 23,765,640 29,841,94 Economic and community development 33,911,425 — 4,038,441 37,949,866 23,856,321 Public transportation 14,855,345 — 3,147,466 18,002,811 15,350,88 Public works 13,873,783 — 1,113,614 14,987,397 29,832,145 Education 153,993,490 — 285,280 154,278,770 144,095,08 Maintenance and operations 24,357,277 — 562 24,357,789 26,892,53 Debt service:  Principal 22,176,762 — 5,325,000 27,501,762 25,791,48 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Interest 25,509 — 888,279 843,788 444,37 Capital outlay 52,500,400 58,750,450 58											
Fire services 49,029,677 — 1,372,496 50,902,167 45,955,32 Police services 63,353,884 — 2,962,472 66,36,356 60,157,67 Health and human services 12,794,694 — 10,970,946 23,765,640 29,841,94 Economic and community development 33,911,425 — 4,038,441 37,949,866 22,856,32 Public transportation 14,855,245 — 3,147,466 18,002,811 15,350,88 Public works 13,873,783 — 1,113,614 14,987,397 29,832,14 Education 153,993,490 — 285,280 154,278,770 144,095,06 Maintenance and operations 24,357,227 — 562 24,357,789 26,892,53 Debt service: Principal 22,176,762 — 5,325,000 27,501,762 25,791,48 Interest 16,002,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Bond issuance costs 255,509 — \$88,279 843,788 444,37 Capital outlay 255,509 — \$88,279 843,788 444,37 Capital outlay 255,509 — \$88,279 843,788 444,37 Total expenditures 418,389,531 739,967 94,664,398 513,823,896 504,341,39 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 567,360 19,623,668 (49,681,575) (38,490,547) (32,282,50 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers on - from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87 Transfers on - to other funds 12,519,206 — 5,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued — 53,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued — 53,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 5,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 5,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 21,465,00											
Fire services	General government		13,763,263		739,967		2,011,492		16,514,722		22,961,766
Police services	Fire services		49,029,677		<b>-</b>						45,955,347
Health and human services	Police services				_						
Economic and community development 33,911,425 — 4,038,441 37,949,866 23,815,237 Public transportation 14,855,345 — 3,147,466 18,002,811 15,350,86 Public works 13,873,783 — 1,113,614 14,987,397 29,832,14 Education 153,993,490 — 285,280 154,278,770 144,095,08 Maintenance and operations 24,357,227 — 562 24,557,789 26,892,53 Debt service:  Principal 22,176,762 — 5,325,000 27,501,762 25,791,48 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Interest 25,509 — 588,279 483,788 444,37 Capital outlay — 58,750,450 58,750,450 59,954,57 Total expenditures 418,389,531 739,967 94,694,398 513,823,896 504,341,39 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 567,360 10,623,668 (49,681,575) (38,490,547) (32,282,50 Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87 Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,511) (6,600,000) (5,000,333) (25,083,344) (23,154,01 General obligation bonds issued — 5,365,000 — 21,4											
Public transportation 14,855,345 — 3,147,466 18,002,811 15,350,85 Public works 13,873,783 — 1,113,614 14,987,397 29,832,14 Education 153,993,490 — 285,280 154,278,770 144,095,08 Maintenance and operations 24,357,227 — 562 24,357,789 26,892,53 Debt service:  Principal 22,176,762 — 5,325,000 27,501,762 25,791, 181,181,181,181,181,181,181,181,181,1											
Public works											
Education 153,993,490 — 285,280 154,278,770 144,095,08 Maintenance and operations 24,357,227 — 562 24,357,789 26,892,53 Debt service:  Principal 22,176,762 — 5,325,000 27,501,762 25,791,48 Interest 16,024,472 — 3,627,906 19,652,378 19,227,24 Bond issuance costs 255,509 — 588,279 843,788 444,37 Capital outlay — 58,750,450 58,750,450 59,954,57 Total expenditures 418,389,531 739,967 94,694,398 513,823,896 504,341,39 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 567,360 10,623,668 (49,681,575) (38,490,547) (32,282,50 Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87 Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,511) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,010 General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 5,365,000 — Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 5,365,000 5,365,000 — Refunding bonds alse 1,757,098 — 91,593 2,348,691 714,29 Premium on refunding bonds 1,877,845 — 1,146,807 — 1,877,845 — 1,146,807					_						
Maintenance and operations  Debt service:  Principal  22,176,762  3,325,000  27,501,762  25,791,48  Interest  16,024,472  3,627,906  19,652,378  19,227,24  Bond issuance costs  255,509  588,279  843,788  444,378  Capital outlay  Total expenditures  418,389,531  739,967  94,694,398  513,823,896  504,341,39  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures  567,360  10,623,668  (49,681,575)  (38,490,547)  (32,282,50)  Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds  12,519,206  Transfers out – to other funds  (13,482,511)  (6,600,000)  (5,000,833)  (5,008,344)  (23,154,01)  General obligation bonds issued  General obligation bonds issued  Ceneral obligation bonds issued  21,465,000  Long term debt issued  21,465,000  Premium on bond sale  1,787,098  Premium on bond sale  1,787,098  Premium on bond sale  1,787,098  Premium on bond sale  1,877,845  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt  extinguish debt  (21,425,000)  —————————————————————————————————					_						
Debt service:   Principal   22,176,762   5,325,000   27,501,762   25,791,48   Interest   16,024,472   3,627,906   19,652,378   19,227,24   Bond issuance costs   255,509   588,279   843,788   444,37   Capital outlay											144,095,089
Principal         22,176,762         —         5,325,000         27,501,762         25,791,48           Interest         16,024,472         —         3,627,906         19,652,378         19,227,24           Bond issuance costs         255,509         —         588,279         843,788         444,37           Capital outlay         —         —         58,750,450         58,750,450         59,954,57           Total expenditures         418,389,531         739,967         94,694,398         513,823,896         504,341,39           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         567,360         10,623,668         (49,681,575)         (38,490,547)         (32,282,50           Other financing sources (uses):           Transfers out — to other funds         12,519,206         —         11,588,946         24,108,152         22,646,87           Transfers out — to other funds         (13,482,517)         (6,600,000)         (5,000,333)         (25,083,344)         (23,154,01           Long term debt issued         —         —         —         5,365,000         5,365,000         22,375,000         35,000,00           Refunding bonds issued         1,757,098         —         591,593         2,348,691         714,29			24,357,227		_		562		24,357,789		26,892,534
Interest   16,024,472			22 126 262				5 305 000		An col #co		0.5.501 400
Bond issuance costs Capital outlay Capital expenditures  A18,389,531  Total expenditures  567,360  10,623,668  49,681,575)  (38,490,547)  (32,282,50) Cother financing sources (uses): Capital capital leases Capital le					_						
Capital outlay — — 58,750,450 58,750,450 59,954,57  Total expenditures 418,389,531 739,967 94,694,398 513,823,896 504,341,39  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 567,360 10,623,668 (49,681,575) (38,490,547) (32,282,50)  Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87  Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,511) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,01)  General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00  Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 53,65,000 — 21,465,000					_						19,227,244
Total expenditures 418,389,531 739,967 94,694,398 513,823,896 504,341,39  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 567,360 10,623,668 (49,681,575) (38,490,547) (32,282,500)  Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87  Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,511) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,01)  General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,000  Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 5,365,000 — 21,465,000			255,509		_		588,279		843,788		444,379
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Capital outlay					- —	58,750,450		58,750,450		59,954,574
expenditures         567,360         10,623,668         (49,681,575)         (38,490,547)         (32,282,50)           Other financing sources (uses):         Transfers in – from other funds         12,519,206         —         11,588,946         24,108,152         22,646,87           Transfers out – to other funds         (13,482,511)         (6,600,000)         (5,000,833)         (25,083,344)         (23,154,01           General obligation bonds issued         —         —         52,375,000         52,375,000         35,000,00           Long term debt issued         —         —         5,365,000         5,365,000         —           Refunding bonds issued         21,465,000         —         —         21,465,000         —           Premium on bond sale         1,757,098         —         591,593         2,348,691         714,29           Premium on refunding bonds         1,877,845         —         —         1,877,845         —           Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt         (21,425,000)         —         —         (21,425,000)         —           Payment to refunded bond escrow agent         (1,662,336)         —         —         (1,662,336)         —           Capital leases         3,468         —         —         <	Total expenditures		418,389,531		739,967		94,694,398		513,823,896		504,341,393
Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in – from other funds  12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87  Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,511) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,011)  General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00  Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 5,365,000 — 21,465,000											
Transfers in - from other funds 12,519,206 — 11,588,946 24,108,152 22,646,87 Transfers out - to other funds (13,482,517) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,011) General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 21	expenditures		567,360		10,623,668		(49,681,575)		(38,490,547)		(32,282,507)
Transfers out – to other funds (13,482,517) (6,600,000) (5,000,833) (25,083,344) (23,154,01 General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00 Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 5,365,000 — Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 —											
General obligation bonds issued — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			12,519,206		_		11,588,946		24,108,152		22,646,876
General obligation bonds issued — 52,375,000 52,375,000 35,000,00  Long term debt issued — 5,365,000 5,365,000 —  Refunding bonds issued 21,465,000 — 21,465,000 —  Premium on bond sale 1,757,098 — 591,593 2,348,691 714,29  Premium on refunding bonds 1,877,845 — 1,877,845 — 1,877,845 —  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt (21,425,000) — (21,425,000) — (1,662,336) — (1,662	Transfers out - to other funds		(13,482,517)		(6,600,000)		(5,000,833)		(25,083,344)		(23,154,015)
Long term debt issued  Refunding bonds issued  21,465,000 — 5,365,000 5,365,000 —  Refunding bonds issued  21,465,000 — 21,465,000 —  Premium on bond sale  1,757,098 — 591,593 2,348,691 714,29  Permium on refunding bonds  1,877,845 — 1,877,845 — 1,877,845  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt  extinguish debt  Capital leases  Capital leases  3,468 — 1,146,807 1,146,807 — (1,662,336) —	General obligation bonds issued						52,375,000				
Refunding bonds issued  21,465,000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Long term debt issued		_		_						
Premium on bond sale 1,757,098 - 591,593 2,348,691 714,29 Premium on refunding bonds 1,877,845 - 1,877			21 465 000				-,,				
Premium on refunding bonds 1,877,845 — 1,877,845 — 1,877,845 — 1,877,845 — (21,425,000) — (21,42							501 502				714 202
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt (21,425,000) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					-		271,273				/14,292
extinguish debt (21,425,000) — — (21,425,000) — — (1,662,336) — (1,662,336) — — (1,662,336) — — (1,662,336) — — (1,662,336)			1,077,043		_		_		1,677,545		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (1,662,336) — (1,662			/31 /35 0000						(01 405 005)		
Capital leases Sale of capital assets         3,468         —         1,146,807 2,145,910         1,146,807 2,149,378         2,926,68 2,149,378         2,926,68 2,926,68           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,052,770         (6,600,000)         68,212,423         62,665,193         38,133,83           Net change in fund balances         1,620,130         4,023,668         18,530,848         24,174,646         5,851,336           and balances, beginning of year         41,295,481         124,904,677         112,423,891         278,624,049         272,772,719					-		_				
Sale of capital assets 3,468 — 2,145,910 2,149,378 2,926,688  Total other financing sources (uses) 1,052,770 (6,600,000) 68,212,423 62,665,193 38,133,83  Net change in fund balances 1,620,130 4,023,668 18,530,848 24,174,646 5,851,338 and balances, beginning of year 41,295,481 124,904,677 112,423,891 278,624,049 272,772,719			(1,662,336)		****		_				_
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,052,770 (6,600,000) 68,212,423 62,665,193 38,133,83  Net change in fund balances 1,620,130 4,023,668 18,530,848 24,174,646 5,851,336  und balances, beginning of year 41,295,481 124,904,677 112,423,891 278,624,049 272,772,719			_		_						_
Net change in fund balances 1,620,130 4,023,668 18,530,848 24,174,646 5,851,336 and balances, beginning of year 41,295,481 124,904,677 112,423,891 278,624,049 272,772,719	Sale of capital assets		3,468				2,145,910		2,149,378		2,926,684
and balances, beginning of year 41,295,481 124,904,677 112,423,891 278,624,049 272,772,719	Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,052,770	<del></del>	(6,600,000)		68,212,423		62,665,193		38,133,837
	Net change in fund balances		1,620,130		4,023,668		18,530,848		24,174,646		5,851,330
	and balances, beginning of year		41,295,481	12	24,904,677		112,423,891		278,624,049		272,772,719
	und balances, end of year	<u>s</u>	42,915,611	\$ 12	28,928,345	<u>s</u>	130,954,739	\$	302,798,695	\$	278,624,049

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2004

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds:  Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds New issuance of long term debt (5,365,000)
activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds
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However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach  Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds:  Property taxes  Jail lease receivable, net activity  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (21,465,000)
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depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: New issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds (52,375,000) (21,465,000)
Depreciation expense Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (22,465,000)
Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under modified approach Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds: Property taxes Jail lease receivable, net activity  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds (21,465,000)
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Equipment purchases expensed in fund statements  4,845,955  23,356,526  The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  (6,790,477)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds:  Property taxes  Jail lease receivable, net activity  (2,108,021)  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (52,375,000)  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (21,465,000)
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The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets  (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.  (6,790,477)  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds:  Property taxes  Jail lease receivable, net activity  (2,108,021)  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (52,375,000)  (21,465,000)
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items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (52,375,000)  (21,465,000)
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  New issuance of general obligation bonds  Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds  (52,375,000)  (21,465,000)
New issuance of general obligation bonds (52,375,000) Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds (21,465,000)
Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds (21,465,000)
New Issuance of this fertil debt
Extinguishment of debt due to refunding 21,425,000 Principal repayment 27,501,762
Payment to escrow agent for refunding 1,662,336
Net activity of premium discount, issuance, and interest of
issued debt (3,432,889)
(32,048,791)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.
Compensated absences (146,841)
Unfinded pension obligation (2,344,517)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs
of insurance, fleet management and information technology
to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain activities
of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (7,042,694)
Change in net assets of governmental activities \$ (2,240,787)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Assets	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		
Current assets:							
Cash	\$ 1,600		\$ <u> </u>	\$ 5,342,045	\$ 5,343,645		
Cash in central treasury	28,721,829	11,097,835	8,614,895	24,848,932	73,283,491		
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_		
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles)	33,998,260	2,857,932	1,829,715	2,970,528	41,656,435		
Interest receivable	89,516	53,422	107,922	3,665	254,525		
Current portion of lease receivable	_		_	457,236	457,236		
Inventories	15,073,657	1,503,410	_		16,577,067		
Prepaid items and deposits	_	_		86,591	86,591		
Special assessments receivable	<del>-</del>	91,750	168,666	_	260,416		
Unbilled reimbursable work orders	17,274	382,114	150,262	_	549,650		
Deferred charges and other assets	304,052	_		_	304,052		
Restricted assets:							
Cash in central treasury	15,034,711	_		_	15,034,711		
Customer deposits	1,018,265	393,034	370,578	· <u> </u>	1,781,877		
Restricted deposits			_	592,202	592,202		
Receivables	_		<del></del>	5,225	5,225		
Bond and acquisition and							
construction accounts	_	2,583,143	1,995,807	41,751,923	46,330,873		
Revenue bond operations and							
maintenance accounts	8,005,968		_	369,812	8,375,780		
Debt service accounts	6,872,603	11,341,761	2,192,424	1,141,022	21,547,810		
Total current assets	109,137,735	30,304,401	15,430,269	77,569,181	232,441,586		
Noncurrent assets:							
Loans receivables, net		_	_	28,585	28,585		
Advances to other funds	_	_			_		
Revenue bond reserve investments	24,784,783	_	_	_	24,784,783		
Deferred charges and other assets	4,054,256	1,444,756	2,807,803	1,354,587	9,661,402		
Capital assets, net	281,209,765	386,479,583	276,607,013	171,020,802	1,115,317,163		
Total noncurrent assets	310,048,804	387,924,339	279,414,816	172,403,974	1,149,791,933		
Total assets	\$ 419,186,539	\$ 418,228,740	\$ 294,845,085	\$ 249,973,155	S 1,382,233,519		

		Total Propietary Funds									
Govern Activi Inter Serv Fur	ties — Trail vice	I	December 31, 2004	December 31, 2003							
	— 10,445 08,019	\$	5,343,645 78,893,936 908,019	\$	4,001,234 76,734,898 908,019						
	143  33,553 75,114 		41,656,578 254,525 457,236 16,910,620 361,705 260,416 549,650 304,052		31,865,888 735,239 416,691 17,105,915 521,863 201,909 523,713 463,496						
	<u>-</u> - -		15,034,711 1,781,877 592,202 5,225		3,674,614 1,807,310 524,363 290,077						
6,46	7,563		52,798,436 8,375,780		36,255,853 7,126,426						
			21,547,810		41,068,381						
13,59	4,837		246,036,423		224,225,889						
6,78 30,57- 37,36:			28,585 6,789,033 24,784,783 9,661,402 1,145,891,417		34,932 6,734,166 13,792,373 1,128,000,917 1,148,562,388						
\$ 50.95			1,433,191,643	\$	1,372,788,277						

(Continued)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Liabilities and Net Assets		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Compensated absences payable	\$	9,330,465 1,571,503	\$	1,074,168 990,199	\$	868,628 990,199	\$	1,332,695 516,108	\$	12,605,956 4,068,009	
Claims payable Claims incurred but not reported Due to other funds		_		=		_ 		360,21 <b>7</b>			
Accrued interest payable Long-term obligations maturing		1,741,805		2,182,616		796,445		433,681 4,907,931		5,154,547 31,186,089	
within one year Deferred revenue and deposits Deferred credits and other liabilities		13,310,000 2,843,018 70,518		5,959,203  		7,008,955 — —		216,764 260,004		3,059,782 330,522	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable		1,018,265		393,034		370,578		54,944		1,836,821	
Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable				1,012,310		1,082,687		585,189		2,680,186	
Total current liabilities		29,885,574	- —	11,611,530		11,117,492		8,667,533	_	61,282,129	
Noncurrent liabilities: General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Revenue bonds payable (net of		_		_		5,729,820		2,267,230		7,997,050	
unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Special assessment bonds payable		209,691,109		91,044,821		27,037,888		2,541,526		330,315,344	
(net of anamortized discounts)  Due to other funds		_		254,522		17,841		962.886		272,363 962,886	
Alaska clean water loan payable Other loans and contracts payable				21,892,621		29,474,275 —		11,779,341		63,146,237	
Deferred revenue Compensated absences payable Unfunded pension obligation		122,368		90,626 230,547		90,626 163,222		165,120		181,252 681,257	
Total noncurrent liabilities		209,813,477		113,513,137		62,513,672		17,716,103		403,556,389	
Deferred credits and other liabilities: Future landfill closure costs Other deferred credits Contributed capital Total deferred credits and		24,355,633 14,638,553		231,567,132		(33,722) 178,350,158		11,111,326		11,111,326 24,321,911 424,555,843	
other liabilities		38,994,186		231,567,132		178,316,436		11,111,326	_	459,989,080	
Total liabilities		278,693,237		356,691,799		251,947,600	_	37,494,962		924,827,598	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for operations and maintenance Restricted for acquisition and construction		43,570,103 29,915,581 — 12,191,693		35,761,284 10,754,413 —		28,988,076 2,010,871 —		149,524,774 1,446,334 35,142 42,024,979		257,844,237 44,127,199 35,142 54,216,672	
Unrestricted		54,815,925	_	15,021,244		11,898,538		19,446,964		101,182,671	
Total net assets	\$	140,493,302	\$	61,536,941	<u>\$</u>	42,897,485	S	212,478,193		457,405,921	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	of inte	rnal service fund	activ	ities related to ent	erpris	e funds				206,873	
Net assets of business-type activities									\$	457,612,794	

			Total Proprietary Funds				
_	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		December 31, 2004		December 31, 2003		
\$	566,190	\$	13,172,146	\$	7,871,747		
ъ	595,710	ð	4,663,719		4,455,977		
	6,633,412		6,633,412		6,567,269		
	5,837,424		5,837,424				
			6,348,236		5,961,115		
	5,988,019		0,346,230		31,202,266		
			5,154,547		5,100,278		
	75,997		31,262,086		30,463,196		
	43,467		3,103,249		339,553		
	·—		330,522		4,038,909		
			1,836,821		1 842 004		
	·		,		1,842,904		
	532,374	- —	3,212,560	- —	1,914,412		
_	20,272,593		81,554,722		99,757,626		
			# 00# 0#0				
			7,997,050		15,649,244		
	_		330,315,344		308,624,069		
					200,021,000		
	_		272,363		304,186		
	6,024,762		6,987,648		7,642,185		
			63,146,237		49,294,121		
					75,998		
	1,276,128		1,276,128		1,505,908		
	-,,		181,252		298,214		
	132,536		813,793				
	7,433,426		410,989,815		383 302 016		
	1,433,420		710,903,013		383,393,925		
	_		11,111,326		10,324,632		
	_		24,321,911		17,316,835		
			424,555,843		412,056,664		
			459,989,080		439,698,131		
	···		<del></del>				
	27,706,019		952,533,617		922,849,682		
	23,565,476		281,409,713		303,867,575		
			44,127,199				
					39,284,761		
	_		35,142 54,216,672		524,363		
	(313,371)	,	100,869,300		27,887,567 78,374,329		
<u> </u>	23,252,105	\$ 4	480,658,026	\$	449,938,595		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									· · · · · · ·
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	\$	93,026,061 14,486,940	<b>S</b>	29,376,961 3,991,011	\$	25,492,009 1,098,198	\$	34,005,001 4,949,709	\$	181,900,032 24,525,858
Total operating revenues		107,513,001		33,367,972		26,590,207	_	38,954,710		206,425,890
Operating expenses: Operations Municipal service assessment taxes Amortization of future landfill closure costs Depreciation		61,453,351 2,065,369 — 14,343,676		17,094,054 3,261,718 — 5,736,739		15,821,938 2,290,291 — 4,495,973		23,329,920 1,564,550 786,694 8,735,931		117,699,263 9,181,928 786,694 33,312,319
Total operating expenses		77,862,396		26,092,511		22,608,202		34,417,095		160,980,204
Operating income (loss)		29,650,605		7,275,461		3,982,005		4,537,615		45,445,686
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Other revenues Intergovernmental revenue Interest expense Allowance for funds used during construction		1,013,779 143,288 — (14,747,400) 213,750		291,357 29,250  (5,665,360) 781,541		211,901 — (2,075,552) 533,036		759,407 195,249 2,303,543 (978,777)		2,276,444 367,787 2,303,543 (23,467,089) 1,528,327
Gain on disposition of assets Amortization of deferred charges Other expenses		(261,092) (406,609)		(769,169)		(300,092)		109,211 (52,929) —		109,211 (1,383,282) (406,609)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(14,044,284)		(5,332,381)		(1,630,707)	_	2,335,704	<del></del>	(18,671,668)
Income before capital contributions, special item and transfers		15,606,321		1,943,080		2,351,298		6,873,319		26,774,018
Capital contributions Special item – regulatory adjustment Transfers in Transfers out		11,951,652		. — — —				(484,819) — 1,373,500 (1,839,338)		(484,819) 11,951,652 1,373,500 (1,839,338)
Change in net assets		27,557,973		1,943,080		2,351,298		5,922,662		37,775,013
Total net assets - beginning		112,935,329		59,593,861		40,546,187		206,555,531		
Total net assets - ending	\$	140,493,302	\$	61,536,941	5	42,897,485	\$	212,478,193		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidati	on of	internal service fu	nd act	ivities related to	enterp	rise funds				(12,888)
Change in net assets of business-type	e activ	rities							\$	37,762,125

			Total Proprietary Funds					
	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		2004		2003			
\$	32,643,723	\$	214,543,755 24,525,858	<b>\$</b>	201,242,335 17,097,372			
	32,643,723	_	239,069,613		218,339,707			
	29,953,832 — — 6,064,333		147,653,095 9,181,928 786,694 39,376,652		132,814,604 6,608,357 767,073 38,782,949			
	36,018,165		196,998,369	- —	178,972,983			
_	(3,374,442)	_	42,071.244	_	39,366,724			
	329,811 14,953 125,000 (241,784)		2,606,255 382,740 2,428,543 (23,708,873)		2,220,934 578,069 1,561,780 (23,968,648)			
	(36,202)		1,528,327 73,009 (1,383,282) (406,609)	· · · · · ·	1,713,022 43,121 (1,568,025) (449,905)			
	191,778		(18,479,890)		(19,869,652)			
	(3,182,664)		23,591,354 (484,819)		19,497,072 (107,963)			
	_		11,951,652		6,695,054			
	(3,872,918)		1,373,500 (5,712,256)		3,899,500 (4,712,808)			
	(7,055,582)		30,719,431		25,270,855			
	30,307,687		449,938,595		424,667,740			
\$	23.252,105	S	480,658,026	\$	449,938,595			

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#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31,2003)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility					
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 116,236,703 (17,351,773) (48,016,576)	\$ 35,118,318 (9,760,289) (11,431,535)	\$ 26,774,022 (9,362,092) (8,922,590)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	50,868,354	13,926,494	8,489,340					
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Loan proceeds from central treasury Loan payments to central treasury Other noncapital receipts Other noncapital payments to vendors	11,988 (406,612)	29,250	= = = = = =					
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	(394,624)	29,250	_					
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations Principal payments on long-term obligations Loan proceeds from central treasury Loan payments to central treasury Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(12,830,000) —————————————————————————————————	16,303,738 (4,625,000) (7,933,945) (5,678,805) (13,744,580)	22,060,672 (5,695,000) (11,891,841) (1,865,639) (14,292,594)					
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets Intergovernmental revenue received Proceeds from gas underlift settlement Capital contributions – customers Capital contributions – intergovernmental Payments for interfund services used Proceeds from Alaska Clean Water loans Principal payments on Alaska Clean Water loans	138,570 11,951,652 1,041,065 522,405 (813,279)	560,866 667,424 	886,986 1,570,250 8,228,002 (1,364,329)					
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(24,824,690)	(6,405,513)	(2,363,493)					
Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sales and maturity of investments  Proceeds from investment in direct financing leases  Purchase of investments  Investment income received	(12,681,829) 1,181,893	(6,101,084) 279,586	(4,188,231) 213,489					
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(11,499,936)	(5,821,498)	(3,974,742)					
Net increase (decrease) in cash	14,149,104	1,728,733	2,151,105					
Cash, beginning of year	15,592,590	9,762,136	6,834,368					
Cash, end of year	\$ 29,741,694	\$ 11,490,869	\$ 8,985,473					
Cash Cash in central treasury Customer deposits	\$ 1,600 28,721,829 1,018,265	\$ 11,097,835 393,034	\$ 8,614,895 370,578					
Cash, December 31	\$ 29,741,694	\$ 11,490,869	\$ 8,985,473					

			Governmental Activities	Total Proprietary Funds					
Other Enterprise Funds		Enterprise Enterprise		2004	2003				
\$	42,685,507 (12,136,996) (15,988,555)	(12,136,996) (48,611,150) (7,556,858)		\$ 253,506,879 (56,168,008) (106,699,069)	\$ 223,760,410 (54,713,140) (90,743,931)				
_	14,559,956	87,844,144	2,795,658	90,639,802	78,303,339				
	(1,839,338) 1,373,500	(1,839,338) 1,373,500 —	(3,872,918) — 918,486	(5,712,256) 1,373,500 918,486	(4,603,588) 3,899,500				
	(310,332) 183,720 —	(310,332) 224,958 (406,612)	(6,884,295) 14,953	(7,194,627) 239,911 (406,612)	1,946,423 (449,906)				
_	(592,450)	(957,824)	(9,823,774)	(10,781,598)	792,429				
	(5,012,932)	38,364,410 (28,162,932)	(1,040,689)	38,364,410 (29,203,621)	(29,532,556)				
	962,886  (980,567)	962,886 (19,825,786) (21,544,752)	(243,659)	962,886 (19,825,786) (21,788,411)	(1,208,252) (22,210,292)				
	(18,188,822)	(58,041,358)	(1,128,534)	(59,169,892)	(55,595,235)				
	208,637 2,044,836	347,207 2,044,836 11,951,652	108,614 125,000	455,821 2,169,836 11,951,652	419,484 1,706,059				
	(312,239)	2,176,678 2,760,079		2,176,678 2,760,079	1,370,573 2,324,461				
	<u>-</u>	(813,279) 16,943,415 (2,034,953)		(813,279) 16,943,415 (2,034,953)	6,090,965 (1,813,378)				
	(21,278,201)	(54,871,897)	(2,179,268)	(57,051,165)	(98,448,171)				
	 568,160	 568,160		 568,160	2,861,953 229,507				
	1,067,182	(22,971,144) 2,742,150	329,811	(22,971,144) 3,071,961	(882,698) 2,618,510				
	1,635,342	(19,660,834)	329,811	(19,331,023)	4,827,272				
	(5,675,353)	12,353,589	(8,877,573)	3,476,016	(14,525,131)				
	35,866,330	68,055,424	14,488,018	82,543,442	97,068,573				
S	30,190,977	\$ 80,409,013	\$ 5,610,445	\$ 86,019,458	\$ 82,543,442				
\$	5,342,045 24,848,932	\$ 5,343,645 73,283,491 1,781,877	\$ 5,610,445	\$ 5,343,645 78,893,936 1,781,877	\$ 4,001,234 76,734,898 1,807,310				
<u>\$</u>	30,190,977	\$ 80,409,013	\$ 5,610,445	\$ 86,019,458	\$ 82,543,442				

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Electric Water Wastewater Utility Utility Utility Reconciliation of change in net assets to net eash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) 29,650,605 \$ 7,275,461 \$ 3,982,005 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 14,343,676 5,736,739 4,495,973 Amortization of future landfill closure costs Allowance for uncollectible accounts 630 58,512 (6,240)Capital equipment purchases Changes in assets and liabilities which increase (decrease) cash: Accounts receivable 15,641,037 19,419 (312,329)Notes receivable Unbilled reimbursable work orders 51,859 (99,287)21,491 Prepaid items and deposits 217,759 Inventories (68,973)Customer deposits 28,065 (27,681)4,788 Deferred charges and other assets 826,829 39,853 (483,908) Accounts payable and retainages 1,968,635 706,641 579,118 Due to other funds Accrued interest payable Claims payable Deferred credits and other liabilities (12,031,439) (10,043)Deferred revenue and deposits Unfunded pension obligation 122,368 230,547 163,222 Compensated absences payable 48,330 55,263 55,263 Total cash provided by operating activities \$ 50,868,354 13,926,494 8,489,340 Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital purchases on account \$ 440,213 \$ 73,005 \$ 319,704 Deferred refunding loss Contributed equipment 395,607 11,622,436 5,964,522 Special item - regulatory deferred asset Special item - regulatory depletion adjustment 835,820 11,695,441 6,284,226

<del>-</del>				_	Governmental	_	Total Prop	rietar	y Funds
	Other Enterprise Funds	_ ~	Total Enterprise Funds		Activities – Internal Service Funds		2004		2003
\$	4,537,615	\$	45,445,686	\$	(3,374,442)	\$	42,071,244	\$	39,366,724
	8,735,931 786,694 — 30,558		33,312,319 786,694 52,902 30,558		6,064,333 — — —		39,376,652 786,694 52,902 30,558		38,782,949 767,073 12,468
	(189,664) 6,500  10,794		15,158,463 6,500 (25,937) 10,794		1,496 — — (8,017)		15,159,959 6,500 (25,937) 2,777		(18,771,455) 2,397 94,080 543,151
	19,170		148,786 24,342		46,509 —		195,295 24,342		734,957 81,498
	457,212 —		382,774 3,711,606 —		157,225 32,213 		539,999 3,743,819 —		(3,220,893) 395,263 1,695,797
	120,194 (79,108) 165,120		(11,921,288) (79,108) 681,257		(229,180) 132,536		(12,150,468) (79,108) 813,793		(634,477) 18,214,386 82,626
\$	(41,060) 14,559,956	\$	117,796 87,844,144	\$	(27,015) 2,795,658	\$	90,781 90,639,802	\$	156,795 78,303,339
\$	516,600 80,061 — —	\$	1,349,522 80,061 17,982,565 —	\$	532,374	\$	1,881,896 80,061 17,982,565	\$	1,845,823 111,246 6,045,674 (8,502,156) 15,197,210
\$	596,661	\$	19,412,148	\$	532,374	\$	19,944,522	\$	14,697,797

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2004

Assets	Em	Pension and Other Post sployment Benefit Trust Funds	Employee Benefits Agency Fund		
Cash in central treasury	\$	72,443	\$	6,623,869	
Cash, cash equivalents held					
under securities lending program		22,514,095			
Investment in master group trust		395,038,728		_	
Investments		5,897,481		_	
Accounts Receivable		_		9,974	
Due from Other Funds Contributions receivable		_			
Capital assets, net		27,033			
Total assets	\$	423,549,780	\$	6,633,843	
Liabilities	<del></del>				
Accounts payable	\$	99,272	\$	164,394	
Payable under securities					
lending program		22,514,095		_	
Due to employees		· · · —		5,031,105	
Due to employees' retirement systems		_		966,588	
Payroll liabilities				471,756	
Total liabilities		22,613,367		6,633,843	
Net Assets					
Held in trust for:					
Employees' pension benefits		395,037,416		_	
Employees' post employment healthcare benefits		5,898,997			
Total net assets	\$	400,936,413	\$	<u> </u>	

See accompanying notes to financial statements,

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

## Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds

	2004	2003
Additions:		
Contributions from other funds	\$ 1,495,890	\$ 1,320,447
Contributions	18,775	4,710,589
Investment income:		· ,
Interest	5,892,040	5,596,750
Dividends	1,014,967	1,298,653
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	36,966,300	66,079,888
Less: investment expense	(1,430,934)	(1,213,398)
Total additions (reductions)	43,957,038	77,792,929
Deductions:		
Regular benefit payments	23,317,352	21,032,582
Administrative expenses	867,850	1,794,712
Total deductions	24,185,202	22,827,294
Change in net assets	19,771,836	54,965,635
Net assets – beginning	381,164,577	326,198,942
Net assets - ending	\$ 400,936,413	\$ 381,164,577

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

# MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

## NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Reporting Entity

The Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage) operates under an elected nonpartisan Mayor-Assembly form of government. The Mayor is elected at large for a three-year term. Legislative power is vested in the Assembly with executive and administrative power vested in the Mayor. The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Anchorage (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government.

Blended component units. The Anchorage Parking Authority, Inc. (Authority) is a public corporation created to manage Municipal parking facilities. The Authority is reported as a blended component unit, as it's sole purpose is to provide parking management services to the primary government. The Alaska Center for Performing Arts, Inc. (ACPA) operates, maintains and promotes the performing arts center, which is owned by the primary government. The ACPA is reported as a blended component unit as it was created to manage the Municipal owned performing arts center and provides facility management services exclusively to the primary government. The Cooperative Services Authority (CSA) is a purchasing cooperative created to obtain savings through pooled purchasing power and managed vendor negotiation. In 2004 the CSA provided services exclusively to the Municipality of Anchorage. The Authority, ACPA, and CSA are reported as enterprise funds.

Discretely presented component units. The Anchorage School District (School District) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within Anchorage. Members of the School Board are elected by the voters, however, the School District is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because the Assembly approves the total budget of the School District, levies the necessary taxes, and approves the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds. The School District has a June 30 fiscal year end; therefore, the financial information presented in these financial statements is as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004. Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. (Historic Properties) administers historic preservation projects. The Assembly approves the annual budget and the financing of historic preservation projects.

Complete financial statements of individual component units, other than the Cooperative Services Authority, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices in the following locations:

Anchorage School District 4600 DeBarr Road Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6614 Anchorage Parking Authority, Inc. 700 West 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Suite 206 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. 645 West 3rd Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Anchorage Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 621 West 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

#### (b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### (c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property and other taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, lodging and other taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Anchorage reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for resources which are not required legally or by sound management to be accounted for in any other fund.
- The MOA Trust Fund accounts for investments and related income from proceeds of the sale of Anchorage Telephone Utility and any other amounts the Anchorage Assembly may add to the fund.

Anchorage reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The *Electric Utility Fund* accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Electric Utility.
- The Water Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Water Utility.
- The Wastewater Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Wastewater Utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- The *Internal Service Funds* account for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles, information technology, and for general liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation insurance coverage provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- The Pension and Post-employment Benefit Trust Funds account for the Police and Fire Retirement Systems Pension plans and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical plan for eligible Police and Fire retirees.
- The Agency Fund accounts for payroll related liabilities.

Agency Funds only report assets and liabilities, thus they do not have a measurement focus. However, they do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. Anchorage has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The regulated Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities (Utilities) follow provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation. The Utilities' rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA), and as a result, revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction which for rate-making purposes are amortized over the life of the respective utility plant

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

as a reduction of depreciation expense. Consequently, contributions in aid of construction are recorded as a regulatory liability in the accompanying basic financial statements. The Utilities' rates also include an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction (AFUDC), which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. Associated rate case expenses are amortized over a period of 24 to 60 months.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between Anchorage's various business-type functions and various other functions of Anchorage. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Anchorage's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources, as they are needed.

#### (d) Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

#### Cash and Investments

To obtain flexibility in cash management, Anchorage uses a central treasury. Pooled cash is invested in various securities to maximize return while maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet maturing obligations. Investments in securities to satisfy bond reserve and other requirements are maintained in separate accounts.

Municipal Code (Code) authorizes Anchorage to invest in negotiable certificates of deposit issued by banks rated at least "A" by a nationally recognized rating service or nonnegotiable certificates of deposit of other depository agreements collateralized according to the Code. Anchorage and the School District maintain non-interest bearing deposits of \$490,000 (adjusted quarterly) and \$4,284,567, respectively, as compensating balances in return for banking services. Code requires deposits to be collateralized by securities valued at current market value.

The Code further authorizes Anchorage to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of or obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or agencies thereof;
- Commercial paper with no more than nine-months maturities issued by business organizations having the highest rating of a nationally recognized rating service;
- Banker's acceptances accepted by a rated bank and eligible for rediscount with or purchase by Federal Reserve System banks; and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

• Repurchase agreements secured by obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or agencies or instrumentalities thereof.

The Anchorage Parking Authority's bond indenture agreements require bond monies be invested in the following:

- Direct obligations of or obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or agencies thereof;
- Interest bearing deposits or certificates of deposit if amounts in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation are collateralized by obligations of the United States of America, or agencies thereof, State of Alaska, Municipality of Anchorage, or bonds of other states or municipalities in the two highest rating categories;
- Interest bearing notes maturing in six months, or less, issued by a bank with capital in excess of \$200,000,000 and rated in the two highest rating categories by a national rating agency;
- Repurchase agreements fully collateralized; and
- Banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit, and investment agreements of institutions
  with stated capital and surplus in excess of \$200,000,000 and rated within the two highest
  rating categories assigned by Standard and Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investors Services,
  Inc.

Investments at December 31, 2004 are reported at fair value. Investment income on cash pool investments is allocated to the various funds based on their month-end cash pool equity balances. Funds which have negative balances in the cash pools are charged interest; the interest income is allocated to those funds having equity in the cash pools.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property taxes receivable, including those business-type activities, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles, including those related to business-type activities.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach a lien on property on the first day of the tax year in which taxes are levied. For 2004, real property taxes were levied on May 4. Real property taxes were payable in two installments on June 15 and August 15, and personal property taxes in two installments on August 31 and October 31. The School District had accrued taxes and deferred revenue of \$81,751,661 for financing half of the 2004-2005 budget as of June 30, 2004. Taxes receivable of \$9,186,138 at

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

December 31, 2004, include interest and penalties of \$1,237,562 and is net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable of \$140,007. The property taxes receivable allowance is equal to approximately 4% of outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2004.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (specific identification), except inventories of the Utilities, which are valued at the lower of average cost or market. All primary government inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when used (consumption method).

#### Restricted Assets

Assets which are restricted for specific uses by bond covenants, grant provisions or other requirements are classified as restricted assets. The "bond operation and maintenance account" is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from Anchorage's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "bond acquisition and construction account" is used to report those proceeds of bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "debt service account" is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments. "Intergovernmental receivables" represent grant receivables due from state and federal governments. Restricted assets, excluding customer deposits, are considered investments, and as such, are excluded from cash for the purposes of the statement of cash flows. Liabilities payable from such restricted assets are separately classified.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Anchorage as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment or \$1,000 for computer hardware and software. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Although Anchorage holds title to capital assets of the School District, the School District has the risk and benefits of ownership associated with their capital assets. The School District, under Alaska law, cannot legally hold title to real property nor incur long-term debt. However, Anchorage has delegated the construction management of school projects to the School District. In order to reflect all of the capital assets used for school purposes and the related obligations serviced by the School District, real property and the associated obligations have been reported in the financial statements of the school district.

The Utilities capitalize interest on construction work in progress in accordance with regulatory requirements. Interest was capitalized in 2004 in the amounts of \$213,750, \$781,541, and \$533,036 for the Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities, respectively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

For all regulated utility property replaced or retired, the average cost of the property unit, plus removal cost less salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Gain or loss on the sale or retirement of plant is not recognized, except for extraordinary retirement. For all other proprietary fund types, gain or loss on the sale or retirement is recognized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	3-47 years
Production, Treatment, General Plant,	-
Transmission and Reservoirs	5-90 years
Lift Stations, Interceptor, Trunks	-
and Laterals	50-85 years
Equipment Containers	14 years
Office Equipment and Vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure (other than roads)	30-75 years

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network.

Under this election, Anchorage does not depreciate infrastructure assets that are part of a network or subsystem of a network that meet two specific requirements. First, Anchorage manages the paved road infrastructure network using an asset management system that has certain specified characteristics; second, Anchorage documents that the paved road infrastructure network is being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by Anchorage.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is Anchorage's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they are due and payable, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statements of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings, and issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs,

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Post employment benefit obligations other than pension are recognized as long-term obligations when considered material.

#### Contributed Capital

The Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities meet the criteria, and accordingly, follow the accounting and reporting requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation (SFAS 71). The Utilities rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska, and as a result revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction, which they record as contributed plant in service and deferred liability. The Utilities amortize contributed plant over the useful life of the utility plant and record amortization as a reduction of the deferred liability. At December 31, 2004, the balances of the Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities deferred liabilities were \$14,638,553, \$231,567,132, and \$178,316,436 respectively.

## **Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### (e) Revenues

## **Utility Revenues**

Utility revenues (excluding gas revenues) are based on cycle billings rendered monthly to customers. As a result of this cycle billing method, the Utilities do not accrue revenue at the end of any fiscal period for services sold but not billed at such date.

## (f) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, Anchorage has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the central treasury (regardless of maturity period), because the funds use the pool essentially as a demand deposit account. Anchorage has excluded the construction investment pool within the central treasury and restricted assets, other than customer deposits, which are not considered demand deposits.

#### (g) Reclassifications

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. The reclassification had no effect on previously reported net income.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

## NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### (a) Deficit of Individual Funds

The Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund reflects a deficit fund balance of \$187,251. This deficit is expected to be eliminated by special assessment recoveries. The General Liability/Workers' Compensation Risk Management Internal Service Fund reflects deficit net assets of \$602,663. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through user charges in 2005. The Information Technology Internal Service Fund reflects deficit net assets of \$92,180. The deficit is expected to be eliminated through user charges in 2005.

## (b) Related Party Transactions

Parking Authority: The primary government has leased 600 spaces located on four sites to the Parking Authority for a period of 35 years at \$10 per year per lot.

#### NOTE 3 Cash and Investments

At year end, Anchorage's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,767,255 and the bank balance was \$6,426,594. Of the bank balance, \$6,426,594 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by Anchorage's agent in Anchorage's name.

Investments are categorized into these three categories of custodial credit risk:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by Anchorage or its agent in Anchorage's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in Anchorage's name.
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in Anchorage's name.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

## At year end, Anchorage's investment balances were as follows:

			Category		Carrying
	•	1	2	3	value
Repurchase agreements	\$	12,932,252			12,932,252
U.S. Government and agency securities:	-	,,			
Anchorage		373,560,665	_	_	373,560,665
Police/Fire Retirement System Trust		52,817,939	_		52,817,939
Fixed income securities:					
Police/Fire Retirement System Trust		44,092,762	_	_	44,092,762
Municipality of Anchorage Trust		47,266,534	_		47,266,534
Equity securities:					
Police/Fire Retirement System Trust		64,102,921	_		64,102,921
Municipality of Anchorage Trust	_	39,125,125			39,125,125
-		633,898,198		_	633,898,198
Component units:				•	
Alaska Center for Performing Arts					
Repurchase Agreement		1,008,434	_	_	1,008,434
,	\$	634,906,632			634,906,632
	=			#	
Amounts not classified because they do no	t ex	ist in physical or	book entry form:		
Anchorage:		iot ur priyateur or	book that's toris.		
Money Market Funds					6,667,396
Nonparticipating Annuity					5,356,000
Alaska Center for Performing Arts:					
Money Market Funds					557,060
Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability:					
Mutual Funds					18,739,775
Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust:					
Mutual Funds					5,897,481
Municipality of Anchorage Trust:					
Mutual Funds					42,223,758
Police/Fire Retirement System Trust:					
Equity Securities - Pooled					161,241,301
Short-term Investment Funds - Poole	d				13,376,053
Mutual Funds					20,405,846
Real Estate Investment Trust					38,916,290
Real Estate Mortgages				-	85,616
				\$_	948,373,208
Cash and Investments				\$	948,373,208
Cash on Hand and in Banks				·	2,767,255
				\$]	951,140,463
Governmental Activities				\$	346,432,770
Business-Type Activities					197,075,172
Fiduciary Funds					407,632,521
A AMERICAN A MANUE				\$	951,140,463
				*=	3

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

#### NOTE 4 Receivables

Receivables as of year end for Anchorage's individual governmental major fund, governmental nonmajor funds and business-type activities in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities	В	Susiness-Type Activities		
	General Fund			Nonmajor Funds		Enterprise Funds		Total
Property Taxes	\$	9,326,145	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,326,145
Unbilled Reimbursable Work Orders				<del></del>		549,650		549,650
Special Assessments Receivable		2,001,814		538,923		260,416		2,801,153
Capital Lease Receivable		54,545,000		_		457,236		55,002,236
Trade Accounts, including internal service funds		11,074,894		4,751,478		42,309,132		58,135,504
		76,947,853		5,290,401		43,576,434		125,814,688
Allowance for Uncollectible								
Accounts	_	(1,955,354)		(125)		(652,697)		(2,608,176)
	\$	74,992,499	\$	5,290,276	\$	42,923,737	\$	123,206,512

Special assessment receivables and the portion outside of amount due within one year of capital leases receivables are not expected to be collected within one year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

NOTE 5 Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows (in thousands):

## (a) Primary Government

Begi Bal				Increase	Decrease			Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,193,603	\$	2,904	\$	(772)	\$	1,195,735	
Artwork		12,970		973				13,943	
Construction								•	
Work-in-Progress		42,013		70,376		(82,531)		29,858	
Infrastructure		1,279,937		10,746		(3,583)		1,287,100	
Total Capital Assets, Not									
Being Depreciated	_	2,528,523	- <del></del>	84,999		(86,886)	_	2,526,636	
Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated:									
Buildings and									
Improvements		374,338		6,511		(602)		380,247	
Equipment		138,030		19,261		(2,392)		154,899	
Infrastructure		176,933		20,042		(1,171)		195,804	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated	_	689,301		45,814		(4,165)		730,950	
Less Accumulated									
Depreciation for:									
Buildings and									
Improvements		203,367		12,692		(450)		215,609	
Equipment		92,267		11,924		(1,558)		102,633	
Infrastructure		87,537		4,146		(722)		90,961	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation		383,171		28,762		(2,730)		409,203	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net	_	306,130		17,052		(1,435)		321,747	
Total Governmental									
Activities, Net	\$	2,834,653	\$	102,051	\$	(88,321)	<u>\$</u>	2,848,383	

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network and to depreciate its drainage systems infrastructure network. At December 31, 2004 no other infrastructure is reported retroactively. Other infrastructure in governmental activities is reported prospectively.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

	 Beginning Balance	 Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital Assets, Not Being						
Depreciated:						
Land and Property						
held for future use	\$ 58,214	\$ 63	\$	_	\$	58,277
Construction						ŕ
Work-in-Progress	66,776	49,838		(57,574)		59,040
Total Capital Assets, Not						<u> </u>
Being Depreciated	124,990	49,901		(57,574)		117,317
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Distribution and Collection						
Systems, Infrastructure	1,452,406	71,574		(25,750)		1,498,230
Buildings and Improvements	150,430	3,390		(497)		153,323
Total Capital Assets, Being		 		,		i
Depreciated	 1,602,836	 74,964		(26,247)		1,651,553
Less Accumulated						
Depreciation for:						
Distribution and Collection						
Systems, Infrastructure	569,759	40,412		(24,694)		585,477
Buildings and Equipment	 64,622	4,318		(864)		68,076
Total Accumulated		 				
Depreciation	 634,381	44,730		(25,558)		653,553
Total Capital Assets, Being				<u> </u>		
Depreciated, Net	968,455	30,234		(689)		998,000
Total Business-Type	 · · ·	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
Activities, Net	\$ 1,093,445	\$ 80,135	\$	(58,263)	\$	1,115,317

Depreciation expense was charged to the departments and functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 3,454
Fire Services	2,658
Police Services	1,099
Health and Human Services	792
Economic & Community Development	10,180
Public Transportation	2,384
Public Works	4,608
Maintenance and Operations	 3,587
Total - Governmental Activities	\$ 28,762

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

## December 31, 2004

Business-Type Activities:	
Electric	\$ 14,344
Water	5,737
Wastewater	4,495
Refuse	448
Solid Waste	2,480
Port	3,341
Municipal Airport	1,284
Parking Authority	1,183
Total – Business-Type Activities	 33,312
Depreciation expense offset by amortization of regulatory liability -	
contributed plant	 11,418
Gross increase in accumulated depreciation	 44,730

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

## (b) Discretely Presented Component Units - Anchorage School District - Capital Assets

The capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions/ Transfers	Deduction/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2004	
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 25,435,602 222,480,065	\$ 6,096,381 121,896,066	\$ 142,736 146,158,510	\$ 31,389,247 198,217,621	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	247,915,667	127,992,447	146,301,246	229,606,868	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Equipment Pupil Transportation Equipment	38,392,167 927,233,082 9,904,563	2,829,481 135,513,136 21,320	126,781 35,501,513 886,189	41,094,867 1,027,244,705 9,039,694	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	975,529,812	138,363,937	36,514,483	1,077,379,266	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land Improvements Buildings and Equipment Pupil Transportation Equipment	(25,740,129) (261,169,813) (5,626,802)	(1,508,167) (20,699,354) (871,361)	(113,296) (15,307,519) (97,745)	(27,135,000) (266,561,648) (6,400,418)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(292,536,744)	(23,078,882)	(15,518,560)	(300,097,066)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	682,993,068	115,285,055	20,995,923	777,282,200	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 930,908,735	\$ 243,277,502	\$ 167,297,169	\$ 1,006,889,068	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

## NOTE 6 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

## (a) Interfund Receivables and Payables

A summary of interfund receivables and payables is as follows:

		Receivables			Payables	
_	Interfund	Blended Component Unit/Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit/Primary Government	Interfund	Blended Component Unit/Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit/Primary Government
General Fund \$	5,958,239	\$ 246,087	\$ 244,395	\$ 34,577	s —	\$ 54,667,774
MOA Trust Fund	_	_	_			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	460,706	114,130		1,105,754	_	_
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	<i>′</i> —	_		_	1,323,103	
Internal Service Funds	6,734,166	962,886		12,012,780	· · · · ·	
Total Primary						
Government	13,153,111	1,323,103	244,395	13,153,111	1,323,103	54,667,774
Discretely Presented Component Unit Anchorage School District, June 30, 2004	<u> </u>		81,751,661			
Adjustment:						
Activity Occurring Between						
July 1, 2004 and						
December 31, 2004		<del></del>	(27,083,887)			244,395
Total Reporting						
Entity \$	13,153,111	\$ 1,323,103	\$ 54,912,169	\$ 13,153,111	\$ 1,323,103	\$ 54,912,169

All balances are expected to be settled within the next fiscal year, except for those interfund receivables and payables recorded as advances to/from other funds.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

## (b) Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows\*:

	Transfers in					Transfers out			
			Blended			<del> </del>		Blended	
				Component nit/Primary				Component nit/Primary	
	<u> Interfund</u>		G	Government Interfu		Interfund	Government		
General Fund	\$	11,955,070	\$	564,136	\$	8,290,953	\$	1,373,500	
MOA Trust Fund		· · · · · ·		_		6,600,000		, . 	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		11,387,264		201,682		3,504,943			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				1,373,500		1,073,520		765,818	
Internal Service Funds			_		_	3,872,918			
Total Primary									
Government	\$	23,342,334	\$	2,139,318	\$_	23,342,334	\$	2,139,318	

Schedule does not include transfers to and from fiduciary funds, which have been reflected in the fund financial statements

#### Significant transfers were as follows:

- General Fund transferred \$1,148,500 to the Anchorage Center for the Performing Arts component unit to fund operations;
- General Fund transferred \$4,808,912 to Capital Projects Funds for the acquisition and construction of capital assets;
- Heritage Land Bank Fund transferred \$2,776,000 to the Heritage Land Bank Capital Fund to fund the acquisition of land for future capital construction;
- MOA Trust Fund transferred \$6,600,000 to the General Fund to fund operations;
- Equipment Maintenance Fund transferred \$3,872,918 to the General Fund to implement the Municipality's fund balance designation policy;
- Solid Waste Services Fund transferred \$790,755 to the General Fund as a dividend;
- Refuse Fund transferred \$282,765 to the General Fund as a dividend.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

## NOTE 7 Lease Agreements

## (a) Lease Commitments

Commitments under operating lease agreements for facilities provide for minimum annual rental payments as follows (in thousands):

	A	nchorage
Years:		
2005	*\$	5,182
2006		4,828
2007		4,279
2008		4,231
2009		4,231
2010-2014		21,155
2015-2019		21,155
2020-2024		21,155
2025-2029		6,804
2030-2034		156
Total	\$	93,176
2004 rent expense	\$	5,175

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

## (b) Investment in Direct Financing Leases

Anchorage has entered into direct financing leases for various plant and equipment located at the Port of Anchorage.

Components of the investments in leases as of December 31, 2004 follow (in thousands):

	Direct Financing		
Total minimum lease payment to be received  Less unearned interest income	\$	2,121 (354)	
Net investment in leases		1,767	
Amount due within one year		(457)	
Total noncurrent investment – included in deferred charges and other assets in the accompanying financial statements	\$	1,310	
Minimum lease payments to be received as follows:		502	
2005		603	
2006		603 364	
2007 2008		304 301	
2009		236	
2010		14	
	\$	2,121	

## (c) Port of Anchorage Lease Agreements

The Port of Anchorage has leased to unrelated third parties 72.8 acres of space in the Port Industrial Park. The leases provide for five-year rental adjustment intervals. Future minimum payments to be received are as follows (in thousands):

	<i>E</i>	Amount
Years:		
2005		2,422
2006		357
Total	\$	2,779
Lease revenue for 2004	\$	2,516

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

## (d) Parking Authority Lease Agreements

Leases to unrelated third parties of 9,150 square feet of retail space in Sixth Avenue Parking Mall provide for adjustments to rent based on the Consumer Price Index and additional rents based on gross revenue. The lease to an unrelated party of Fifth Avenue Garage retail space through September 13, 2007 provides for a minimum rental of \$480,000 per year and additional rent equal to 50% of net income each calendar year as defined by the lease. Future minimum rental on noncancelable operating leases follow (in thousands):

		Sixth Avenue		
Years: 2005 2006 2007	<b>\$</b>	89 42 —	\$	480 480 340
Total	\$	131	\$	1,300
Lease revenue for 2004	\$	131	\$	480

## NOTE 8 Long Term Obligations

#### (a) General Obligation Bonds

Anchorage issues general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for capital acquisition and construction. GO bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. They generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal and interest payments due each year.

A portion of Anchorage's GO bonds are reported in the proprietary funds since they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues; such amounts total \$15,997,050, net of unamortized discounts and losses on refundings of \$287,950 at December 31, 2004. School District GO bonds are reported as obligations of the component unit since they are expected to be repaid from School District revenues; such amounts total \$681,250,000 at June 30, 2004. All other Anchorage GO bonds are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In October 2004, Anchorage issued \$52,375,000 of new general obligation bonds to provide funding for capital acquisition and construction projects.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
	Principal		Interest			Total
Years:						
2005	\$	24,385,000	\$	17,179,639	\$	41,564,639
2006		25,030,000		15,915,979		40,945,979
2007		22,440,000		14,929,386		37,369,386
2008		20,705,000		13,924,916		34,629,916
2009		19,995,000		13,065,566		33,060,566
2010-2014		102,585,000		50,579,154		153,164,154
2015-2019		100,090,000		26,133,228		126,223,228
2020-2024		46,670,000		5,237,363		51,907,363
		361,900,000		156,965,231		518,865,231
Add unamortized premiums/						
discounts, net		5,486,459				5,486,459
	\$	367,386,459	\$	156,965,231	_\$_	524,351,690

	Business-Type Activities					
		Principal		Interest		Total
Years:						
2005	\$	8,000,000	\$	628,015	\$	8,628,015
2006		6,415,000		259,748		6,674,748
2007		430,000		99,640		529,640
2008		455,000		77,065		532,065
2009		480,000		52,950		532,950
2010-2014		505,000		27,270		532,270
		16,285,000		1,144,688		17,429,688
Less unamortized premiums/						
discounts, net	<del></del>	(287,950)	<del></del>	<del>_</del>		(287,950)
	\$	15,997,050	\$	1,144,688	\$	17,141,738

## (b) Revenue Bonds

On April 15, 2000 Anchorage issued \$60,440,000 in Revenue Bonds for the purpose of construction and operation of the new municipal jail facility that will be leased to the State of Alaska. Jail revenue bond covenants require an "absolute net lease" pursuant to which Anchorage shall not be expected or required to make any payment of any kind under the Agreement of Lease. The Department of Administration (DOA) of the State of Alaska is required to make all payments under the Agreement of Lease. The DOA's obligation to make lease payments and to perform and observe all other

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

covenants and agreements is absolute and unconditional except as expressly provided in the Agreement of Lease.

In 2004 the Water Utility sold "mini bonds" in an aggregate appreciated amount of \$2,000,000 to the general public. The bond proceeds were deposited in the bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool to be spent within six months on capital improvements and upgrades to the system approved as part of the Utility's 2004 and 2005 capital improvement plans and to pay costs of issuance. The purchase price for each \$1,000 of appreciated amount of bonds was \$650.29. The bonds were dated October 12, 2004 and interest began accruing on October 12, 2004. Accrued interest will be compounded on April 12 and October 12 of each year, commencing with April 12, 2005 at the rate of 4.35% per annum. All accreted interest and principal will be paid only at final maturity unless tendered earlier by the owner by the method prescribed in the official statement.

In 2004, the Wastewater Utility issued \$22,620,000 of revenue bonds to finance a large portion of its capital expansion. The proceeds of the improvement bonds were used to reimburse the Municipality of Anchorage for the costs of the certain additions, betterments and improvements to the system undertaken as a part of the 2001, 2002 and 2003 capital improvement plans (approximately \$11.9 million); to pay a portion of the costs of the system's 2004 and 2005 capital improvement plans.

Electric, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Refuse Collection and Port revenue bond covenants require establishment of certain cash reserves. Revenue bond covenants further stipulate that operating income, as defined in the covenants, will be at least equal to 1.25 to 1.40 times the debt service requirement for that year. All such requirements were met in 2004.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities					
	 Principal		Interest		Total	
Years:						
2005	\$ 2,175,000	\$	3,039,125	\$	5,214,125	
2006	2,290,000		2,921,919		5,211,919	
2007	2,415,000		2,798,413		5,213,413	
2008	2,550,000		2,661,706		5,211,706	
2009	2,690,000		2,519,463		5,209,463	
2010-2014	15,960,000		10,101,697		26,061,697	
2015-2019	21,400,000		4,661,200		26,061,200	
2020-2024	 5,065,000		145,619		5,210,619	
	\$ 54,545,000	\$	28,849,142	\$	83,394,142	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

**Business-Type Activities** 

Business-1ype Activities							
Principal	Interest	Total					
\$ 20,125,00	00 \$ 19,657,169	\$ 39,782,169					
21,120,00	00 18,640,473	39,760,473					
19,060,00	00 17,741,628	36,801,628					
20,145,00	00 16,688,130	36,833,130					
20,940,00	00 15,572,289	36,512,289					
110,315,00	00 59,923,322	170,238,322					
63,410,00	00 32,822,867	96,232,867					
54,615,00	00 17,740,620	72,355,620					
26,735,00	00 5,912,508	32,647,508					
		12,693,681					
367,665,00	206,192,687	573,857,687					
(17,224,65	6	(17,224,656)					
\$ 350,440,34	\$ 206,192,687	\$ 556,633,031					
	\$ 20,125,00 21,120,00 19,060,00 20,145,00 20,940,00 110,315,00 63,410,00 54,615,00 26,735,00 11,200,00 367,665,00	Principal         Interest           \$ 20,125,000         \$ 19,657,169           21,120,000         18,640,473           19,060,000         17,741,628           20,145,000         16,688,130           20,940,000         15,572,289           110,315,000         59,923,322           63,410,000         32,822,867           54,615,000         17,740,620           26,735,000         5,912,508           11,200,000         1,493,681           367,665,000         206,192,687					

#### (c) Special Assessment District Bonds

In 1989 Anchorage issued \$3,438,200 of Roads and Drainage Consolidated Special Assessment (CSA) District 1 Bonds. In 1990 Anchorage issued \$590,770 for Water Utility CSA District 2 and \$985,448 for Water and Wastewater Utility CSA District 3. In 1991 Anchorage issued \$728,721 for Roads and Drainage Special Assessment District 1P87. In 1992 Anchorage issued \$48,667 for Natural Gas Line Special Assessment District 2G90. In 1993, Anchorage issued \$532,677 for Natural Gas Line Special Assessment Districts 1G91. These bonds were issued to provide permanent financing for improvements in certain identified special assessment districts. The bonds are backed only by the assessments levied in the identified districts and by the Roads and Drainage Guarantee Reserves, the Natural Gas Line Guarantee Reserves, and the Water and Wastewater Special Assessment Guarantee Reserves. The debt for Roads and Drainage and Natural Gas Line bonds is included in the Governmental Activities while the debt for CSA Districts 2 and 3 bonds is included in the Business-type Activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
	 Principal		Interest	Total				
Years:								
2005	\$ 155,000	\$	55,658	\$	210,658			
2006	140,000		43,150		183,150			
2007	150,000		31,750		181,750			
2008	150,000		19,515		169,515			
2009	35,000		7,244		42,244			
2010-2014	 60,000		6,863		66,863			
	\$ 690,000	\$	164,180	\$	854,180			

	Business-Type Activities							
		Principal	Interest			Total		
Years:								
2005	\$	90,000	\$	22,275	\$	112,275		
2006		30,000		15,150		45,150		
2007		35,000		12,763		47,763		
2008		40,000		9,975		49,975		
2009		45,000		6,788		51,788		
2010-2014		40,000		3,200		43,200		
		280,000		70,151		350,151		
Less unamortized premiums/								
discounts, net		(7,637)			<u></u>	(7,637)		
	\$	272,363	\$	70,151	\$	342,514		

## (d) Certificates of Participation

On April 1, 1994, Anchorage issued \$6,995,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 1994B Tax Exempt, for the Information Technology Internal Service Fund.

On July 1, 1999 Anchorage issued \$2,437,262 of Certificates of Participation, Series 1999A Tax Exempt, for the Information Technology Internal Service Fund.

Proceeds from the sale of the Series 1994B and 1999A Nontaxable Certificates were used to prepay an existing lease obligation, to acquire new property, to fund a reserve fund for the payment of principal and interest on the certificates and to pay certificate issuance costs. The debt, included in the Internal Service Fund, is not backed by a pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
			Interest		Total				
Years: 2005 2006	\$	3,200,000 3,360,000	\$	248,000 84,000	\$	3,448,000 3,444,000			
	\$	6,560,000	\$	332,000	\$	6,892,000			

## (e) Notes and Contracts

Anchorage has various notes and contracts for equipment in its Information Technology Department and clean water fund loans in its Solid Waste, Water, and Wastewater Utilities.

In 2004 the Water and Wastewater Utilities obtained additional low interest loans for \$8,715,413 and \$8,228,002 from the State of Alaska to fund capital improvement projects.

In September 2004, Anchorage entered into an agreement with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority for \$5,365,000 to provide funding for repairs to the Performing Arts Center roof. This loan will be repaid with revenues from a Performing Arts Center ticket surcharge.

In 2004 Anchorage entered into lease agreements for \$1,146,807 to purchase one tanker and two pumpers for the Fire Department.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes and contracts are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
	 Principal		Interest	Total				
Years:		_		_				
2005	\$ 226,086	\$	227,641	\$	453,727			
2006	267,170		302,583		569,753			
2007	259,587		291,066		550,653			
2008	272,357		279,396		551,753			
2009	280,495		267,258		547,753			
2010-2014	1,164,337		1,160,092		2,324,429			
2015-2019	700,000		979,142		1,679,142			
2020-2024	865,000		812,275		1,677,275			
2025-2029	1,090,000		578,757		1,668,757			
2030-2034	1,405,000		264,034		1,669,034			
2035-2039	 325,000		8,121_		333,121			
	\$ 6,855,032	\$	5,170,365	\$	12,025,397			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

**Business-Type Activities** 

		270011000 230011000							
		Principal		Interest	Total				
Years:									
2005	\$	3,061,088	\$	1,198,648	\$	4,259,736			
2006		3,948,581		1,739,154		5,687,735			
2007		3,986,880		1,479,940		5,466,820			
2008		4,026,139		1,380,271		5,406,410			
2009		4,066,377		1,279,614		5,345,991			
2010-2014		20,104,473		4,862,885		24,967,358			
2015-2019	•	17,233,343		2,474,042		19,707,385			
2020-2024		8,930,317		638,893		9,569,210			
2025-2029		850,126		21,253		871,379			
	\$	66,207,324	\$	15,074,700	\$	81,282,024			

## (f) Unfunded Pension Obligation

Anchorage and Anchorage Parking Authority recognized unfunded pension obligations of \$3,104,012 and \$54,299 respectively in 2004 as a result of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate for PERS being higher than the State of Alaska required contribution rate, as limited by state statute.

## (g) Bonds Authorized But Unissued

A summary of authorized but unissued bonds as of December 31, 2004 (in thousands):

General Obligation Bonds	Interest Limitation	Amount Authorized		 Amount Issued	Remaining Authorized		
Primary Government:							
Public Transit Services	None	\$	780	\$ 780	. \$		
Cultural and Recreation							
Services	None		1,750	1,750			
Roads and Drainage	None		88,310	38,415		49,895	
Emergency Services	None		840	840			
Fire Protection	None		5,650	5,650		_	
Public Safety	None		2,940	2,940			
Total Authorized b	\$	49,895					

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

There are \$112,345,000 authorized but unissued general obligation school bonds of the Municipality of Anchorage at December 31, 2004 as follows (in thousands):

Purpose	Ordinance Date	Interest Limitation	Amount Authorized				Remaining Authorized	
Construction/renovation/ repair of school facilities	April 20, 1999	None	\$	700	\$	400	\$	300
***************************************	гули 20, 1999	None	ъ	700	J.	400	Ð	300
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major								
maintenance	April 2, 2002	None		7,320		5,870		1,450
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major maintenance	April 1, 2003	None		72,585		62,115		10,470
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major maintenance	April 2004	None		36,380		17,855		18,525
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major								
maintenance	November 2004	None		81,600		_		81,600
							\$	112,345

## (h) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows (in thousands):

	 Balance January 1, 2004	Additions		Reductions		De	Balance ecember 31, 2004	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 334,678	\$	77,999	\$	(45,290)	\$	367,387	\$	24,385
Revenue Bonds	56,610		_		(2,065)		54,545	•	2,175
Special Assessment District					( )		- ,		<b></b>
Bonds	895				(205)		690		155
Certificates of Participation	9,615				(3,055)		6,560		3,200
Long-Term Contracts	811		6,512		(468)		6,855		226
Total Debt Payable	402,609		84,511		(51,083)		436,037		30,141
Compensated Absences	13,366		11,982		(11,863)		13,485		10,593
Unfunded Pension Obligation			2,477		· · · <u> </u>		2,477		<del></del>
Post-employment Benefits	153,919	_					153,919		
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$ 569,894	\$	98,970	\$	(62,946)	\$	605,918	\$	40,734

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

	Balance January 1, 2004		nuary 1,		Additions Reductions		Balance December 31 ons Reductions 2004		cember 31,		ue Within One Year
Business-type activities:											
General Obligation Bonds	\$	23,574	\$	_	\$	(7,577)	\$	15,997	\$	8,000	
Revenue Bonds		327,919		44,872		(22,350)		350,441		20,125	
Special Assessment District								•		-	
Bonds		304				(32)		272			
Long-term Contracts		52,207		16,943		(2,943)		66,207		3,061	
Total Bonds Payable		404,004		61,815		(32,902)		432,917		31,186	
Compensated Absences		4,131		4,613		(4,495)		4,249		4,068	
Unfunded Pension Obligation				681	_			681			
Total Business-											
type Activities	\$	408,135	\$	67,109	\$	(37,397)	\$	437,847	<u>\$</u>	35,254	

Anchorage has recognized a liability for and expects to pay approximately \$1,400,000, plus interest, in 2005 for judgements. Governmental activities compensated absences are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

#### (i) Refunded Bond Issues

In August 2004 Anchorage issued \$21,465,000 of new general obligation bonds to advance refund \$21,425,000 of outstanding bonds. The economic gain generated by this refunding was \$1,081,150, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt.

In 2004 the Water Utility Fund issued \$18,595,000 of Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds. Net proceeds of \$18,486,045 were used to provide for the defeasance and redemption of \$3,055,000 principal amount of the 1993 Senior Lien Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds and to reimburse the utility for capital improvement expenditures, to pay the costs of certain additions, betterments and extensions to the water system, to satisfy the reserve requirement, and to pay costs of issuance of the water bonds. The remaining proceeds of \$15,003,158 were deposited to the bond and grant capital acquisition and construction pool. The refunding resulted an economic gain of \$41,325.

#### (j) Defeasance of Debt

Anchorage defeased certain general obligation and reserve bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other available funds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in Anchorage's financial statements. At December 31, 2004 the amount of general obligation and revenue bonds considered defeased was \$301,590,000.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

## (k) School District Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the School District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 (in thousands):

		Balance						Balance	
	Ju	July 1, 2003		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2004	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	583,225	\$	126,770	\$	28,745	\$	681,250	

Bonds payable at June 30, 2004 are comprised of the following individual issues (in thousands):

General Obligation Bonds		Amount
\$41,635,000 1993 series B school construction refunding serial		
bonds due in annual installments of \$1,245,000 to \$4,030,000		
through September 2005; interest at 5.0%.	\$	5,275
\$63,000,000 1994 series A school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$2,885,000 to \$3,060,000 through July 2005;		
interest at 5.4% to 6.5%.		5,945
\$60,000,000 1995 series A school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$110,000 to \$5,030,000 through		
October 2015; interest at 5.0% to 6.0%.		25,390
\$29,765,000 1995 series A school construction refunding serial		
bonds due in annual installments of \$1,505,000 to \$3,700,000		
through October 2012; interest at 5.125% to 6.0%.		25,990
\$65,000,000 1996 series A school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$2,655,000 to \$5,345,000 through		
August 2016; interest at 5.5% to 6.0%.		14,880
\$43,850,000 1997 series A school construction serial bonds due in	•	
annual installments of \$1,790,000 to \$3,390,000 through		
December 2017; interest at 5.0% to 5.25%.	-	20,095
\$20,735,000 1998 series A school construction refunding serial bonds		
due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$5,120,000 through		
July 2014; interest at 3.85% to 4.75%.		20,155
\$55,900,000 1999 series A school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$2,185,000 to \$4,270,000 through		
December 2018; interest at 4.0% to 5.125 %.		40,735
\$35,000,000 2000 series A school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$1,180,000 to \$2,770,000 through		
December 2020; interest at 4.75% to 5.75 %.		29,910
\$77,900,000 2000 series B school construction serial bonds due in		
annual installments of \$2,685,000 to \$6,235,000 through		
December 2020; interest at 4.75% to 5.875%.		59,155

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2004

General Obligation Bonds (continued)		Amount	
\$65,000,000 2001 series A school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$2,240,000 to \$5,065,000 through June 2021; interest at 4.125% to 5.5%.	\$	58,715	
\$51,805,000 2001 school construction refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$55,000 to \$10,345,000 through July 2013;	•	,	
interest 4.125% to 5.5%. \$131,800,000 2002 series B school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$4,191,000 to \$10,390,000 through July 2022;		51,695	
interest 3.2% to 5.5%. \$70,345,000 2002 school construction refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$150,000 to \$10,255,000 through July 2015;		127,750	
interest 3.75% to 5.5%. \$126,770,000 2003 series B school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$1,325,000 to \$9,420,000 through September 2023;		68,790	
interest 2.0% to 5.25%.		126,770	
	\$	681,250	

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2004, including interest payments in the amount of \$321,487,859 are as follows (in thousands):

	1	Principal	 Interest	Total
2005	\$	34,760	\$ 33,485	\$ 68,245
2006		33,515	31,832	65,347
2007		34,525	30,201	64,726
2008		35,660	28,694	64,354
2009		37,075	27,102	64,177
2010-2014		207,025	106,254	313,279
2015-2019		189,995	52,509	242,504
2020-2024		108,695	 11,411	 120,106
	<u>\$</u>	681,250	\$ 321,488	\$ 1,002,738

The amount of long-term liability that is due within one year as of June 30, 2004 is \$34,760,000.

The Debt Service Fund has \$10,732,112 available to service the general obligation bonds.

There are a number of restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The School District is in compliance with all significant restrictions.

The amount available and to be provided by Debt Service Fund to repay long-term debt obligations, general obligation bonds at June 30, 2004 is \$681,250,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

#### NOTE 9 Conduit Debt Obligations

## (a) Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds - United Way of Anchorage

On November 1, 2000, Anchorage issued \$850,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. On July 30, 2001, Anchorage issued \$900,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. Anchorage has no direct involvement with the administration of these bonds except to allow their issuance under the name of Anchorage. These revenue bonds are issued under provisions of state and Federal law that provide that the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of Anchorage. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2000 issue bonds follows:

	 Principal
Years:	
2005	\$ 44,654
2006	47,762
2007	51,089
2008	54,645
2009	58,450
2010-2014	359,270
2015	 80,012
	\$ 695,882

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2001 issue bonds follows:

		Principal
Years:		
2005	\$	28,162
2006		30,049
2007		32,062
2008		34,209
2009		36,499
2010-2014	•	222,608
2015-2019		307,826
2020-2021		126,865
	\$	818,280

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

#### (b) Higher Education Revenue Bonds - Alaska Pacific University Project

On January 5, 1993, Anchorage participated in the issuance of \$18,800,000 of Higher Education Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, on behalf of Alaska Pacific University. The proceeds were used to refund all Anchorage's Higher Education Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1987; to refund a portion of the Revenue Bonds, 1990 (Alaska Pacific University Project), issued by the City of Seward; to fund certain other indebtedness of the University; and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds bear interest at a weekly interest rate based upon prevailing market rates of like-quality debt instruments. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation debt or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

A schedule of the remaining debt service follows:

	Principal		
Years:			
2005	\$	700,000	
2006		700,000	
2007		800,000	
2008		800,000	
2009		900,000	
2010-2014		5,600,000	
2015-2017		4,500,000	
	_\$_	14,000,000	

#### (c) Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds - Alaska Native Heritage Center

On February 13, 2001, Anchorage issued \$4,200,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the Alaska Native Heritage Center, Incorporated Project. Anchorage has no direct involvement with the administration of these bonds except to allow their issuance under the name of Anchorage. These revenue bonds are issued under provisions of state and Federal law that provide that the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of Anchorage. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

A schedule of the remaining debt service follows:

	 Principal		
Years:			
2005	\$ 216,971		
2006	232,078		
2007	248,237		
2008	265,522		
2009	284,009		
2010-2011	 2,244,495		
	\$ 3,491,312		

#### NOTE 10 Retirement Plans

Substantially all regular employees of Anchorage are members of a public employees' retirement system except for employees who are members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) and International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 302 (Local 302) (effective July 1, 2004).

IBEW members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from hours of work reported by participating employers and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The Electric Utility's current agreement provides for contributions of \$3.67 to the Plan for each hour worked by a covered employee. The total employer contributions for 2004, 2003 and 2002 were \$4,151,339, \$4,291,098, and \$3,871,875, respectively. Anchorage's obligation for IBEW employees' retirement is limited to the amount paid to the Alaska Electrical Trust Fund. Each year, IBEW issues audited financial statements that can be obtained by writing to International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 3333 Denali Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99503.

Local 302 members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from compensable work hours and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The current agreement provides for contributions of \$3.50 per hour. Total employer contributions for 2004 were \$362,777. Anchorage's obligation for Local 302 employees' retirement is limited to the amount paid to the Local 302 International Operating Engineers-Employers Construction Industry Retirement Fund.

All Anchorage employees who are members of a public employees' retirement system participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) except for police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994, paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994, and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, who participate in either Plan I, Plan II, or Plan III of the Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System. Police officers, command officers, paramedics and fire fighters hired subsequent to these dates are in the State Plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

#### (a) State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System

#### Plan Description

Anchorage contributes to PERS, a defined benefit, agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system which was established and is administered by the State of Alaska (State) to provide pension, post employment healthcare, death and disability benefits to eligible employees.

All full-time Anchorage employees not covered by the State of Alaska Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) or another retirement plan are eligible to participate in PERS. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Each fiscal year, PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, P.O. Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203 or by calling (907) 465-4460.

#### **Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost**

Employee contribution rates are required by State statute. The funding policy for PERS provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Annual pension cost for the year ended 2004 and related information for Anchorage, and Anchorage Parking Authority (APA) are as follows:

	Pension Pension					
	Anch	orage	A	PA		
	1/1/04 - 6/30/04	7/1/04 - 12/31/04	1/1/04 - 6/30/04	7/1/04 - 12/31/04		
Contribution Rates:						
Employee Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	5.27%	4.65%	N/A	N/A		
Other Employees	4.74%	4.19%	4.73%	4.19%		
Actuarially Required Employer Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	5.59%	14.38%	N⁄A	N/A		
Other Employees	4.64%	14.38%	2.94%	12.43%		
Adjusted Actual Employer Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	3.43%	6.14%	N/A	NA		
Other Employees	2.36%	5.19%	294%	5.71%		
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2002		
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open		
Amortization Period	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years		
Asset Valuation Method	Market	Market	Market	Market		
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Inflation Rate	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%		
Investment Return	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%		
Projected Salary Increase:						
Inflation	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%		
Productivity and Merit - Police	2.00%	2.50%	N/A	N/A		
Productivity and Merit - Other	200%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%		

The components of annual pension cost for the year ended 2004 (in thousands) are as follows:

	Pension			
		MOA	APA	
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on the Net Pension Obligation (NPO) Adjustment to the ARC	\$	9,818  	\$	122 
Annual Pension Cost (APC)		9,818		122
Contributions made Increase in NPO NPO, beginning of year		(6,714) ————————————————————————————————————		(68) 
NPO, end of year	\$	3,104	\$	54

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Three year trend information (in thousands) follows:

Munici			

	Year Ending December 31	APC	Percentage of APC Contributed	NPO
Pension	2002	4,662	100%	_
	2003	6,262	100%	
	2004	9,818	68%	3,104

# **Anchorage Parking Authority**

	Year Ending December 31	APC	Percentage of APC Contributed	NPO
Pension	2002	26	100%	
	2003	30	100%	
	2004	122	56%	54

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Schedule of Funding Progress Pension Benefits (in thousands) (unaudited) (Overfunded)

	Actuarial Valuation Year Ended June 30	Actuarial Value of Plau Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Uufunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Municipality of							
Anchorage:							
Pension Benefits	2001	496,559	466,160	(30,399)	107%	100,953	(30)%
	2002	408,083	525,540	117,457	78%	117,039	100%
	2003	396,744	534,420	137,676	74%	124,211	111%
Anchorage Parking							
Authority:							
Pension Benefits	2001	1,882	1,745	(137)	108%	916	(13)%
	2002	1,801	2,432	631	74%	936	67%
	2003	1,804	2,467	633	73%	964	69%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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#### (c) Police and Fire Retirement System Plans

Plans I, II and III are defined benefit single-employer plans established by Chapter 3.85 of the Code. The plans are administered by the Police and Fire Retirement Board (Retirement Board). The cost of administering the plans is financed by the Retirement Board. The board consists of eight members appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Assembly.

All regular full-time police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994; paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994; and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, are required to participate in a plan. No other person is eligible to participate. Membership is determined by date of employment or employee election. Members employed on or before June 30, 1977, are members of Plan I, members employed between July 1, 1977, and April 16, 1984, are members of Plan II and members employed after April 16, 1984, are members of Plan III. Members of Plans I and II were permitted to elect into Plan III at its inception.

Members of Plan I are required to contribute an amount not to exceed 6% of compensation. Members of Plan II and III are required to contribute not more than 2.5:1 Anchorage/member contribution ratio. Anchorage is responsible for any additional contributions to ensure that Plans I, II, and III are financially sound.

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Code and may be amended only by the Assembly. The actuarial valuation recommended contribution rates for Plans I, II and III are zero for both the employee and the employer. All contributions were made in accordance with actuarial recommendations except for Plan III. The Assembly adopted ordinance AO 94-95 which ceased contributions to Plan III on July 24, 1994.

Benefits for all three plans include voluntary normal, early and deferred retirement benefits and occupational and nonoccupational disability and death benefits. The extent of benefits varies by plan and basic benefit provisions are discussed in the following paragraphs. Benefits vest after 5 years of service for all plans, retirement benefits are paid monthly for life and are equal to 2.5% of average monthly compensation times years of credited service. A member may retire after 20 years of credited service and immediately begin receiving a monthly benefit. For Plans I and II average monthly compensation is the amount paid during the period of the highest three consecutive calendar years divided by the number of months for which compensation was received. For Plan III, final average compensation is the greater of the average of the two highest consecutive tax years of base compensation or average of total base compensation for the last 52 pay periods.

Plan I and II members may elect early retirement after five years of credited service and attainment of age 55 and receive a retirement benefit. Plan III members may elect early retirement after 15 years of credited service and either withdraw their contributions or start receiving a retirement benefit. All three plans have deferred retirement options for members who have at least five years credited service and have not reached age 55. Plan I and II members may either withdraw their contributions or remain in the plan and begin receiving a retirement benefit upon reaching age 55. Plan III members either withdraw their contributions or receive a retirement benefit beginning the date on which he or she would have completed 20 years of credited service or upon reaching age 55.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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Disability benefits may be either occupational or nonoccupational. Benefits are payable for life and are subject to certain restrictions. To be eligible for nonoccupational benefits, a member must have five years credited service prior to date of disability. Plan I and II members receive an occupational benefit of 66 2/3% of gross monthly compensation at time of disability and a nonoccupational disability of 50% of monthly compensation. Plan III members receive an occupational benefit of 50% of final average compensation at time of disability and a nonoccupational disability of 25% of final average compensation at time of disability with more than five but less than ten years credited service. For each additional year of service up to 20 years, the benefit shall increase by 2.5% of final average compensation.

Plan III beneficiaries are entitled to receive limited cost of living adjustments and children's benefits for disabilitants and surviving spouses until dependent children reach age eighteen.

Each fiscal year, the Police and Fire Retirement System Plan issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6650 or by calling (907) 343-8400.

#### **Funding Status and Contribution Requirements**

Annual pension cost for the current year and the related information is as follows:

	Police	and Fire Retiremen	it Systems
Contribution rates: Employee: Peace officers and firefighters Other employees Employer Annual pension cost (in thousands) Contributions made (in thousands) Actuarial valuation date  Modified Actuarial cost method Amortization period  Modified Aggregate Aggregate Aggregate Aggregate Afgregate Afg	Plan III		
Contribution rates:			
Employee:			
Peace officers and firefighters	_		_
Other employees			_
Employer			
Annual pension cost (in thousands)	_	_	
	_	_	
Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2005	January 1, 2005	January 1, 2005
	Modified	Modified	Modified
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate	Aggregate	Aggregate
Amortization period	15 years		15 years
Asset valuation method	Market related	Market related	Market related
Actuarial assumptions:			
Inflation rate	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Investment rate of return	8%	8%	8%
Projected salary increase	4%	4%	4%
Cost of living adjustment	N/A	N/A	0.872%/1.175% *

<sup>\* 0.875%</sup> for present retirees and after retirement for current active members after 20th anniversary of hire, and 1.175% after 25th anniversary of hire

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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The components of annual pension cost for the year ended 2004 (in thousands) are as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement Systems							
	 Plan I	]	Plan II	1	Plan III			
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on the net pension	\$ 752	\$	547	\$	2,519			
obligation (NPO) Adjustment to the ARC	_				_			
Annual pension cost (APC)	_							
Contributions made	(752)		(547)		(2,519)			
Increase in NPO	<del></del>		_					
NPO, beginning of year	 							
NPO, end of year	\$ <u> </u>	\$		_\$				

Three year trend information (in thousands) follows:

			Percentage of APC	
	Year Ending	APC	Contributed	NPO
Plan I	<b>200</b> 1		100%	
	2002	_	100%	_
	2003	752	100%	
Plan II	2001		100%	_
	2002	_	100%	
	2003	547	100%	<del></del>
Plan III	2001	<del></del>	100%	
	2002		100%	
	2003	2,519	100%	

#### (d) Investments

The State Plan and the Police and Fire Retirement System do not own any notes, bonds, or other instruments of Anchorage.

The impact of Fiscal Year 2002's decline on the System's market value has impacted the System's funding status as of December 31, 2004.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

In May 2003, the Police and Fire Retirement System board of directors elected to change the methodology for calculating contributions to the modified aggregate actuarial cost method, effective with the plan year beginning January 1, 2004. Based upon this methodology, scheduled contributions for 2005 are shown below:

	1	Members		nchorage	Total		
Plan I	\$ .	_	\$	<del></del>	\$	_	
Plan II		_				_	
Plan III		4,250		11,030		15,280	
	\$	4,250	\$	11,030	\$	15,280	

#### NOTE 11 Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Prior to January 1, 1995, Anchorage was required to provide post-employment medical benefits for all retired police officers and fire fighters. In December 1994, Anchorage entered into a defined contribution program to provide medical benefits for police officers and fire fighters. The program went into effect January 1, 1995, and applied to those active duty, noncommand personnel who retire after January 1, 1995, and are members of the Police and Fire Retirement System. The program also applies to personnel appointed to nonrepresented command positions after January 1, 1995. Anchorage has elected to recognize the capped ultimate cost of post-employment medical benefit for this group of employees. As such a long-term obligation of \$ 153,919,710 has been recorded based on a funding analysis performed in 2002.

The significant terms of the agreement required Anchorage to contribute \$2,000,000 in 1994 and \$490 per month per retired employee in 1995 to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund. For all subsequent years, the amount to be contributed per retired employee is adjusted in accordance with the CPI factors indicated below:

Retirement Age	Service at Retirement	Annual Adjustment
60 or older 55 – 59	25 years	75% of medical CPI 50% of medical CPI
50 – 54	20 – 24 years	50% of medical CPI
Less than 50	0 – 19 years	(with a maximum of 6%) 25% of medical CPI (with a maximum of 3%)

Anchorage contributed \$1,495,890 to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund in 2004.

Anchorage is prefunding the estimated cost of the program with annual payments to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Debt Service Fund of \$1,800,000, except for 2006 when \$9,800,000 will be contributed from the Retirement Certificates of Participation Debt Service Fund. Based on an actuarial

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

report issued in July 2002 the annual payment in 2004 was \$1,800,000. Anchorage will perform an actuarial funding study every three years and adjust the required annual contribution as needed.

For other personnel retired under the Police and Fire Retirement Plan and command active personnel, Anchorage plans to continue pay-as-you-go post-employment health, dental, audio and vision benefits. To be eligible for post-employment defined health benefits, the participant must be receiving retirement benefits from the Police and Fire Retirement Plan. At December 31, 2004, there were 283 retirees who met the eligibility requirements. Anchorage pays 100% of the health portion for all eligible retirees and dental, audio and vision coverage for police retirees; optional dental, audio and vision coverage is paid by the fire and command retirees. The cost of retiree health benefits is recognized as an expenditure as premiums are paid. For 2004, those costs totaled \$4,461,414.

Anchorage employees, including new police and fire employees, who are members of the State Public Employee Retirement Plan will receive medical benefits as determined by that Plan.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

Anchorage has determined that a fiduciary relationship does not exist between it and the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation plan is not reported in Anchorage's financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32.

#### NOTE 12 Risk Management and Self-Insurance

Anchorage is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness of and injuries to employees; unemployment; and natural disasters. The primary government utilizes three risk management funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The government provides coverage up to the maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for automobile and general liability claims and \$750,000 for each workers' compensation claim. Coverage in excess of these amounts is insured by private carriers. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Unemployment compensation expense is based on actual claims paid by the State of Alaska and reimbursed by the government.

All government departments participate in the risk management program and make payments to the risk management funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Claims payable represent estimates of claims to be paid based upon past experience modified for current trends and information. The ultimate amount of losses incurred through December 31, 2004, is dependent upon future developments. At December 31, 2004, claims incurred but not reported included in the liability accounts are \$5,837,424 in the General Liability/Workers' Compensation Fund. No provision has been made for unemployment compensation claims incurred but not paid by the State of Alaska.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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Changes in the funds' claim liability amounts in 2003 and 2004 are as follows:

		Liability Balance January 1	(	urrent Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Payment	_ <u>T</u>	Liability Balance December 31
2003: General Liability/Workers' Compensation Health Unemployment	\$	12,670,708 393,518 98,635	\$	7,136,197 (391,904) 473,588	\$	(7,415,913) (1,614) (434,831)	\$	12,390,992 — 137,392
	\$	13,162,861	\$	7,217,881	\$	(7,852,358)	\$	12,528,384
2004: General Liability/Workers' Compensation Unemployment	\$ \$	12,390,992 137,392 12,528,384	\$ <u>\$</u>	7,857,287 411,787 8,269,074	\$ \$	(7,857,287) (469,335) (8,326,622)	\$ <u>\$</u>	12,390,992 79,844 12,470,836

Anchorage's health self-insurance plan ended in 2001 when Anchorage transferred its medical insurance coverage to a private insurance carrier. At December 31, 2003, all liabilities for the health self-insurance plan had been liquidated.

#### NOTE 13 MOA Trust Fund

On April 2, 2002, 70% of Anchorage voters approved Proposition #4 which fundamentally changed distribution rules applicable to the MOA Trust Fund. Key excerpts from Proposition #4 include:

- "The trust fund shall be defined as an endowment fund with a controlled spending policy limiting dividend distributions..."
- "Any use of the corpus, or a portion of the corpus, separate from the controlled spending policy of the endowment, may only be used for purposes approved by a majority of the voters voting on a ballot proposition in a regular or special election."
- "Under the endowment's controlled spending policy an annual dividend may be appropriated by the assembly provided that the annual appropriation does not exceed 5% of the average asset balance of the trust."

Code was also revised to accompany the City Charter change. The changes made to Code 6.50.060 further define and clarify the methodology to be used in paying out an annual dividend from the MOA Trust Fund each year.

Depending on the investment market conditions in any given year, the MOA Trust Fund may or may not generate sufficient realized and unrealized net earnings to cover the 5% dividend payout. Under the endowment model, however, up to 5% of the market value of the MOA Trust Fund for the twelve trailing

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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quarters marked at March 31 of each year is available for appropriation by the Assembly to help fund the general government budget. The endowment model is tied to an average market value, not to annual earnings, and it assumes a long-term investment return of 8% and inflation of 3%. During periods of market decline the MOA Trust Fund may experience a negative return; nonetheless the voter-approved endowment model for the MOA Trust Fund makes it possible for the Assembly to payout a 5% dividend by drawing from the fund's corpus. Over time the MOA Trust Fund is also expected to benefit from positive years in the market (i.e., years in which the real rate of return exceeds 5%), however the Assembly must abide by the 5% cap on annual distributions. This means that any excess returns generated during positive year in the market effectively are converted to corpus. The Municipal Treasurer is required by Code to determine whether the MOA Trust Fund's purchasing power is being maintained, by performing an analysis at least every five years beginning in year 2007. At December 31, 2004, \$6,600,000 of the MOA Trust Fund Balance was determined to be expendable.

#### NOTE 14 Regulatory and Other Matters

#### (a) Electric Utility

Demand and Energy Rates and Cost of Service Study, U-99-139: The Utility was ordered to file a revenue requirement and cost of service study by July 1, 2000 in Docket No. U-99-139. The Utility timely filed a 1999 test year revenue requirement study, and later, a 2001 test year revenue requirement study. All substantive issues related to the Utility's demand and energy rates were resolved in Order No. 17, with the result that the Utility's demand and energy rates were increased by 4.035% effective August 15, 2002. The Utility implemented Phase 2 of the rate increases granted in Order No. U-99-139(17) by increasing its base rates by 3.474% across the board on October 9, 2003.

Accounting and Rate Making Treatment of Beluga River Gas Field, U-96-36: In Docket U-96-36, Order No. 7, the RCA required the Utility to file an explanation of its intended accounting treatment and proposed rate making treatment with respect to its Beluga River Gas Field interest. The Utility complied with this order on December 23, 1996. The most noteworthy aspect of this filing was a request to be allowed to defer some costs associated with the gas field interest in order to spread the benefits of the acquisition through time in an equitable manner. Subsequent to acquisition of the Beluga River Gas Field, the Utility deferred certain costs associated with operation of the field with the intent of recovering such costs from ratepayers in the future. At January 1, 2002 (prior to receipt of the RCA orders described below), the deferred gas cost asset associated with the field was \$11,346,747. In addition, the Utility sought approval to record depletion expense based upon proven and probable reserves in the Beluga River Gas Field, a methodology that differs from generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed in Statement on Financial Accounting Standards No. 19, Financial Accounting and Reporting by Oil and Gas Producing Companies (SFAS 19).

On June 17, 2002 the RCA issued Order No. 25, and then clarified and corrected that order in Order No. 26, on July 30, 2002. This order affirmed certain important Utility positions, but changed the capital cost portion of the rate-making methodology from rate-base/rate-of-return to debt service coverage ratio. The Utility believed that this change, while not harmful to the Utility's long run financial interest, was theoretically incorrect, and would require substantial write-off of the Utility's deferred gas cost asset. The Utility petitioned for reconsideration on September 30, 2002. The

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

petition was granted, in part, in Order No. 30. In Order No. U-96-36 (36) issued on August 11, 2003, the RCA affirmed the revenue requirement methodology it had previously ordered, recalculated the Utility's deferred gas cost asset based on its approved revenue requirement methodology which resulted in a deferred gas cost asset of \$1,640,852 and granted recovery of the recalculated deferred asset over a 5 year period including interest calculated at the Utility's approved cost of capital of 8.30%. This Order also resulted in a deferred credit for 2003 of \$1,930,524 which was to be included in the revenue requirement calculation establishing the fuel rate for the Beluga River Unit in 2004. The RCA based its affirmation of its revenue requirement methodology on a finding that the returns allowed in the methodology for the historical period (1997-2002) were adequate if annual depletion expense were restated to equal 125% of the principal portion of the Utility's gas acquisition debt service payments. The RCA further found that the Utility's depletion expense was properly represented at that level.

The Utility petitioned for reconsideration of this order on two points: (1) that the RCA's calculation of the accumulated deferred asset contained a technical error which caused an understatement of \$433,035, and (2) that if the RCA believed that the Utility's depletion expense is best represented as 125% of the Utility's principal payments on the Beluga River Gas Field acquisition debt, it should order the Utility to record depletion in a manner consistent with that finding. The RCA granted the Utility's petition on both points in Order No. U-96-36 (40). Specifically, the RCA concluded that use of a proposed depletion methodology calculated based upon 125% of Beluga River Gas Field acquisition debt, rather than the methodology prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles, more accurately matched the revenue requirement they established in previous orders and established the deferred gas cost asset at \$2,053,347.

Therefore, the Utility concluded based upon SFAS No. 71 that it was appropriate to record a regulatory asset representing the difference between the depletion methodology prescribed in the RCA orders referred to above and the depletion methodology prescribed by SFAS 19. The financial statements reflect the following activity based upon the aforementioned orders as a special item:

3003

_	2003
\$	(8,502,156)
	15,197,210
\$ _	6,695,054
	\$  \$ =

In addition to the matters discussed above, the Commission determined in Docket U-96-36 that ML&P's gas costs would be recovered through an annual gas cost adjustment mechanism. Under-recoveries and over-recoveries each year are captured in a Cost of Gas Clearing Account and added to the following year's gas revenue requirement calculation for subsequent recovery or refund. Because the revenue requirement is based on a calendar year and the resulting rate is effective for a July 1 through June 30 year, significant balances are possible in the Cost of Gas Clearing Account as of December 31. The December 31, 2004 balance was \$286,623 (representing an under-recovery).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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Included in net plant in service at December 31, 2004 and 2003 is \$25,930,971 and \$23,599,151, respectively, which represents a regulatory asset for the difference between depletion calculated in accordance with SFAS 19 and depletion calculated in accordance with the aforementioned orders.

Beluga River Unit ("BRU") Underlift Cash Settlement: Each of the three participants in the Beluga River Unit has a right to take one third of the gas produced by the Unit each year. Imbalances between the Unit owners are resolved each year in accordance with the Beluga River Unit Gas Balancing Agreement. "Overlifted" parties (parties which have taken more than one third of the Unit output) must offer to "underlifted" parties (parties which have taken less than one third of the Unit output) the option to either accept a cash settlement for their gas underlift for the year, or accept a right to take the gas underlift in a future year, subject to certain restrictions. While it had been the Utility's practice, in keeping with its original intent to secure a future supply of gas for generation, to accept the right to take future delivery of underlifted gas, its underlift position had reached a level by the end of 2003 such as to call into question its ultimate ability to recover all of its share of BRU gas before field closure. For this reason, the Utility elected to receive cash settlements for its 2003 underlift. These settlements amount to \$17,136,139.

In Order No. 39 of Docket U-96-36, the RCA ordered the Utility to file a report on this transaction along with a proposed accounting treatment when the transaction occurred. ML&P filed its report and proposed accounting treatment on October 15, 2004. The Commission opened Docket No. U-04-63 to consider this filing. ML&P proposed three uses of the 2003 underlift settlement:

- (1) Eliminate the balance in the 2002 accumulated deferred asset in the amount of \$2,053,347. This would have the effect of eliminating the recovery of this amount from rates during the period 2004-2008 which the Commission had ordered in Docket U-96-36 (39) issued on December 29, 2003.
- (2) Eliminate the 2003 year-end balance in the cost of gas clearing account in the amount of \$1,930,524. This would have the effect of eliminating the recovery of this amount from rates during 2004-2005.
- (3) Use the remaining \$13,152,267 to fund capital investments in the BRU field. This would eliminate borrowing that otherwise would have been used to fund these plant additions, and because the Utility's revenue requirement for fuel is determined based on debt service coverage rather than on rate base, would have the effect of eliminating recovery of the avoided debt service and return margins in rates.

On February 14, 2005, the RCA issued Order No. 5 in Docket U-04-64 in which the Utility recommendation for use of the funds to eliminate the 2002 accumulated deferred asset and the 2003 year-end balance in the gas clearing account was approved. The RCA required the Utility to provide additional information regarding the use of the remaining amount to fund capital investments in the BRU field. The Utility filed the information required on March 18, 2005.

The Commission approved the Utility's proposed disposition of the underlift settlement funds for capital investments in Order No. U-04-64 (6) dated March 25, 2004. The Utility is required to

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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maintain the funds dedicated to future gas fund capital investments in a separate account and submit reports detailing investment earnings from the funds and capital expenditures from the funds. The Utility is required to continue this reporting until all funds in the account have been invested in capital projects. The amount of the settlement has been reduced from \$13,152,267 to \$11,951,652 due to adjustments in the 2003 underlift settlement amounts with ConocoPhillips and Chevron. The Utility, therefore, recognized the \$11,951,652 as a special item in 2004 and has included this amount in Net Assets Restricted for Capital Projects.

The Utility opted to accept Chevron U.S.A. and ConocoPhillips Alaska, Inc. monetary settlement in the amount \$19,852,555 after lease burdens and taxes for the 2004 underlift. The Utility will file with the RCA its proposed distribution of the monetary settlement in the second quarter of 2005 and therefore, has recorded this underlift settlement as a deferred credit rather than revenue until such time as the RCA determines how these funds are to be used.

Eklutna Hydroelectric Project: On October 2, 1997, the ownership of the Eklutna Hydroelectric Project was formally transferred from the Alaska Power Administration, a unit of the United States Department of Energy, to the three participating utilities: the Utility, Chugach Electric Association (CEA) and Matanuska Electric Association (MEA). The Project is jointly owned and operated by the participating utilities and each contributes their proportionate share for operation and maintenance costs. The Utility has a 53.33% ownership interest in the Project and recorded costs of \$769,388 and \$287,353 in 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Grant Agreement 2195150 (Eklutna Project Transmission Line Upgrade): On November 5, 2002, the Utility received a grant from the State of Alaska, Alaska Energy Authority in the amount of \$19,300,000. The grant was issued for the Eklutna Project Transmission Line Upgrade which must be completed no later than December 31, 2006. The Utility received an advance of 20% or \$3,860,000 on December 5, 2002.

Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project: The Utility has agreed to acquire a portion of the output of the Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project (Project) pursuant to a Power Sales Agreement (Agreement). The Agreement specifies that the Utility acquire 25.9% of the output of the Project. The Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project went on line September 1, 1991. The Utility made payments to the Alaska Energy Authority (AEA) of \$4,085,538 and \$3,588,576 in 2004 and 2003 for its portion of the costs, and received 91,188 and 128,380 megawatt hours of power in 2004 and 2003 from the Project. The Utility received a budget surplus refund in the amount of \$170,124 and \$351,341 for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The Utility's estimated cost of power from the Project for 2005 is \$4,100,000.

The Alaska Energy Authority issued the Power Revenue Bonds, First and Second Series in September 1989 and August 1990, respectively for the long term financing of the construction costs of the Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project. The total amount of debt outstanding as of December 31, 2004, is \$130,166,773. The pro rata share of the debt service costs of the Project for which the Utility is responsible, given its 25.9% share of the Project, is \$33,713,194. In the event of payment defaults by other power purchasers, the Utility's share could be increased by up to 25%, which would then cause its pro rata share to be a total of \$42,141,493; the Utility does not now know of or anticipate any such defaults.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

In order to deliver the Bradley Lake energy and power from the Project to the participants, a transmission line had to be built between the Bradley Junction and the Soldotna Substation. Homer Electric Association constructed the transmission line and the Utility has purchased a portion of the transmission capability of the line in an amount equal to the Utility's share of the Project output. The Utility's portion of the transmission line capacity was \$2,795,477, which is being amortized over a 30-year period and is included as intangible plant.

Railbelt Electric Interties: In 1993, the Alaska Legislature appropriated \$90 million in grants from the Railbelt Energy Fund to fund construction of a Northern Intertie between Healy and Fairbanks and a Southern Intertie between Anchorage and the Kenai Peninsula.

In late 1998, as allowed by the agreements, the Utility withdrew from direct participation in the Northern Intertie, thus relieving itself of any financial responsibility or ownership interest in that line. The Utility on February 25, 2004 withdrew from participation in the Southern Intertie along with the five other participants.

Application for Joint Use and Interconnection: On October 30, 2003, The Utility, Chugach Electric Association, Golden Valley Electric Association, and the City of Seward d/b/a Seward Electric System ("Petitioners") filed a joint petition asking the RCA to order Matanuska Electric Association ("MEA") to continue to allow the Petitioners to use a portion of MEA's transmission system as a part of the Alaska Intertie according to the terms of the expiring Transmission Services Agreement between MEA and the Alaska Energy Authority ("AEA"). Negotiations between MEA, AEA, and the Petitioners (participants in the Alaska Intertie) on extension of the Transmission Services Agreement had reached impasse.

On December 30, 2004, the Commission issued Order No. U-03-100(4) resolving all disputed issues in favor of the Petitioners. On January 31, 2005, MEA filed an appeal of that Order with the Superior Court of the State of Alaska.

**Depreciation Study:** RCA Order No. U-99-139(17) requires the Utility to file a depreciation study by January 6, 2006. The Utility retained Gannett Fleming, Inc. on August 26, 2004 to perform the study and intends to file it with the RCA before the end of 2005.

Beluga River Production Tax Refund: On December 23, 2004, the Supreme Court of Alaska affirmed the Alaska Superior Court ruling that the Utility was exempt from paying production tax on the gas it used from its ownership in the Beluga River Gas Field to generate electricity. The Utility had paid the production tax, under protest, from 1997 through November, 2004. On January 26, 2005, the Utility received a letter from the Alaska Department of Revenue (DOR) stating the Utility would be issued a refund in the amount of \$4,442,523 (\$3,074,600 production tax paid and \$1,367,923 interest of which \$40,350 was for 2005). The Utility has, therefore, recorded a receivable for this amount and has recorded the refund plus interest as a deferred credit until such time as the Utility requests and receives approval from the RCA as to what manner to return the refund to the Utility ratepayers.

#### (b) Water and Wastewater Utilities

301(h) Waiver: The Environmental Protection Agency issued the Wastewater Utility a new National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System discharge permit on June 28, 2000, for the Asplund Wastewater Treatment Facility, located at Pt. Woronzof. This permit is good for five (5) years from

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

the date of issuance and contains a Section 301(h) waiver of secondary treatment. The Wastewater Utility has been able to meet all the new permit limits contained in the new discharge permit.

Rate Case: The Water and Wastewater Utilities filed two-stage rate cases with the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) on January 9, 2004, requesting permanent rate increases of 14.20% and 8.06% for 2004 for Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively and an additional 7.17% and 6.83% for 2005 for Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively. In the event the RCA was unable to approve permanent rates within the 45 day statutory period, the Utilities requested interim refundable rate increases of 14.20% and 8.06% for 2004. The 2004 interim refundable rate increases were subsequently approved, the Utilities' filings for rate relief were suspended, and all rates were made interim and refundable by the RCA effective February 24, 2004. The January 2004 filings were updated with amended revenue requirements studies filed on November 3, 2004 that increased the revenue requirements but did not ask for additional permanent rate increases. On February 18, 2005, the RCA issued an order allowing the Utilities to implement their requested 2005 interim refundable rates.

In March 2005, two testifiers representing the State Attorney General (AG) filed pre-filed testimony with the RCA opposing various aspects of the Utilities' rate cases. Their testimony opposed several aspects of the revenue requirements study including: changes in MUSA; the return on equity used; certain payroll adjustments added to the amended filing; and the Utilities' plant accounting practices. The testimony concluded that the Utilities' revenue requirements were overstated by approximately \$7,100,000 and \$5,800,000 for the Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively. In addition to its pre-filed testimony, on March 25, 2005 the AG filed a motion for partial summary disposition, asking that the Utilities' MUSA increases be denied and consumer refunds be issued within 30 calendar days of the RCA's ruling.

The Utilities have filed responses to the AG's pre-filed testimony and its motion for partial summary disposition; and is actively preparing for its upcoming rate case hearings.

On May 24, 2005, the RCA issued an electronic ruling to the Water Utility for partial summary disposition which denied the AG's requests as it related to MUSA, but granted the AG's request to exclude certain acquisition adjustments. The financial impact of the acquisition adjustment orders is estimated to be less than \$200,000 upon the revenue requirements and would not result in a refund situation. A decision whether or not to file a motion for reconsideration will be made after a paper order has been received from the RCA.

On May 24, 2005, the RCA issued an electronic ruling to the Wastewater Utility for partial summary disposition which denied the AG's requests as it related to MUSA.

The case will be heard by the RCA on June 14 through June 17, 2005, and the RCA's final rulings are due by September 15, 2005. The Utilities expect a favorable outcome on all of the remaining material issues addressed by the AG, and therefore have not recorded an accrual for any of the disputed items.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

#### NOTE 15 Contingencies

#### (a) Litigation

Anchorage, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. In the opinion of management and the Municipal Attorney, the disposition of these matters is not presently expected to have a material adverse effect on Anchorage's financial statements.

#### (b) Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, would become a liability of the General or other applicable fund. In management's opinion, disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### (c) Property Tax Limitation

On October 4, 1983, Anchorage voters approved a charter amendment limiting the amount of taxes Anchorage can levy except for debt service. With certain other exceptions, the amendment limits taxes to the amount levied in the previous year increased by Anchorage Consumer Price Index (CPI) and 5-year average population growth. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

#### (d) Spending Limitation

On August 3, 1983, the Assembly adopted an ordinance limiting the amount of expenditures in the general government operating budget for tax-supported services. The amount is limited to the previous year's budget increased by amounts no more than the percentage increase in the July CPI over the previous July CPI and those additional increases necessary to provide voter and legally mandated services. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

#### (e) Internal Revenue Service Examination of Electric Utility Revenue Bonds

In 1996, the Municipality of Anchorage issued tax-exempt electric revenue bonds to finance capital improvements and a portion of its purchase of the Beluga River Gas Field. These electric revenue bonds were selected for examination by the IRS as part of its expanded compliance program for tax-exempt bonds. Subsequent to year end, the examination of the bonds was resolved. Pursuant to a closing agreement with the IRS Office of Appeals, the bondholders will not be required to include, for income tax reporting purposes, interest on the bonds in their gross income; the Utility is not required to make any payment to the IRS; no bonds are required to be redeemed absent a change in circumstances; and the Utility promises to continue to comply with the private use limitations of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

#### NOTE 16 Environmental Issues

Anchorage has adopted an aggressive proactive policy designed to identify and mitigate the potential effects of past, present and future activity which may result in environmental impact. It is accounting policy to record a liability when the likelihood of responsibility for an environmental impact is probable and the cost of mitigating the impact is estimable within reasonable limits. At December 31, 2004, there

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2004

are environmental issues which meet both of these criteria and, accordingly, a provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the cost of mitigating environmental concerns of underground fuel and hazardous waste contamination. The following is a summary of environmental concerns at December 31, 2004.

#### (a) Solid Waste Landfill Site

Anchorage's landfill at Merrill Field was closed during 1987 following approximately 50 years of usage. An active gas migration control system was successfully constructed in 1992 and has since operated without fail. It appears that remedial measures already completed and continued monitoring of the active gas control system have alleviated any potential environmental problems.

In 1992, the 20-year-old subdrain of the leachate collection system at the Merrill Field landfill was cleaned. As a result, the amount of leachate flow increased 241%. Subsequently, an outside consultant was hired to make recommendations for improving the leachate collection system to ensure that no off-site migration of leachate will occur. This study was completed in 1994 and recommended a rehabilitation/upgrade of the leachate collection system. Design work for the project was completed in 1995 and construction completed in the fall of 1996. Completion of this project should alleviate any potential environmental problems. The water quality at 16 different locations at the Merrill Field landfill will continue to be monitored.

#### (b) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require Anchorage to place a final cover on its current landfill when it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill for thirty years after closure. To properly account for these future closure and postclosure costs, Anchorage Solid Waste Services (SWS) is recording as an operating expense in each period an amount based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. During 1997 the future closure and postclosure were reevaluated and adjusted to reflect current conditions. As of December 2004, SWS had a recorded liability of \$11,111,326 associated with these future costs, based on the use of 26.2% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. It is estimated that SWS will recognize another \$31,354,838 in expense and liability between December 31, 2004, and the year 2037, the date the landfill is expected to reach full capacity. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all the closure and postclosure functions in 2004. Actual costs of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

As of December 31, 2004, there are no state laws or regulations requiring Anchorage to provide financial assurances for the closure and postclosure care of the landfill. Federal regulations that went into effect in 1997 do require Anchorage to provide financial assurances for future closure and postclosure costs by one of a number of allowable mechanisms available. Anchorage elected to use the "Local Government Test" financial assurance mechanism to be in compliance with the regulation. Currently no SWS assets are restricted for payment of closure and postclosure care costs. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Activity in long term liability of the landfill closure and postclosure care cost was as follows:

Balance January 1,				D	Balance ecember 31,	Due Within		
 2004			Deletion		2004		1 year	
\$ 10,324,632	\$	786,694	\$ 	\$	11,111,326	\$		

#### (c) Fuel Contamination Sites

During the 1964 earthquake, approximately 250,000-400,000 gallons of diesel fuel spilled on the ground. According to numerous environmental investigations, the spill impacted soil and groundwater at Plant 1 of the Electric Utility, and properties west/northwest of Plant 1. Currently, no active remediation, environmental investigation, or monitoring is being requested by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) at this site. However, these activities may be triggered if soil-disturbing activities occur at Plant 1 or in the area impacted by the 1964 spill.

### (d) Water Vulnerability Assessment

The Water Utility is required by federal law to prepare a security Vulnerability Assessment (VA). This requirement, administered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), took effect in April 2002. The Water Utility requested and received an extension by the USEPA until March 30, 2003. The Water Utility failed to file the VA with the USEPA on the deadline and was placed under a compliance order from the USEPA to complete the VA by May 31, 2003. The completion of a proper VA for the Water Utility was certified to the USEPA on May 30, 2003. The USEPA officially closed the compliance order/administrative order per memo on June 2, 2003.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

		dget	Actual	Budget to GAAP	Actual	Variance With Final Budget – Positive
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Difference	GAAP Basis	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 36,512,030	\$ 378,134,090	\$ 372,606,202	\$ -	\$ 372,606,202	\$ (5,527,888)
Special assessments	538,580	538,580	858,002	<del></del>	858,002	319,422
Licenses and permits	11,963,390	11,940,870	12,624,998	_	12,624,998	684,128
Intergovernmental	3,911,780	3,793,780	3,252,213		3,252,213	(541,567)
Charges for services	19,028,970	19,514,670	19,170,939	_	19,170,939	(343,731)
Fines and forfeitures	10,571,050	10,571,050	6,712,483		6,712,483	(3,858,567)
Investment income	1,247,550	1,095,290	1,292,109	_	1,292,109	196,819
Restricted contributions	10,000	40,000	34,286		34,286	(5,714)
Other revenues	1,801,470	1,874,970	2,405,659	_	2,405,659	530,689
Total revenues	85,584,820	427,503,300	418,956,891		418,956,891	(8,546,409)
en 10						
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	9,324,570	9,172,260	13,516,703	(1) 246,560	13,763,263	(4,344,443)
Fire services	49,188,910	49,439,210	48,960,690	(1) 68,987	49,029,677	478,520
Police services	62,664,020	62,782,540	63,299,627	(1) 54,257	63,353,884	(517,087)
	13,321,460	13.288.090	12,714,478	(1) 80.216	12,794,694	573,612
Health and human services	36,051,740	36,191,930	33,812,403	(1) 99,022	33,911,425	2,379,527
Economic & community development	15,454,980	15,563,490	14,853,943	(1) 1,402	14,855,345	709,547
Public transportation	14,727,110	14,792,360	13,873,098	(1) 685	13,873,783	919,262
Public works	14,127,110	154,493,490	153,993,490	(1) 683	153,993,490	500,000
Education	26,551,800	25,827,660	23,855,402	(1) 501,825	24,357,227	1,972,258
Maintenance and operations	20,331,800	25,821,000	25,033,402	(1) 501,825	14,000,000	1,774,43
Debt service:	21,592,140	21,685,510	22,176,762		22,176,762	(491,252)
Principal		18,334,780	16.024.472		16,024,472	2.310.308
Interest	18,423,610	10,334,700	255,509	_	255,509	(255,509)
Bond issuance costs						
Total expenditures	267,300,340	421,571,320	417,336,577	1,052,954	418,389,531	4,234,743
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				(Local act I)	677.770	(4.211.775)
over expenditures	(181,715,520)	5,931,980	1,620,314	(1,052,954)	567,360	(4,311,666)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in - from other funds	7,241,804	10,881,550	12,519,206		12,519,206	1,637,656
Transfers out - to other funds	(11,581,780)	(13,594,240)	(13,482,511)	_	(13,482,511)	111,729
Premium on bond sale	``` <del>-</del>		3,634,943		3,634,943	3,634,943
Refunding bonds issued	_	_	21,465,000	_	21,465,000	21,465,000
Payments to extinguish debt	<del></del>	_	(21,425,000)	_	(21,425,000)	(21,425,000)
Payments to refunding bond escrow agent	_	_	(1,662,336)	_	(1,662,336)	(1,662,336)
Sale of capital assets	-	_	3,468		3,468	3,468
Total other financing uses	(4,339,976)	(2,712,690)	1,052,770		1,052,770	3,765,460
Deficiency of revenues and other financing	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
sources over expenditures and other						
financing uses	(186,055,496)	3,219,290	2,673,084	(1,052,954)	1,620,130	(546,206)
Fund balance, beginning of year	38,858,912	38,858,912	38,858,912	(2) 2,436,569	41,295,481	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (147,196,584)	\$ 42,078,202	\$ 41,531,996	\$ 1,383,615	\$ 42,915,611	\$ (546,206)

#### Explanation of differences:

- Encumbrances for goods and services ordered but not received are reported in the year
  the orders are placed for budgetary purposes, but are reported in the year goods and
  services are received for GAAP purposes.
- (2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Municipality's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data

December 31, 2004

In 2003, Anchorage implemented GASB Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences. This statement, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 34, clarifies the budgetary presentation requirements for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences that result in not being able to present budgetary comparison information for their general fund and major special revenue funds. The estimated appropriations in Anchorage's General Fund Budget do not correspond to the expenditures that are reported for the general fund on a GAAP basis. A reconciliation from GAAP to budgetary basis is provided to present the actual amounts on a budgetary basis for the budget to actual comparison.

In accordance with the Anchorage Home Rule Charter, the Mayor is required to submit a proposed budget for the next fiscal year to the Assembly at least 90 days before the end of the current fiscal year. The Assembly holds two public hearings on the proposed budget. The Assembly may increase or decrease any item, and may add or delete items; but must approve a budget and appropriate the necessary resources by ordinance at least 21 days prior to year end. Otherwise, the Mayor's proposal becomes the budget and appropriation.

The Assembly approved 2004 operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and indirect costs at the fund level. Some departmental appropriations span more than one fund. The Assembly approved 2004 capital budgets with anticipated appropriation of resources for the general government and appropriations for each utility. Upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that actual resources have become available for specific general government capital projects; e.g., when a grant is accepted, a bond sale or interfund transfer is approved, or a special assessment district is created, a supplemental appropriation is submitted to the Assembly for final approval. Supplemental appropriations are also submitted for approval upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that operating grant funds have become available. The legal level of a budgetary control is the department and fund level.

During the year, no obligation involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the Chief Fiscal Officer has certified that the money required for the expenditure has been appropriated for that purpose. When each obligation is incurred, the committed amount becomes encumbered; i.e., it is treated as a reduction of available budget so that the committed amount will be available to pay for the goods or services when they are received. When the commitment is fulfilled, the encumbrance is released and an expenditure is recorded. An encumbrance is also released when a commitment is canceled.

The Assembly may approve supplemental appropriations to increase or decrease the budget and appropriations, or transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance from one appropriation to another by resolution. The Assembly, by ordinance, may authorize a contract, lease or other obligation requiring financing from future appropriations, except that a lease purchase agreement committing funds in excess of \$1 million is not valid until approved by the voters. The Mayor may transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance between categories within an appropriation.

At the end of the year, an unencumbered operating appropriation lapses into the fund from which it was appropriated; except that supplemental appropriations of grant and capital project resources do not lapse until their purpose has been accomplished or abandoned.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Heritage Land Bank (a Special Revenue Fund), Debt Service Funds, and the administrative operating costs of the Pension Trust Fund. Appropriations for these funds lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. The General Fund is the only major fund required to be included as required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data

December 31, 2004

Annual budgets are also adopted for proprietary fund types. However, since the measurement focus for proprietary fund types is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows, GAAP does not require the adoption of budgets, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds.

The Municipal Assembly is required to approve the School District budget (in total only) and appropriate by ordinance the necessary resources at least sixty (60) days prior to the current School District year end. Any budget revisions during the year increasing the total appropriation require approval by the Assembly. Expenditures may not exceed the aggregate total amount of the budget.

Required Supplementary Information - Condition Rating of Anchorage's Road Network

December 31, 2004

Anchorage Road District

Girdwood Road District

Other Road Districts

Overall System

Chugiak/Eagle River Road District

Good or Be	tter Condition
	2002
	76.61%
	95.25%
	72 75%

Percentage of Lane - Miles in

95.25% 73.75% 76.94% 80.57%

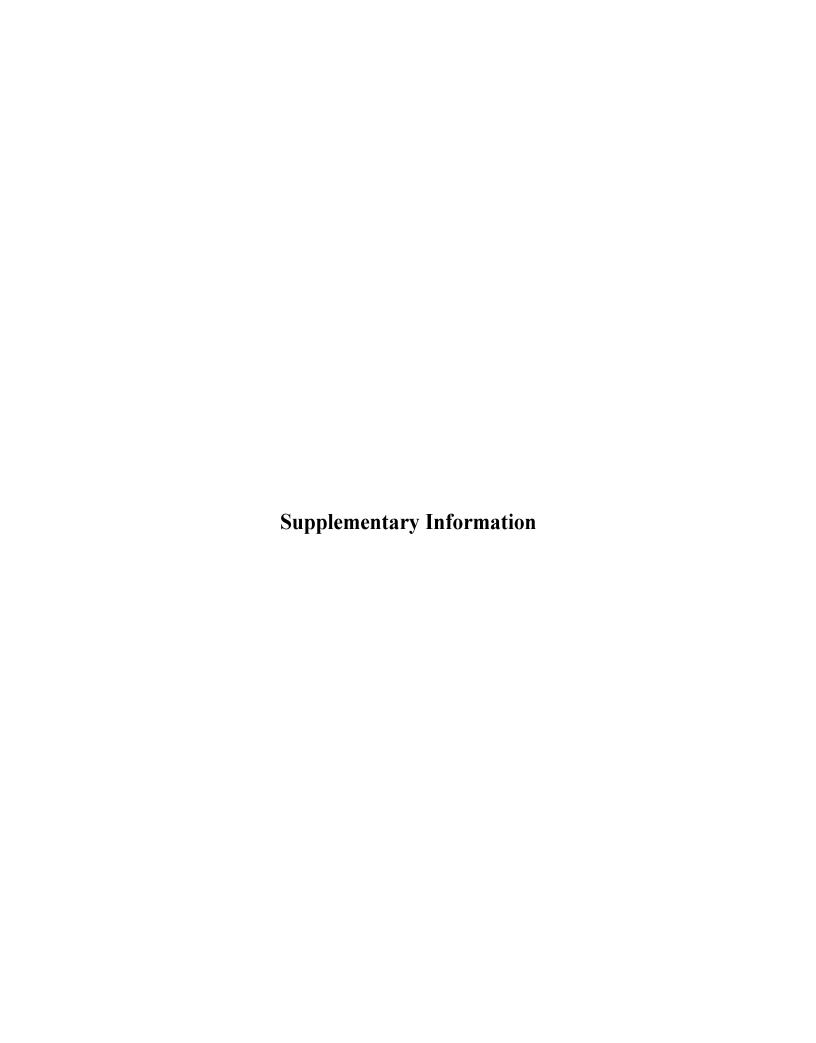
# Percentage of Lane – Miles in Fair Condition

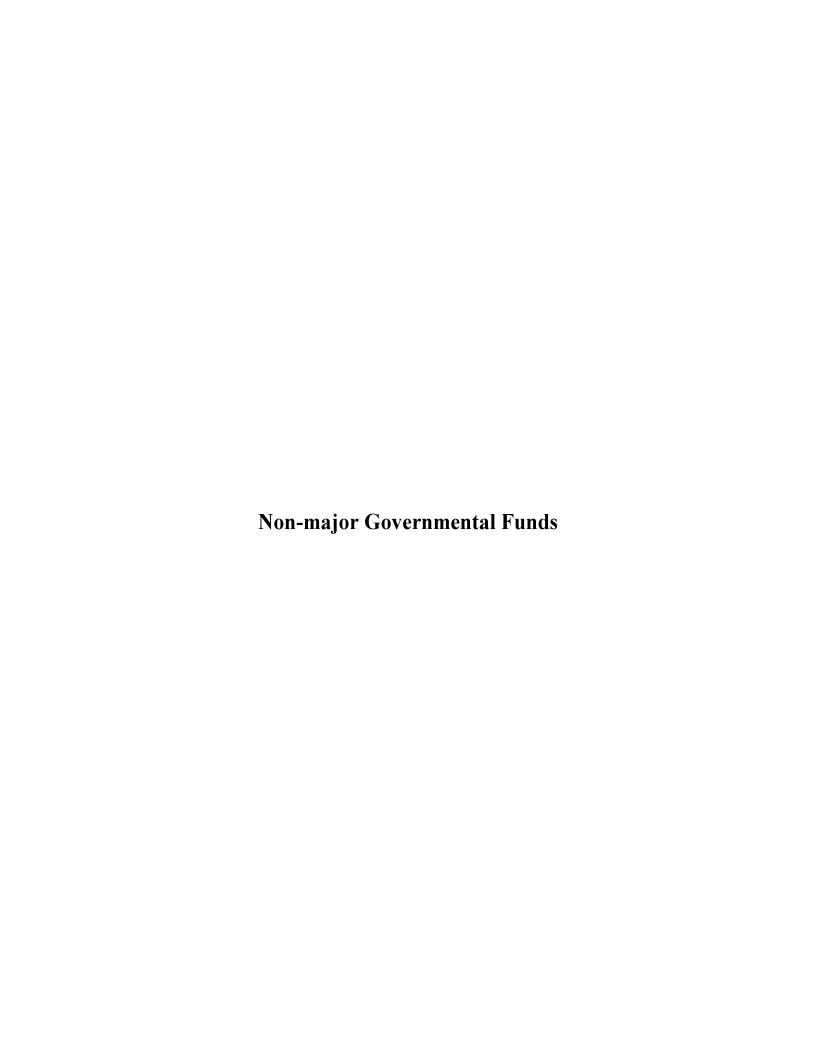
	2002
Anchorage Road District	23.39%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	4.75%
Girdwood Road District	26.25%
Other Road Districts	23.06%
Overall System	19.43%

#### Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (in Thousands)

	2004			2003	 2002
Anchorage Road District:					
Needed	\$	12,968	\$	11,145	\$ 6,914
Actual		11,835		11,854	6,997
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District:					
Needed		1,819		1,783	1,415
Actual		1,460		1,584	1,173
Girdwood Road District:					
Needed		97		89	104
Actual		111		78	103
Other Road Districts:					
Needed		279		268	616
Actual		237		224	338
Overall System:					
Needed		15,163		13,285	9,049
Actual		13,643		13,740	8,611
Difference		(1,520)		455	(438)

Note: The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from two for pavement in excellent condition to seven for pavement in fair condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. Condition assessments are updated every three years.





# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Heritage Land Bank Fund accounts for Municipal-owned real estate.

The **Police Investigation Fund** accounts for the proceeds from sale of property seized by the Police Department, State and Federal agencies.

The **State Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with State grant agreements.

The Federal Grants Fund accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with Federal grant agreements.

The **Miscellaneous Operational Grants Fund** accounts for the use of miscellaneous restricted contributions and donations.

The Other Restricted Resources Fund accounts for the use of other specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

The **Special Assessment Bonds Fund** accounts for special assessments and interest used to retire special assessment bonds which were issued to finance improvements to the assessed properties, except for special assessment bonds accounted for in proprietary funds.

The Retirement Certificates of Participation Fund accounts for an annuity investment and related income; the earnings and proceeds of which are to be used for payment of debt service requirements on certain Certificates of Participation and pension obligations of Anchorage in 2006, which include a \$9,800,000 contribution to the Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund.

The Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund accounts for contributions and earnings which are used to fund the Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust.

The **Jail Revenue Bond Fund** accounts for debt service on jail revenue bonds and the lease revenue from the jail used to fund the debt service.

The PAC Surcharge Revenue Bond Fund accounts for the performing arts center surcharge revenue and debt service on the roof repair loan.

# **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The **Areawide Capital Projects Fund** accounts for general government construction projects not accounted for in other funds.

The **Public Safety Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects in support of police, fire and rescue operations.

The Roads and Drainage Capital Projects Fund accounts for all roads and drainage capital improvement projects.

The **Public Transportation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for transit facilities and equipment.

The Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital improvement projects for out-of-service area roads and drainage, gas lines and pass-thru grants.

The Parks and Recreation Capital Projects Fund accounts for parks and recreation capital improvement projects in the taxing districts which receive parks and recreation services.

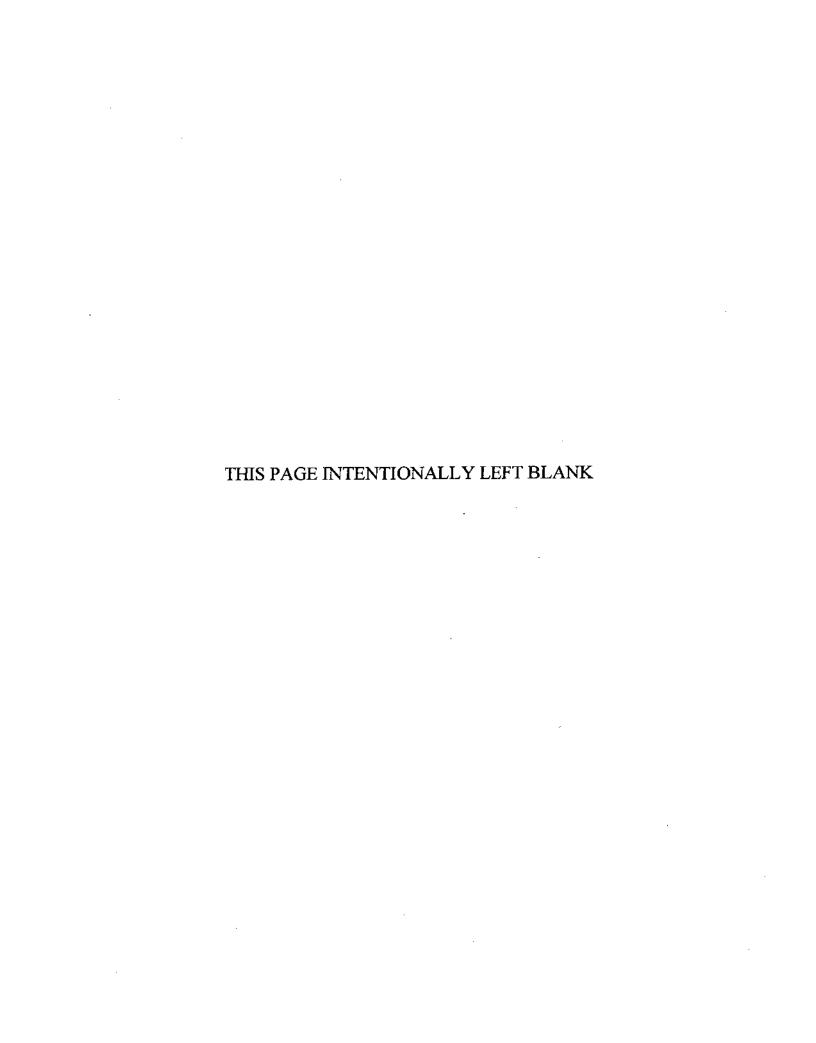
The **Historic Preservation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the preservation of historic structures.

The **Heritage Land Bank Capital Projects Fund** accounts for parks capital improvement projects recommended by the Board of Heritage Land Bank and approved by the Assembly.

### **Permanent Fund**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

The Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance Permanent Fund accounts for contributions, revenues and expenditures for perpetual maintenance of the Anchorage Memorial Park Cemetery.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

	Special Revenue											
Assets	н	eritage Land Bank	la	Police vestigations		State Grants		Federal Grants	Miscellaneous Operational Grants			
Cash	\$	_	\$	8,727	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Cash in central treasury	-	4,328,765	-	486,024	•	4,393,104		5,653,998		554,945		
Investments								_		5,928		
Due from other funds		_				_		_		· —		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		2,232		_		_		4,714,395		34,583		
Intergovernmental receivables		· —		_		3,497,799		4,331,029				
Interest receivable		_		_		_		_		16		
Special assessments receivable		725		-		_		_				
Prepaid items and deposits		3,754		_		_		_		_		
Restricted assets:												
Cash in central treasury		_		_		_		-		<del>-</del>		
Investments												
Total assets	\$	4,335,476	\$	494,751	\$	7,890,903	\$	14.699,422	\$	595,472		
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and retainages	S	45,702	\$	23,231	S	1,022,390	.\$	747,670	\$	402		
Due to other funds		·		· —		<i>′ ′</i> —		· –		_		
Deferred revenue and deposits		_				296,182		3,139,810		_		
Total liabilities		45,702		23,231		1,318,572		3,887,480		402		
					_							
Fund balances (deficits):												
Reserved:		86,554				1,511,384		3,849,598		110,060		
Encumbrances		3,754		_		1,511,564		3,047,270		110,000		
Prepaids and deposits		3,734		_				4,665,612				
Long-term loans		_		_		_		4,000,012				
Perpetual care Debt service		_										
Unreserved, reported in:		_										
Special revenue fund		4,199,466		471,520		5,060,947		2,296,732		485,010		
Capital project funds:		4,133,700		771,320		2,000,277		4,230,132		405,010		
Capital project funus:  Designated						_		_		_		
Undesignated		_				_		_		_		
Total fund balances (deficits)		4.289,774		471,520		6,572,331		10,811,942		595,070		
TORN THIRD DATABLES (DELICITS)		7.497.117		471,320		0,012,001	_	10,011,772		277,070		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,335,476	\$	494,751	\$	7,890,903	5	14,699,422	\$	595,472		

					Debt Service											
Other Restricted Resources		tricted Special		Special Assessment Bonds			Retirement Certificates of Participation		Police/Fire Retirec Medical Liability		Jail Revenue Bond		PAC Surcharge Revenue Bond		Total Debt Service	
\$	17,474	\$	8,727 15,434,310 5,928	\$	766,060 —	\$	12,628,562 5,356,000	S		s	6,056 — —	\$	334,508 	\$	6,056 13,729,130 24,095,775 114,130	
			4,751,210 7,828,828 16						<del>-</del>		_		=		4,510	
	64,203		64,928 3,754		461,688 —				_		=		_		461,688	
			<u> </u>		351,166	_	3,716,950	_	_		<u> </u>			_	4,068,116	
	81,677	<u>\$</u>	28,097,701	<u>\$</u> _	1,578,914	<u>s</u>	21,706,022	<u>s</u>	18,739,775	<u> </u>	6,056	<u>\$</u>	448,638		42,479,405	
S	_	\$	1,839,395	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
	15,016		3,451,008		406,886				<del>_</del> _						406,886	
	15,016	_	5,290,403		406,886			_				_			406,886	
	10,000		5,567,596 3,754		_		=		_		<del></del>		_		<u>-</u>	
			4,665,612		353,281		_		_		_		_		353,281	
	_		_		818,747		21,706,022		18,739,775		6,056		448,638		41,719,238	
	56,661		12,570,336		_		_		_		_		_		_	
	_		_		_				_		_				_	
	66,661		22,807,298		1,172,028		21,706,022	_	18,739,775		6,056		448,638		42,072,519	
;	81,677	\$	28,097,701	s	1,578.914	\$	21,706,022	\$	18,739,775	\$	6,056	\$	448,638	\$	42,479,405	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Normajor Governmental Funds

#### December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

	Capital Projects										
Assets	_	Areawide		Public Safety		Roads and Drainage		Public Transportation		Miscellaneous	
Cash	\$	_	S	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	
Cash in central treasury		16,641,695		10,684,545		23,686,564		_		37,270	
Investments						_					
Due from other funds Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		460,706				_				_	
Intergovernmental receivables		545,449		406.006				-			
Interest receivable		343,449		406,325		1,151,563		1,378,909		229,094	
Special assessments receivable						_		_		13 107	
Prepaid items and deposits						_		_		12,307	
Restricted assets:				_		_		_		_	
Cash in central treasury		_				_		_		_	
Investments		_						_		_	
Total assets	\$	17,647,850	<u> </u>	11,090,870	<u> </u>	24,838,127	\$	1,378,909	\$	278,671	
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and retainages	S	200,547	5	404,861	s	1,187,603	S	129,337	S	4,726	
Due to other funds	-	183,852	_		•	1,107,005	4	460,706	•	461,196	
Deferred revenue and deposits				_		_				-101,150	
Total liabilities		384,399		404,861		1,187,603		590,043		465,922	
Fund balances (deficits):		· · ·									
Reserved:											
Encumbrances		7,197,441		1,620,741		11,753,463		2,013,791		98,663	
Prepaids and deposits				1,020,741		71,755,405		2,015,751		70,003	
Long-term loans						_				_	
Perpetual care		_				_		_		_	
Debt service		_		_				_			
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue fund		_				_				_	
Capital project funds:											
Designated		10,023,090		8,136,587		11,778,114		_		(285,914)	
Undesignated		42,920		928,681		118,947		(1,224,925)			
Total fund balances (deficits)		17,263.451		10,686,009	_	23,650,524		788,866		(187,251)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	17,647,850	s	11,090,870	\$	24,838,127	\$	1,378,909	\$	278,671	

_					•		Total	Per	Cemetery	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
	Parks and Recreation	P	Historic reservation		Heritage Land Bank		Capital Projects		Perpetual December 31, Maintenance 2004		ecember 31,	December 31, 2003	
S	10,245,476 ————————————————————————————————————	\$	54,434	\$	2,884,216	s	64,234,200 460,706 4,285,648 12,307	S	269,397 	S	14,783 93,667,037 24,101,703 574,836 4,751,210 12,114,476 4,526 538,923 3,754	\$	12,623 43,042,562 25,409,080 31,418,886 5,374,419 12,118,620 14 723,530 8,171 256,622
<u>s</u>	10,819,784	<u> </u>	54,434	<u> </u>	2,884.216	<u> </u>	68,992.861	s	269,397	<u> </u>	4,068,116	<u> </u>	4.044,293 122,408,820
<b>s</b>	154,356 — — — — — ——————————————————————————	\$ 		\$ 	152 — — — —	\$ 	2,081,582 1,105,754 — 3,187,336	\$		<b>\$</b>	3,920,977 1,105,754 3,857,894 8,884,625	\$ 	4,658,725 1,408,647 3,917,557 9,984,929
	1,268,351		_		86,213		24,038,663		_		29,606,259 3,754		24,699,770 8,171
	_ _ _				=		=		269,397 —		5,018,893 269,397 41,719,238		5,593,357 256,622 42,717,015
	_		. —		_		_				12,570,336		16,010,905
	9,178,567 218,510		54,434		2,462,307 335,544		41,292,751 474,111				41,292,751 474,111		23,315,896 (177,845)
	10,665,428		54,434		2,884,064		65,805,525		269,397		130,954.739		112,423,891
\$	10,819,784	\$	54,434	\$	2,884,216	<u>s</u>	68,992,861	\$	269,397	<u>\$</u>	139,839,364	\$	122.408,820

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Normajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

		Special Revenue							
	Heritage Lan Bank	d Police Investigations	State Grants	Federal Grants	Miscellaneous Operational Grants				
Revenues: Special assessments Intergovernmental	\$ -	- s	\$	\$ <del>_</del>	\$ _				
Charges for services	_		12,075,621	9,830,259 19,663	_				
Fines and forfeitures	_	- 150,657	_	19,003	_				
Investment income	67,65		6,222		7,493				
Restricted contributions	· <del>-</del>	- '—		_	705,049				
Other	168,30	9 176,018		(65,279)	<u> </u>				
Total revenues	235,962	333,383	12,081,843	9,784,643	7±2,542				
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	988,373	3 —	510,331	2,893	21,395				
Fire services	-	<del>-</del>	109,798	1,758,712	3,980				
Police services Health and human services	_	- 432,527	378,715	1,750,928	400,302				
Economic and community development		_	7,564,359	3,399,842	6,745				
Public transportation		_	212,264	3,686,584	139,593				
Public works			2,857,271 464,152	290,195 649,462	_				
Maintenace and operations			562	049,402					
Education	_	_	285,280	_					
Debt service:			,						
Principal	_	· _	_	_	_				
Interest	_	· –	_	_					
Bond issuance costs	_	· _		_	_				
Capital projects									
Total expenditures	988,373	432,527	12,382,732	11.538,616	572,015				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(752,411)	(99,144)	(300,889)	(1,753,973)	140,527				
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in – from other funds	/a		766,207	981,472	13,440				
Transfers out to other funds General obligation bonds issued	(2,788,000)	(110,710)	_	_	(227,886)				
Long term debt issued		_	-	_	_				
Premium on bond sale	_			_	-				
Capital Leases	_	_		-	_				
Sale of capital assets	1,848,544	_	_	<del></del>	_				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(939,456)	(110,710)	766,207	981,472	(214,446)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	(1,691,867)	(209,854)	465,318	(772,501)	(73,919)				
and balances (deficit), beginning of year	5,981,641	681,374	6,107,013	11,584,443	668,989				
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 4,289,774	\$ 471,520	\$ 6,572,331	\$ 10.811.942	\$ 595,070				
• •			= 0,0,0,00,0	10,011,542	323,070				

Debt Service							ice								
R	Other estricted esources		Total Special Revenue		Special Assessment Bonds	_	Retirement Certificates of Participation	_ :	Police/Fire Retirec Medical Liability		Jail Revenue Bond		C Surcharge evenue Bond	_	Total Debt Service
5	569,626	s	569,626	S	204,767	\$	. –	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	204,767
			21,905,880		_		_		<del></del>						_
	_		19,663 150,657		_				_		5,212,844		_		5,212,844
			88,076		14,997		(105,795)		1,862,041		180		28,439		1,799,862
	_		705,049		14,777		(105,795)		1,802,041		100		40,439		1,799,00.
	=		279,048		_				_		_		_		_
	569,626		23,717,999		219,764	_	(105,795)	_	1,862,041	_	5,213,024		28,439	_	7,217,473
	488,500		2,011,492				_		_		_				_
	_		1,872,490		_		_		_		_		_		
	_		2,962,472				_		_		-		_		_
	_		10,970,946 4,038,441		. —		_		_		_		_		_
	_		3,147,466		-		_		_		_				_
	_		1,113,614				_		_		_		_		_
			562				_						_		_
	_		285,280				_		_		_		<del>-</del>		_
	_		_		205,000		3,055,000		_		2,065,000		_		5,325,000
	_				74,622		405,440		_		3,147,844		_		3,627,900
	_		_		_		_		_		_		-		_
						_									
	488,500		26,402,763	_	279,622	_	3,460,440				5,212,844			_	8,952,906
	81,126		(2,684,764)		(59,858)		(3,566,235)	_	1,862,041	_	180		28,439		(1,735,433
			1,761,119 (3,126,596)		_		_		1,800,000		13,347		201,682		2,015,029
			(3,120,390)		_		_		(1,495,890)		_		_		(1,495,890
	_				_		_						215,000		215,000
	_		_				_		_		_		3,517		3,517
	_				_		_				_				
			1,848,544							_					_
			483,067						304,110		13.347		420,199		737,656
	81,126		(2,201,697)		(59,858)		(3,566,235)		2,166,151		13,527		448,638		(997,777
	(14,465)		25,008,995		1,231,886		25,272,257		16,573,624		(7,471)		· <u> </u>		43,070,296
			22,807,298	\$	1,172,028	\$	21,706,022	<u>s</u>	18,739,775	<u>s</u>	6,056	<u>s</u>	448,638	<u>s</u>	42,072,519

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

	Capital Projects								
	Areawide		Public Safety		Roads and Drainage	Tr	Public ansportation	<u>M</u>	liscellaneous
Revenues: Special assessments Intergovernmental	\$	\$	1,089,732	\$	3,899,322	\$	3,849,540	\$	18,218 238,637
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Restricted contributions	94,439 60,106		36,501		27,347				1,528
Other .	515,908		2,160		8,303				
Total revenues	1,929,880		1,128,393	_	3,934,972		3,849,540		258,383
Expenditures: Current:									
General government Fire services	_		_		_				_
Police services	· <u>-</u>		_		_		_		_
Health and human services			_		_		_		_
Economic and community development	_		_		_				_
Public transportation	<del></del>		_		_		_		-
Public works	_		_						_
Maintenace and operations			_		_		_		-
Education Debt service:	_		_		_		_		_
Principal	_		_		_		_		
Interest			_				_		_
Bond issuance costs	102,962		76,401		383,649		7,790		_
Capital projects	4,197,546		7,090,237		37,358,106		4,263,135		267,262
Total expenditures	4,300,508	_	7,166,638	_	37,741,755		4,270,925		267,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	(2,370,628)	_	(6,038,245)	_	(33,806,783)		(421,385)		(8,879)
Other financing sources (uses):  Transfers in — from other funds  Transfers out — to other funds	1,417,772 (365,000)		107,300 (13,347)		2,104,610		_		35,000
General obligation bonds issued  Long term debt issued	3,780,000 5,150,000		7,650,000		38,415,000		780,000		=
Premium on bond sale	119,230		92,154		349,620		9,594		_
Capital Leases	_		1,146,807				_		_
Sale of capital assets			<del></del>		297,366		<del>_</del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,102,002		8,982,914		41,166,596		789,594		35,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	7,731,374		2,944,669		7,359,813		368,209		26,121
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	9,532,077		7,741,340		16,290,711		420,657		(213,372)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17,263,451	\$	10,686,009	\$	23,650,524	\$	788,866	s	(187,251)

	<del></del>		Total	Permanent Fund Cemetery		Nonmajor Tental Funds
Parks and Recreation	Historic Preservation	Heritage Land Bank	Capital Projects	Perpetual Maintenance	2004	2003
s -	s	s	\$ 18,218	s	\$ 792,611	S 742,564
1,939,125	_	_	12,275,783	_	34,181,663	47.183.113
364,090		_	364.090	9,370	5,605,967	5,900,639
201,050	_		94,439		245.096	353,064
33,373	714	20,796	180,365	3,405	2,071,708	4,309,209
555,000	-		555,000	<del></del>	1,260,049	· · · —
50,310			576,681		855,729	1,987,077
2,941,898	714	20,796	14,064,576	12,775	45,012,823	60,475,666
					3.011.403	1 412 4/1
_	_	_	_	_	2,011,492	1,812,461
_	_		_		1,872,490	2,475,584
_		_	_	_	2,962,472	2,532,918
_	-	-	_	_	10,970,946	17,921,841
_	_	_	_	_	4,038,441 3,147,466	430,742
		_	_	_	3,147,466 1.113.614	2,058,820 10,423,584
	_	_	_	_	1,113,614	10,423,384
_	_	_	_		285,280	59,199
_	_	_	_	_	5,325,000	5,005,000
	_	_		_	3,627,906	3,880,780
17,477		_	588,279	_	588.279	444,379
4,849,085		725,079	58,750,450		58,750,450	59,954,574
4,866,562		725,079	59,338,729		94,694,398	106,999,882
(1,924,664)	714	(704,283)	(45,274,153)	12,775	(49,681,575)	(46,524,216)
1,372,116	_	2,776,000	7,812,798	_	11,588,946	5,558,399
·,· -,·			(378,347)		(5,000,833)	(9,872,481)
1,750,000	_	_	52,375,000	_	52,375,000	35,000,000
· <u>-</u>	-		5,150,000	· —	5,365,000	_
17,478	_	_	588,076	_	591,593	444,379
-	_		1,146,807	_	1,146,807	
			297,366		2,145,910	2,846,684
3,139,594		2,776,000	66,991,700		68,212,423	33,976,981
1,214,930	714	2,071,717	21,717,547	12,775	18,530,848	(12,547,235)
9,450,498	53,720	812,347	44,087,978	256,622	112,423,891	124,971,126
10,665,428	\$ 54,434	\$ 2,884,064	\$ 65,805,525	\$ 269,397	\$ 130,954,739	\$ 112,423,891

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Heritage Land Bank Special Revenue Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

		Bı	ıdget			ariance With inal Budget – Positive
	Original Final			 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Investment income Other revenues	\$	104,920 131,500	\$	97,160 131,500	\$ 67,653 168,309	\$ (29,507) 36,809
Total revenues		236,420		228,660	235,962	7,302
Expenditures: General government		977,600		1,230,550	 988,373	242,177
Total expenditures		977,600		1,230,550	 988,373	242,177
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(741,180)		(1,001,890)	(752,411)	249,479
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out – to other funds Proceeds from sale of assets		(12,000) 753,210		(2,788,000) 765,150	(2,788,000) 1,848,544	1,083,394
Total other financing sources (uses)		741,210		(2,022,850)	(939,456)	1,083,394
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other		20		(2.024.740)		1 220 000
financing uses		30		(3,024,740)	(1,691,867)	1,332,873
Fund balance, beginning of year		5,981,641		5,981,641	 5,981,641	 . <u></u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	5,981,671	\$	2,956,901	\$ 4,289,774	\$ 1,332,873

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Assessment Bonds Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

			ıdget			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Or	igina!		Final	 Actual			
Revenues: Special assessments Investment income	\$ 		\$	334,000	\$ 204,767 14,997	\$	(129,233) 14,997	
Total revenues				334,000	 219,764		(114,236)	
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest		<u></u>		259,000 75,000	205,000 74,622		54,000 378	
Total expenditures	,			334,000	279,622		54,378	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures				_	(59,858)		(59,858)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u> 1</u>	,231,886		1,231,886	 1,231,886			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u> 1	,231,886	\$	1,231,886	\$ 1,172,028	\$	(59,858)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Retirement Certificates of Participation Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

		ıdget			Fir	riance With 1al Budget – Positive	
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income	\$ 	\$		\$ (105,795)	\$	(105,795)	
Total revenues	 		<del>_</del>	 (105,795)		(105,795)	
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest	 		3,055,000 403,380	3,055,000 405,440		(2,060)	
Total expenditures	 <del></del>		3,458,380	3,460,440		(2,060)	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	<u> </u>		(3,458,380)	(3,566,235)		(107,855)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 25,272,257		25,272,257	 25,272,257			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 25,272,257	\$	21,813,877	\$ 21,706,022	\$	(107,855)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

	 Bu			ariance With nal Budget – Positive			
	 Original	 Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Investment income	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <del></del>	\$	1,862,041	\$	1,862,041	
Total revenues	 	<u> </u>		1,862,041		1,862,041	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in – from other funds Transfers out – to other funds	 1,800,210 (1,800,000)	 1,800,210 (1,800,000)		1,800,000 (1,495,890)		(210) 304,110	
Total other financing sources	210	 210		304,110		303,900	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over other financing uses	210	210		2,166,151		2,165,941	
Fund balance, beginning of year	16,573,624	16,573,624		16,573,624			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 16,573,834	\$ 16,573,834	\$	18,739,775	\$	2,165,941	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Jail Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund

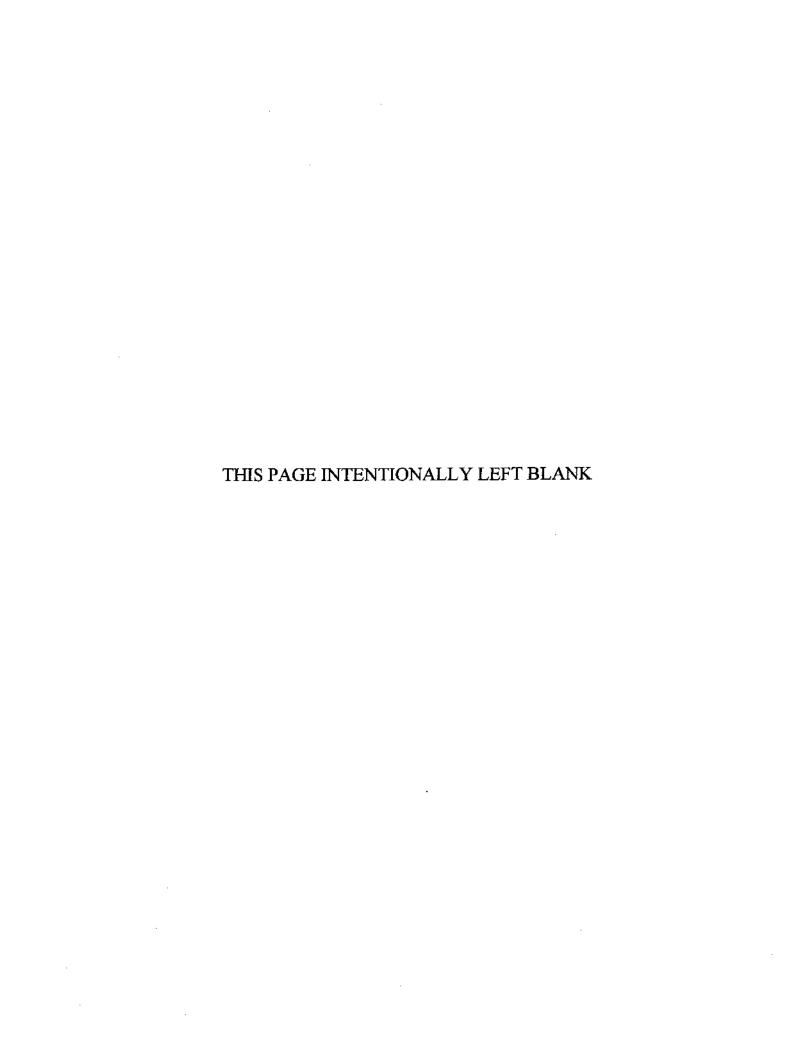
Year ended December 31, 2004

		Bı Original	idget	Final		Actual	Fina	iance With al Budget – Positive Vegative)
Revenues:							<del></del>	
Charges for services Investment income	\$		\$	5,212,850	\$	5,212,844 180_	\$	(6) 180
Total revenues				5,212,850		5,213,024		174
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest		_		2,065,000 3,161,197		2,065,000 3,147,844		13,353
Total expenditures				5,226,197		5,212,844		13,353
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<del></del> _		(13,347)		180		13,527
Other financing sources:  Transfers in – from other funds  Total other financing sources		<del></del>		13,347 13,347		13,347 13,347		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	-	_				13,527		13,527
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(7,471)		(7,471)		(7,471)		
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(7,471)	\$	(7,471)	\$	6,056	\$	13,527

Budgetary Comparison Schedule PAC Surcharge Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2004

	Bu	ıdget		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Investment income			28,439	28,439	
Total revenues			28,439	28,439	
Expenditures: Debt service: Interest		218,518		218,518	
Total expenditures		218,518		218,518	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(218,518)	28,439	246,957	
Other financing sources: Transfers in – from other funds Long term debt issued Premium Total other financing sources		215,000 3,518 218,518	201,682 215,000 3,517 420,199	(201,682) 1 (201,681)	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	_ <del></del>	_	448,638	45,276	
Fund balance, beginning of year					
Fund balance, end of year	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	\$ 448,638	\$ 45,276	





# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services received.

The Refuse Utility Fund accounts for the Municipal-owned refuse collection services.

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the Municipal-owned landfill and transfer station operations.

The Port Fund accounts for operations of the Municipal-owned port facility.

The **Municipal Airport Fund** accounts for the operations of Merrill Field, a Municipal-owned airport.

The **Cooperative Services Authority** accounts for the blended component unit purchasing cooperative created to obtain savings through pooled purchasing power and managed vendor negotiations.

The **Anchorage Parking Authority** accounts for the blended component unit public corporation created to promote adequate parking facilities within Anchorage.

The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts accounts for the blended component unit that operates, maintains and promotes the performing arts center.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

Assets	 Refuse Utility	Solid Waste	Port	
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 300	\$	1,475	\$ 150
Cash in central treasury	2,240,754		12,528,026	9,946,136
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	498,416		931,859	869,013
Interest receivable	_		3,034	
Current portion of lease receivable	. <del></del>			457,236
Prepaid items and deposits	1,366		3,378	36,933
Restricted assets:				
Restricted deposits	_			_
Receivables			5,225	
Bond and acquisition and construction accounts	1,365,640		13,836,634	25,912,100
Revenue bond operations and maintenance accounts			369,812	
Debt service accounts	 			 1,141,022
Total current assets	 4,106,476		27,679,443	 38,362,590
Noncurrent assets:				
Loans receivables, net	_		<del></del>	_
Deferred charges and other assets			5,361	1,349,226
Capital assets, net	 2,292,836		42,610,104	52,701,112
Total noncurrent assets	 2,292,836		42,615,465	 54,050,338
Total assets	\$ 6,399,312	\$	70,294,908	\$ 92,412,928

		Cooperative		Anchorage		laska Center		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				
 Municipal Airport		Services Authority		ParkingAuthority		for the Performing Arts		December 31, 2004		December 31, 2003		
200 590,763 631	\$	134,016 — — —	\$	4,331,486 51,031	\$	1,008,434 ———————————————————————————————————	\$	5,342,045 24,848,932 2,970,528 3,665 457,236	\$	3,999,634 31,866,696 2,498,103 302,680 416,691		
1,878				35,142			.86,591 592,202		97,541 524,363			
637,549		_ 						5,225 41,751,923 369,812		29,432 29,067,931 736,872		
 1,231,021		134,016		4,417,659		1,637,976	_	1,141,022 77,569,181		1,292,490 70,832,433		
 28,585  42,104,403		955,436		30,356,911				28,585 1,354,587 171,020,802		34,932 1,839,334 173,581,860		
\$ 42,132,988 43,364,009	\$	955,436 1,089,452	\$	30,356,911 34,774,570	\$	1,637,976	\$	172,403,974 249,973,155	\$	175,456,126 246,288,559		

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

Liabilities	 Refuse Utility	 Solid Waste	. <del></del>	Port	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Compensated absences payable	\$ 25,842 53,826	\$ 252,594 292,050	\$	457,918 117,748	
Due to other funds Accrued interest payable Long-term obligations maturing within one year Deferred revenue and deposits Deferred credits and other liabilities	2,578	369,181 3,657,931		64,500 1,250,000	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:  Customer deposits payable  Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable	_ _	_ _		 284.004	
Total current liabilities	82,246	4,571,756		2,174,170	
Noncurrent liabilities:  Due to other funds  General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized	_	_		_	
discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts,	_	2,267,230			
premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Federal clean water loan payable Unfunded pension obligation	 25,741	 1,277,732 11,779,341 54,973		1,263,794 ————————————————————————————————————	
Total noncurrent liabilities	 25,741	 15,379,276		1,284,123	
Deferred credits and other liabilities: Future landfill closure costs	-3417	11,111,326			
Total liabilities	107,987	 31,062,358		3,458,293	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for operations and maintenance	2,292,836	23,627,870 369,812	٠	50,187,318 1,076,522	
Restricted for capital construction Unrestricted	 1,365,640 2,632,849	 13,836,634 1,398,234		25,628,096 12,062,699	
Total net assets	6,291,325	 39,232,550		88,954,635	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,399,312	\$ 70,294,908	\$	92,412,928	

	C	Cooperative		Anchorage	A	laska Center			r Enterprise Funds	
 Municipal Airport		Services Authority		Parking Authority		for the Arts		ecember 31, 2004		ecember 31, 2003
\$ 20,453 52,484	\$	103,776	\$	266,270	\$	205,842	\$	1,332,695 516,108	\$	1,017,279 557,169
J2,707				246,087		114,130		360,217		375,071
_		_				-		433,681		536,763
		_				_		4,907,931		5,012,170
78,266		_		135,920				216,764		296,686
						260,004		260,004		138,996
				_		54,944		54,944		35,594
 301,185	_						<del></del>	585,189 8,667,533		68,589
 452,388		103,776	<del></del>	648,277		634,920				8,038,317
_		962,886		_				962,886		_
_				_		_		2,267,230		4,654,964
. —						_		2,541,526		4,027,842
-		_						11,779,341		12,687,273
 9,778				54,299				165,120		
 9,778		962,886		54,299				17,716,103	<u></u>	21,370,079
 								11,111,326		10,324,632
462,166		1,066,662		702,576		634,920		37,494,962		39,733,028
40.4400		055 426		20.256.011				140 504 774		147 100 711
42,104,403		955,436		30,356,911		_		149,524,774 1,446,334		147,199,611 2,029,362
				35,142		_		35,142		524,363
637,549		_				557,060		42,024,979		27,837,537
 159,891		(932,646)		3,679,941		445,996		19,446,964		28,964,658
42,901,843		22,790		34,071,994		1,003,056	212,478,193			206,555,531
\$ 43,364,009	\$	1,089,452	\$	34,774,570	\$	1,637,976	\$	249,973,155	\$	246,288,559

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

#### Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

		Refuse Utility		Solid Waste		Port	
Operating revenues:  Charges for sales and services Other	\$	5,998,459 23,284	\$	15,344,863 344,340	\$	6,006,259 4,134,240	
. Total operating revenues		6,021,743		15,689,203		10,140,499	
Operating expenses: Operations Municipal service assessment taxes Amortization of future landfill closure costs Depreciation		5,398,998 39,750 — 448,330		8,230,463 755,842 786,694 2,479,615		4,063,341 545,609 3,341,374	
Total operating expenses		5,887,078	_	12,252,614		7,950,324	
Operating income (loss)	_	134,665	· —	3,436,589	_	2,190,175	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Other revenues Intergovernmental revenue Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposition of assets Amortization of deferred charges		49,744 11,529 — (4,474) — (329)		322,822 32,903 62,250 (810,456) 97,840		316,563 143,869 — (162,733) (1,207) (52,600)	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		56,470		(294,641)		243,892	
Income (loss) before transfers		191,135		3,141,948		2,434,067	
Capital contributions Transfers out Transfers in		(282,765)		(790,755)			
Change in net assets		(91,630)		2,351,193		2,434,067	
Total net assets - beginning		6,382,955		36,881,357		86,520,568	
Total net assets - ending	\$	6,291,325	\$	39,232,550	\$	88,954,635	

			operative	Anchorage	A	laska Center	terTotal Nonmajor Ent		r Ente	terprise Funds	
	Municipal Airport	_	Services uthority	 Parking Authority	Per	for the forming Arts		2004		2003	
\$	1,048,794	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 4,950,685 328	\$	655,941 447,517	\$	34,005,001 4,949,709	\$	32,612,459 3,530,147	
	1,048,794			 4,951,013		1,103,458		38,954,710		36,142,606	
	869,073 — — 1,284,039		201,096	2,840,625 223,349  1,182,573		1,726,324		23,329,920 1,564,550 786,694 8,735,931		21,864,505 1,540,369 767,073 8,814,755	
	2,153,112		201,096	 4,246,547		1,726,324		34,417,095		32,986,702	
_	(1,104,318)		(201,096)	704,466		(622,866)		4,537,615		3,155,904	
	10,451 6,948 2,241,293 —		(1,114)	 44,692 ————————————————————————————————————		15,135 — — — — —		759,407 195,249 2,303,543 (978,777) 109,211 (52,929)		800,179 225,629 1,561,780 (1,262,698) 43,121 (56,227)	
	2,258,692		(1,114)	57,270		15,135		2,335,704		1,311,784	
	1,154,374		(202,210)	761,736	•	(607,731)		6,873,319		4,467,688	
			225,000	(484,819) (564,136)		(201,682) 1,148,500		(484,819) (1,839,338) 1,373,500		(107,963) (2,752,273) 1,148,500	
	1,154,374		22,790	 (287,219)		339,087		5,922,662		2,755,952	
	41,747,469			 34,359,213		663,969	_	206,555,531		203,799,579	
\$	42,901,843	\$	22,790	\$ 34,071,994	\$	1,003,056	\$	212,478,193	\$	206,555,531	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Refuse Utility	Solid Waste	Port
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 5,878,768 (1,419,335) (3,964,097)	\$ 15,700,845 (5,227,717) (3,711,083)	\$ 9,987,434 (1,650,665) (2,618,274)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	495,336	6,762,045	5,718,495_
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Loan payments to central treasury Other noncapital receipts	(282,765)	(790,755)  32,903	143,869
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	(282,765)	(757,852)	143,869
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations Loan proceeds from central treasury Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposition of capital assets Grant proceeds Contributed capital – customers	(330,000) (7,982) (714,705) 12,502	(3,502,932) (782,412) (10,070,352) 182,064 86,457	(1,180,000) —————————————————————————————————
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,040,185)	(14,087,175)	(5,668,363)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from investment in direct financing leases Interest received  Net cash provided by investing activities	52,588 52,588	331,579 331,579	568,160 612,488 1,180,648
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(775,026)	(7,751,403)	1,374,649
Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year	3,016,080 \$ 2,241,054	20,280,904 \$ 12,529,501	\$,571,637 \$ 9,946,286
Cash Cash in central treasury Cash, December 31	\$ 300 2,240,754 \$ 2,241,054	\$ 1,475 12,528,026 \$ 12,529,501	\$ 150 9,946,136 \$ 9,946,286

	•	Cooperative	Anchorage	A	laska Center	r <u>Total Noamajo</u>		jor Enterprise Funds	
 Municipal Airport	. <u></u> -	Services Authority	 Parking Authority	Pe	for the rforming Arts	_	2004		2003
\$ 1,048,947 (741,731) (123,967)	\$	(31,968) (169,128)	\$ 4,989,715 (1,082,761) (1,829,378)	\$	5,079,798 (1,982,819) (3,572,628)	<b>s</b>	42,685,507 (12,136,996) (15,988,555)	\$	40,029,569 (11,633,454) (16,018,781)
183,249		(201,096)	 2,077,576		(475,649)		14,559,956	_	12,377,334
(310,332) 6,948		225,000	 (564,136)	<del></del>	(201,682) 1,148,500 —		(1,839,338) 1,373,500 (310,332) 183,720	_	(2,643,053) 1,148,500 — 486,134
 (303,384)		225,000	 (564,136)		946,818		(592,450)	_	(1,008,419)
 (1,848,944) 1,958,379		962,886 (1,114) (851,660) — —	(304,303) 12,578 (312,239)		(98,061) — —————		(5,012,932) 962,886 (980,567) (18,188,822) 208,637 2,044,836 (312,239)		(4,230,330) (1,218,394) (9,910,764) 51,034 1,706,059 (213,759)
 109,435		110,112	 (603,964)		(98,061)		(21,278,201)	_	(13,816,154)
 10,700			 44,692 <sub></sub>		15,135		568,160 1,067,182	_	229,507 852,826
 10,700			 44,692		15,135		1,635.342		1,082,333
_		134,016	954,168		388,243		(5,675,353)		(1,364,906)
 		<del>-</del>	 3,377,318	<del></del>	620,191	_	35,866,330		37,231,236
\$ 200	\$	134,016	\$ 4,331,486	\$	1,008,434	_\$	30,190,977	\$	35,866,330
\$ 200 	\$	134,016	\$ 4,331,486	\$	1,008,434	\$	5,342,045 24,848,932	\$	3,999,634 31,866,696
\$ 200	\$	134,016	\$ 4,331,486	\$	1,008,434	\$	30,190,977	_\$	35,866,330

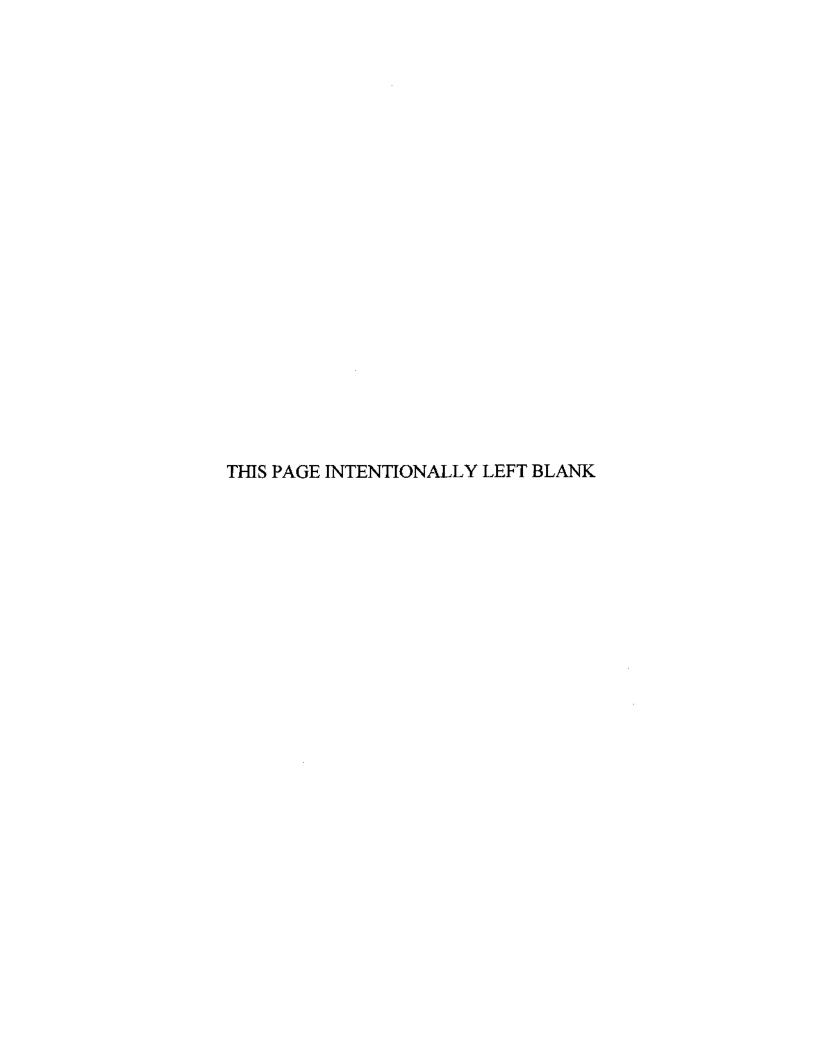
Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

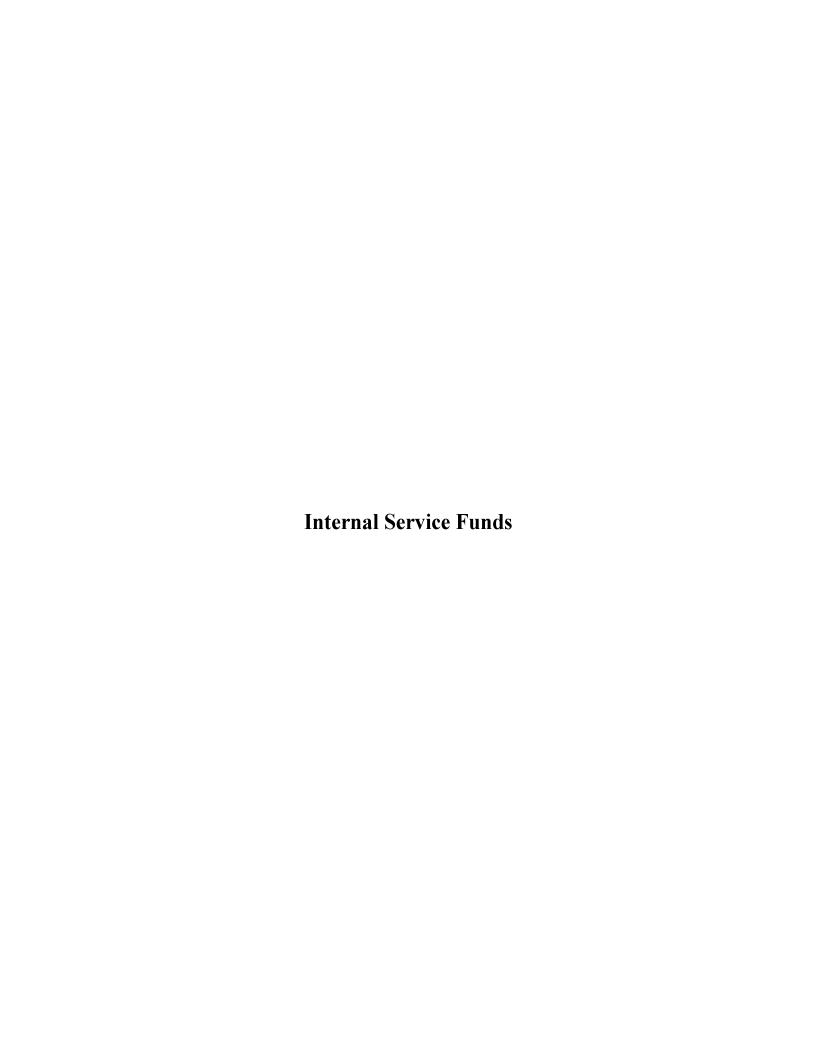
Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	 Refuse Utility	. <u></u>	Solid Waste	. <u></u>	Port
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$ 134,665	\$	3,436,589	\$	2,190,175
cash provided or used by operating activities:					
Depreciation	448,330		2,479,615		3,341,374
Amortization of landfill closure costs	´ —		786,694		
Capital equipment purchases			<i>′</i> —		
Changes in assets and liabilities which increase					
(decrease) cash:					
Accounts receivable	(119,766)		11,456		(153,065)
Prepaid items and deposits	75		186		3,005
Notes receivable	_		_		
Customer deposits	_				
Deferred charges and other assets	_		_		_
Accounts payable	9,649		41,493		329,170
Deferred credits			_		- <del></del>
Deferred revenue	_				(13,000)
Compensated absences payable	(3,358)		(48,961)		507
Unfunded pension obligation	 25,741		54,973		20,329
Total cash provided by operating activities	\$ 495,336	\$	6,762,045	\$	5,718,495
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	 				
Capital purchases on account	_		_		215,415
Deferred refunding loss	433		79,628		´ <b>—</b>
<b>.</b>	\$ 433	\$	79,628	\$	215,415

		(	Cooperative	Anchorage	Al	aska Center	er <u>Total Nonmajor Enterpr</u>		prise Funds	
	Municipal Airport		Services Authority	 Parking Authority	Per	for the forming Arts		2004		2003
\$	(1,104,318)	\$	(201,096)	\$ 704,466	\$	(622,866)	\$	4,537,615	\$	3,155,904
	1,284,039		_	1,182,573		_		8,735,931		8,814,755
			_	_		30,558		786,694 30,558		767,073 —
	_		_	77,972		(6,261)		(189,664)		(84,481)
	103		_	31,238		(23,813)		10,794		(42,252)
	6,500		_	(180)		19,350		6,500 19,170		2,397 101,35 <b>1</b>
	_		_	(100)		-				1,171
	4,227		_	66,298		6,375		457,212		(214,657)
	· —		-	(814)		121,008		120,194		(159,207)
	(27,832)		_	(38,276)		_		(79,108)		82,626
	10,752		_	F4 200				(41,060) 165,120		(47,346)
	9,778			 54,299						
_\$_	183,249	\$	(201,096)	\$ 2,077,576	\$	(475,649)	<u> </u>	14,559,956	\$	12,377,334
	301,185		_	_				516,600		
				 		. —		80,061		111,246
\$	301,185	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	596,661	\$	111,246





# **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or service provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Three Risk Management Funds account for money received from other Municipal funds to pay for the costs of self-insurance claims in the following categories:

- · General liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation
- Unemployment compensation

The **Equipment Maintenance Fund** accounts for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles.

The Information Technology Fund accounts for management information services.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

	Risk M			
Assets	General Liability/ Workers' Impensation	Un	employment mpensation	Equipment Maintenance
Current assets: Cash in central treasury Due from other funds Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Inventories	\$ 5,137,408 908,019 ——	\$	473,037 — —	\$ 333,553
Prepaid items and deposits  Restricted assets:  Capital acquisition and construction accounts	 226,648			 6,467,563
Total current assets	 6,272,075		473,037	 6,801,116_
Noncurrent assets: Advances to other funds Capital assets, net	5,826,147		962,886	 16,621,700
Total noncurrent assets	5,826,147		962,886	 16,621,700
Total assets	\$ 12,098,222	\$	1,435,923	\$ 23,422,816
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Compensated absences payable Claims payable Due to other funds Claims incurred but not reported Accrued interest payable Long-term obligations maturing within one year Deferred revenue and deposits Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Capital acquisition and construction accounts and retainage payable	\$ 309,893 6,553,568 5,837,424 —	\$	79,844 — — — — — —	\$ 224,657 164,229 — — — — — — — 395,012
Total current liabilities	12,700,885		79,844	 783,898
Noncurrent liabilities: Due to other funds Deferred revenue Capital leases Unfunded pension obligation				 48,049
Total noncurrent liabilities	 			48,049
Total liabilities	12,700,885		79,844	831,947
Net assets (deficit): Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	(602,663)		1,356,079	 16,621,700 5,969,169
Total net assets (deficit)	(602,663)		1,356,079	 22,590,869
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 12,098,222	<u>\$</u>	1,435,923	\$ 23,422,816

		Total Internal Service Funds							
	Information Technology		December 31, 2004		December 31, 2003				
		- —							
\$	_	\$	5,610,445	\$	14,488,018				
4		•	908,019	•	908,019				
	143		143		1,639				
			333,553		380,062				
	48,466		275,114		424,322				
	<del>_</del> _		6,467,563		7,187,922				
	48,609		13,594,837		23,389,982				
					. —				
	<del></del>		6,789,033		6,734,166				
	13,952,554		30,574,254		34,556,138				
	13,952,554		37,363,287		41,290,304				
\$	14,001,163	\$	50,958,124	\$	64,680,286				
\$	31,640	\$	566,190	\$	476,429				
	431,481		595,710		622,725				
	<del>-</del>		6,633,412		6,567,269				
	5,988,019		5,988,019		11,001,409				
	_		5,837,424		5,961,115				
	75.002		75 007		1,875				
	75,997 43,467		75, <del>9</del> 97 43,467		331,284 42,867				
	45,407		73,707		72,007				
	137,362		532,374		143,535				
	6,707,966		20,272,593		25,148,508				
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	6,024,762		6,024,762		7,642,185				
	1,276,128		1,276,128		1,505,908				
	<del>-</del>		´ ´ <del></del>		75,998				
	84,487		132,536						
	7,385,377		7,433,426		9,224,091				
	14,093,343		27,706,019		34,372,599				
	6,943,776		23,565,476		26,506,671				
	(7,035,956)		(313,371)		3,801,016				
	(92,180)		23,252,105		30,307,687				
\$	14,001,163	\$	50,958,124	\$	64,680,286				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

#### Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	 Risk Ma	_		
	General Liability/ Workers' ompensation	employment ompensation		Equipment Maintenance
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services Other	\$ 8,894,387 	\$ 853,993 —	\$	7,120,872
Total operating revenues	 8,894,387	 853,993		7,120,872
Operating expenses: Operations Depreciation	 9,491,472	411,787		7,160,124 3,294,252
Total operating expenses	 9,491,472	 411,787		10,454,376
Operating income (loss)	 (597,085)	 442,206		(3,333,504)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Intergovernmental revenue Other revenues Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	152,717 — — — —	16,961 — — —		113,060 125,000 11,874 — 11,567
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 152,717	 16,961		261,501
Income (loss) before transfers	(444,368)	 459,167		(3,072,003)
Transfer to other funds Transfer from other funds	 			(3,872,918)
Change in net assets	(444,368)	459,167		(6,944,921)
Total net assets (deficit) - beginning	(158,295)	896,912		29,535,790
Total net assets (deficit) - ending	\$ (602,663)	\$ 1,356,079	\$	22,590,869

1	nformation	Total Internal Service Funds					
_	Technology		2004	2003			
\$	15,774,471	\$	32,643,723	\$	36,433,073 145,986		
	15,774,471		32,643,723		36,579,059		
	12,890,449 2,770,081		29,953,832 6,064,333		30,217,091 6,299,359		
	15,660,530		36,018,165		36,516,450		
	113,941		(3,374,442)	_	62,609		
	47,073  3,079		329,811 125,000 14,953		286,102 — 316,694		
	(241,784) (47,769)		(241,784) (36,202)		(278,228)		
	(239,401)		191,778		324,568		
	(125,460)		(3,182,664)		387,177		
	<del></del>		(3,872,918)		(1,960,535) 2,751,000		
	(125,460)		(7,055,582)		1,177,642		
	33,280		30,307,687		29,130,045		
\$	(92,180)	\$	23,252,105	\$	30,307,687		

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

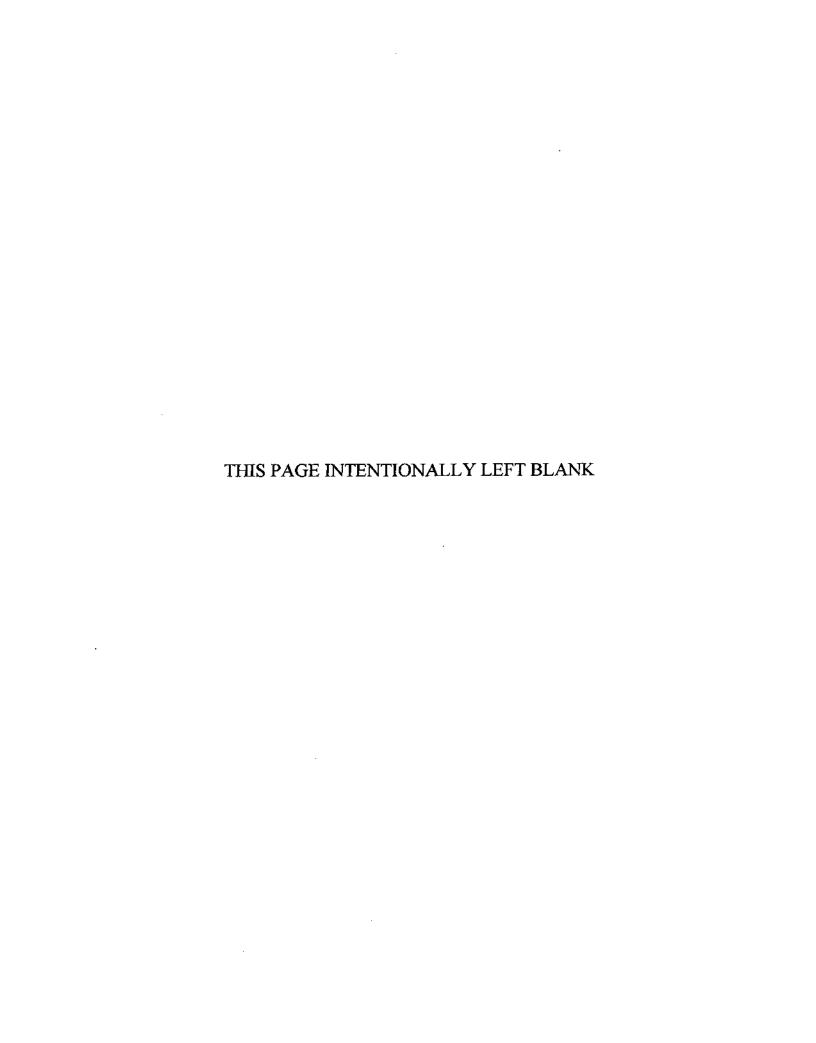
Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Risk Management					
	_ (	General Liability/ Workers' Compensation		employment ompensation	!	Equipment Maintenance
Cash flows from operating activities:  Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees	\$	8,894,387	\$	853,993 —	\$	7,167,381 (2,753,374)
Payments to vendors		(9,384,515)		(469,335)		(4,377,521)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(490,128)		384,658		36,486
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:  Transfers out		_		_		(3,872,918)
Transfers in				_		(5,572,575)
Loan proceeds from central treasury		908,019		(042 886)		10,467
Loan payments to central treasury Other		_		(962,886)		11,874
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		908,019		(962,886)		(3,850,577)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations		_		_		<del></del>
Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		_		(6,364)
Intergovernmental revenue received		_		_		125,000
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets						104,805
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities					_	223,441
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		152,717		16,961	_	113,060
Net cash provided by investing activities		152,717		16,961		113,060
Net increase (decrease) in cash		570,608		(561,267)		(3,477,590)
Cash, beginning of year		4,566,800		1,034,304		3,477,590
Cash, end of year	5	5,137,408	<u>\$</u>	473,037	\$	
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	(597,085)	\$	442,206	\$	(3,333,504)
cash provided or used by operating activities:  Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities which increase		-		_		3,294,252
(decrease) cash:						
Accounts receivable		(8,017)		_		_
Prepaid items Inventories		(8,017)		_		46,509
Deferred charges and other assets						(16 007)
Accounts payable		114,974		(57,548)		(15,997) —
Due to other funds Claims payable						_
Deferred credits		_		_		-
Compensated absences payable Unfunded pension obligation		_		_		(2,823) 48,04 <del>9</del>
Total cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(490,128)	5	384,658	\$	36,486
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:						
Capital purchases on account	\$		\$		\$	395,012

		_			
_	Information Technology		2004		2003
3	15,776,568	5	32,692,329	\$	36,837,405
•	(4,803,484)		(7,556,858)		(8,221,028)
	(8,108,442)		(22,339,813)		(19,676,487)
	2,864,642		2,795,658		8,939,890
	_		(3,872,918)		(1,960,535)
	_		· · · · · ·		2,751,000
	(5.001.400)		918,486		1,324,782
	(5,921,409) 3,079		(6,884,295) 14,953		99,761
	3,079		11,732		32,701
	(5,918,330)		(9,823,774)		2,215,008
	(1,040,689)		(1,040,689)		(3,227,226)
	(243,659)		(243,659)		(283,044)
	(1,122,170)		(1,128,534)		(6,721,405)
	2 800		125,000 108,614		719 477
	3,809		100,014	_	318,477
	(2,402,709)		(2,179,268)	_	(9,913,198)
_	47,073	<del></del>	329,811	_	288,733
_	47,073		329,811		288,733
	(5,409,324)		(8,877,573)		1,530,433
	5,409,324		14,488,018		12,957,585
\$		\$	5,610,445	\$	14,488,018
\$	113,941	\$	(3,374,442)	\$	62,609
	2,770,081		6,064,333		6,299,359
	1,496		1,496		(1,639)
	-,		(8,017)		585,403
	_		46,509		(51,269)
	157,225		157,225		(102.025)
	(9,216)		32,213		(403,035)
			_		1,695,797 (634,477)
	(229,180)		(229,180)		1,486,173
	(24,192)		(27,015)		(99,031)
	84,487		132,536		
<u>\$</u>	2,864,642	\$	2,795,658	\$	8,939,890
\$	137,362	\$	532,374	\$	143,535

Total Internal Service Funds





# FIDUCIARY AND AGENCY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The **Police/Fire Retirement Trust Funds** account for the contributions, revenues, expenses and distributions of the three Municipal Police and Fire Retirement Plans.

The **Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund** accounts for contributions and distributions on behalf of the Police and Fire retirees who are eligible for the plan covered by the Trust.

The Employee Benefits Agency Fund accounts for payroll-related liabilities.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2003)

	Police/Fire Retirement Trust Funds									
Assets	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan I			Police/Fire Retirement ystem Plan II	_s	Police/Fire Retirement ystem Plan III	Total			
Cash in central treasury	\$	19,265	\$	13,128	\$	38,534	\$	70,927		
Cash, cash equivalents held										
under securities lending program		6,101,320		4,162,856		12,249,919		22,514,095		
Investment in master group trust		107,070,834		73,040,508		214,927,386		395,038,728		
Investments		_		_				_		
Due from other funds								_		
Contributions receivable		7.242		<del></del>		<u> </u>		27,033		
Capital assets, net		7,342		5,004	_					
Total assets	\$	113,198,761	\$	77,221,496	\$	227,230,526	\$	417,650,783		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	30,082	\$	18,864	\$	50,326	\$	99,272		
Payable under securities										
lending program		6,101,320		4,162,856		12,249,919		22,514,095		
Total liabilities	\$	6,131,402	\$	4,181,720	\$	12,300,245	_\$_	22,613,367		
Net Assets										
Held in trust for:										
Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits	\$	107,067,359	\$	73,039,776	\$	214,930,281	\$	395,037,416		
Total net assets	\$	107,067,359	\$	73,039,776	\$	214,930,281	\$	395,037,416		
I OMI HOL MOODID	_	,	<u> </u>	,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

Police/Fire	_	Total Fidu	/ Funds	
Retiree Medical Trust Fund		December 31, 2004	<u> </u>	December 31, 2003
1,516	\$	72,443	\$	65,032
_		22,514,095		<del></del>
		395,038,728		_
5,897,481		5,897,481		376,339,644
-		_		110,586
· <del></del>				4,710,589
	_	27,033		30,667
5,898,997	\$	423,549,780	\$	381,256,518
_	\$	99,272	\$	91,941
		22,514,095		
	\$	22,613,367	\$	91,941
_	\$	395,037,416	\$	376,063,680
5,898,997		5,898,997		5,100,897
	<u> </u>	400,936,413	\$	381,164,577
	Retiree Medical Trust Fund  1,516	Retiree Medical Trust Fund  1,516  5,897,481  5,898,997  \$	Retiree Medical Trust Fund         December 31, 2004           1,516         \$ 72,443	Retiree Medical Trust Fund         December 31, 2004           1,516         \$ 72,443           -         22,514,095 395,038,728 5,897,481           -         27,033           5,898,997         \$ 423,549,780           -         \$ 99,272           \$ 22,514,095         \$ 22,514,095           -         \$ 395,037,416           \$ 5,898,997         \$ 395,037,416           \$ 5,898,997         \$ 5,898,997

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2004

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2003)

	Police/Fire Retirement Pension Trust Funds									
	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan I	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan III	Total						
Additions:										
Contributions from other funds	\$	\$	\$ —	<b>\$</b>						
Contributions	8,647	(13,469)	23,597	18,775						
Interest	1,606,792	1,089,434	3,168,450	5,864,676						
Dividends	253,188	1 <b>7</b> 1, <b>644</b>	499,080	923,912						
Net increase in fair value										
of investments	9,997,038	<b>6,8</b> 01,712	19,906,739	36,705,489						
Less investments expense	(393,004)	(266,102)	(771,828)	(1,430,934)						
Total additions	11,472,661	7,783,219	22,826,038	42,081,918						
Deductions:										
Regular benefit payments	8,094,378	4,660,819	9,495,135	22,250,332						
Administrative expenses	240,140	148,645	469,065	857,850						
Total deductions	8,334,518	4,809,464	9,964,200	23,108,182						
Change in net assets	3,138,143	2,973,755	12,861,838	18,973,736						
Net assets - beginning	103,929,216	70,066,021	202,068,443	376,063,680						
Net assets - ending	\$ 107,067,359	\$ 73,039,776	\$ 214,930,281	\$ 395,037,416						

Police/Fire	Total Fiduciary Funds							
 Retiree Medical Trust Fund		December 31, 2004	December 31, 2003					
\$ 1,495,890	\$	1,495,890 18,775	\$	1,320,447 4,71 <b>0,</b> 589				
27,364		5,892,040		5,596,750				
91,055		1,014,967		1,298,653				
260,811		36,966,300		66,079,888				
 		(1,430,934)		(1,213,398)				
 1,875,120		43,957,038		77,792,929				
 1,067,020 10,000		23,317,352 867,850		21,032,582 1, <b>794</b> ,712				
1,077,020		24,185,202		22,827,294				
798,100		19,771,836		54,965,635				
5,100,897		381,164,577		326,198,942				
\$ 5,898,997	\$	400,936,413	\$	381,164,577				

# Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

•		Balance January 1	Additions Deductions		_ <u>D</u>	Balance ecember 31	
Employee Benefits							
Assets: Equity in general cash pool Accounts receivable	\$	10,721,651 80,107	\$ 231,180,053	\$	235,277,835 70,133	\$	6,623,869 9,974
Total assets	<u>\$</u> _	10,801,758	\$ 231,180,053	\$	235,347,968	\$	6,633,843
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to employees Due to employees' retirement system Payroll liabilities	\$	358,748 6,710,720 770,884 2,961,406	\$ 8,119,753 116,863,395 19,907,312 90,985,630	\$	8,314,107 118,543,010 19,711,608 93,475,280	\$	164,394 5,031,105 966,588 471,756
Total liabilities	\$	10,801,758	\$ 235,876,090	\$	240,044,005	\$	6,633,843