

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage), we offer readers of Anchorage's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. All monetary amounts are in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Anchorage exceeded its liabilities at the end of 2005 with reported net assets of \$3,124,179.
- Anchorage's total net assets increased approximately 1.4% over the course of this year's operations. The total increase reflects the net asset increase of our business-type activities of \$52,743 and governmental activities of \$14,573, taking into account the effects of retroactive infrastructure additions of \$54,804.
- As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$350,899, an increase of \$48,100 in comparison to the prior year. Of this total amount, \$209,285 is reserved. The remaining \$141,614 unreserved balance may be legally restricted in the future, otherwise limited as to its use, or previously designated by Assembly action. A more detailed discussion of fund balance appears later in this report.
- During the year, the business-type activities generated \$256,275 in revenues, including special items, which were offset by expenses and transfers of \$203,532. During 2004, business-type activities generated \$223,435 in revenues, including special items, which were offset by expenses and transfers of \$185,672.
- Anchorage has established a formal Fund Balance Designation policy for its general funds. The policy sets forth a Bond Rating Designation equal to 8.25% of general fund revenues. Additionally, the policy sets forth an Operating Emergency Designation for general fund unreserved fund balances of the five major general fund sub groups managed within a range of 2% to 3% of general fund revenues through the annual budget process. Unreserved general fund balance designated through the Fund Balance Designation policy was \$30,278 as of December 31, 2005. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004, general fund unreserved fund balance was 9.4% and 9.6% of general fund revenues respectively. As of December 31, 2005, two of the five major general fund sub groups were outside the policy range and will be adjusted through the 2006 budgetary process.
- Proceeds from the 1999 sale of the Anchorage Telephone Utility were placed in the MOA Trust Fund to provide a perpetual revenue stream for Anchorage and tax relief for its citizens. The MOA Trust Fund is an endowment with a long-term performance focus—one that assumes a long-term average annual investment return of 8% and a long-term average annual inflation rate of 3%. The Trust provides revenue to general government calculated as 5% of the average market value of the trust during the preceding five year period. During 2004 and 2005, the MOA Trust Fund provided \$6,600 per year in support of government services.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Anchorage's CAFR. The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts — management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of Anchorage:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about Anchorage's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
 - The statement of net assets presents information on all of Anchorage's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Anchorage is improving or deteriorating.
 - The statement of activities presents information showing how Anchorage's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement on an accrual basis, with related cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Anchorage that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Anchorage include general government, fire services, police services, health and human services, economic and community development, public transportation, public works, education, maintenance and operations, and debt service. The business-type activities of Anchorage include water services, wastewater services, electric generation and distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, refuse collection services, Anchorage Community Development Authority, CIVICVentures, and Performing Arts Center.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Anchorage itself, but also the following discretely presented component units for which Anchorage is financially accountable – the Anchorage School District, Cooperative Services Authority, and Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. Financial information for the Anchorage School District, Cooperative Services Authority, and Anchorage Historical Properties, Inc. is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc., CIVICVentures, Inc., and Anchorage Community Development Authority, Inc., although legally separate, function

for all practical purposes as an integral part of the primary government and therefore have been included in business-type activities as blended component units.

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the local government, reporting Anchorage's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.
 - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

Anchorage maintains twenty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund and MOA Trust Fund, which are considered major funds. Information from the other twenty governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Anchorage adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

- Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Anchorage maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Anchorage uses enterprise funds to account for its water services, wastewater services, electric generation, electric transmission, electric distribution, port services, Municipal airport services, solid waste disposal services, refuse collection services, Anchorage Community Development Authority, CIVICVentures, and Performing Arts Center.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Anchorage's various functions. Anchorage uses internal service funds to account for vehicle operations and maintenance, risk management, self insurance, unemployment compensation, and information technology services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the

government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the portion allocated to enterprise funds.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water services, wastewater services, and electric generation/distribution services, all of which are considered to be major enterprise funds of Anchorage. Information from the other four proprietary enterprise funds and three blended component units is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All proprietary internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

- Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, such as the retirement and retiree medical plans for police and fire employees, in which Anchorage acts solely as a trustee. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Anchorage's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning Anchorage's disclosure of information relating to its paved road infrastructure network accounted for under the modified approach and general fund budgetary comparison schedule.

In addition to these required elements, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented as supplementary information immediately following the required supplementary information. A summary of selected statistical information is also provided.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Anchorage's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,124,179 and \$3,056,863 at the fiscal years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 (reference Table A-1).

The net assets for governmental activities were \$2,613,846 and \$2,599,273, with \$84,044 and \$87,866 classified as unrestricted deficits in 2005 and 2004 respectively. The significant portion (95%) of Anchorage's net assets for governmental activities reflects its investment in capital assets such as infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery and equipment, net of the debt on these

assets. Anchorage uses capital assets to provide both present and future services to citizens and therefore these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net assets of \$212,619 and \$214,684 in 2005 and 2004 respectively, result from restrictions imposed legally or externally by creditors, debt covenants or grantors. The deficit in unrestricted net assets represents accrued liabilities in excess of unrestricted assets. Accrued liabilities include a \$197,481 long-term obligation for post-employment medical benefits associated with the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust which was recognized based upon a funding analysis performed in 2005. More detailed information about the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust is presented in Note 11, Post-Employment Health Care Benefits, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-1
Anchorage's Net Assets
(in thousands)

	Go	vernmental	Business-type					
		activities	activities	T	Total			
	2005	2004	2005 20	04 2005	2004			
Current and other assets	\$ 514,725	\$ 447,204	\$ 261,910 \$ 29	65,666 \$ 776,635	\$ 712,870			
Capital assets	2,938,344	2,903,188	1,155,449 1,1	14,361 4,093,793	4,017,549			
Total assets	3,453,069	3,350,392	1,417,359 1,3	80,027 4,870,428	4,730,419			
Long term liabilities	694,498	605,918	375,621 4	36,884 1,070,119	1,042,802			
Other liabilities	144,725	90,397	531,405 4	85,553 676,130	575,950			
Total liabilities	839,223	696,315	907,026 93	22,437 1,746,249	1,618,752			
Net assets (deficit):								
Invested in captial assets,								
net of related debt	2,485,271	2,527,259	318,830 2:	56,888 2,804,101	2,784,147			
Restricted	212,619	214,684	103,454	98,379 316,073	313,063			
Unrestricted	(84,044)	(87,866)	88,049	02,323 4,005	14,457			
Total net assets	\$ 2,613,846	\$ 2,654,077	\$ 510,333 \$ 4	57,590 \$ 3,124,179	\$ 3,111,667			

Current and other assets include \$391,347 and \$346,433 of cash and investments held for governmental activities at December 31, 2005 and 2004. Governmental activities long term liabilities increased by \$88,580 or approximately 14.6%. The increase in long term liabilities was primarily the result of new general obligation bonds issued in the amount of \$159,476 and net pension obligation increase of \$43,562, offset by debt service payments and bond refundings of \$86,600. Over 60% of the governmental activities long term liabilities are general obligation bonds.

For business-type activities, unrestricted net assets of \$88,049 (17%) and \$102,323 (22%) may be used to meet the ongoing needs of these organizations at December 31, 2005 and 2004 respectively. This represents a decrease of \$14,274 or approximately 14%. The most significant portion of net assets for the business-type activities, \$318,830 (63%) and \$256,888 (56%) as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 respectively, are invested in capital assets which are used to provide customers with the services they desire. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$61,942 or approximately 24% in 2005. Net assets of business-type activities subject to external restrictions were \$103,454 (20%) and \$98,379 (22%) in 2005 and

2004. External restrictions were related to debt service and construction acquisition requirements.

At the end of 2005 and 2004, Anchorage reported positive total net asset balances for both governmental and business-type activities.

Significant changes in net assets are discussed below under Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities.

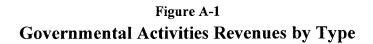
Governmental Activities

During 2005, Anchorage's net assets increased \$14,573 for governmental activities (reference Table A-2). Highlights of governmental activities net asset changes are as follows:

- Tobacco tax revenues increased \$5,428 due to an imposed increase in the tobacco tax rate of \$1 per pack for cigarettes effective October 1, 2004.
- A net pension obligation increase of \$6,710 was recognized during 2005 as a result of the unfunded actuarially determined pension obligation associated with the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System.
- Retroactive capitalization of parks, trails, signal lighting and bridge infrastructure assets under GASB Statement No. 34 increased net assets by \$54,804.
- Expenses of Police and Fire services increased during 2005 in part due to recognition of a \$43,562 increase in the long term obligation for post-employment medical benefits for the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust. The increase was based on a funding analysis completed in 2005.

Table A-2
Anchorage's Changes in Net Assets
(in thousands)

		imental vities		ess-type vities	To	otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:		······				
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 76,682	\$ 54,297	\$ 225,779	\$ 206,386	\$ 302,461	\$ 260,683
Operating grants and contributions	29,048	25,158	-	407	29,048	25,565
Capital grants and contributions	18,358	12,276	4,138	2,304	22,496	14,580
General revenues:						
Property taxes	362,963	333,690	_	-	362,963	333,690
Other taxes	50,890	39,626	-	-	50,890	39,626
Gain (Loss) on capital asset sale	-	(3,494)	-	109	-	(3,385)
Investment earnings	15,591	18,162	6,505	2,276	22,096	20,438
Total revenues	553,532	479,715	236,422	211,482	789,954	691,197
Expenses:						
General government	33,150	28,637	•	-	33,150	28,637
Fire services	82,518	55,209	-	-	82,518	55,209
Police services	98,669	69,372	-	-	98,669	69,372
Health and Human services	31,156	24,312	-	-	31,156	24,312
Economic and Community Dev	47,652	46,850	-	-	47,652	46,850
Public transportation	21,162	20,284	-	-	21,162	20,284
Public works	60,435	37,096	-	-	60,435	37,096
Education	170,393	154,280	-	-	170,393	154,280
Maintenance and Operations	27,658	26,663	-	-	27,658	26,663
Interest	21,569	19,944	-	-	21,569	19,944
Water	-	-	35,841	31,739	35,841	31,739
Wastewater	-	-	26,703	24,453	26,703	24,453
Electric	-	-	101,351	93,048	101,351	93,048
Port	_	-	9,676	8,166	9,676	8,166
Municipal Airport	-	-	2,570	2,152	2,570	2,152
Solid waste	-	-	13,614	13,087	13,614	13,087
Refuse	-	-	5,939	5,902	5,939	5,902
Development Authority	-	-	5,304	4,731	5,304	4,731
Performing Arts Center	_		1,935	1,726	1,935	1,726
Total expenses	594,362	482,647	202,933	185,004	797,295	667,651
Change in net assets prior to						
special items and transfers	(40,830)	(2,932)	33,489	26,478	(7,341)	23,546
Special items - regulatory adjustment			19,853	11,952	19,853	11,952
Transfers	599	691	(599)	(691)	_	-
Change in net assets	(40,231)	(2,241)	52,743	37,739	12,512	35,498
Net assets, beginning of year,						
as previously reported	2,599,273	2,601,514	457,590	419,851	3,056,863	3,021,365
Add adjustment for retroactive						
capitalization of infratructure	54,804	-	-	-	54,804	-
Net assets, beginning of year,	· · · · · · ·					**
as restated	2,654,077	2,601,514	457,590	419,851	3,111,667	3,021,365
Net assets, end of year	\$ 2,613,846	\$ 2,599,273	\$ 510,333	\$ 457,590	\$3,124,179	\$ 3,056,863



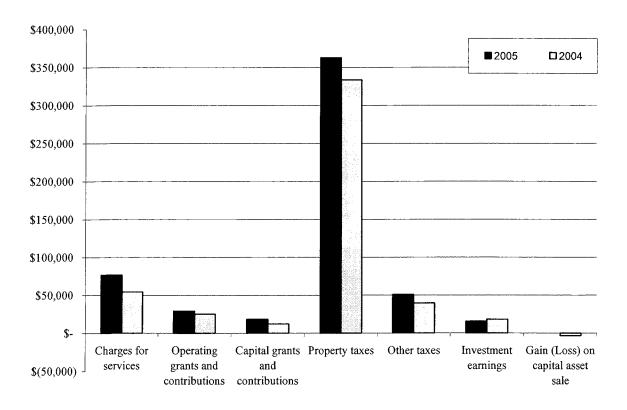


Figure A-2
2005 Program Revenue vs Expense by Governmental

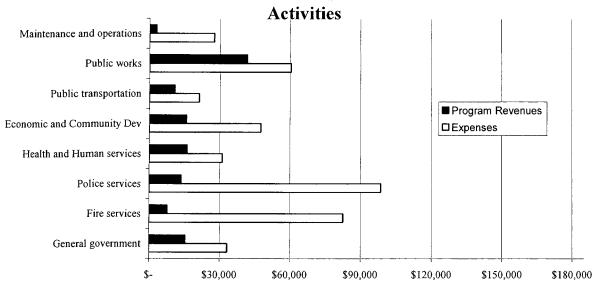
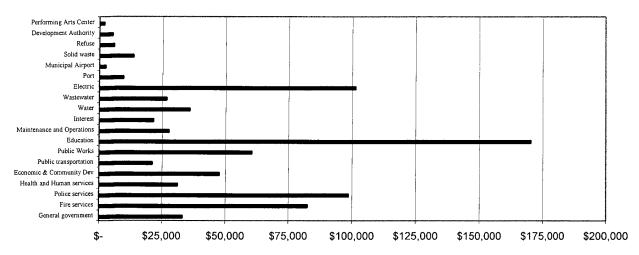


Figure A-3
2005 Expense by Functional Activity



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased Anchorage's net assets by \$52,743 in 2005. Key elements of the change in net assets are as follows:

- Electric revenues overall increased by 11% in 2005. This increase was attributable to increases in military sales, gas sales and other operating revenues. Military revenues increased by 69% in 2005 as a result of a contract to provide electrical power to Elmendorf Air Force Base beginning September 2005. Gas sales increased by 31% and other operating revenues increased by 111%.
- During 2005, water and wastewater operating revenues increased 15% and 8% respectively. Water revenue increases were attributable to an interim refundable rate increase of 7.76% effective February 18, 2005. Wastewater revenue increases were attributable to an interim refundable rate increase of 6.83% effective February 18, 2005 through August 1, 2005 after which the rate increase was 3.8%.

Financial Analysis of Anchorage's Funds

As noted earlier, Anchorage uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Anchorage's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Anchorage's financial requirements.

As of the current fiscal year end, Anchorage's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$350,899, an increase of \$48,100 in comparison to the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$209,285 is reserved and not available for additional spending because it has already been committed either to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$35,155), to meet debt service requirements (\$38,557), to generate income for perpetual care of the municipal cemetery (\$290), to recognize prepaid items, deposits and inventory (\$965), to satisfy long term loan principal payments (\$4,769), or is otherwise reserved in the MOA Trust Fund (\$129,549).

Approximately 40% of total fund balance (\$141,614) is classified as unreserved fund balance. Of the unreserved fund balance, approximately 69% is reported in Special Revenue Funds (\$10,396) and Capital Projects Funds (\$87,659) to be used for grant specified projects and capital construction. The remaining unreserved fund balance of approximately 31% (\$43,559) is reported in the General Fund. Of the General Fund unreserved fund balance of \$43,559, approximately 70% (\$30,278) is designated for bond rating and operating emergencies under Anchorage's Fund Balance Designation Policy.

The General Fund is the primary operational fund for Anchorage. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the unreserved fund balance was \$43,559 and \$40,115, while the total fund balance was

\$46,262 and \$42,916. In measuring the General Fund's liquidity, one may compare both the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to total expenditures. At December 31, 2005, unreserved fund balance represents 9.4% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 10% of the same amount. Unreserved fund balance was 9.6% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance was 10.3% of the same amount at December 31, 2004.

Investment revenue in the MOA Trust Fund decreased \$3,495 or 31% due to the decrease in market returns experienced during 2005 in both the bond and equity markets.

A key factor in the overall increase in total governmental fund's fund balance was the increase in financing proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds and long term contracts in 2005 of \$96,805 which represented an increase of approximately 68% over prior year activities.

Proprietary Funds

Anchorage's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail.

- During 2005, Electric residential revenues decreased by 4% and commercial revenues decreased by 2% as compared to respective increases of 12% and 16% during 2004. The decreases in residential and commercial revenues in 2005 are the result of reducing electric customer bills for a tax refund from the State of Alaska. Gas revenues increased in 2005 by 31% as a result of an increase in the indices used to calculate the price for gas sales. These price indices are linked to oil prices which were higher in 2005 than in 2004. Also the volume of gas sold increased in 2005 by 6%.
- The Electric utility's overall expenses increased by 9% in 2005. Production expenses increased 16% or \$6,818; of this increase \$6,032 is related to the price of gas purchased. The contract price of gas for 2005 was \$3.53 per thousand cubic feet (Mcf), which represents an increase of \$.82 per Mcf purchased compared to 2004. The Electric utility purchased 7,289,437 Mcfs in 2005, 63,321 McFs less than 2004. Increases in transmission, distribution, customer accounts and services, and sales expenses can be attributed to a 3.3% wage increase that became effective January 1, 2005.
- The Electric utility recorded a Special Item of \$19,853, which is the amount received from the Beluga River partners for underlifted gas for 2004. The Electric utility requested that the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) allow the utility to utilize those monies to fund future capital construction at the gas field in lieu of borrowing funds for construction. The RCA agreed with the Electric utility's plan. The 2004 underlift amount which had been deferred awaiting the RCA order was recorded as a special item and the funds, along with any interest earnings on those funds, will be restricted for Beluga River projects.
- The Electric utility issued \$109,350 of senior lien electric revenue refunding bonds, series 2005A and \$25,745 of junior lien electric revenue refunding bonds, series 2005B to retire \$136,365 of outstanding senior lien revenue, senior lien revenue refunding and junior lien revenue bonds resulting in a loss on refunding of \$6,093 and writing off \$1,083 of old unamortized losses.

- In 2005 the Electric utility net pension obligation increased from \$122 to \$395 due to the actuarial determined employer contribution rate being higher than the State of Alaska determined contribution rate for the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System. The State of Alaska determined contribution rate is limited by state statute.
- Water operating revenues increased by \$5,078 from 2004, resulting from a RCA approved interim rate increase of 7.76%, effective February 18, 2005, along with customer growth. Operating expenses increased by \$1,363 from 2004. Severe winter conditions and a significant rise in gas and electric prices played a role in the increase of operating expenses from 2004. Another contributing factor was the increase in labor related expenses, including retirement benefits.
- Wastewater operating revenues increased \$2,157 during 2005, resulting from a RCA approved interim rate increase of 6.83% effective February 18, 2005 through August 1, 2005 after which the rate increase was 3.8%, along with customer growth. Operating expenses increased by \$534 from 2004. Severe winter conditions and a significant rise in gas and electric prices played a role in the increase of operating expenses from 2004. Another contributing factor was the increase in labor related expenses, including retirement benefits.
- During 2005 the Water and Wastewater utilities received approximately \$2,000 and \$3,200 respectively in low interest loans from the State of Alaska to finance capital improvements. No bonds were issued in 2005.
- In 2005 the Water and Wastewater utilities recognized net pension obligations of \$685 and \$489 respectively due to the actuarial determined employer contribution rate being higher than the State of Alaska determined contribution rate for the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System. The State of Alaska determined contribution rate is limited by state statute.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The 2005 approved budget (adopted in late 2004) includes projected funding sources.

Annually after the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year, the rate of tax levy is established and taxes are levied for general purposes, which includes all service areas of Anchorage and the Anchorage School District (ASD). Expenditure revisions are usually made in conjunction with the tax levy. This first quarter budget revision establishes the budget for property taxes. A significant consistent difference between the original budget and the final revised budget is the amount contributed to ASD for taxes levied. The amount to be contributed to ASD is determined during the first quarter of the fiscal year when the budget for ASD is approved for its ensuing fiscal year, July 1 – June 30, and the resulting tax levy rate and tax amount are levied for ASD.

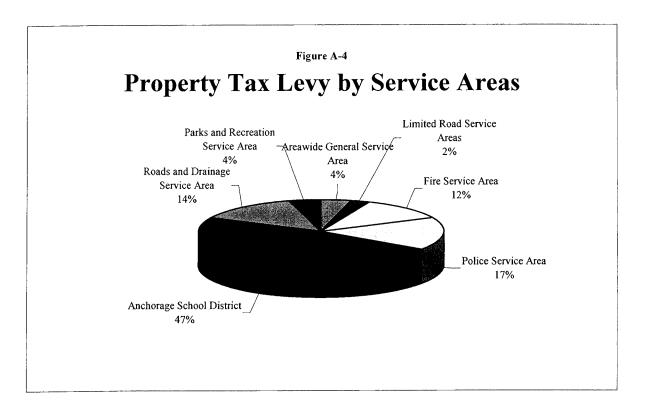
The following were major revisions to the approved budget during 2005, in thousands:

• Five Major Service Areas (Areawide, Fire, Roads and Drainage, Police, Parks and Recreation)

- \$170,080 contribution to the Anchorage School District for property taxes collected on their behalf by general government.
- \$2,148 to Police Service Area for overtime and legal settlements.
- \$1,864 to Anchorage Fire Department for debt service requirement adjustments and increased costs for repair and maintenance expenses, including fuel and labor.
- \$694 for increased Indigent Defense costs and retroactive pay to nurses within Health & Human Services Department.
- \$184 to Anchorage Parks & Recreation Service Area for increased debt service expense and a loan to Hilltop Ski Area.
- \$154 to Public Transportation for increased fuel costs and debt service requirements.
- (\$944) to Maintenance & Operations for debt service due to true-up and refunding of existing GO Bonds.
- \$424 to Maintenance & Operations for increased cost of maintaining State-owned streets funded from State Transfer of Responsibility.

Other Service Areas

- \$3,213 for economic development activities from Heritage Land Bank revenues.
- \$218 for equipment purchase and other operational needs for Chugiak Volunteer Fire Service Area.
- \$1,270 to Building Safety Service Area for enhanced code enforcement staffing and tracking system.
- \$526 to various service areas for road maintenance and miscellaneous operational needs.



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2005 and 2004, Anchorage had invested \$4,093,793 and \$4,017,549 in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, land, and infrastructure (reference Table A-3). More detailed information about Anchorage's capital assets is presented in Note 5, Capital Assets, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-3

Municipality of Anchorage's Capital Assets
(net of accumulated depreciation, in thousands)

		Gover Acti	nmen vities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2005 2004 and \$ 1,206,888 \$ 1,195,735			2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Land			\$	\$ 58,290		\$ 58,277		\$ 1,265,178		1,254,012			
Buildings and													
improvements		180,077		164,638		83,609		85,270		263,686		249,908	
Art		14,281		13,943		-		-		14,281		13,943	
Equipment		44,869		52,266		-		-		44,869		52,266	
Distribution and													
collection systems		-		-		944,162		912,730		944,162		912,730	
Infrastructure		1,448,917		1,446,748		-		-		1,448,917		1,446,748	
Construction in progress		43,312		29,858		69,388		58,084		112,700		87,942	
	\$	2,938,344	\$	2,903,188	\$	1,155,449	\$	1,114,361	\$	4,093,793	\$	4,017,549	

Significant additions to governmental activities capital assets during 2005 were \$35,860 of building and improvement additions and \$12,252 of current year infrastructure additions. During 2005, an additional \$54,804 of infrastructure networks relating to parks, trails, and traffic signals were retroactively added to governmental activities capital assets.

Business-type activities capital assets increased during 2005 primarily due to distribution and collection system additions of \$74,957.

Long-term Debt

At year end Anchorage had \$918,777 in debt outstanding, an increase of 5.7% from 2004 debt outstanding of \$868,954 (reference Table A-4). More detailed information about Anchorage's long-term debt liabilities is presented in Note 8, Long Term Obligations, in the basic financial statements.

Table A-4

Municipality of Anchorage's Outstanding Debt
(in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	 2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 440,263	\$	367,387	\$	8,165	\$	15,997	\$	448,428	\$	383,384	
Revenue Bonds	53,620		54,545		334,214		350,441		387,834		404,986	
Special Assessment Debt with												
Governmental Commitment	630		690		186		272		816		962	
Certificates of Participation	3,360		6,560		-		-		3,360		6,560	
Long-term Contracts	6,820		6,855		69,519		66,207		76,339		73,062	
HUD Section 108 Loans	 2,000		-		-		-		2,000		-	
Total	\$ 506,693	\$	436,037	\$	412,084	\$	432,917	\$	918,777	\$	868,954	

New debt in governmental activities resulted from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$96,805.

Since 1999, Anchorage's general obligation bonds have been rated at (AA-) by Standard & Poor's and (Aa3) by Moody's.

Infrastructure Modified Approach

Anchorage manages its paved road network using its Pavement Management Plan and accounts for it using the modified approach. The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from 2 for pavement in excellent condition to 7 for pavement in poor condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. The most recent condition assessment shows that the condition of Anchorage's paved road network is in accordance with its policy. Condition assessments are updated every three years.

A comparison of estimated to actual maintenance and preservation expense is presented in Required Supplementary Information. During 2005 actual road infrastructure maintenance and preservation expense was 1.3% higher than estimated.

A condition assessment was performed in 2005 and indicated approximately 80.01% of total paved roads as being in good or better condition. This assessment result decreased slightly from the assessment results of 80.57% received during the 2002 assessment. The current assessment exceeds Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% of total paved roads in good or better condition.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Municipal population increased slightly in 2005 to 278,200 and the unemployment rate averaged 5.4%, which was comparable to the national average of 5.1%.

The Citizens Property Tax Cap allows for both economic growth (inflation and population) and for a number of other factors including new construction, debt service, voter-approved new services, special taxes, operations and maintenance costs, and judgments. Property taxes represent 55% of the General Government Operating Budget Revenue. Local taxes and program revenues account for the majority of the remaining revenues (38%). Intergovernmental charges outside of general government (6%), Federal/State revenues (1%), and applied fund balance account for the remaining balance.

The 2006 general government operating budget, as revised at first quarter 2006, is \$34.2 million more than the revised budget approved at first quarter for 2005. This includes a \$6.6 million increase in debt service for voter-approved bonds. Twenty new police positions were funded in the 2006 operating budget. While the property taxes supporting the 2006 budget increased from the 2005 level of \$187.8 million to \$202.7 million, the percentage of the 2006 budget supported by property taxes decreased from 57% in 2005 to 55% in 2006.

The 2006 Municipal Utilities' operating budgets total \$206,849,217 and Utilities' capital budgets total \$151,680,000.

The Municipality adopted a change in the formula used to calculate Municipal Utility Service Assessment (MUSA). Beginning in 2004, payments are calculated on net plant in service. This change treats the utilities, for MUSA purposes, similar to the private sector and in the manner in which business personal property taxes are calculated. In past years, a Municipal utility paid MUSA on the net non-contributed portion of plant in service, but prior to 1989 MUSA was calculated on net plant in service.

The Water and Wastewater Utilities filed revenue requirements studies (RRS) with the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) on January 9, 2004, requesting rate increases in 2004 and 2005. The RCA approved interim refundable rate increases, and suspended the filings for further investigation. On July 8, 2005, the RCA accepted a stipulation between the Attorney General and the Utilities settling all contested issues except MUSA on contributed plant, and reducing Wastewater rates slightly on a go-forward basis. On September 2, 2005 the RCA issued an order establishing the Utilities' revenue requirements that excluded MUSA on contributed plant. The Utilities appealed the order to the Alaska Superior Court (Court). On December 21, 2005, the Court issued a stay of the RCA's final order, allowing the Utilities to continue collecting MUSA on contributed plant in interim rates pending resolution of the appeal. Revenue collected subject to refunds approximated \$9,000,000 at December 31, 2005. The Utilities intend to vigorously pursue the appeal and suit to permit the inclusion of MUSA on contributed plant in rates. The Utilities believe that the chance of ultimately being required to refund the revenue collected is reasonably possible, but not probable, and therefore have not recorded liabilities for a refund payable.

The Water and Wastewater Utilities filed RRSs with the RCA on November 10, 2005, requesting rate increases in 2006. The RCA suspended the Wastewater Utility's filing and granted substantially less than requested in interim rates. The Wastewater Utility filed a complaint with the court, asking that the stay apply to the 2006 rate case, and that the complaint be consolidated with the appeal. On May 26, 2006 the court issued two orders. The first order denied the Wastewater Utility's request for consolidation. On the second order the court issued a preliminary injunction to require the RCA to immediately allow the Wastewater Utility to implement requested interim rates. The RCA rejected the Water Utility's filing. The Water Utility resubmitted its RRS with the RCA, and on May 30, 2006, received an Order from the RCA granting full interim rates.

On November 7, 2005, the RCA issued a bench ruling that removed the restriction on dividends and dividend-like payments from the Electric Utility to its owner, Anchorage and required the continued filing of it's Equity Management Plan on an annual basis. In Order No. U-05-86(2), dated December 22, 2005, the RCA affirmed the bench ruling and closed the docket. In 2006, the Electric Utility will pay a dividend and gross receipts tax of \$7,426,844 to Anchorage based on 2005 revenues confirmed after audit. The dividend consists of a revenue distribution to general government of 5% of the Electric Utility's gross revenues and payment of a gross receipts tax considered supplemental MUSA at 1.25% times actual gross operating revenues.

Contacting Anchorage's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Anchorage's finances and to demonstrate our accountability for the monies we receive. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Municipality of Anchorage's Controller Division, 632 W. 6th Avenue, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, AK 99519-6650.

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KPMG LLP Suite 600 701 West Eighth Avenue Anchorage, AK 99501

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Assembly Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise Anchorage's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Municipality of Anchorage's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Anchorage School District, which represents 99.8 percent, 99.9 percent, and 99.8 percent, of the assets, net assets and revenues, respectively of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Anchorage Community Development Authority, Inc, a blended component unit, which represents 2.5 percent, 6.6 percent and .06 percent of assets, net assets and revenues, respectively, of the business-type activities and 3.8 percent, 4.1 percent and 3.2 percent of assets, net assets and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Anchorage School District and Anchorage Development Authority is based on the reports of the other auditors. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the Municipality of Anchorage's 2004 financial statements and in our report, dated March 31, 2005, except for note 14(b), which was as of May 24, 2005, we expressed, based upon our audit and the reports of other auditors, unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.



In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipality of Anchorage, Alaska, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

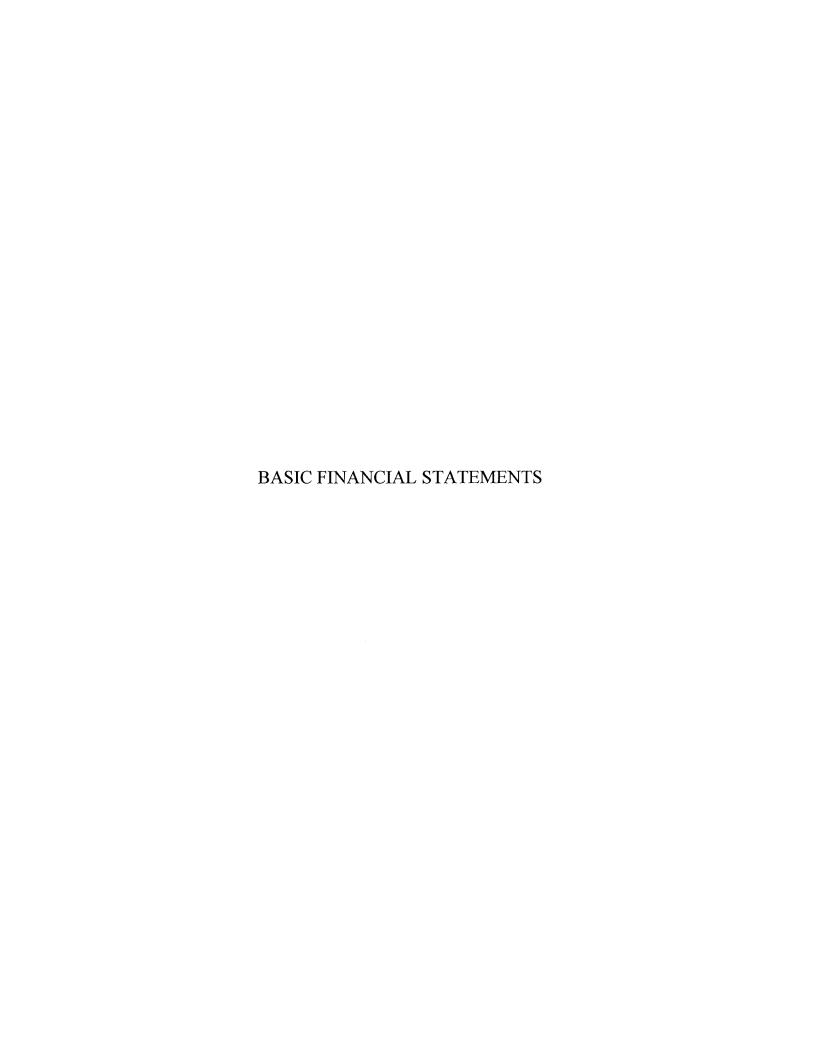
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 2, 2006 on our consideration of Municipality of Anchorage's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

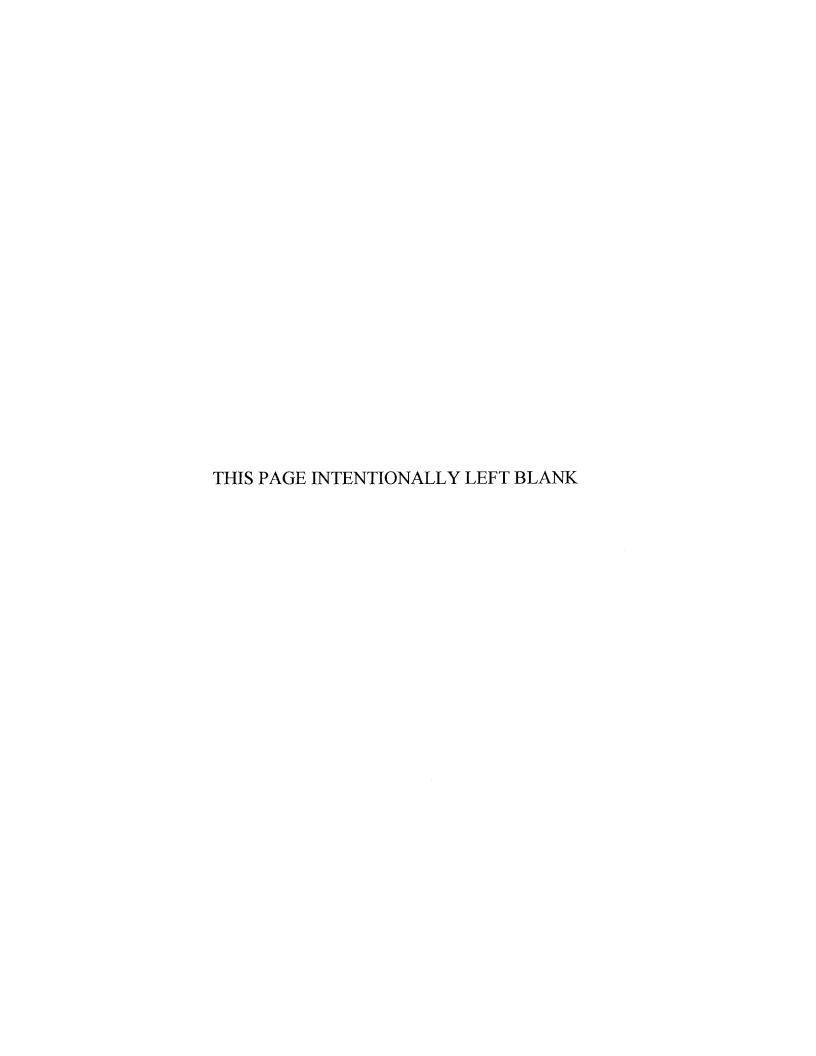
The management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents, schedule of funding progress in Note 10, budgetary comparison schedule-general fund as listed in the table of contents, and condition rating of Anchorage's road network as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality of Anchorage's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables, as listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.



June 2, 2006





Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

		Primary Governmen	t	Component Units			
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Anchorage School District	Anchorage Historic Properties		
	\$ 12,023	\$ 5,155,918	\$ 5,167,941	\$	\$ 55,336		
Cash Cash in central treasury	238,203,274	76,189,612	314,392,886	·	\$ 55,550 		
Investments	21,187,215		21,187,215	250,909,077	351,864		
Interest receivable	2,991,694	257,634	3,249,328	1,621,430			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	85,269,265	44,879,189	130,148,454	21,062,200	242		
Due from primary government			1 254 251	88,578,501			
Due from component unit	1,354,351	(0.220.205)	1,354,351	_	-		
Internal balances	8,328,305 1,104,036	(8,328,305) 20,001,569	21,105,605	2,769,076	391		
Inventories Prepaid items and deposits	524,855	109,609	634,464	2,192,191	750		
Deferred charges	52.1,055	301,538	301,538	4,352,386	_		
Restricted assets:		,	,	, ,			
Cash in central treasury	48,679	27,540,343	27,589,022	_	_		
Investments	131,895,683	26,109,522	158,005,205	_	_		
Customer deposits	****	1,805,095	1,805,095		_		
Restricted deposits		610,442	610,442	****	_		
Bond acquisition and construction		30,205,449 9,382,195	30,205,449 9,382,195				
Bond operation and maintenance Debt service accounts		15,535,508	15,535,508		_		
Receivables		2,642,997	2,642,997				
Intergovernmental receivables	20,625,084	2,0 (2,7)	20,625,084	***			
Loans receivable, net	104,524	23,454	127,978				
Deferred charges and other assets	3,076,093	9,487,875	12,563,968	***************************************			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	2,554,424,365	127,677,746	2,682,102,111	129,018,004	268,732		
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	383,919,509	1,027,771,020	1,411,690,529	946,705,087	13,737		
Total assets	\$ 3,453,068,955	\$ 1,417,358,410	\$ 4,870,427,365	\$ 1,447,207,952	\$ 691,052		
Liabilities and Net Assets							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 12,537,512	\$ 15,726,768	\$ 28,264,280	\$ 14,324,298	\$		
Accrued expenses		-	10 421 400	35,273,233			
Claims payable, including IBNR	18,431,408	4 609 461	18,431,408 9,931,555	16,221,224 10,894,038			
Accrued interest payable	5,233,094	4,698,461	9,931,333	10,654,056			
Due to primary government Due to component unit	59,052,334	_	59,052,334		_		
Unearned revenue	13,290,894	565,017	13,855,911	89,243,323	_		
Deferred credits		458,034,185	458,034,185	, , , <u> </u>	_		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	980,255	6,847,895	7,828,150	_	_		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year	45,820,636	45,532,024	91,352,660	39,035,000	_		
Due in more than one year	683,876,469	375,621,295	1,059,497,764	758,820,000			
Total liabilities	839,222,602	907,025,645	1,746,248,247	963,811,116			
Net assets (deficit):							
Invested in capital assets,		212 222 525	2 004 100 460	277 060 001	202.460		
net of related debt	2,485,270,733	318,829,727	2,804,100,460	277,868,091	282,469		
Restricted for:	22 904 705	40,021,501	73,916,206	12,215,951			
Debt service Maintenance and operations	33,894,705	610,442	610.442	12,213,931			
Acquisition and construction	27,086,649	62,822,145	89,908,794	51,706,706			
Grant activity	18,827,753		18,827,753		,		
Heritage Land Bank	2,971,400		2,971,400		_		
Other purposes	· · · —		_				
Perpetual care:							
Nonexpendable	289,723		289,723	***			
MOA Trust:	100 010 070		102 040 070				
Nonexpendable	123,248,950		123,248,950				
Expendable	6,300,000 (84,043,560)	88,048,950	6,300,000 4,005,390	141,606,088	408,583		
Unrestricted					***		
Net assets	2,613,846,353	510,332,765	3,124,179,118	483,396,836	691,052		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 3,453,068,955	\$ 1,417,358,410	\$ 4,870,427,365	\$ 1,447,207,952	\$ 691,052		

		Total Reporting Entity							
	Cooperative Services Authority		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004				
\$	4,011	\$	5,227,288	\$	5,810,609				
•			314,392,886		262,618,166				
	_		272,448,156		231,271,834				
			4,870,758		2,323,634				
	168,469		151,379,365		124,426,091				
	_		88,578,501		81,751,661				
	_		1,354,351		244,395				
	4		23,875,072		20,387,451				
	_		2,827,405 4,653,924		2,109,701 3,350,571				
			27,589,022		15,045,287				
	_		158,005,205		157,468,316				
			1,805,095		1,781,877				
	_		610,442		592,202				
			30,205,449		46,330,873				
			9,382,195		8,375,780				
	******		15,535,508		21,547,810				
			2,642,997		471,461				
	****		20,625,084		36,231,597				
			127,978		28,585				
			12,563,968		12,246,296				
	1 245 262		2,811,388,847 2,359,754,715		2,873,653,950 2,097,043,789				
\$	1,345,362 1,517,842	\$	6,319,844,211	\$	6,005,111,936				
=	1,517,012	<u></u>			 				
\$	62,083	\$	42,650,661	\$	40,659,548				
Ψ	02,005	•	35,273,233		25,471,007				
			34,652,632		21,505,817				
			20,825,593		19,760,708				
	1,327,872		1,327,872						
			59,052,334		54,667,774				
	124,080		103,223,314		95,063,083				
	_		458,034,185		460,319,602				
			7,828,150		4,654,369				
	_		130,387,660		110,747,919				
			1,818,317,764 2,711,573,398		1,614,268,092 2,447,117,919				
	1,514,035		2,/11,5/5,596	_	2,447,117,515				
	1,345,362		3,083,596,382		3,056,045,779				
			86,132,157		93,500,030				
	_		610,442		35,142				
	_		141,615,500		79,201,191				
			18,827,753		18,517,524				
	_		2,971,400 —		4,289,774 391				
			289,723		269,397				
	_		123,248,950		122,328,345				
	(1.241.555)		6,300,000		6,600,000 177,206,444				
_	(1,341,555)	_	144,678,506		***************************************				
	3,807	_	3,608,270,813		3,557,994,017				
\$	1,517,842	\$	6,319,844,211	\$	6,005,111,936				

Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

			Program Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:		0 11 606 160	e 2045 202	e 5000
General government	\$ 33,149,639	\$ 11,525,168	\$ 3,845,282	\$ 5,000
Fire services	82,517,923	6,636,585	558,894	462,900
Police services	98,669,291	12,707,148	816,097	103,988
Health and human services	31,155,930	4,334,673	11,771,291	5,209
Economic & community development	47,652,399	6,278,744	4,912,668	4,602,665
Public transportation	21,162,017	3,250,901	3,708,640	3,868,447
Public works	60,434,830	30,394,761	2,659,543	8,609,352
Education	170,393,368			700.024
Maintenance and operations	27,657,703	1,553,757	775,808	700,824
Interest on long-term debt	21,568,745			
Total governmental activities	594,361,845	76,681,737	29,048,223	18,358,385
Business-type activities:				
Water	35,840,802	38,473,142		-
Wastewater	26,702,698	28,746,892		_
Electric	101,351,360	117,032,992		
Port	9,676,376	11,793,322	_	529,912
Municipal Airport	2,569,643	1,111,842		3,607,806
Solid Waste	13,613,706	15,593,309	_	
Refuse	5,938,896	6,596,336	*****	
CIVICVentures	, ,	· · —	_	
Anchorage Community Development Authority	5,304,643	5,335,641	****	
Alaska Center for the Performing Arts	1,934,907	1,095,545		
Total business-type activities	202,933,031	225,779,021		4,137,718
Total primary government	\$ 797,294,876	\$ 302,460,758	\$ 29,048,223	\$ 22,496,103
Component Units: Anchorage School District Anchorage Historic Properties Cooperative Services Authority	\$ 547,657,429 246,456 1,061,460	\$ 7,551,820 24,839 742,477	\$ 73,696,296 15,607	\$ 38,057,560
Total Component Units	\$ 548,965,345	\$ 8,319,136	\$ 73,711,903	\$ 38,057,560

General revenues:

Property taxes

Motor vehicle taxes

Lodging taxes

Tobacco taxes

Assessments in lieu of taxes
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets
Appropriation from Municipality of Anchorage
Investment earnings
Other

Other

Special item:

Regulatory Adjustment

Transfers

Total general revenues, special item, and other transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year, as previously reported

Add adjustment for retroactive capitalization of infrastructure assets under GASB 34

Net assets, beginning of year, as restated

Net assets, end of year

			Revenue and Changes	in Net Assets						
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type		Anchorage School		omponent Unit Anchorage Historic	Coo Se	perative rvices		orting Entity
_	Activities	Activities	Total	District		Properties	Au	thority	2005	2004
\$	(17,774,189) (74,859,544) (85,042,058) (15,044,757) (31,858,322) (10,334,029) (18,771,174) (170,393,368) (24,627,314) (21,568,745)	\$	\$ (17,774,189) (74,859,544) (85,042,058) (15,044,757) (31,858,322) (10,334,029) (18,771,174) (170,393,368) (24,627,314) (21,568,745)	\$	- \$	 	\$	-	\$ (17,774,189) (74,859,544) (85,042,058) (15,044,757) (31,858,322) (10,334,029) (18,771,174) (170,393,368) (24,627,314) (21,568,745)	\$ (11,379,227) (47,451,443) (58,264,930) (10,383,998) (36,208,654) (10,459,604) (19,335,966) (154,278,770) (22,983,109) (19,944,303)
	(470,273,500)		(470,273,500)						(470,273,500)	(390,690,004)
	 	2,632,340 2,044,194 15,681,632 2,646,858 2,150,005 1,979,603 657,440	2,632,340 2,044,194 15,681,632 2,646,858 2,150,005 1,979,603 657,440		- - - -				2,632,340 2,044,194 15,681,632 2,646,858 2,150,005 1,979,603 657,440	1,657,710 2,137,544 14,608,568 2,118,453 1,145,023 2,697,539 131,248
	_	30,998 (839,362)	30,998 (839,362)		-				30,998 (839,362)	219,647 (622,866)
		26,983,708	26,983,708						26,983,708	24,092,866
\$	(470,273,500)	\$ 26,983,708	\$ (443,289,792)	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ (443,289,792)	\$ (366,597,138)
				\$ (428,351,753) \$ (428,351,753)	· 	(206,010)		518,983) 518,983)	\$ (428,351,753) (206,010) (318,983) \$ (428,876,746)	\$ (388,915,173) (131,693) (202,210) \$ (389,249,076)
	362,963,283 9,962,376 11,933,792 14,060,448 14,933,858 ———————————————————————————————————	6,505,202	362,963,283 9,962,376 11,933,792 14,060,448 14,933,858 ———————————————————————————————————	241,489,416 163,503,322 4,693,350 1,824,565		26,682	2		362,963,283 9,962,376 11,933,792 14,060,448 14,933,858 241,489,416 ————————————————————————————————————	333,690,024 10,131,578 11,680,274 8,631,780 9,181,929 219,201,438 (3,385,081) 144,983,658 22,812,574 2,204,733
	598,704	19,852,555 (598,704)	19,852,555		_				19,852,555	11,951,652
	430,043,298	25,759,053	455,802,351	411,510,653		26,682	3	300,000	867,639,686	771,084,559
	(40,230,202)	52,742,761	12,512,559	(16,841,100)		(179,328)		(18,983)	(4,526,852)	15,238,345
	2,599,272,907	457,590,004	3,056,862,911	500,237,936		870,380		22,790	3,557,994,017	3,542,755,672
	54,803,648		54,803,648						54,803,648	
	2,654,076,555	457,590,004	3,111,666,559	500,237,936		870,380		22,790	3,612,797,665	3,542,755,672
\$	2,613,846,353	\$ 510,332,765	\$ 3,124,179,118	\$ 483,396,836	\$	691,052	\$	3,807	\$ 3,608,270,813	\$ 3,557,994,017

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

			Other	Total Govern	nmental Funds	
		MOA	Governmental	December 31,	December 31,	
Assets	General	Trust	Funds	2005	2004	
Cont	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,023	\$ 12,023	\$ 14,783	
Cash	94,054,971	Ψ	126,662,550	220,717,521	177,256,667	
Cash in central treasury	366,700		20,820,515	21,187,215	24,389,203	
Investments			7,759,351	12,800,780	5,926,120	
Due from other funds	5,041,429	*******	1,139,331	12,000,700	3,920,120	
Receivables (net of allowance	77 200 002		5,767,100	83,156,083	77,741,895	
for uncollectibles)	77,388,983			11,453	4,526	
Interest receivable	-		11,453	,	,	
Special assessments receivable	220.026	_	969,408	969,408	2,540,737	
Due from component units	239,826		_	239,826	244,395	
Inventories	751,073		2 012	751,073	738,969	
Prepaid items and deposits	213,129	*******	3,912	217,041	220,671	
Restricted assets:		10.690		40.670	10.576	
Cash in central treasury	_	48,679		48,679	10,576	
Investments		127,731,477	4,164,206	131,895,683	132,683,533	
Intergovernmental receivables	877,230		19,747,854	20,625,084	13,214,429	
Interest receivables		1,866,850	_	1,866,850	466,236	
Loans receivables, net	104,524	_		104,524		
Advances to other funds	249,070			249,070	853,042	
Total assets	\$ 179,286,935	\$ 129,647,006	\$ 185,918,372	\$ 494,852,313	\$ 436,305,782	
		-				
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and retainages	\$ 5,053,770	\$ —	\$ 6,724,559	\$ 11,778,329	\$ 8,496,403	
Due to other funds	69,007	_	249,070	318,077	1,140,331	
Due to component unit	59,052,334			59,052,334	54,667,774	
Unearned revenue and deposits	68,850,128		3,856,490	72,706,618	69,038,695	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	00,030,120	98,056		98,056	163,884	
• •	133,025,239	98.056	10,830,119	143,953,414	133,507,087	
Total liabilities	133,023,239	98,030	10,830,119		133,307,007	
Fund balances:						
Reserved:	1 741 472		22 412 426	35,154,898	30,989,874	
Encumbrances	1,741,472	_	33,413,426	751,073	738,969	
Inventories	751,073	-	3.912	213,866	220,671	
Prepaid items and deposits	209,954	_	- ,	,	,	
Long-term loans	authoria.		4,769,167	4,769,167	5,480,089	
Perpetual care			289,723	289,723	269,397	
MOA trust		129,548,950	20.557.201	129,548,950	128,928,345	
Debt service		_	38,557,291	38,557,291	41,719,238	
Unreserved, designated for bond rating						
and operating emergencies, reported in:				20.270.252	27.042.100	
General fund	30,278,253	No.	_	30,278,253	27,843,180	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:				12 200 611	10.071.70	
General fund	13,280,944			13,280,944	12,271,734	
Special revenue funds			10,396,106	10,396,106	12,570,336	
Capital projects funds			87,658,628	87,658,628	41,766,862	
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund	46,261,696	129,548,950	175,088,253	350,898,899	302,798,695	
balances	\$ 179,286,935	\$ 129,647,006	\$ 185,918,372	\$ 494,852,313	\$ 436,305,782	

Reconciliation of Net Assets Between the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

Amounts reported as fund balance on the governmental fund balance sheet	\$ 350,898,899
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,907,120,212
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Jail lease receivable, net activity Property taxes Long term loan receivable, net activity Deferred charges S4,733,391 6,936,756 1,143,700 3,076,093	65,889,940
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, cost of insurance, and information technology to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	23,767,821
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Special assessment bonds Certificates of participation Notes and contracts Compensated absences Police and fire post employment health care benefits liability Unfunded pension obligation Accrued interest payable (440,262,898) (53,620,000) (630,000) (3,360,000) (3,360,000) (15,662,437) (197,480,650) (197,480,650) (8,761,197)	(733,830,519)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,613,846,353

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

						Other		Total Governmental Funds				
		General		MOA Trust		Governmental Funds		2005		2004		
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	398,135,665	\$		\$	_	\$	398,135,665	\$	372,606,202		
Special assessments		499,201				1,218,211		1,717,412		1,650,613		
Licenses and permits		13,012,040		****				13,012,040		12,624,998		
Intergovernmental		3,076,303				46,330,305		49,406,608		37,433,876		
Charges for services		36,597,251		********		5,320,901		41,918,152		24,776,906		
Fines and forfeitures		8,738,432				359,775		9,098,207		6,957,579		
Investment income		3,584,377		7,868,414		1,002,774		12,455,565		14,727,452		
		116,989		7,000,711		368,260		485,249		1,294,335		
Restricted contributions		1,804,845				1,652,735		3,457,580		3,261,388		
Other				7.0(0.414				529,686,478	_	475,333,349		
Total revenues		465,565,103	- —	7,868,414	. —	56,252,961		329,080,478	_	473,333,349		
Expenditures: Current:												
General government		15,057,769		647,809		1,668,358		17,373,936		16.514.722		
		54,300,270				3,951,840		58,252,110		50,902,167		
Fire services		70,733,253				3,583,070		74,316,323		66,316,356		
Police services		13,495,329				12.694.892		26,190,221		23,765,640		
Health and human services						6,671,368		44,120,594		37,949,866		
Economic and community development		37,449,226				3,765,684		19.819.015		18.002.811		
Public transportation		16,053,331						16,774,304		14,987,397		
Public works		15,375,721		-		1,398,583						
Education		170,080,162				313,206		170,393,368		154,278,770		
Maintenance and operations		27,153,962		***************************************		52,978		27,206,940		24,357,789		
Debt service:												
Principal		24,583,791				5,545,000		30,128,791		27,501,762		
Interest		16,819,464		_		3,017,704		19,837,168		19,652,378		
Bond issuance costs		562,497		-		719,449		1,281,946		843,788		
Capital outlay		·				75,629,256		75,629,256		58,750,450		
Total expenditures		461,664,775		647,809	_	119,011,388		581,323,972		513,823,896		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								(44 (44 404)		(20.100.515)		
expenditures		3,900,328		7,220,605		(62,758,427)		(51,637,494)		(38,490,547)		
Other financing sources (uses):								20.205.441		24 100 152		
Transfers in – from other funds		9,225,827				11,169,614		20,395,441		24,108,152		
Transfers out – to other funds		(10,944,207)		(6,600,000)		(2,452,530)		(19,996,737)		(25,083,344)		
Transfers out - to component unit		(300,000)				****		(300,000)				
General obligation bonds issued						96,805,000		96,805,000		52,375,000		
Long term debt issued				*******		350,000		350,000		5,365,000		
Refunding bonds issued		61,255,000				40,835,000		102,090,000		21,465,000		
Premium on bond sale		751,129				(267,104)		484,025		2,348,691		
Premium on refunding bonds		5,422,081				2,598,103		8,020,184		1,877,845		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to												
extinguish debt		(61,690,000)				(39,585,000)		(101,275,000)		(21,425,000)		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(4,424,584)				(3,395,216)		(7,819,800)		(1,662,336)		
Capital leases		(.,,		_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,146,807		
Insurance recoveries		114,300				_		114,300		, , , <u> </u>		
Sale of capital assets		36,211				834,074		870,285		2,149,378		
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	-	(554,243)	_	(6,600,000)		106,891,941		99.737.698	_	62,665,193		
Total other financing sources (uses)									_			
Net change in fund balances		3,346,085		620,605		44,133,514		48,100,204		24,174,646		
Fund balances, beginning of year		42,915,611		128,928,345		130,954,739		302,798,695		278,624,049		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	46,261,696		129,548,950	\$	175,088,253	\$	350,898,899	\$	302,798,695		

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended December 31, 2005

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$ 48,100,204
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets	
is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as	
depreciation expense: Capital outlav \$ 75.	529,256
Cupital Guilly	502,322)
Depreciation expense (37,5) Reversal of capital outlay determined to be expensed under	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	360,596)
	503,090
	37,769,428
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	(2 (12 100)
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.	(3,612,188)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide	
current financial resources and are deferred in the funds:	704 224
rioperty ware	784,234 351,700)
Jail lease receivable, net activity (2,3	(1,567,466)
	(1,507,100)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the	
principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial	
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report	
the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar	
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are	
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
New issuance of general obligation bonds (96,8)	305,000)
Refunding issuance of general obligation bonds (102,0	990,000)
	000,000)
	275,000
	128,791 319,800
Payment to escrow agent for refunding 7,8 Net activity of premium discount, issuance, and interest of	319,800
	364,450)
155404 4001	(70,035,859)
a	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,	
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(2,772,990)
Unfunded pension obligation	(6,416,680)
HUD Section 108 loan receivable, net activity	1,143,700
Police and fire post-employment healthcare benefits liability, net activity	(43,560,940)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs	
of insurance, fleet management and information technology	
to individual funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain activities	700 500
of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	722,589
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (40,230,202)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Assets	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		
Current assets:							
Cash	\$ 1,600	\$ —	\$	\$ 5,154,318	\$ 5,155,918		
Cash in central treasury	29,654,151	14,804,060	7,853,499	23,877,902	76,189,612		
Due from other funds	monorm				-		
Due from component units	_		_		_		
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles)	34,656,712	3,464,588	2,568,412	2,324,855	43,014,567		
Interest receivable	95,883	60,634	98,055	3,062	257,634		
Current portion of lease receivable				501,727	501,727		
Inventories	18,358,858	1,642,711			20,001,569		
Prepaid items and deposits	_	_	-	109,609	109,609		
Special assessments receivable		94,352	306,696		401,048		
Unbilled reimbursable work orders	34,485	667,095	260,267		961,847		
Deferred charges and other assets	301,538				301,538		
Restricted assets:							
Cash in central treasury	27,540,343		_	_	27,540,343		
Customer deposits	986,018			-	986,018		
Restricted deposits			_	610,442	610,442		
Receivables				2,642,997	2,642,997		
Bond and acquisition and							
construction accounts	_			30,205,449	30,205,449		
Revenue bond operations and							
maintenance accounts	9,000,000	_		382,195	9,382,195		
Debt service accounts	8,215,511	3,445,158	600,060	1,255,890	13,516,619		
Total current assets	128,845,099	24,178,598	11,686,989	67,068,446	231,779,132		
N		· · -					
Noncurrent assets:				23,454	23,454		
Loans receivables, net Advances to other funds	_	_		25,757	25,454		
	_			_			
Due from component units Revenue bond reserve investments	26,109,522				26,109,522		
	20,109,322	2,003,963	14,926		2,018,889		
Debt service accounts	_	349,859	469,218		819,077		
Customer deposits	3,563,863	1,378,997	2,542,053	2,002,962	9,487,875		
Deferred charges and other assets		392,104,401	2,342,033	188,725,614	1,155,448,766		
Capital assets, net	294,971,937	392,104,401	2/7,040,014				
Total noncurrent assets	324,645,322	395,837,220	282,673,011	190,752,030	1,193,907,583		
Total assets	\$ 453,490,421	\$ 420,015,818	\$ 294,360,000	\$ 257,820,476	\$ 1,425,686,715		

		Total Proprietary Funds						
_	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004			
\$	12,768,220 908,019 343,000	S	5,155,918 88,957,832 908,019 343,000	\$	5,343,645 78,759,920 908,019			
	74 — 352,963 307,814 —		43,014,641 257,634 501,727 20,354,532 417,423 401,048 961,847 301,538		41,656,578 254,525 457,236 16,910,620 361,705 260,416 549,650 304,052			
			27,540,343 986,018 610,442 2,642,997		15,034,711 1,781,877 592,202 5,225			
	4,717,533		34,922,982		52,798,436			
			9,382,195 13,516,619		8,375,780 21,547,810			
_	19,397,623		251,176,755		245,902,407			
	4,926,603 771,525		23,454 4,926,603 771,525		28,585 6,789,033			
			26,109,522 2,018,889		24,784,783			
	31,223,662 _		819,077 9,487,875 1,186,672,428		9,661,402 1,144,935,981			
•**	36,921,790		1,230,829,373		1,186,199,784			
\$	56,319,413	\$	1,482,006,128	\$	1,432,102,191			

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Liabilities and Net Assets		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility	·	Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Compensated absences payable	\$	13,472,742 1,810,015	\$	443,852 850,781	\$	287,858 850,781	\$	1,522,316 547,694	\$	15,726,768 4,059,271
Claims payable Claims incurred but not reported Due to other funds Accrued interest payable		1,526,299		4,118,118 2,137,511		3,541,036 746,209		939,636 288,442		8,598,790 4,698,461
Long-term obligations maturing within one year Unearned revenue and deposits Deferred credits and other liabilities		21,225,000 — —		6,149,204 — —		5,819,725 — 279,178		8,278,824 565,017		41,472,753 565,017 279,178
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable Capital acquisition and construction		1,012,749				—		80,725		1,093,474
accounts and retainage payable		2,086,775		1,619,769		711,411		517,389 12,740,043		4,935,344 81,429,056
Total current liabilities		41,133,580		15,319,235		12,230,198		12,740,043	_	81,429,030
Noncurrent liabilities: General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Revenue bonds payable (net of				<u></u>		1,753,117				1,753,117
unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Special assessment bonds payable		191,604,713		86,409,181		26,913,298		990,034		305,917,226
(net of unamortized discounts)		_		173,167		13,279				186,446
Due to other funds Alaska clean water loan payable				23,160,649		31,070,764		11,112,678		65,344,091
Unearned revenue Compensated absences payable Unfunded pension obligation Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		395,010		208,516 684,814		208,516 488,728		434,831		417,032 2,003,383
Customer deposits		*A		349,859		469,218				819,077
Deferred credits and other liabilities: Future landfill closure costs Other deferred credits Contributed capital		 23,951,244 17,213,407				(33,722) 175,903,926		11,899,235		11,899,235 23,917,522 421,938,250
Total noncurrent liabilities		233,164,374		339,807,103		236,787,124		24,436,778		834,195,379
Total liabilities		274,297,954		355,126,338		249,023,322		37,176,821		915,624,435
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for operations and maintenance Restricted for acquisition and construction Unrestricted		64,928,817 32,798,734 32,957,388 48,507,528		47,391,283 5,198,682 — — — 12,299,515		38,172,705 418,507 — 6,745,466		168,336,922 1,605,578 610,442 29,864,757 20,225,956		318,829,727 40,021,501 610,442 62,822,145 87,778,465
Total net assets	\$	179,192,467	\$	64,889,480	\$	45,336,678	\$	220,643,655		510,062,280
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	of in	ternal service fun	d activ	vities related to er	terpris	se funds				270,485
Net assets of business-type activities									\$	510,332,765

~	
Governmental Activities – Internal Service Dec Funds	ember 31, December 31, 2005 2004
\$ 661,127 \$ 673,462 7,095,080 11,336,328 5,041,001	16,387,895 \$ 13,068,370 4,732,733 4,663,719 7,095,080 6,633,412 11,336,3228 5,837,424 13,639,791 5,385,350 4,698,461 5,154,547
43,467	41,472,753 31,262,086 608,484 3,103,249 279,178 330,522
_	1,093,474 1,836,821
980,255	5,915,599 3,212,560
25,830,720	107,259,776 80,488,060
	1,753,117 7,997,050 305,917,226 330,315,344
4,926,604 	186,446 272,363 4,926,604 6,987,648 65,344,091 63,146,237 1,097,565 1,276,128 417,032 181,252 2,429,601 813,793
_ _ 	819,077 — 11,899,235 11,111,326 23,917,522 24,321,911 121,938,250 424,555,843
	340,645,766 870,978,895
	947,905,542 951,466,955
	344,218,766 280,454,277 40,021,501 44,127,199 610,442 35,142 62,822,145 54,216,672 86,427,732 101,801,946
\$ 24,038,306 \$ 5	\$ 480,635,236

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds

		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility	 Other Enterprise Funds	 Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	\$	93,787,142 23,226,879	\$	34,263,118 4,182,774	\$	27,682,364 1,064,528	\$ 34,869,178 4,602,560	\$ 190,601,802 33,076,741
Total operating revenues		117,014,021		38,445,892		28,746,892	 39,471,738	 223,678,543
Operating expenses: Operations Municipal service assessment Amortization of future landfill closure costs		68,989,888 2,156,593 — 15,662,263		18,733,157 5,731,118 5,460,410		16,401,620 4,080,429 4,450,311	24,547,326 1,701,598 787,909 9,291,490	128,671,991 13,669,738 787,909 34,864,474
Depreciation Total operating expenses		86,808,744	_	29,924,685		24,932,360	 36,328,323	 177,994,112
Operating income (loss)	•	30,205,277		8,521,207		3,814,532	 3,143,415	 45,684,431
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Other revenues Intergovernmental revenue Interest expense Allowance for funds used during construction Gain on disposition of assets		3,163,528 18,971 — (14,109,900) 431,512		740,995 27,250 — (5,734,603) 587,732	•	421,226 ———————————————————————————————————	2,179,453 1,829,633 4,137,718 (606,793)	6,505,202 1,875,854 4,137,718 (22,656,413) 1,594,165 224,624
Amortization of deferred charges Other expenses		(264,334) (598,444)		(790,042)		(166,369)	 (52,600) (1,676,264)	 (1,273,345) (2,274,708)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(11,358,667)		(5,168,668)		(1,375,339)	 6,035,771	 (11,866,903)
Income before capital contributions, special item and transfers		18,846,610		3,352,539		2,439,193	9,179,186	33,817,528
Capital contributions Special item – regulatory adjustment Transfers in Transfers out		19,852,555 —————————————————————————————————					 (392,230) — 1,282,330 (1,881,034)	(392,230) 19,852,555 1,282,330 (1,881,034)
Change in net assets		38,699,165		3,352,539		2,439,193	8,188,252	52,679,149
Total net assets - beginning		140,493,302		61,536,941		42,897,485	 212,455,403	
Total net assets - ending	\$	179,192,467	\$	64,889,480	\$	45,336,678	\$ 220,643,655	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidat	ion of	internal service f	und ac	tivities related to	enter	prise funds		 63,612
Change in net assets of business-typ	e acti	vities						\$ 52,742,761

	Total Proprietary Funds						
Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds	2005	2004					
\$ 67,079,281	\$ 257,681,083 33,076,741	\$ 214,543,755 24,525,858					
67,079,281	290,757,824	239,069,613					
60,958,545 — — 6,079,973	189,630,536 13,669,738 787,909 40,944,447	147,451,999 9,181,928 786,694 39,376,652					
67,038,518	245,032,630	196,797,273					
40,763	45,725,194	42,272,340					
830,194 52,999 132,370 (589,390)	7,335,396 1,928,853 4,270,088 (23,245,803)	2,606,255 382,740 2,428,543 (23,707,759)					
119,265	1,594,165 343,889 (1,273,345) (2,274,708)	1,528,327 73,009 (1,383,282) (406,609)					
545,438	(11,321,465)	(18,478,776)					
586,201	34,403,729	23,793,564					
200,000	(392,230) 19,852,555 1,482,330 (1,881,034)	(484,819) 11,951,652 1,148,500 (5,712,256)					
786,201	53,465,350	30,696,641					
23,252,105	480,635,236	449,938,595					
\$ 24,038,306	\$ 534,100,586	\$ 480,635,236					
586,201 ————————————————————————————————————	34,403,729 (392,230) 19,852,555 1,482,330 (1,881,034) 53,465,350 480,635,236	23,793,56 (484,81 11,951,65 1,148,50 (5,712,25 30,696,64 449,938,59					

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds					
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility			
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 119,658,882 (20,717,094) (55,061,197)	\$ 36,863,178 (11,271,618) (12,823,918)	\$ 27,159,140 (9,108,654) (11,003,769)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	43,880,591	12,767,642	7,046,717			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Loan proceeds from central treasury Loan payments to central treasury Loan to component unit Other noncapital receipts Other noncapital payments to vendors	18,971 (597,400)	27,250	 			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	(578,429)	27,250	_			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of long-term obligations Principal payments on long-term obligations Loan proceeds from central treasury Loan proceeds from line of credit Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposition of capital assets Intergovernmental revenue received Proceeds from gas underlift settlement Capital contributions – customers Capital contributions – intergovernmental Payments for interfund services used Proceeds from Alaska Clean Water loans Principal payments on Alaska Clean Water loans Net cash used by capital and related	1,297,041 (13,310,000) —————————————————————————————————	(5,270,193) 6,701,261 ————————————————————————————————————	(5,634,808) 5,536,843 — (2,255,353) (11,116,047) — 919,373 979,803 — 3,238,758 (1,401,499)			
financing activities Cash flows from investing activities:	(29,391,936)	(15,873,575)	(9,732,930)			
Proceeds from sales and maturity of investments Proceeds from investment in direct financing leases Purchase of investments Investment income received	(16,167,311) 3,157,161	6,007,950 — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1,592,364 — — — 431,093			
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(13,010,150)	6,741,733	2,023,457			
Net increase (decrease) in cash	900,076	3,663,050	(662,756)			
Cash, beginning of year	29,741,694	11,490,869	8,985,473			
Cash, end of year	\$ 30,641,770	\$ 15,153,919	\$ 8,322,717			
Cash Cash in central treasury Customer deposits	\$ 1,600 29,654,151 986,018	\$ — 14,804,060 349,859	\$ 7,853,499 469,218			
Cash, December 31	\$ 30,641,769	\$ 15,153,919	\$ 8,322,717			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

				. (Governmental	Total Proprietary Funds			Funds .
	Other Enterprise Funds	- 	Total Enterprise Funds		Activities – Internal Service Funds		2005		2004
\$	43,812,175 (18,307,990) (13,398,678)	\$	227,493,375 (59,405,356) (92,287,562)	\$ 	67,208,994 (15,990,024) (38,901,896)	\$	294,702,369 (75,395,380) (131,189,458)	\$	253,506,879 (56,168,008) (106,699,069)
	12,105,507		75,800,457		12,317,074		88,117,531		90,639,802
	(1,881,034) 1,282,330 — — — — — — — — — — —		(1,881,034) 1,282,330 — — — — — — — — — — (597,400)		200,000 1,388,336 (947,017) (151,639) 48,992		(1,881,034) 1,482,330 1,388,336 (947,017) (151,639) 245,891 (597,400)		(5,712,256) 1,373,500 918,486 (7,194,627) ————————————————————————————————————
	(448,026)		(999,205)		538,672		(460,533)		(10,781,598)
****	(4,669,614) 783,438		1,297,041 (28,884,615) 13,021,542		(1,174,155)		1,297,041 (30,058,770) 13,021,542	•	38,364,410 (29,203,621) 962,886
	3,474,103 (701,108) (16,875,705)		3,474,103 (21,602,141) (68,216,441)		(589,390) (5,020,029)		3,474,103 (22,191,531) (73,236,470)		(19,825,786) ————————————————————————————————————
	463,669 2,618,773 — (285,608)		463,669 2,618,773 19,852,555 1,907,571		123,039 132,370 — —		586,708 2,751,143 19,852,555 1,907,571		455,821 2,169,836 11,951,652 2,176,678
			2,772,160 5,263,243 (2,157,953)				2,772,160 — 5,263,243 (2,157,953)	-	2,760,079 (813,279) 16,943,415 (2,034,953)
	(15,192,052)		(70,190,493)		(6,528,165)		(76,718,658)		(57,051,165)
	342,157 		7,600,314 342,157 (16,167,311) 6,489,710		 830,194		7,600,314 342,157 (16,167,311) 7,319,904		568,160 (22,971,144) 3,071,961
	2,509,830		(1,735,130)		830,194		(904,936)		(19,331,023)
	(1,024,741)		2,875,629		7,157,775		10,033,404		3,476,016
	30,056,961		80,274,997		5,610,445		85,885,442		82,543,442
\$	29,032,220	\$	83,150,626	\$	12,768,220	\$	95,918,846	\$	86,019,458
\$	5,154,318 23,877,902 —	\$	5,155,918 76,189,612 1,805,095	\$	12,768,220	\$	5,155,918 88,957,832 1,805,095	\$	5,343,645 78,893,936 1,781,877
\$	29,032,220	\$	83,150,625	\$	12,768,220	\$	95,918,845	\$	86,019,458

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds						
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility	
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	30,205,277	\$	8,521,207	\$	3,814,532	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net							
cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		15,662,263		5,460,410		4,450,311	
Amortization of future landfill closure costs		· · · —		, , <u>,</u>		, , _	
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(27,408)		33,532		(3,161)	
Capital equipment purchases		,,					
Changes in assets and liabilities which increase							
(decrease) cash:							
Accounts receivable		22,348,268		(702,869)		(888,492)	
Notes receivable				(,,,			
Unbilled reimbursable work orders		(17,211)		(284,981)		(110,005)	
Prepaid items and deposits		((207,701)		(110,005)	
Inventories		(3,285,201)		(139,302)			
Customer deposits		(76,034)		(43,175)		98,640	
Deferred charges and other assets		610,702		(36,317)		198,334	
Accounts payable and retainages		(3,110,039)		(473,602)		(817,420)	
Claims payable		(3,110,037)		(475,002)		(017,420)	
Deferred credits and other liabilities		(18,941,180)					
Unearned revenue and deposits		(10,241,100)		_			
Unfunded pension obligation		272,642		454,267		325,506	
Compensated absences payable		238,512		(21,528)		(21,528)	
' ' '					_		
Total cash provided by operating activities	\$	43,880,591	\$	12,767,642	\$	7,046,717	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:							
Capital purchases on account	\$	4,896,570	\$	450,745	\$	144,552	
Contributed equipment	•	268,165	•	1,218,648	•	1,339,109	
Portion of plant from AFUDC		431,512		1,210,010		1,555,105	
Refunding of old debt		133,259,015		-			
Refunding of new debt		(133,259,015)					
resulting of new deor							
		5,596,247	\$	1,669,393	\$	1,483,661	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

				. (Governmental	Total Proprietary Funds			Funds
	Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities – Internal Service Funds		2005		2004
\$	3,143,415	\$	45,684,431	\$	40,763	\$	45,725,194	\$	42,071,244
	9,291,490 787,909 — 49,745		34,864,474 787,909 2,963 49,745		6,079,973 — — —		40,944,447 787,909 2,963 49,745		39,376,652 786,694 52,902 30,558
	(460,400) 5,344 — (23,018) — 29,538 (1,172,396) 45,326 — (720) 107,977 269,711		20,296,507 5,344 (412,197) (23,018) (3,424,503) 8,969 (399,677) (4,355,735) — (18,941,900) 107,977 1,322,126		69 ————————————————————————————————————		20,296,576 5,344 (412,197) (36,444) (3,443,912) 8,969 (389,907) (4,289,844) 5,960,572 (18,941,900) 142,129 1,615,808		15,159,959 6,500 (25,937) 2,777 195,295 24,342 539,999 3,743,819 — (12,150,468) (79,108) 813,793
<u> </u>	31,586 12,105,507		227,042 75,800,457		(134,963) 12,317,074	\$	92,079 88,117,531	\$	90,781
-	12,103,307	<u></u>	75,000,157	<u> </u>	12,517,071		00,117,331	<u> </u>	70,037,002
\$		\$	5,491,867 2,825,922 431,512 133,259,015 (133,259,015)	\$	980,255 — — — —	\$	6,472,122 2,825,922 431,512 133,259,015 (133,259,015)	\$	1,881,896 17,982,565
\$		\$	8,749,301	\$	980,255	\$	9,729,556	\$	19,864,461

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2005

Assets	Em	Pension and Other Post ployment Benefit Trust Funds	Employee Benefits Agency Fund		
Cash in central treasury	\$	91,611	\$	7,999,009	
Cash, cash equivalents held					
under securities lending program		19,534,978			
Investments, at fair value:					
Investment in master group trust		395,248,621			
Money market funds		643,455			
Debt securities		1,006,679			
Equity securities	-	5,293,010	***************************************		
Total investments		402,191,765			
Accounts Receivable		-		7,789	
Capital assets, net		18,362			
Total assets	\$	421,836,716	\$	8,006,798	
Liabilities	-		•		
Accounts payable	\$	109,796	\$	535,096	
Payable under securities					
lending program		19,534,978		Photograph	
Due to employees				5,270,589	
Due to employees' retirement systems				1,121,662	
Payroll liabilities				1,079,451	
Total liabilities	·	19,644,774		8,006,798	
Net Assets					
Held in trust for:					
Employees' pension benefits		395,247,231			
Employees' post employment healthcare benefits		6,944,711			
Total net assets	\$	402,191,942	\$		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds

	2005			2004		
Additions: Contributions from other funds Contributions Investment income: Interest Dividends Net increase in fair value of investments Less: investment expense	\$	1,799,268 15,906 6,438,690 1,685,806 18,893,885 (1,439,353)	\$	1,495,890 18,775 5,892,040 1,014,967 36,966,300 (1,430,934)		
Total additions		27,394,202		43,957,038		
Deductions: Regular benefit payments Administrative expenses		25,004,848 1,133,825		23,317,352 867,850		
Total deductions		26,138,673		24,185,202		
Change in net assets		1,255,529		19,771,836		
Net assets – beginning		400,936,413		381,164,577		
Net assets – ending	\$	402,191,942	\$	400,936,413		

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE, ALASKA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The Municipality of Anchorage (Anchorage) operates under an elected nonpartisan Mayor-Assembly form of government. The Mayor is elected at large for a three-year term. Legislative power is vested in the Assembly with executive and administrative power vested in the Mayor. The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Anchorage (primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government.

Blended component units. The Anchorage Community Development Authority, Inc. (Authority) is a public corporation created to manage Municipal land, facilities and parking. The Authority is reported as a blended component unit, as its sole purpose is to provide parking, land and facility management services to the primary government. The Alaska Center for Performing Arts, Inc. (ACPA) operates, maintains and promotes the performing arts center, which is owned by the primary government. The ACPA is reported as a blended component unit as it was created to manage the Municipal owned performing arts center and provides facility management services exclusively to the primary government. CIVICVentures is a nonprofit created to finance and construct a convention facility for the Municipality of Anchorage. The Authority, ACPA, and CIVICVentures are reported as enterprise funds.

Discretely presented component units. The Anchorage School District (School District) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within Anchorage. Members of the School Board are elected by the voters, however, the School District is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because the Assembly approves the total budget of the School District, levies the necessary taxes, and approves the borrowing of money and the issuance of bonds. The School District has a June 30 fiscal year end; therefore, the financial information presented in these financial statements is as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005. Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. (Historic Properties) administers historic preservation projects. The Assembly approves the annual budget and the financing of historic preservation projects. The Cooperative Services Authority (CSA) is a purchasing cooperative created to obtain savings through pooled purchasing power and managed vendor negotiation. In 2004 the CSA provided services exclusively to the Municipality of Anchorage and was presented as a blended component unit. In 2005 CSA provided services to the Municipality of Anchorage and other government organizations.

Complete financial statements of individual component units, other than the Cooperative Services Authority, Anchorage Historic Properties, Inc. and CIVICVentures, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices in the following locations:

Anchorage School District

4600 DeBarr Road

Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6614

Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Anchorage Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. 621 West 6th Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99501

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency Funds only report assets and liabilities, thus they do not have a measurement focus. However, they do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property and other taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six months of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

Property taxes, lodging and other taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Anchorage reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for resources which are not required legally or by sound management to be accounted for in any other fund.
- The MOA Trust Fund accounts for investments and related income from proceeds of the sale of Anchorage Telephone Utility and any other amounts the Anchorage Assembly may add to the fund.

Anchorage reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The *Electric Utility Fund* accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Electric Utility.
- The Water Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Water Utility.
- The Wastewater Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the Municipal owned Wastewater Utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- The *Internal Service Funds* account for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles, information technology, and for general liability, workers' compensation, medical/dental and unemployment compensation insurance coverage provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- The *Pension and Post-employment Benefit Trust Funds* account for the Police and Fire Retirement Systems Pension plans and the Police and Fire Retiree Medical plan for eligible Police and Fire retirees.
- The Agency Fund accounts for payroll related liabilities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. Anchorage has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The regulated Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities (Utilities) follow provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation. The Utilities' rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA), and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

as a result, revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction which for rate-making purposes are amortized over the life of the respective utility plant as a reduction of depreciation expense. Consequently, contributions in aid of construction are recorded as a regulatory liability in the accompanying basic financial statements. The Utilities' rates also include an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction (AFUDC), which is capitalized in the accompanying financial statements. Associated rate case expenses are amortized over a period of 24 to 60 months.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between Anchorage's various business-type functions and various other functions of Anchorage. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Anchorage's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources, as they are needed.

(d) Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

Cash and Investments

To obtain flexibility in cash management, Anchorage uses a central treasury. Pooled cash is invested in various securities to maximize return while maintaining reasonable liquidity to meet maturing obligations. Investments in securities to satisfy bond reserve and other requirements are maintained in separate accounts.

Investments at December 31, 2005 are reported at fair value. Investment income on cash pool investments is allocated to the various funds based on their month-end cash pool equity balances. Funds which have negative balances in the cash pools are charged interest; the interest income is allocated to those funds having equity in the cash pools.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

All trade and property taxes receivable, including those business-type activities, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles, including those related to business-type activities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach a lien on property on the first day of the tax year in which taxes are levied. For 2005, real property taxes were levied on May 4. Real property taxes were payable in two installments on June 15 and August 15, and personal property taxes in two installments on August 31 and October 31. The School District had accrued taxes and deferred revenue of \$88,578,501 for financing half of the 2005-2006 budget as of June 30, 2005. Taxes receivable of \$9,823,217 at December 31, 2005, include interest and penalties of \$1,350,752 and is net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable of \$111,514. The property taxes receivable allowance is equal to approximately 3.5% of outstanding personal property taxes at December 31, 2005.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (specific identification), except inventories of the Utilities, which are valued at the lower of average cost or market. All primary government inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when used (consumption method).

Restricted Assets

Assets which are restricted for specific uses by bond covenants, grant provisions or other requirements are classified as restricted assets. The "bond operation and maintenance account" is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from Anchorage's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "bond acquisition and construction account" is used to report those proceeds of bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "debt service account" is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments. "Intergovernmental receivables" represent grant receivables due from state and federal governments. Restricted assets, excluding customer deposits, are considered investments, and as such, are excluded from cash for the purposes of the statement of cash flows. Liabilities payable from such restricted assets are separately classified.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Anchorage as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment or \$1,000 for computer hardware and software. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Although Anchorage holds title to capital assets of the School District, the School District has the risk and benefits of ownership associated with their capital assets. The School District, under Alaska law, cannot legally hold title to real property nor incur long-term debt. However, Anchorage has delegated the construction management of school projects to the School District. In order to reflect

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

all of the capital assets used for school purposes and the related obligations serviced by the School District, real property and the associated obligations have been reported in the financial statements of the school district.

The Utilities capitalize interest on construction work in progress in accordance with regulatory requirements. Interest was capitalized in 2005 in the amounts of \$431,512, \$587,732, and \$574,921 for the Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities, respectively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

For all regulated utility property replaced or retired, the average cost of the property unit, plus removal cost less salvage value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Gain or loss on the sale or retirement of plant is not recognized, except for extraordinary retirement. For all other proprietary fund types, gain or loss on the sale or retirement is recognized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	3-47 years
Production, Treatment, General Plant, Transmission and Reservoirs	5-90 years
Lift Stations, Interceptor, Trunks and Laterals	50-85 years
Equipment Containers	14 years
Office Equipment and Vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure (other than roads)	30-75 years

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network. Anchorage has elected to depreciate all other infrastructure networks.

Under this election, Anchorage does not depreciate paved road infrastructure assets that are part of a network or subsystem of a network that meet two specific requirements. First, Anchorage manages the paved road infrastructure network using an asset management system that has certain specified characteristics; second, Anchorage documents that the paved road infrastructure network is being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by Anchorage.

Compensated Absences

It is Anchorage's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they are due and payable, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statements of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings, and issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums, discounts, gains and losses on bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Contributed Capital

The Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities meet the criteria, and accordingly, follow the accounting and reporting requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation (SFAS 71). The Utilities rates are regulated by the Regulatory Commission of Alaska, and as a result revenues intended to recover certain costs are provided either before or after the costs are incurred, resulting in regulatory assets or liabilities. The Utilities receive contributions in aid of construction, which they record as contributed plant in service and deferred liability. The Utilities amortize contributed plant over the useful life of the utility plant and record amortization as a reduction of the deferred liability. At December 31, 2005, the balances of the Electric, Water and Wastewater Utilities deferred liabilities were \$17,213,407, \$228,820,917, and \$175,903,926, respectively.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

(e) Revenues

Utility Revenues

Utility revenues (excluding gas revenues) are based on cycle billings rendered monthly to customers. The Water and Wastewater Utilities accrue an estimate of revenues at the end of the fiscal year for services sold but not billed at such date. All other utilities do not accrue revenue of any fiscal period for services sold but not yet billed at such date as such amounts are not material.

(f) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, Anchorage has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the central treasury (regardless of maturity period), because the funds use the pool essentially as a demand deposit account. Anchorage has excluded the construction investment pool within the central treasury and restricted assets, other than customer deposits, which are not considered demand deposits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(g) Reclassifications

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation. The reclassification had no effect on previously reported changes in net assets or fund balances.

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability - Related Party Transactions

Anchorage Community Development Authority: The primary government has leased 600 spaces located on four sites to the Anchorage Community Development Authority for a period of 35 years at \$10 per year per lot.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 3 Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage had the following investments with maturities as noted.

			investment Maturities (in years)					
	Fair	Less			More			
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Than 10			
Central Treasury								
Debt Securities:								
Repurchase agreements	\$ 1,055,028	\$ 1,055,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
U.S. Treasuries	1,214,563	Ψ 1,055,020	1,214,563	·	Ψ -			
U.S. Agencies	342,050,911	312,229,161	29,821,750					
Commercial paper	63,320,039	63,320,039	27,021,730	_	_			
Corporate notes	24,027,300	-	24,027,300	-	-			
•								
MOA Trust Fund								
Debt Securities:								
Domestic mutual fixed								
income funds	46,151,690	-	-	46,151,690	-			
International mutual								
fixed income funds	1,493,698	-	-	1,493,698	-			
Equity Securities:								
Domestic mutual								
equity funds	61,832,871	-	-	-	-			
International mutual								
equity funds	18,253,218	-	-	-	-			
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust								
Debt Securities:								
Domestic mutual fixed								
income funds	1,006,679	_	5,667	1,001,012	-			
Equity Securities:	2,000,000		-,	,,.				
Domestic mutual								
equity funds	4,904,911	_	_	-	_			
International mutual	1,201,211							
equity funds	388,099	_	-	_	-			
equity tunus	550,077							

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

		Investment Maturities (in years)						
	Fair	Less			More			
Investment Type (Continued)	Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Than 10			
Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liab	ility Fund							
Debt Securities:	•							
Domestic mutual fixed								
income funds	7,241,136	-	***	7,241,136				
Equity Securities:								
Domestic equities	3,425,430	-	-	-	-			
International equities	414,796	<u>-</u>	_	-	-			
Domestic mutual								
equity funds	7,031,239	-	_	-	_			
International mutual								
equity funds	1,766,724	-	-	-	-			
HUD Section 108 Loan Program In	vestment							
U.S. Treasuries	854,059	854,059	-	-	-			
	\$ 586,432,391	\$377,458,287	\$55,069,280	\$55,887,536	\$ -			
Central Treasury								
Money market funds	5,120,402	-	-	-	-			
Cash in bank	874,719	-	-	-	-			
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Tru	st Fund							
Money market funds	643,455	-	-	-	-			
Police and Fire Retiree Medical Lia	bility Fund							
Money market funds	81,120	-	-	-	-			
	\$ 593,152,087	\$377,458,287	\$55,069,280	\$55,887,536	\$ -			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

		Investment Maturities (in years)			
Investment Type (Continued)	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More Than 10
				· ,	
Component units:					
Alaska Center for the Perform					
Cash in bank	1,173,356	-	-	-	-
Anchorage Community					
Development Authority					
Cash in bank	3,973,837	-	-	-	-
CIVICVentures					
Cash in bank	5,000	_	_	_	_
Cash in bank	3,000				
	\$ 5,152,193	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Police and Fire Retirement					
Pension Trust Fund	395,248,621	_	-	-	-
Total	\$ 993,552,901	\$377,458,287	\$55,069,280	\$55,887,536	\$ -
Governmental activities	391,346,874				
Business-Type activities	191,923,642				
Fiduciary funds	410,282,385				
-					
	\$ 993,552,901				

Anchorage Central Treasury

As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage Central Treasury had bank deposit carrying amounts of \$874,719 of which \$338,394 was covered by federal depository insurance. Additional bank balances of \$7,542,478 were invested in overnight repurchase agreements. Bank carrying amounts in excess of federal insurance coverage and repurchase agreement investments were covered by a tri-party collateral agreement. The agreement requires eligible securities with a market value not less than the uninsured deposit balances be transferred to and held by Anchorage's collateral custodian. The eligible securities are held by the custodian in the pledging bank's name on behalf of Anchorage. Eligible securities are defined by the agreement as obligations issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

In seeking to ensure the preservation of investment principal, Anchorage's Municipal Code 6.50.030 and Central Treasury's investment policy authorizes the purchase of investments which meet the following rating and issuer requirements:

- obligations of, or obligations insured or guaranteed by, the United States of America or an agency or instrumentality of the United States
- commercial paper with no more than nine month maturities issued by entities having the highest rating of a nationally recognized rating service.
- banker's acceptances, accepted by a rated bank with a rating of 30 or higher by Sheshunoff Information Services and eligible for rediscount with or purchase by Federal Reserve System banks.
- bank deposits or certificates of deposit secured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States or agencies with rated banks or banks with a main or branch office within Anchorage.
- repurchase agreements secured by obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States or agencies or instrumentalities of the United States.
- corporate bonds rated AA or higher by Standard & Poors or Moody's Investors Service.
- Money market mutual funds consisting of securities authorized for direct purchase.

Anchorage's Central Treasury investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Maximum Holdings
U.S. Government securities	100% of investment portfolio
Repurchase agreements	50% of investment portfolio
Certificates of deposit, collateralized	50% of investment portfolio
Banker's acceptances	25% of investment portfolio 5% per issuer
Certificates of deposit, insured	20% of investment portfolio
Commercial paper	15% of investment portfolio 5% per issuer
Corporate bonds	15% of investment portfolio 5% per issuer
Money market mutual funds	15% of investment portfolio 5% per issuer

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

MOA Trust Fund

The MOA Trust Fund (MOA Trust) has a long term investment horizon and accepts near term market volatility to maximize rates of return through a balanced investment approach investing in both equity and fixed income instruments.

To preserve the purchasing power of the corpus and to maximize the rates of return over time, the MOA Trust is authorized to invest in the following equity and fixed income instruments pursuant to Anchorage Municipal Code 6.50.030, 6.50.060, and the MOA Trust investment policy:

- all investments eligible for purchase by the Anchorage Central Treasury.
- publicly traded equity investments.
- debt instruments issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and debt instruments that have been issued by domestic entities rated triple B minus or above by Standard & Poors Rating Service (S&P) or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency, and dollar denominated debt instruments of comparable quality issued by non-domestic entities. The weighted average quality rating of the fixed income portfolio shall be AA- or better, as determined by S&P or the equivalent by another nationally recognized rating agency.
- mutual funds or other commingled investment vehicles that consist of securities predominantly of the type and quality as those listed above.

The MOA Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	
Domestic equities	43%	53%	
International equities	9%	15%	
Fixed income	35%	45%	
Cash equivalents	0%	15%	

The MOA Trust provides diversification within the domestic equity allocation by using a passive core position indexed to the S&P 500 index. Growth and Value portfolios are separate. The aggregation of all the large capitalization portfolios is balanced to avoid any produced style bias. A separate small cap portfolio is utilized. Within the domestic equity portfolio, holdings in any one company should not exceed the greater of 5% or 1.5 times the stock's weighting in the S&P 500 stock index at the time of purchase. International equity holdings in any one company shall not exceed more than 5% of the International Equity portfolio. Countries represented within the Morgan Stanley Capital International Europe, Australia, Far East Index (MSCI-EAFE) are available for investment and allocations between countries are expected to be diversified. The portfolio may hold no more than 10% of assets in non-EAFE countries.

Investments in MOA Trust fixed income instruments from one issuer, other than securities of the U.S. Government or agencies, shall not exceed 5% of the market value of the fixed income portfolio.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund (Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust) investment objective is to earn a rate of return on fund assets that is at least five percentage points greater than the rate of inflation to maintain funding of related liabilities and enhance member health benefits. The Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment objective is to be based upon a 5 - 10 year investment horizon and interim fluctuations are to be viewed in an appropriate perspective. The average maturity of the fixed income portfolio will not exceed 12 years. As of December 31, 2005, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust has no fixed income securities with a maturity exceeding 12 years.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust may invest in the following investment instruments:

- domestic equities.
- international equities.
- except for Treasuries and U.S. Agency issues, individual fixed income securities shall have ratings of at least Baa by Moody's or BBB by Standard & Poor's, with the fixed income portion of the portfolio having an average rating of A or better by Moody's or S&P.
- real estate funds
- cash and money market instruments.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust investments allocated to member accounts in domestic mutual equity funds of \$2,518,527 and money market funds of \$643,455 were not covered by its investment policy.

The Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Domestic equities	45%	55%
International equities	5%	15%
Fixed income	25%	35%
Real estate funds	5%	15%
Cash equivalents	0%	5%

The Police & Fire Retiree Medical Trust investment policy also stipulates an individual equity investment shall not exceed 7% based upon cost of the entire equity portfolio.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund

The Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund has a long term investment horizon and seeks growth of investment assets by combining equity and fixed income instruments with primary emphasis on income and secondary emphasis on capital appreciation while avoiding excessive risk levels.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund may invest in the following investment instruments:

- domestic equities.
- international equities.
- fixed income securities.
- cash and money market instruments.

The Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Domestic equities		
Large Cap Value	20%	30%
Large Cap Core	20%	30%
Mid to Small Cap	0%	10%
International equities - Large Cap Core	0%	15%
Fixed income - Core	30%	40%
Cash equivalents	0%	10%

Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund

The Police and Fire Retirement Pension Trust Fund (Police and Fire Retirement Trust) investment objectives are to be viewed over the long term with investments in both equity and fixed income instruments to provide a maximum return on investment within acceptable risk parameters as outlined in investment policy.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Police & Fire Retirement Trust may invest in the following investment instruments:

- domestic equities.
- international equities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

- fixed income securities with commercial paper required to be rated P-1 by Moody's or A-1 by S&P.
- cash and money market instruments.
- collateralized mortgage securities or mortgage-backed securities must have a Flow Uncertainty Index score of 15 or less.
- no security shall be purchased unless it is traded on one of the major security exchanges or Over-The-Counter market.
- the average credit rating for the total fixed income portfolio will be maintained at an A rating by both Moody's and S&P.

The Police & Fire Retirement Trust investment policy limits the concentration of investments as follows:

Investment Type	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Domestic equities		
Large Cap Index	10.0%	16.0%
Large Cap Growth	7.5%	12.5%
Large Cap Value	7.5%	12.5%
Small Cap Growth	2.0%	7.0%
Mid to Small Cap Value	3.0%	7.0%
International equities		
Equity EAFE	6.0%	10.0%
Growth	6.0%	10.0%
Fixed income	25.0%	35.0%
Real Estate funds		
Equity REIT	2.0%	6.0%
RESA Open-end	3.0%	7.0%
Cash equivalents	0.0%	10.0%

The Police & Fire Retirement Trust provides further diversification through the following investment policy guidelines:

- no individual security shall constitute more than 5% of the market value of the assets of a specific managed portfolio unless specifically authorized by the trust investment board.
- non-income producing issues shall not constitute more than 35% of a specific portfolio with the exception of small/mid cap portfolios.
- no group or industry sectors shall constitute more than 25% of the market value of the assets controlled by any fund manager.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

- American Depository Receipts shall constitute no more than 10% of the market value of the assets controlled by any fund manager.
- no more than 10% of the fixed income portfolio may be in issues rated as low as Baa by Moody's or BBB by S&P at time of purchase. Total bond weighted average duration should not exceed 120% of the bond market's duration utilizing the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index.

Alaska Center for the Performing Arts

As of December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of cash for the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. was \$1,173,356 and the bank balance was \$1,249,664. Of the bank balance \$108,842 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$843,705 was collateralized with securities, and \$297,117 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. With the exception of the Police and Fire Retirement Trust, which utilizes the duration method, the segmented time method is utilized to disclose information regarding interest rate risk. The segmented time distribution interest rate risk information is provided in the investment table within this note.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, Anchorage's Central Treasury investment policy requires investments with maturities exceeding two years to be specifically authorized in writing by the Chief Fiscal Officer and be reviewed by an investment advisory commission. As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage had no Central Treasury investments with maturities in excess of two years.

As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage Central Treasury had corporate notes of \$24,027,300 which have floating interest rates. The corporate notes have maturities not exceeding two years and interest rate adjustments occur every three months.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust has no fixed income securities with a maturity exceeding 12 years in accordance with its investment policy.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust utilizes the duration method for assessing and disclosing interest rate risk. Duration is a measure of interest rate risk. It measures the sensitivity of a 100 basis point change in interest rates. The duration of a pool is the average fair value weighted duration of each security in the pool taking into account all related cash flows. The calculation takes into account various possible future interest rates, historical and estimated prepayment rates, options and other variable cash flows for purposes of the effective duration calculation. Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investment policy requires that the total fixed income portfolio's weighted average duration amount cannot exceed 120% of the market's duration utilizing the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index. At December 31, 2005, the duration of the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index was 4.57 years, and the duration of the Police and Fire Retirements Trust's fixed income portfolio was 4.57 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

As of December 31, 2005, the Police & Fire Retirement Trust had fixed income securities with variable and step terms as follows:

Terms	Fair Value
Quarterly interest rate resets at .04% above quarterly	
LIBOR with a maturity date of March 10, 2008.	\$1,100,506
Interest rate step from 8% to 8.5% if the security credit	
rating is downgraded below A3/A The interest rate would be	
reset to original rate if the credit rating is subsequently	
upgraded to A3/A- or above. The security is currently	
rated A3 by Moody's and has a maturity date of June 15, 2010.	\$340,125
Monthly interest rate resets at 1 Month LIBOR plus .4%	
with a maturity date of July 25, 2014.	\$622,852
Monthly interest rate resets at 1 Month LIBOR plus .4%	
with a maturity date of September 25, 2017.	\$592,899
One time step up of .5% after the outstanding mortgage pool	
factor drops below .10. The step has been activated and the	
coupon rate has increased from 7.39% to 7.89%. The security	
has a maturity date of September 25, 2023.	\$235,636
One time step up of .5% after the outstanding mortgage pool	
factor drops below .20. The step has not been activated and the	
security has a maturity date of December 25, 2011.	\$678,752
XV 1.11. Let us at wield begod amon and onlying montones	
Variable interest yield based upon underlying mortgage	\$2,220,923
investments with a maturity date of October 12, 2015.	\$4,440,923

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage's Central Treasury investments in commercial paper were rated A-1 by S&P and had maturities of less than nine months. Anchorage's Central Treasury's investments in

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

corporate notes in the amounts of \$8,009,200 and \$16,018,100 were rated AAA and A+ respectively by S&P as of December 31, 2005. Repurchase agreement investments were collateralized through tri-party collateral agreements with securities issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation and in an amount having a market value not less than the repurchase agreement investment amounts.

As of December 31, 2005, the MOA Trust fixed income portfolio had a weighted average quality rating of AAA by S&P. The mutual fixed income fund investments had 4 star Morningstar ratings as of December 31, 2005.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust investments in mutual fixed income funds of \$5,666 and \$1,001,012 had weighted average ratings of AA and AAA respectively. The mutual fund investments of \$5,666 and \$1,001,012 had Morningstar ratings of 3 star and 5 star respectively.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund investment in a mutual fixed income fund of \$7,241,136 had a 4 star Morningstar rating.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police and Fire Retirement Trust's investments in its total fixed income portfolio of \$104,949,380 had a weighted average rating of Aa2 by Moody's. The aggregated credit risk disclosures relating to individual fixed income securities of \$44,525,605 held in the fixed income portfolio had the following ratings by Moody's, expressed as an aggregate percentage by rating scale.

Aaa	35%
Aal	5%
Aa2	4%
Aa3	3%
A 1	13%
A2	8%
A 3	10%
Baal	10%
Baa2	9%
Baa3	3%

As of December 31, 2005, the Police & Fire Retirement Trust's balanced mutual fund investment of \$19,967,366 had a 5 star Morningstar rating and the weighted average credit quality of the fund's fixed income portfolio was rated Aa/AA by Moody's and S&P.

As of December 31, 2005, the Police & Fire Retirement Trust's mutual fixed income investment of \$3,731,067 and real estate mutual fund investment of \$35,186,738 had 3 star Morningstar ratings.

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's real estate mortgage investment portfolio of \$65,152 as of December 31, 2005, consisted of ownership interests in residential and commercial property mortgages. The commercial mortgage loan investment of \$1,772 was a 10 year note accruing interest at 9.5% with a

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

final maturity date of August 22, 2006. The residential mortgage loan investment of \$63,380 was a 30 year mortgage accruing interest at 10.75% with a final maturity date of March 1, 2009. The real estate mortgage investments are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure when the amount invested in a single issuer exceeds 5% or more of net assets excluding U.S. Government, mutual funds, or other pooled investments.

At December 31, 2005, all of Anchorage's investments were in compliance with its investment policies relating to concentration of credit risk and investment allocation with no investments in any single issuer exceeding 5% of total investment market value.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of a depository institution, that an entity will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk, in event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, that an entity will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2005, cash deposits and investments, with the exception of cash deposits related to the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc., are not exposed to custodial credit risk. Cash deposits of \$297,117 relating to the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts, Inc. are uninsured and uncollateralized as of December 31, 2005.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. Foreign currency risk is managed through the asset allocation policy.

As of December 31, 2005, Anchorage's Central Treasury's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows and represents approximately 5% of total portfolio value:

Investment Type	Currency	_	Fair Value
Corporate note			
Bank of Ireland	European euro	\$	9,920,200
Norddeutsche Landesbank	European euro	_	9,929,800
		\$_	19,850,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

The MOA Trust's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows and represents approximately 16% of total portfolio value as of December 31, 2005:

		Fair
Investment Type		Value
International mutual equity funds International mutual debt funds	\$	18,253,218 1,493,698
	\$ <u>_</u>	19,746,916

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows and represents approximately 6% of total portfolio value as of December 31, 2005:

	Fair
Investment Type	 Value
International mutual equity funds	\$ 388,099

The Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows and represents approximately 11% of total portfolio value as of December 31, 2005:

Investment Type	Currency		Fair Value
International equities			
ABB Ltd ADR	Swiss franc	\$	73,872
Canadian Natural Resources Ltd ADR	Canadian dollar		49,620
Koninklijke Philips Electronic ADR	European euro		69,975
Nokia Corporation ADR	European euro		106,140
Novartis AG ADR	Swiss franc		60,352
Rio Tinto PLC ADR	British pound		54,837
International mutual equity funds		_	1,766,724
		\$_	2,181,520

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

The Police and Fire Retirement Trust's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows and represents approximately 18% of total portfolio value as of December 31, 2005:

Investment Type	Currency	_	Fair Value
Foreign government notes			
Province of Ontario	Canadian dollar	\$	701,113
Province of Quebec	Canadian dollar		485,905
Italy Republic Global	European euro		597,372
United Mexican	Mexican peso		621,632
International corporate notes	-		
Alcan Inc.	Canadian dollar		380,911
Canadian National Railway	Canadian dollar		571,058
Deutsche Telekom International	European euro		340,125
Diageo Capital PLC Global	British pound		484,065
Vodafone Airtouch PLC	British pound		246,709
Scottish Power PLC	British pound		525,326
International mutual equity funds	various	_	66,362,286
		\$_	71,316,502

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 4 Receivables

Receivables as of year end for Anchorage's individual governmental major fund, governmental nonmajor funds and business-type activities in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Nonmajor General Fund Funds			Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		Total		
		reneral Fund		runus		Tunus		Total
Property Taxes	\$	9,823,217	\$		\$	***************************************	\$	9,823,217
Unbilled Reimbursable Work Orders						961,847		961,847
Special Assessments Receivable		1,855,431		969,408		401,048		3,225,887
Capital Lease Receivable		53,620,000				501,727		54,121,727
HUD Secion 108 Loan Receivable		1,143,700						1,143,700
Trade Accounts, including internal								
service funds		15,124,815		5,767,175		43,751,249		64,643,239
		81,567,163		6,736,583		45,615,871		133,919,617
Allowance for Uncollectible								
Accounts		(3,034,480)		(1)		(736,682)		(3,771,163)
	\$	78,532,683	\$	6,736,582	\$	44,879,189	\$	130,148,454

Special assessment receivables and the portion outside of amount due within one year of capital leases and HUD Section 108 Loan receivables are not expected to be collected within one year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

NOTE 5 **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows (in thousands):

Primary Government

	h	Beginning Balance Increa		Increase	Decrease			Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,195,735	\$	15,725	\$	(4,572)	\$	1,206,888	
Artwork		13,943		350		(12)		14,281	
Construction									
Work-in-Progress		29,858		83,204		(69,750)		43,312	
Infrastructure		1,287,100	,	3,013		(170)		1,289,943	
Total Capital Assets, Not									
Being Depreciated		2,526,636		102,292		(74,504)		2,554,424	
Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated:									
Buildings and									
Improvements		380,247		35,860		(48)		416,059	
Equipment		154,899		7,159		(1,642)		160,416	
Infrastructure		336,757		12,252		(3,940)		345,069	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated		871,903		55,271		(5,630)		921,544	
Less Accumulated									
Depreciation for:									
Buildings and									
Improvements		215,609		20,373				235,982	
Equipment		102,633		13,972		(1,058)		115,547	
Infrastructure		177,109		9,235		(249)		186,095	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation		495,351		43,580		(1,307)		537,624	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net		376,552		11,691		(4,323)		383,920	
Total Governmental									
Activities, Net	\$	2,903,188	\$	113,983	\$	(78,827)	\$	2,938,344	

Anchorage has elected to use the modified approach for its paved road infrastructure network and to depreciate all other infrastructure networks. In 2005, Anchorage retroactively reported its parks, trails, bridges and signals infrastructure networks, net of depreciation. At December 31, 2005 paved roads, drainage systems, parks, trails, bridges and signals infrastructure networks are reported retroactively. Other infrastructure networks in governmental activities are reported prospectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

]	Beginning Balance	Increase	rease Decrease		Ending Balance	
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated:							
Land and Property							
held for future use	\$	58,277	\$ 23	\$	(10)	\$	58,290
Construction							
Work-in-Progress		58,084	 86,589		(75,285)		69,388
Total Capital Assets, Not							
Being Depreciated		116,361	86,612		(75,295)		127,678
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Distribution and Collection							
Systems, Infrastructure		1,498,230	74,957		(11,452)		1,561,735
Buildings and Improvements		153,323	 2,749		(192)		155,880
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated		1,651,553	 77,706		(11,644)	_	1,717,615
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Distribution and Collection							
Systems, Infrastructure		585,500	43,170		(11,097)		617,573
Buildings and Improvements		68,053	4,411		(193)		72,271
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation		653,553	 47,581		(11,290)		689,844
Total Capital Assets, Being			 				
Depreciated, Net		998,000	 30,125		(354)		1,027,771
Total Business-Type	-		 				
Activities, Net	\$	1,114,361	\$ 116,737	\$	(75,649)	\$	1,155,449

Depreciation expense was charged to the departments and functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 3,568
Fire Services	3,892
Police Services	1,455
Health and Human Services	5,047
Economic & Community Development	13,898
Public Transportation	2,428
Public Works	9,900
Maintenance and Operations	 3,392
Total – Governmental Activities	\$ 43,580

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

Business-Type Activities:		
Electric	\$	15,662
Water		5,461
Wastewater		4,450
Refuse		399
Solid Waste		2,523
Port		3,536
Municipal Airport		1,630
Anchorage Community		
Development Authority		1,203
Total – Business-Type Activities		34,864
Depreciation expense offset by amortization of regulatory liability -		
contributed plant		12,717
Gross increase in accumulated	_	
depreciation	\$	47,581

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(b) Discretely Presented Component Units – Anchorage School District – Capital Assets

The capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2004		Deduction/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2005	
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 31,389,247	\$ 37,368	\$ —	\$ 31,426,615	
Construction in Progress	198,217,621	120,638,291	221,264,523	97,591,389	
Total Capital Assets not Being	220 (0/ 9/9	120 (75 (50	221 264 522	120 018 004	
Depreciated	229,606,868	120,675,659	221,264,523	129,018,004	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Equipment Pupil Transportation	41,094,867 1,027,244,705	1,437,574 218,348,256	20,893,158	42,532,441 1,224,699,803	
Equipment	9,039,694	621,704	627,205	9,034,193	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,077,379,266	220,407,534	21,520,363	1,276,266,437	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land Improvements Buildings and Equipment	(27,135,000) (266,561,648)	(3,156,823) (36,421,132)	(10,289,867)	(30,291,823) (292,692,913)	
Pupil Transportation Equipment	(6,400,418)	(803,401)	(627,205)	(6,576,614)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(300,097,066)	(40,381,356)	(10,917,072)	(329,561,350)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	777,282,200	180,026,178	10,603,291	946,705,087	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,006,889,068	\$ 300,701,837	\$ 231,867,814	\$ 1,075,723,091	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 6 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

(a) Interfund Receivables and Payables

A summary of interfund receivables and payables is as follows:

		Receivables		Payables			
	Interfund	Blended Component Unit/Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit/Primary Government	Interfund	Blended Component Unit/Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit/Primary Government	
General Fund	\$ 5,234,498	\$ 56,001	\$ 239,826	\$ 69,007	\$	\$ 59,052,334	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	7,659,154	100,197		249,070		· · · · · · ·	
Water Utility			-	4,118,118			
Wastewater Utility			_	3,541,036		p	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds			-	783,438	156,198		
Internal Service Funds	5,834,622		1,114,525	9,967,605			
Total Primary Government	18,728,274	156,198	1,354,351	18,728,274	156,198	59,052,334	
Discretely Presented Component	Units						
Cooperative Services Authorit Anchorage School	у —		_	pumpum	_	1,327,872	
District, June 30, 2005			88,578,501				
Adjustment: Activity Occurring Between July 1, 2005 and December 31, 2005			(29,526,167)			26,479	
Total Reporting			(27,320,107)			20,479	
Entity	\$ 18,728,274	\$ 156,198	\$ 60,406,685	\$ 18,728,274	\$ 156,198	\$ 60,406,685	

All balances are expected to be settled within the next fiscal year, except for those interfund receivables and payables recorded as advances to/from other funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(b) Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

	Transfers in			Transfers out			
	 Interfund	Blended Component Unit/Primary Government		Interfund		Blended Component Unit/Primary Government	
General Fund MOA Trust Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$ 8,725,140 ————————————————————————————————————	\$	500,687 305,347 1,282,330	\$	9,795,707 6,600,000 2,318,700 1,075,000	\$	1,148,500 ———————————————————————————————————
Total Primary Government	\$ 19,789,407	\$	2,088,364	\$	19,789,407	\$	2,088,364

Significant transfers were as follows:

- General Fund transferred \$1,148,500 to the Alaska Center for the Performing Arts component unit to fund operations;
- General Fund transferred \$5,714,173 to Capital Projects Funds for the acquisition and construction of capital assets;
- General Fund transferred \$1,800,000 to the Police & Fire Retiree Medical Liability Debt Service Fund for pre-funding post-employment health care benefits;
- Heritage Land Bank Fund transferred \$1,400,000 to the Heritage Land Bank Capital Fund to fund the acquisition of land for future capital construction;
- MOA Trust Fund transferred \$6,600,000 to the General Fund to fund operations;
- Solid Waste Services Fund transferred \$780,000 to the General Fund as a dividend;
- Refuse Fund transferred \$295,000 to the General Fund as a dividend.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 7 Lease Agreements

(a) Operating Leases

Commitments under operating lease agreements for facilities provide for minimum annual rental payments as follows (in thousands):

	Anchorage				
Years:					
2006	\$	5,518			
2007		4,690			
2008		4,522			
2009		4,514			
2010		4,505			
2011-2015		22,523			
2016-2020		22,523			
2021-2025		22,523			
2026-2030		4,143			
2031-2035		156			
Total	\$	95,617			
2005 rent expense	\$	5,213			

(b) Capital Leases

Anchorage has various capital leases for equipment in its General Fund for the Fire Department.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>	
Years:							
2006	\$	224,114	\$	65,416	\$	289,530	
2007		233,898		55,631		289,529	
2008		244,118		45,411		289,529	
2009		254,794		34,735		289,529	
2010		208,001		24,086		232,087	
2011-2015		400,318		27,606		427,924	
	\$	1,565,243	\$	252,885	\$	1,818,128	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(c) Investment in Direct Financing Leases

Anchorage has entered into direct financing leases for various plant and equipment located at the Port of Anchorage.

Components of the investments in leases as of December 31, 2005 follow (in thousands):

	Direct Financing		
Total minimum lease payment to be received Less unearned interest income	\$	1,519 (208)	
Net investment in leases		1,311	
Amount due within one year		(502)	
Total noncurrent investment – included in deferred charges and other assets in the accompanying financial statements	\$	809	
Minimum lease payments to be received as follows: 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	<u></u>	603 364 302 236 14	
	\$	1,519	

(d) Port of Anchorage Lease Agreements

The Port of Anchorage has leased to unrelated third parties 72.8 acres of space in the Port Industrial Park. The leases provide for five-year rental adjustment intervals. Future minimum payments to be received are as follows (in thousands):

		Amount
Years:		
2006	\$	3,025
2007		2,684
2008		2,624
2009		2,365
2010		1,973
2011-2015		98
2016-2020		98
2021-2025		98
Total	\$	12,965
Lease revenue for 2005	\$	3,472
		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(e) Anchorage Community Development Authority Lease Revenue

Leases to unrelated third parties of 9,150 square feet of retail space in Sixth Avenue Parking Mall provide for adjustments to rent based on the Consumer Price Index and additional rents based on gross revenue. The lease to an unrelated party of Fifth Avenue Garage retail space through September 13, 2007 provides for a minimum rental of \$480,000 per year and additional rent equal to 50% of net income each calendar year as defined by the lease. Future minimum rental on noncancelable operating leases follow (in thousands):

	Sixth Avenue		Fifth Avenue	
Years:				
2006	\$	67	\$	480
2007		37		340
2008		21		
2009		20		
2010		19		
2011		11		
Total	\$	175	\$	820
Lease revenue for 2005	\$	117	\$	480

(f) Anchorage Community Development Authority Lease Expense

The Authority entered into a three-year lease agreement with Koniag Corporation for a parking area at 6th Avenue and D Street on November 1, 2005. The lease will last through October 2008, with expenses being \$9,479 per month.

The Authority also entered into a 15-year lease agreement with JC Penney to manage their parking garage effective January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2020. The expense for this lease is \$60,000 per year.

Future minimum lease payments for each of the fiscal years subsequent to December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Year ended	
December 31,	
2006	\$ 174
2007	174
2008	154
2009	60
2010	60
Thereafter	 600
Total	\$ 1,222

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 8 Long Term Obligations

(a) General Obligation Bonds

Anchorage issues general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for capital acquisition and construction. GO bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. They generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal and interest payments due each year.

A portion of Anchorage's GO bonds are reported in the proprietary funds since they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues; such amounts total \$8,165,166, net of unamortized discounts and losses on refundings of \$119,834 at December 31, 2005. School District GO bonds are reported as obligations of the component unit since they are expected to be repaid from School District revenues; such amounts total \$797,855,000 at June 30, 2005. All other Anchorage GO bonds are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In September 2005, Anchorage issued \$96,805,000 of new general obligation bonds to provide funding for capital acquisition and construction projects.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	<u>,</u>	Principal	Interest			Total	
Years:							
2006	\$	28,425,000	\$	19,569,911	\$	47,994,911	
2007		25,735,000		18,683,493		44,418,493	
2008		24,130,000		17,547,222		41,677,222	
2009		23,560,000		16,550,872		40,110,872	
2010		23,915,000		15,505,578		39,420,578	
2011-2015		124,215,000		59,486,986		183,701,986	
2016-2020		122,020,000		29,888,581		151,908,581	
2021-2025		61,885,000		7,064,915	<u></u>	68,949,915	
		433,885,000		184,297,558		618,182,558	
Add unamortized premiums/							
discounts, net		6,377,898			••••	6,377,898	
	\$	440,262,898	\$	184,297,558	\$	624,560,456	
							

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Business-Type Activities Total Principal Interest Years: \$ 6,674,748 \$ 6,415,000 \$ 259,748 2006 99,640 529,640 430,000 2007 77,065 532,065 2008 455,000 480,000 52,950 532,950 2009 27,270 532,270 505,000 2010 8,801,673 8,285,000 516,673 Less unamortized premiums/ (119,834)(119,834)discounts, net \$ 516,673 \$ 8,681,839 \$ 8,165,166

(b) Revenue Bonds

On April 15, 2000 Anchorage issued \$60,440,000 in Revenue Bonds for the purpose of construction and operation of the new municipal jail facility that is leased to the State of Alaska. Jail revenue bond covenants require an "absolute net lease" pursuant to which Anchorage shall not be expected or required to make any payment of any kind under the Agreement of Lease. The Department of Administration (DOA) of the State of Alaska is required to make all payments under the Agreement of Lease. The DOA's obligation to make lease payments and to perform and observe all other covenants and agreements is absolute and unconditional except as expressly provided in the Agreement of Lease. In March 2005 Anchorage issued \$40,835,000 in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund \$39,585,000 of the 2000 Revenue Bonds.

Electric, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Refuse Collection and Port revenue bond covenants require establishment of certain cash reserves. Revenue bond covenants further stipulate that operating income, as defined in the covenants, will be at least equal to 1.25 to 1.40 times the debt service requirement for that year. All such requirements were met in 2005.

Subsequent to year end, on February 2, 2006, CIVICVentures issued \$110,920,000 in revenue bonds for the construction of a new downtown civic and convention center.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
	<u>*</u>	Principal		Interest		Total	
Years:							
2006	\$	2,815,000	\$	2,605,463	\$	5,420,463	
2007		2,550,000		2,473,369		5,023,369	
2008		2,690,000		2,332,538		5,022,538	
2009		2,830,000		2,186,006		5,016,006	
2010		2,985,000		2,034,431		5,019,431	
2011-2015		17,415,000		7,773,075		25,188,075	
2016-2020		22,335,000		2,879,038		25,214,038	
	\$	53,620,000	\$	22,283,920	_\$_	75,903,920	

Business-Type Activities Total **Principal Interest** Years: \$ 28,330,000 18,920,252 47,250,252 2006 22,525,000 17,189,745 39,714,745 2007 16,000,290 38,315,290 2008 22,315,000 22,170,000 14,818,269 36,988,269 2009 22,095,000 13,606,326 35,701,326 2010 49,197,181 166,277,181 117,080,000 2011-2015 74,733,562 50,985,000 23,748,562 2016-2020 2021-2025 34,835,000 11,848,432 46,683,432 16,750,000 4,477,472 21,227,472 2026-2030 9,185,000 971,316 10,156,316 2031-2034 346,270,000 170,777,845 517,047,845 Less unamortized premiums/ discounts, net (12,055,876)(12,055,876) 334,214,124 504,991,969 170,777,845

(c) Special Assessment District Bonds

In 1989 Anchorage issued \$3,438,200 of Roads and Drainage Consolidated Special Assessment (CSA) District 1 Bonds. In 1990 Anchorage issued \$590,770 for Water Utility CSA District 2 and \$985,448 for Water and Wastewater Utility CSA District 3. In 1991 Anchorage issued \$728,721 for Roads and Drainage Special Assessment District 1P87. These bonds were issued to provide financing for improvements in certain identified special assessment districts. The bonds are backed only by the assessments levied in the identified districts and by the Roads and Drainage Guarantee Reserves and the Water and Wastewater Special Assessment Guarantee Reserves. The debt for

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Roads and Drainage bonds is included in the Governmental Activities while the debt for CSA Districts 2 and 3 bonds is included in the Business-type Activities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

	**************************************	Governmental Activities					
]	Principal		Interest		Total	
Years:							
2006	\$	280,000	\$	51,083	\$	331,083	
2007		115,000		27,920		142,920	
2008		120,000		18,535		138,535	
2009		35,000		8,769		43,769	
2010		40,000		6,100		46,100	
2011-2015		40,000		3,050		43,050	
	\$	630,000	\$	115,457	\$	745,457	

	Business-Type Activities								
		Principal]	[nterest	Total				
Years:									
2006	\$	30,000	\$	15,150	\$	45,150			
2007		35,000		12,763		47,763			
2008		40,000		9,975		49,975			
2009		45,000		6,788		51,788			
2010		40,000		3,200		43,200			
		190,000		47,876		237,876			
Less unamortized premiums/									
discounts, net		(3,554)				(3,554)			
	\$	186,446	\$	47,876	\$	234,322			

(d) Certificates of Participation

In 1986 Anchorage issued \$57,000,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 1986A to pay existing pension obligations. The debt is not backed by a pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage and is subject to annual appropriation by the Assembly.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
	Principal	Interest	Total						
Years: 2006	3,360,000	84,00	3,444,000						
	\$ 3,360,000	\$ 84,00	90 \$ 3,444,000						

(e) Notes and Contracts

Anchorage has various clean water fund loans in its Solid Waste, Water, and Wastewater Utilities.

In September 2004, Anchorage entered into an agreement with the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority for \$5,365,000 to provide funding for repairs to the Performing Arts Center roof. This loan will be repaid with revenues from a Performing Arts Center ticket surcharge.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes and contracts are as follows:

	<u></u>	Governmental Activities									
		Principal		Interest		Total					
Years:											
2006	\$	95,000	\$	244,613	\$	339,613					
2007		100,000		240,813		340,813					
2008		100,000		236,812		336,812					
2009		105,000		232,812		337,812					
2010		110,000		228,612		338,612					
2011-2015		625,000		1,072,738		1,697,738					
2016-2020		760,000		934,464		1,694,464					
2021-2025		945,000		751,156		1,696,156					
2026-2030		1,205,000		492,519		1,697,519					
2031-2035		1,210,000		155,000		1,365,000					
	\$	5,255,000	\$	4,589,539	\$	9,844,539					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Business-Type Activities

 Principal		Interest		Total		
\$ 6,763,808	\$	943,640	\$	7,707,448		
4,244,631		1,487,682		5,732,313		
4,279,952		1,142,773		5,422,725		
4,315,987		1,055,808		5,371,795		
4,352,756		977,704		5,330,460		
20,929,152		3,717,322		24,646,474		
17,785,080		1,882,334		19,667,414		
8,291,975		495,356		8,787,331		
 1,144,558		18,049		1,162,607		
\$ 72,107,899	\$	11,720,668	\$	83,828,567		
\$	\$ 6,763,808 4,244,631 4,279,952 4,315,987 4,352,756 20,929,152 17,785,080 8,291,975 1,144,558	\$ 6,763,808 \$ 4,244,631 4,279,952 4,315,987 4,352,756 20,929,152 17,785,080 8,291,975 1,144,558	\$ 6,763,808 \$ 943,640 4,244,631 1,487,682 4,279,952 1,142,773 4,315,987 1,055,808 4,352,756 977,704 20,929,152 3,717,322 17,785,080 1,882,334 8,291,975 495,356 1,144,558 18,049	Principal Interest \$ 6,763,808 \$ 943,640 \$ 4,244,631 1,487,682 4,279,952 1,142,773 1,055,808 4,315,987 1,055,808 977,704 20,929,152 3,717,322 17,785,080 1,882,334 8,291,975 495,356 1,144,558 18,049		

(f) HUD Section 108 Loan

Anchorage entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development in August of 2005 to borrow up to \$5,000,000 in HUD Section 108 Loan funds. As of December 31, 2005 Anchorage has borrowed \$2,000,000 of these funds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the HUD Section 108 Loan are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities								
	 Principal		Interest		Total				
Years:									
2006	\$ 	\$	112,000	\$	112,000				
2007	_		112,000		112,000				
2008	20,000		110,316		130,316				
2009	40,000		106,507		146,507				
2010	66,000		102,479		168,479				
2011-2015	416,000		443,401		859,401				
2016-2020	477,000		301,729		778,729				
2021-2025	 981,000		114,400		1,095,400				
	\$ 2,000,000	\$	1,402,832	\$	3,402,832				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(g) Bonds Authorized But Unissued

Anchorage has no authorized but unissued general obligation bonds as of December 31, 2005.

There are \$48,495,000 authorized but unissued general obligation school bonds of the Municipality of Anchorage at December 31, 2005 as follows (in thousands):

Purpose	Ordinance Date	Interest Amount Limitation Authorized		Amount Issued	Remaining Authorized		
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major maintenance	April 2003	None	72,585	62,115	10,470		
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major maintenance	April 2004	None	36,380	17,855	18,525		
Construction/renovation/ replacement/major maintenance	November 2004	None	81,600	62,100	19,500		
					\$ 48,495		

(h) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows (in thousands):

	 Balance anuary 1, 2005	 Additions	ns Reductions		Balance December 31, 2005		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 367,387	\$ 159,476	\$	(86,600)	\$	440,263	\$	28,425
Revenue Bonds	54,545	40,835		(41,760)		53,620		2,815
Special Assessment District								
Bonds	690			(60)		630		280
Certificates of Participation	6,560			(3,200)		3,360		3,360
Capital Leases	1,414	350		(199)		1,565		224
Long-Term Contracts	5,441			(186)		5,255		95
HUD Section 108 Loan	 	2,000		. <u> </u>		2,000		 _
Total Debt Payable	436,037	202,661		(132,005)		506,693		35,199
Compensated Absences	13,485	14,261		(11,410)		16,336		10,621
Unfunded Pension Obligation	2,477	6,710				9,187		
Post-employment Benefits	 153,919	 43,562				197,481		
Total Governmental								
Activities	\$ 605,918	\$ 267,194	\$	(143,415)	\$	729,697	\$	45,820

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

		Balance anuary 1, 2005	Additions Reductions			Balance cember 31, 2005	Due Within One Year			
Business-type activities: General Obligation Bonds	\$	15.997	\$		\$	(7,832)	\$	8,165	\$	6,412
Revenue Bonds	Ф	350,441	Þ	136,002	Э	(152,229)	Ф	334,214	Þ	28,267
Special Assessment District		330,441		130,002		(132,229)		334,214		20,207
Bonds		272				(86)		186		30
Long-term Contracts		66,207		9,370		(3,469)		72,108		6,764
3										
Total Bonds Payable		432,917		145,372		(163,616)		414,673		41,473
Compensated Absences		4,249		4,639		(4,412)		4,476		4,059
Unfunded Pension Obligation		681		1,322				2,003		
Total Business-										
type Activities	\$	437,847	\$	151,333	\$	(168,028)	\$	421,152	\$	45,532

Anchorage has recognized a liability for and expects to pay approximately \$1,137,000, plus interest, in 2006 for judgements. Governmental activities compensated absences are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

(i) Unfunded Pension Obligation

Anchorage and Anchorage Community Development Authority recognized unfunded pension obligations in 2005 as a result of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate for PERS being higher than the State of Alaska required contribution rate, as limited by state statute.

(j) Refunded Bond Issues

In March 2005 Anchorage issued \$18,145,000 of new general obligation bonds to advance refund \$17,945,000 of outstanding bonds. This advance refunding reduces total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$1,145,996. The economic gain generated by this refunding was \$677,041, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt.

In June 2005 Anchorage issued \$43,110,000 of new general obligation bonds to advance refund \$43,745,000 of outstanding bonds. This advance refunding reduces total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$2,495,806. The economic gain generated by this refunding was \$1,970,599, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt.

In March 2005 Anchorage issued \$40,835,000 of new revenue bonds to advance refund \$39,585,000 of outstanding jail lease revenue bonds. This advance refunding reduces total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$2,833,444. The economic gain generated by this refunding was \$2,136,561, calculated as the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the new debt and the present value of the debt service requirements of the refunded debt.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

On November 3, 2005 the Electric Utility issued \$109,350,000 of Senior Lien Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A and \$25,745,000 Junior Lien Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B to advance refund \$136,365,000 of outstanding revenue bonds. The Senior Lien Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A reduce total debt service payments over the next 21 years by \$13,907,000 and generated a net present value savings of \$8,298,000. The Junior Lien Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B was issued to replace the Variable Rate Electric Revenue Bonds, Series 1996D and to reduce the maturity date of the bonds from 20 years to 3 years. These refundings also restructured the Electric Utility's debt service to meet the expected useful life of the Beluga River Gas Field.

(k) Defeasance of Debt

Anchorage defeased certain general obligation and revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds and other available funds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, trust account assets and liabilities for defeased bonds are not included in Anchorage's financial statements. At December 31, 2005 the amount of general obligation and revenue bonds considered defeased was \$524,035,000.

(1) School District Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the School District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 (in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2004 Additions			R	eductions	_	Balance ie 30, 2005	Amount Due within 1 year	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 681,250	\$	259,980	\$	143,375	\$	797,855	\$	39,035

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Bonds payable at June 30, 2005 are comprised of the following individual issues (in thousands):

General Obligation Bonds	Amount		
\$41,635,000 1993 series B school construction refunding serial		-	
bonds due in annual installments of \$1,245,000			
in September 2005; interest at 5.0%.	\$	1,245	
\$63,000,000 1994 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$3,060,000 in July 2005; interest at 5.4%		3,060	
\$60,000,000 1995 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$110,000 to \$5,030,000 through			
October 2015; interest at 5.0% to 6.0%.		22,810	
\$29,765,000 1995 series A school construction refunding serial			
bonds due in annual installments of \$1,505,000 to \$3,700,000			
through October 2012; interest at 5.125% to 6.0%.		23,520	
\$65,000,000 1996 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$3,015,000 to \$3,865,000 through			
August 2006; interest at 6.0%.		6,880	
\$43,850,000 1997 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$1,790,000 to \$1,995,000 through			
December 2007; interest at 5.0% to 5.25%.		5,675	
\$20,735,000 1998 series A school construction refunding serial bonds			
due in annual installments of \$140,000 to \$5,120,000 through			
July 2014; interest at 3.90% to 4.75%.		20,020	
\$55,900,000 1999 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$2,295,000 to \$4,270,000 through			
December 2018; interest at 4.0% to 5.125 %.		28,000	
\$35,000,000 2000 series A school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$1,245,000 to \$1,810,000 through			
December 2012; interest at 4.75% to 5.75 %.		12,090	
\$77,900,000 2000 series B school construction serial bonds due in			
annual installments of \$2,820,000 to \$6,235,000 through			
December 2020; interest at 4.75% to 5.125%.		31,330	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2005

General Obligation Bonds (continued)	Amount		
\$65,000,000 2001 series A school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$2,350,000 to \$5,065,000 through June 2021; interest at 4.25% to 5.5%. \$51,805,000 2001 school construction refunding bonds due in	\$	33,515	
annual installments of \$1,070,000 to \$10,345,000 through July 2013; interest 4.125% to 5.5%. \$131,800,000 2002 series B school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$4,385,000 to \$10,390,000 through July 2022;		51,640	
interest 3.2% to 5.5%. \$70,345,000 2002 school construction refunding bonds due in		108,155	
annual installments of \$150,000 to \$10,255,000 through July 2015; interest 3.75% to 5.5%. \$126,770,000 2003 series B school construction serial bonds due in		67,690	
annual installments of \$1,145,000 to \$9,420,000 through September 2023; interest 2.0% to 5.25%. \$80,735,000 2004 series B school construction refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$27,390,000 through December 2017;		122,245	
interest 3.0% to 5.25%. \$86,240,000 2004 series D school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$2,915,000 to \$6,540,000 through December 2024;		80,735	
interest 2.0% to 5.0%. \$63,850,000 2005 series A school construction serial bonds due in annual installments of \$2,240,000 to \$4,730,000 through March 2025;		86,240	
interest 2.5% to 5.0%. \$29,155,000 2005 series B school construction refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$8,140,000 through December 2020;		63,850	
interest 2.5% to 5.0%.		29,155	
	\$	797,855	

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2005, including interest payments in the amount of \$365,542,533 are as follows (in thousands):

]	Principal		Interest	Total		
2006	\$	39,035	\$	37,637	\$	76,672	
2007		39,870		36,177		76,047	
2008		41,145		34,537		75,682	
2009		42,710		32,791		75,501	
2010		44,525		30,824		75,349	
2011-2015		244,675		119,847		364,522	
2016-2020		216,020		60,086		276,106	
2021-2025	·	129,875	-	13,644		143,519	
	\$	797,855	\$	365,543	\$	1,163,398	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

The amount of long-term liability that is due within one year as of June 30, 2005 is \$39,035,000.

The Debt Service Fund has \$12,215,915 available to service the general obligation bonds.

There are a number of restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The School District is in compliance with all significant restrictions.

The amount available and to be provided by Debt Service Fund to repay long-term debt obligations, general obligation bonds at June 30, 2005 is \$797,855,000.

(m) Debt Issuance Subsequent to Year End

On February 2, 2006, CIVICVentures issued \$110,950,000 of revenue bonds to construct a new downtown civic and convention center. The interest rate on the bonds ranges from 3.5% to 5% and the maturity date is September 1, 2038.

On February 15, 2006, Anchorage issued \$82,000,000 of General Obligation Tax Anticipation Notes. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.5% and the maturity date is December 28, 2006.

NOTE 9 Conduit Debt Obligations

(a) Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds - United Way of Anchorage

On November 1, 2000, Anchorage issued \$850,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. On July 30, 2001, Anchorage issued \$900,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the United Way of Anchorage. Anchorage has no direct involvement with the administration of these bonds except to allow their issuance under the name of Anchorage. These revenue bonds are issued under provisions of state and Federal law that provide that the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of Anchorage. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2000 issue bonds follows:

	Principal		
Years:			
2006	\$	51,085	
2007		54,627	
2008		58,453	
2009		62,514	
2010		66,867	
2011-2015		309,889	
	\$	603,435	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

A schedule of the remaining debt service on the 2001 issue bonds follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	
Years:		
2006	\$	32,272
2007		34,477
2008		36,749
2009		39,199
2010		41,824
2011-2015		255,064
2016-2021		318,455
	\$	758,040

(b) Higher Education Revenue Bonds - Alaska Pacific University Project

On January 5, 1993, Anchorage participated in the issuance of \$18,800,000 of Higher Education Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, on behalf of Alaska Pacific University. The proceeds were used to refund all Anchorage's Higher Education Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1987; to refund a portion of the Revenue Bonds, 1990 (Alaska Pacific University Project), issued by the City of Seward; to fund certain other indebtedness of the University; and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds did not constitute a general obligation debt or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. The bonds were legally defeased in 2005.

(c) Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds - Alaska Native Heritage Center

On February 13, 2001, Anchorage issued \$4,200,000 of Nonrecourse Revenue Bonds on behalf of the Alaska Native Heritage Center, Incorporated Project. Anchorage has no direct involvement with the administration of these bonds except to allow their issuance under the name of Anchorage. These revenue bonds are issued under provisions of state and Federal law that provide that the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of Anchorage. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of Anchorage. Accordingly, the bonds and the related assets are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

A schedule of the remaining debt service follows:

		Principal
Years:		
2006	\$	249,164
2007		142,479
2008		152,400
2009		163,011
2010		174,361
2011-2014	<u> </u>	756,296
	\$	1,637,711

NOTE 10 Retirement Plans

Substantially all regular employees of Anchorage are members of a public employees' retirement system except for employees who are members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) and International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 302 (Local 302) (effective July 1, 2004).

IBEW members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from hours of work reported by participating employers and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The Electric Utility's current agreement provides for contributions of \$3.67 to the Plan for each hour worked by a covered employee. The total employer contributions for 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$4,745,261, \$4,151,339, and \$4,291,098, respectively. Anchorage's obligation for IBEW employees' retirement is limited to the amount paid to the Alaska Electrical Trust Fund. Each year, IBEW issues audited financial statements that can be obtained by writing to International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 3333 Denali Street, Anchorage, Alaska 99503.

Local 302 members participate in a union sponsored cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are determined from compensable work hours and the contractual employer contribution rate in effect. The current agreement provides for contributions of \$3.50 per hour. Total employer contributions for 2005 and 2004 were \$948,004 and \$362,777, respectively. Anchorage's obligation for Local 302 employees' retirement is limited to the amount paid to the Local 302 International Operating Engineers-Employers Construction Industry Retirement Fund.

All Anchorage employees who are members of a public employees' retirement system participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) except for police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994, paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994, and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, who participate in either Plan I, Plan II, or Plan III of the Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System. Police officers, command officers, paramedics and fire fighters hired subsequent to these dates are in the State Plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

(a) State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

Anchorage contributes to PERS, a defined benefit, agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system which was established and is administered by the State of Alaska (State) to provide pension, post employment healthcare, death and disability benefits to eligible employees.

All full-time Anchorage employees not covered by the State of Alaska Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) or another retirement plan are eligible to participate in PERS. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Each fiscal year, PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the State of Alaska, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, P.O. Box 110203, Juneau, Alaska, 99811-0203 or by calling (907) 465-4460.

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost

Employee contribution rates are required by State statute. The funding policy for PERS provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Annual pension cost for the year ended 2005 and related information for Anchorage is as follows:

	Anchorage			
	1/1/05 - 6/30/05	7/1/05 - 12/31/05		
Contribution Rates:				
Employee Rate:				
Police Officers and Firefighters	4.65%	4.43%		
Other Employees	4.19%	3.98%		
Actuarially Required Employer Rate:				
Police Officers and Firefighters	14.38%	14.67%		
Other Employees	14.38%	14.67%		
Adjusted Actual Employer Rate:				
Police Officers and Firefighters	6.14%	5.84%		
Other Employees	5.19%	4.94%		
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2003		
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open		
Amortization Period	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years		
Asset Valuation Method	Market	Market		
Actuarial Assumptions:	3.50%	3.50%		
Inflation Rate	8.25%	3.30% 8.25%		
Investment Return	8.2370	0.4370		
Projected Salary Increase:	2.500/	3.50%		
Inflation	3.50%	3.50% 2.50%		
Productivity and Merit - Police	2.50%	2.00%		
Productivity and Merit - Other	2.00%	2.00%		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

The Authority has chosen to early implement GASB Statement No. 45 and recognize a post-employment healthcare liability. Anchorage did not early implement GASB Statement No. 45.

Annual pension and post-employment healthcare cost for the year ended 2005 and related information for the Authority is as follows:

	Authority					
	Pen	sion	Post-employm	ent Healthcare		
	1/1/05 - 6/30/05	7/1/05 - 12/31/05	1/1/05 - 6/30/05	7/1/05 - 12/31/05		
Contribution Rates:						
Employee Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	N/A	NA	NA	NA		
Other Employees	4.19%	4.20%	2.56%	2.55%		
Actuarially Required Employer Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	NA	NA	N/A	NA		
Other Employees	12.43%	12.27%	7.55%	8.20%		
Adjusted Actual Employer Rate:						
Police Officers and Firefighters	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Other Employees	5.71%	8.50%	3.47%	5.68%		
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2003		
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open	Level Dollar, Open		
Amortization Period	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years	Rolling 25 Years		
Asset Valuation Method	Market	Market	Market	Market		
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Inflation Rate	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%		
Investment Return	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%		
Projected Salary Increase:						
Inflation	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%		
Productivity and Merit - Police	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Productivity and Merit - Other	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

The components of annual pension cost for the year ended 2005 (in thousands) are as follows:

	Anchorage Authority							
		Pension	P	ension	emp	Post- loyment lthcare		Total
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on the Net Pension Obligation (NPO) Adjustment to the ARC	\$	19,495 257 (192)	\$	140 2 (3)	\$	89 2 (2)	\$	229 4 (5)
Annual Pension Cost (APC)		19,560		139		89		228
Contributions made Increase in NPO NPO, beginning of year		(11,547) 8,013 3,109		(81) 58 34		(52) 37 21		(133) 95 55
NPO, end of year	\$	11,122	\$	92	\$	58	\$	150

Three year trend information (in thousands) follows:

	Anche	orage	<u> </u>	
	Year Ending December 31	APC	Percentage of APC Contributed	NPO
Pension	2003 2004 2005	6,262 9,818 19,560	100% 68% 59%	3,109 11,122

Authority					
	Year Ending December 31	APC	Percentage of APC Contributed	NPO	
Pension	2003 2004	30 76	100% 56%	34	
	2005	139	58%	92	
Post-employment	2003	13	100%		
Healthcare	2004 2005	46 89	56% 59%	21 58	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress Pension Benefits (in thousands) (unaudited)

(Overfunded) Unfunded Actuarial UAAL as a Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value Accrued Accrued Percentage Liability Year Ended of Plan Liability Funded Covered of Covered June 30 Assets (UAAL) Ratio Payroll Payroll Anchorage: 78% 117,039 100% 2002 408.083 525,540 117,457 Pension Benefits 2003 396,744 534,420 137,676 74% 124,211 111% 2004 402,824 571.767 168,943 70% 118,474 143% Authority: 2002 1,801 2,432 631 74% 936 67% Pension Benefits 69% 2003 1,804 2,467 633 73% 964 2,068 70% 2004 2,778 710 74% 1,013 Post-employment 2002 1.094 1.478 384 74% 936 41% Healthcare 2003 1,206 1,649 443 73% 964 46% 1,458 1,959 501 74% 1,013 49%

On-Behalf Payments

During 2005 the State of Alaska contributed \$6,615,843 for pension and post-employment healthcare to the PERS plan on behalf of Anchorage.

(c) Police and Fire Retirement System Plans

Plans I, II and III are defined benefit single-employer plans established by Chapter 3.85 of the Code. The plans are administered by the Police and Fire Retirement Board (Retirement Board). The cost of administering the plans is financed by the Retirement Board. The board consists of eight members appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Assembly.

All regular full-time police officers hired prior to October 6, 1994; paramedics and fire fighters hired prior to July 18, 1994; and command officers hired prior to May 24, 1994, are required to participate in a plan. No other person is eligible to participate. Membership is determined by date of employment or employee election. Members employed on or before June 30, 1977, are members of Plan I, members employed between July 1, 1977, and April 16, 1984, are members of Plan II and members employed after April 16, 1984, are members of Plan III. Members of Plans I and II were permitted to elect into Plan III at its inception.

Members of Plan I are required to contribute an amount not to exceed 6% of compensation. Members of Plan II and III are required to contribute not more than 2.5:1 Anchorage/member contribution ratio. Anchorage is responsible for any additional contributions to ensure that Plans I, II, and III are financially sound.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Code and may be amended only by the Assembly. The actuarial valuation recommended contribution rates for Plans I, II and III are zero for both the employee and the employer. All contributions were made in accordance with actuarial recommendations.

Benefits for all three plans include voluntary normal, early and deferred retirement benefits and occupational and nonoccupational disability and death benefits. The extent of benefits varies by plan and basic benefit provisions are discussed in the following paragraphs. Benefits vest after 5 years of service for all plans, retirement benefits are paid monthly for life and are equal to 2.5% of average monthly compensation times years of credited service. A member may retire after 20 years of credited service and immediately begin receiving a monthly benefit. For Plans I and II average monthly compensation is the amount paid during the period of the highest three consecutive calendar years divided by the number of months for which compensation was received. For Plan III, final average compensation is the greater of the average of the two highest consecutive tax years of base compensation or average of total base compensation for the last 52 pay periods.

Plan I and II members may elect early retirement after five years of credited service and attainment of age 55 and receive a retirement benefit. Plan III members may elect early retirement after 15 years of credited service and either withdraw their contributions or start receiving a retirement benefit. All three plans have deferred retirement options for members who have at least five years credited service and have not reached age 55. Plan I and II members may either withdraw their contributions or remain in the plan and begin receiving a retirement benefit upon reaching age 55. Plan III members may either withdraw their contributions or receive a retirement benefit beginning the date on which he or she would have completed 20 years of credited service or upon reaching age 55.

Disability benefits may be either occupational or nonoccupational. Benefits are payable for life and are subject to certain restrictions. To be eligible for nonoccupational benefits, a member must have five years credited service prior to date of disability. Plan I and II members receive an occupational benefit of 66 2/3% of gross monthly compensation at time of disability and a nonoccupational disability of 50% of monthly compensation. Plan III members receive an occupational benefit of 50% of final average compensation at time of disability and a nonoccupational disability of 25% of final average compensation at time of disability with more than five but less than ten years credited service. For each additional year of service up to 20 years, the benefit shall increase by 2.5% of final average compensation.

Plan III beneficiaries are entitled to receive limited cost of living adjustments and children's benefits for disabilitants and surviving spouses until dependent children reach age eighteen.

Each fiscal year, the Police and Fire Retirement System Plan issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to Anchorage Police and Fire Retirement System, P.O. Box 196650, Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6650 or by calling (907) 343-8400.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Funding Status and Contribution Requirements

Annual pension cost for the current year and the related information is as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement Systems				
	Plan I	Plan II	Plan III		
Contribution rates:					
Employee:					
Peace officers and firefighters	_				
Other employees		<u></u>	-		
Employer					
Annual pension cost (in thousands)		****	-		
Contributions made (in thousands)					
Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2005	January 1, 2005	January 1, 2005		
	Modified	Modified	Modified		
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate	Aggregate	Aggregate		
Amortization period	15 years	15 years	15 years		
Asset valuation method	Market	Market	Market		
Actuarial assumptions:					
Inflation rate	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%		
Investment rate of return	8%	8%	8%		
Projected salary increase	4%	4%	4%		
Cost of living adjustment	N/A	N/A	0.875%/1.75% *		

^{* 0.875%} for present retirees and after retirement for current active members after 20th anniversary of hire, and 1.75% after 25th anniversary of hire

The components of annual pension cost for the year ended 2005 (in thousands) are as follows:

	Police and Fire Retirement Systems				
		Plan I		Plan II	 Plan III
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on the net pension	\$	<u></u>	\$	***************************************	\$ 11
obligation (NPO)					
Adjustment to the ARC					
Annual pension cost (APC)					
Contributions made					(11)
Increase in NPO					-
NPO, beginning of year					
NPO, end of year	\$		\$		\$

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

Three year trend information (in thousands) follows:

	Year Ending	APC	Percentage of APC Contributed	NPO
Plan I	2003	,	100%	
	2004	752	100%	
	2005		100%	
Plan II	2003		100%	
	2004	547	100%	
	2005		100%	
Plan III	2003		100%	
	2004	2,519	100%	
	2005	11	100%	

(d) Investments

The State Plan and the Police and Fire Retirement System do not own any notes, bonds, or other instruments of Anchorage.

In May 2003, the Police and Fire Retirement System board of directors elected to change the methodology for calculating contributions to the modified aggregate actuarial cost method, effective with the plan year beginning January 1, 2004. Based upon this methodology, there are no scheduled contributions for 2006.

NOTE 11 Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Prior to January 1, 1995, Anchorage was required to provide post-employment medical benefits for all retired police officers and fire fighters. In December 1994, Anchorage entered into a defined contribution program to provide medical benefits for police officers and fire fighters. The program went into effect January 1, 1995, and applied to those active duty, noncommand personnel who retire after January 1, 1995, and are members of the Police and Fire Retirement System. The program also applies to personnel appointed to nonrepresented command positions after January 1, 1995. Anchorage has elected to recognize the capped ultimate cost of post-employment medical benefit for this group of employees. As such a long-term obligation of \$ 197,480,650 has been recorded based on a funding analysis performed in 2005.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

The significant terms of the agreement required Anchorage to contribute \$2,000,000 in 1994 and \$490 per month per retired employee in 1995 to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund. For all subsequent years, the amount to be contributed per retired employee is adjusted in accordance with the CPI factors indicated below:

Retirement Age	Service at Retirement	Annual Adjustment
60 or older	25 years	75% of medical CPI 50% of medical CPI
55 - 59 50 - 54	20-24 years	50% of medical CPI
Less than 50	0-19 years	(with a maximum of 6%) 25% of medical CPI (with a maximum of 3%)

Anchorage contributed \$1,799,268 to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund in 2005.

Anchorage is prefunding the estimated cost of the program with annual payments to the Police and Fire Retiree Medical Liability Debt Service Fund of \$1,800,000, except for 2006 when \$9,800,000 will be contributed from the Retirement Certificates of Participation Debt Service Fund. Based on an actuarial report issued in July 2002 the annual payment in 2005 was \$1,800,000. Anchorage will perform an actuarial funding study every three years and adjust the required annual contribution as needed.

For other personnel retired under the Police and Fire Retirement Plan and command active personnel, Anchorage plans to continue pay-as-you-go post-employment health, dental, audio and vision benefits. To be eligible for post-employment defined health benefits, the participant must be receiving retirement benefits from the Police and Fire Retirement Plan. At December 31, 2005, there were 278 retirees who met the eligibility requirements. Anchorage pays 100% of the health portion for all eligible retirees and dental, audio and vision coverage for police retirees; optional dental, audio and vision coverage is paid by the fire and command retirees. The cost of retiree health benefits is recognized as an expenditure as premiums are paid. For 2005, those costs totaled \$5,038,162.

Anchorage employees, including new police and fire employees, who are members of the State Public Employee Retirement Plan will receive medical benefits as determined by that Plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan

Anchorage has determined that a fiduciary relationship does not exist between it and the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation plan is not reported in Anchorage's financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32.

NOTE 12 Risk Management and Self-Insurance

Anchorage is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness of and injuries to employees; unemployment; and natural disasters. The primary government utilizes three risk management funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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The government provides coverage up to the maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence for automobile and general liability claims and \$1,000,000 for each workers' compensation claim. Coverage in excess of these amounts is insured by private carriers. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Unemployment compensation expense is based on actual claims paid by the State of Alaska and reimbursed by the government.

All government departments participate in the risk management program and make payments to the risk management funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Claims payable represent estimates of claims to be paid based upon past experience modified for current trends and information. The ultimate amount of losses incurred through December 31, 2005, is dependent upon future developments. At December 31, 2005, claims incurred but not reported included in the liability accounts are \$11,336,328 in the General Liability/Workers' Compensation Fund and Medical/Dental Self Insurance Fund.

Changes in the funds' claim liability amounts in 2004 and 2005 are as follows:

	Liability Balance January 1		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Payment		Liability Balance December 31	
2004: General Liability/Workers' Compensation Unemployment	\$	12,390,992 137,392	\$	7,857,287 411,787	\$	(7,857,287) (469,335)	\$	12,390,992 79, 8 44
	\$	12,528,384	\$	8,269,074	\$	(8,326,622)	\$	12,470,836
2005: General Liability/Workers' Compensation Medical/Dental Unemployment	\$	12,390,992 — 79,844	\$	6,090,680 34,363,624 251,617	\$	(5,931,672) (28,561,149) (252,528)	\$	12,550,000 5,802,475 78,933
	\$	12,470,836	\$	40,705,921	\$	(34,745,349)	\$	18,431,408

Anchorage transferred its medical insurance coverage from a private insurance carrier to a self-insurance plan in 2005.

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NOTE 13 MOA Trust Fund

On April 2, 2002, 70% of Anchorage voters approved Proposition #4 which fundamentally changed distribution rules applicable to the MOA Trust Fund. Key excerpts from Proposition #4 include:

- "The trust fund shall be defined as an endowment fund with a controlled spending policy limiting dividend distributions..."
- "Any use of the corpus, or a portion of the corpus, separate from the controlled spending policy of the endowment, may only be used for purposes approved by a majority of the voters voting on a ballot proposition in a regular or special election."
- "Under the endowment's controlled spending policy an annual dividend may be appropriated by the assembly provided that the annual appropriation does not exceed 5% of the average asset balance of the trust."

Code was also revised to accompany the Municipal Charter change. The changes made to Code 6.50.060 further define and clarify the methodology to be used in paying out an annual dividend from the MOA Trust Fund each year.

Depending on the investment market conditions in any given year, the MOA Trust Fund may or may not generate sufficient realized and unrealized net earnings to cover the 5% dividend payout. Under the endowment model, however, up to 5% of the market value of the MOA Trust Fund for the twelve trailing quarters marked at March 31 of each year is available for appropriation by the Assembly to help fund the general government budget. The endowment model is tied to an average market value, not to annual earnings, and it assumes a long-term investment return of 8% and inflation of 3%. During periods of market decline the MOA Trust Fund may experience a negative return; nonetheless the voter-approved endowment model for the MOA Trust Fund makes it possible for the Assembly to payout a 5% dividend by drawing from the fund's corpus. Over time the MOA Trust Fund is also expected to benefit from positive years in the market (i.e., years in which the real rate of return exceeds 5%), however the Assembly must abide by the 5% cap on annual distributions. This means that any excess returns generated during positive year in the market effectively are converted to corpus. The Municipal Treasurer is required by Code to determine whether the MOA Trust Fund's purchasing power is being maintained, by performing an analysis at least every five years beginning in year 2007. At December 31, 2005, \$6,300,000 of the MOA Trust Fund Balance was determined to be expendable.

NOTE 14 Regulatory and Other Matters

(a) Electric Utility

Beluga River Unit (BRU) Underlift Cash Settlement: Each of the three participants in the Beluga River Unit has a right to take one-third of the gas produced by the Unit each year. Imbalances between the Unit owners are resolved each year in accordance with the Beluga River Unit Gas Balancing Agreement. "Overlifted" parties (parties which have taken more than one third of the Unit output) must offer to "underlifted" parties (parties which have taken less than one-third of the Unit output) the option to either accept a cash settlement for their underlift for the year, or accept a right to take the underlift in a future year, subject to certain restrictions. While it had been the Electric Utility's practice, in keeping with its original intent to secure a future supply of gas for

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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generation, to accept the right to take future delivery of underlifted gas, its underlift position had reached a level by the end of 2003 such as to call into question its ultimate ability to recover all of its share of BRU gas before field closure. For this reason, the Electric Utility took cash settlements for its 2003 underlift in 2004 and for its 2004 underlift in 2005. The 2004 underlift settlements amounted to \$19,852,555 and the 2003 underlift settlement was \$17,136,139 (later reduced by \$1,200,615 due to adjustments by ConocoPhillips and Chevron).

In Order No. U-04-63(5), the RCA approved part of the Electric Utility's proposed disposition of its 2003 underlift settlement – utilizing \$3,983,871 to reduce accrued regulatory assets. The Electric Utility was ordered to provide further information concerning its request to use the balance of the 2003 settlement to fund BRU capital investments for 2005 and 2006. In Order No. U-04-63(6) the RCA approved the Electric Utility's recommended use and required the Electric Utility to restrict the remaining \$11,951,652 plus interest earnings for Beluga River Gas Field construction projects.

The Electric Utility opted to accept its partners monetary settlement for the 2004 underlift in the amount of \$19,852,555 for the same reasons it accepted the 2003 underlift and filed its proposed disposition of its 2004 underlift settlement in a letter to the Commission on October 7, 2005. In this letter, the Electric Utility proposed to use the 2004 settlement as a continuation of the 2003 underlift settlement plan to utilize the settlement proceeds to fund BRU capital improvements in 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and a portion of 2011. This use of settlement funds in this manner reduces future charges for gas in the Electric Utility's rates by eliminating borrowing and the associated debt service coverage allowance in the Electric Utility's approved revenue requirement for gas. The Commission approved this plan in Order No. U-05-97(1), requiring the Electric Utility to maintain the funds in a restricted account until used, to credit interest to the account, and to report quarterly on the status of the account, and to file separate plans for the disposition of any future underlift settlements.

The Electric Utility opted to accept Chevron U.S.A. and ConocoPhillips Alaska, Inc. monetary settlement in the amount of \$22,938,963 after lease burdens and taxes for the 2005 underlift. The Electric Utility will file with the RCA its proposed disposition of the monetary settlement in the second quarter of 2006 and therefore, has recorded this underlift settlement as a deferred credit rather than a special item until such time as the RCA determines how these funds are to be used.

Application for Joint Use and Interconnection: On October 30, 2003, the Electric Utility, Chugach Electric Association, Golden Valley Electric Association, and the City of Seward d/b/a Seward Electric System ("Petitioners") filed a joint petition asking the RCA to order Matanuska Electric Association ("MEA") to continue to allow the Petitioners to use a portion of MEA's transmission system as a part of the Alaska Intertie according to the terms of the expiring Transmission Services Agreement between MEA and the Alaska Energy Authority (AEA). Negotiations between MEA, AEA, and the Petitioners (participants in the Alaska Intertie) on extension of the Transmission Services Agreement had reached impasse.

On December 30, 2004, the Commission issued Order No. U-03-100(4) resolving all disputed issues in favor of the Petitioners. On January 31, 2005, MEA filed an appeal of that Order with the Superior Court of the State of Alaska. This appeal is still pending.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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Dividend Restriction: On November 7, 2005, the RCA issued a bench ruling that removed the restriction on dividends and dividend-like payments from the Electric Utility to its owner, the Municipality of Anchorage and required the continued filing of it's Equity Management Plan on an annual basis. In Order No. U-05-86(2), dated December 22, 2005, the RCA affirmed the bench ruling and closed the docket. In 2006, the Electric Utility will pay a dividend and gross receipts tax of \$7,426,844 to the Municipality of Anchorage based on 2005 revenues confirmed after audit. The dividend consists of a revenue distribution to general government of 5% of the Electric Utility's gross revenues and payment of a gross receipts tax considered supplemental MUSA at 1.25% times actual gross operating revenues.

Depreciation Study: RCA Order No. U-99-139(17) required the Electric Utility to file a depreciation study within three years of the date of the order, which was January 22, 2003. The Electric Utility retained Gannett Fleming, Inc. on August 26, 2004 to perform the study and timely filed its depreciation study on January 23, 2006. The Commission acknowledged the study in Order No. U-06-006 (1) issued on February 14, 2006. The order established a schedule for comment, intervention, and hearing. The deadline for intervention was February 28, 2006, the matter is scheduled for hearing October 16 - 19, and the Commission expects to issue an order and close the Docket by January, 2007.

Eklutna Hydroelectric Project: On October 2, 1997, the ownership of the Eklutna Hydroelectric Project was formally transferred from the Alaska Power Administration, a unit of the United States Department of Energy, to the three participating utilities: the Electric Utility, Chugach Electric Association (CEA) and Matanuska Electric Association (MEA). The Project is jointly owned and operated by the participating utilities and each contributes their proportionate share for operation, maintenance, and capital improvement costs, as well as to the transmission line between Anchorage and the plant. The Electric Utility has a 53.33% ownership interest in the Project and recorded costs of \$816,088 and \$769,388 in 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Grant Agreement 2195150 (Eklutna Project Transmission Line Upgrade): On November 5, 2002, the Electric Utility received a grant from the AEA in the amount of \$19,300,000. The grant was issued for the Eklutna Project Transmission Line Upgrade which must be completed no later than December 31, 2006. The Electric Utility received an advance of 20% or \$3,860,000 on December 5, 2002. After the advance is expended, the Electric Utility will issue a bill to the State of Alaska each month for its expenditures up to the total amount of the grant. The advance monies were expended in January 2006. The Electric Utility has recorded expenditures of \$4,249,191 as of December 31, 2005. The Electric Utility requested and received an extension to the completion date of the grant. The completion date of the grant is now December 31, 2007.

Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project: The Electric Utility agreed to acquire a portion of the output of the Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project (Project) pursuant to a Power Sales Agreement (Agreement). The Agreement specifies that the Electric Utility acquire 25.9% of the output of the Project. The Bradley Lake Hydroelectric Project went on line September 1, 1991. The Electric Utility made payments to the AEA of \$4,273,508 and \$4,085,538 in 2005 and 2004 for its portion of the costs, and received 110,537 and 91,188 megawatt hours of power in 2005 and 2004 from the Project. The Electric Utility received a budget surplus refund in the amount of \$182,543 and \$170,124 for 2005

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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and 2004, respectively. The Electric Utility's estimated cost of power from the Project for 2006 is \$4,300,000.

AEA issued the Power Revenue Bonds, First and Second Series in September 1989 and August 1990, respectively for the long term financing of the construction costs of the Project. The total amount of debt outstanding as of December 31, 2005, is \$126,373,975. The pro rata share of the debt service costs of the Project for which the Utility is responsible, given its 25.9% share of the Project, is \$32,730,859. In the event of payment defaults by other power purchasers, the Electric Utility's share could be increased by up to 25%, which would then cause its pro rata share of project debt service to be a total of \$40,913,574; the Electric Utility does not now know of or anticipate any such defaults.

In order to deliver the Bradley Lake energy and power from the Project to the participants, a transmission line had to be built between Bradley Junction and the Soldotna Substation. Homer Electric Association constructed the transmission line and the Electric Utility has purchased a portion of the transmission capacity of the line in an amount equal to the Electric Utility's share of the Project output. The Electric Utility's portion of the transmission line capacity was \$2,795,477, which is being amortized over a 30-year period and is included as intangible plant.

(b) Water and Wastewater Utilities

Wastewater Treatment Facilities Discharge Permits: The Environmental Protection Agency's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits for all three wastewater treatment facilities expired in 2005. The Eagle River treatment facility's permit was reissued – effective May 1, 2006. This permit is valid for five (5) years from the date of issuance. The Asplund and Girdwood treatment facilities' permits have been administratively extended. All requirements stay in effect indefinitely until the new permits are issued. Renewals are expected in 2006. Currently only the Asplund facility has a Section 301(h) waiver of secondary treatment.

2004/2005 Rate Case: The Water and Wastewater Utilities filed two-stage rate cases with the Regulatory Commission of Alaska (RCA) on January 9, 2004, requesting permanent rate increases for Water and Wastewater Utilities of 14.20% and 8.06% for 2004 and 7.17% and 6.83% for 2005, respectively. The RCA approved these interim refundable rate increases effective February 24, 2004 and February 18, 2005, respectively, except for the Water Utility 2004 rate of 14.20% which was decreased to 13.61%. On July 8, 2005, the RCA accepted a stipulation between the Attorney General and AWWU settling all issues except MUSA on contributed plant. As part of the stipulation, the Wastewater Utility reduced the interim rates by 3.01%, effective August, 1, 2005. On September 2, 2005 the RCA issued an order establishing the Utilities' revenue requirements that excluded MUSA on contributed plant. The Utilities filed an appeal with the Alaska Superior Court. On December 21, 2005, the Alaska Superior Court issued a stay of the RCA's final order, allowing the Utilities to continue collecting MUSA on contributed plant in interim rates pending resolution of the appeal. Revenues collected subject to refund approximate \$5,000,000 and \$3,800,000 for the Water and Wastewater Utilities respectively through December 31, 2005.

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The Utilities intend to vigorously pursue the appeal and suit to permit the inclusion of MUSA on contributed plant in rates. The Utilities believe that the chance of ultimately being required to refund the revenue collected is reasonably possible, but not probable, and therefore have not recorded liabilities for a refund payable.

2006 Rate Case: The Water Utility filed a rate case with the RCA on November 10, 2005, requesting a permanent rate increase of 8.9% effective January 1, 2006. On December 27, 2005, the RCA rejected the filing, citing the lack of a corresponding Cost of Service Study (COSS). The Water Utility refiled its 2006 rate case, including a COSS, on February 17, 2006. On March 15, 2006, the RCA again rejected the filing, stating that the requirements of the order had not been satisfied because the COSS, though complete, was marked draft and subject to change pending the outcome of local public process. The AWWU Board held a public hearing and approved the recommendation of the study that no cost of service adjustments were necessary to the Water Utility's rate design. The Water Utility then refiled its 2006 rate case and COSS on April 14, 2006, requesting for the third time an 8.9% across the board interim and refundable rate increase. On May 30, 2006, the RCA issued an order granting full interim rates.

The Wastewater Utility filed a rate case with the RCA on November 10, 2005, requesting a permanent rate increase of 10.6% effective January 1, 2006. However, the RCA suspended the filing and eliminated MUSA on contributed plant from interim refundable rates, granting only a 4.01% increase regardless of the Alaska Superior Court stay allowing continued collection of MUSA on contributed plant in interim refundable rates pending resolution of the 2004/2005 rate case appeal. The Wastewater Utility filed a complaint with the Court, asked that the stay apply to the 2006 rate case, and that the complaint be consolidated with the appeal. On May 26, 2006, the Court issued two Orders. The first Order denied the Wastewater Utility's request for consolidation. On the second Order, the Court issued a preliminary injunction to require the RCA to immediately allow the Wastewater Utility to implement requested interim rates.

NOTE 15 Contingencies

(a) Litigation

Anchorage, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. In the opinion of management and the Municipal Attorney, the disposition of these matters is not presently expected to have a material adverse effect on Anchorage's financial statements.

(b) Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, would become a liability of the General or other applicable fund. In management's opinion, disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

(c) Property Tax Limitation

On October 4, 1983, Anchorage voters approved a charter amendment limiting the amount of taxes Anchorage can levy except for debt service. With certain other exceptions, the amendment limits taxes to the amount levied in the previous year increased by Anchorage Consumer Price Index (CPI)

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and 5-year average population growth. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

(d) Spending Limitation

On August 3, 1983, the Assembly adopted an ordinance limiting the amount of expenditures in the general government operating budget for tax-supported services. The amount is limited to the previous year's budget increased by amounts no more than the percentage increase in the July CPI over the previous July CPI and those additional increases necessary to provide voter and legally mandated services. In the opinion of management, Anchorage is in compliance with this limitation.

(e) Internal Revenue Service Examination of Electric Utility Revenue Bonds

In 1996, the Municipality of Anchorage issued tax-exempt electric revenue bonds to finance capital improvements and a portion of its purchase of the Beluga River Gas Field. These electric revenue bonds were selected for examination by the IRS as part of its expanded compliance program for tax-exempt bonds. In 2005, the examination of the bonds was resolved. Pursuant to a closing agreement with the IRS Office of Appeals, the bondholders will not be required to include, for income tax reporting purposes, interest on the bonds in their gross income; the Utility is not required to make any payment to the IRS; no bonds are required to be redeemed absent a change in circumstances; and the Utility promises to continue to comply with the private use limitations of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

NOTE 16 Environmental Issues

Anchorage has adopted an aggressive proactive policy designed to identify and mitigate the potential effects of past, present and future activity which may result in environmental impact. It is accounting policy to record a liability when the likelihood of responsibility for an environmental impact is probable and the cost of mitigating the impact is estimable within reasonable limits. At December 31, 2005, there are environmental issues which meet both of these criteria and, accordingly, a provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the cost of mitigating environmental concerns of underground fuel and hazardous waste contamination. The following is a summary of environmental concerns at December 31, 2005.

(a) Solid Waste Landfill Site

Anchorage's landfill at Merrill Field was closed during 1987 following approximately 50 years of usage. An active gas migration control system was successfully constructed in 1992 and has since operated without fail. It appears that remedial measures already completed and continued monitoring of the active gas control system have alleviated any potential environmental problems.

In 1992, the 20-year-old subdrain of the leachate collection system at the Merrill Field landfill was cleaned. As a result, the amount of leachate flow increased 241%. Subsequently, an outside consultant was hired to make recommendations for improving the leachate collection system to ensure that no off-site migration of leachate will occur. This study was completed in 1994 and recommended a rehabilitation/upgrade of the leachate collection system. Design work for the project was completed in 1995 and construction completed in the fall of 1996. Completion of this project

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should alleviate any potential environmental problems. The water quality at 16 different locations at the Merrill Field landfill will continue to be monitored.

(b) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require Anchorage to place a final cover on its current landfill when it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill for thirty years after closure. To properly account for these future closure and postclosure costs, Anchorage Solid Waste Services (SWS) is recording as an operating expense in each period an amount based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. During 1997 the future closure and postclosure were reevaluated and adjusted to reflect current conditions. As of December 2005, SWS had a recorded liability of \$11,899,235 associated with these future costs, based on the use of 28% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. It is estimated that SWS will recognize another \$30,566,929 in expense and liability between December 31, 2005, and the year 2037, the date the landfill is expected to reach full capacity. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all the closure and postclosure functions in 2005. Actual costs of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

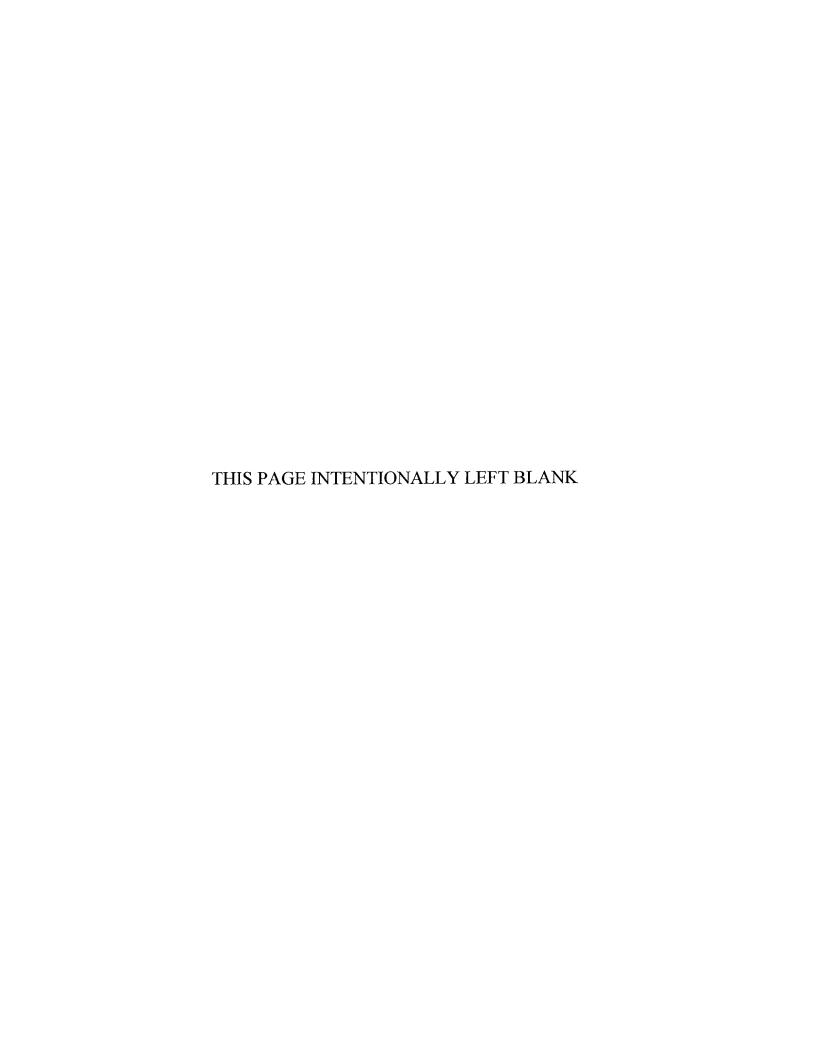
As of December 31, 2005, there are no state laws or regulations requiring Anchorage to provide financial assurances for the closure and postclosure care of the landfill. Federal regulations that went into effect in 1997 do require Anchorage to provide financial assurances for future closure and postclosure costs by one of a number of allowable mechanisms available. Anchorage elected to use the "Local Government Test" financial assurance mechanism to be in compliance with the regulation. Currently no SWS assets are restricted for payment of closure and postclosure care costs. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

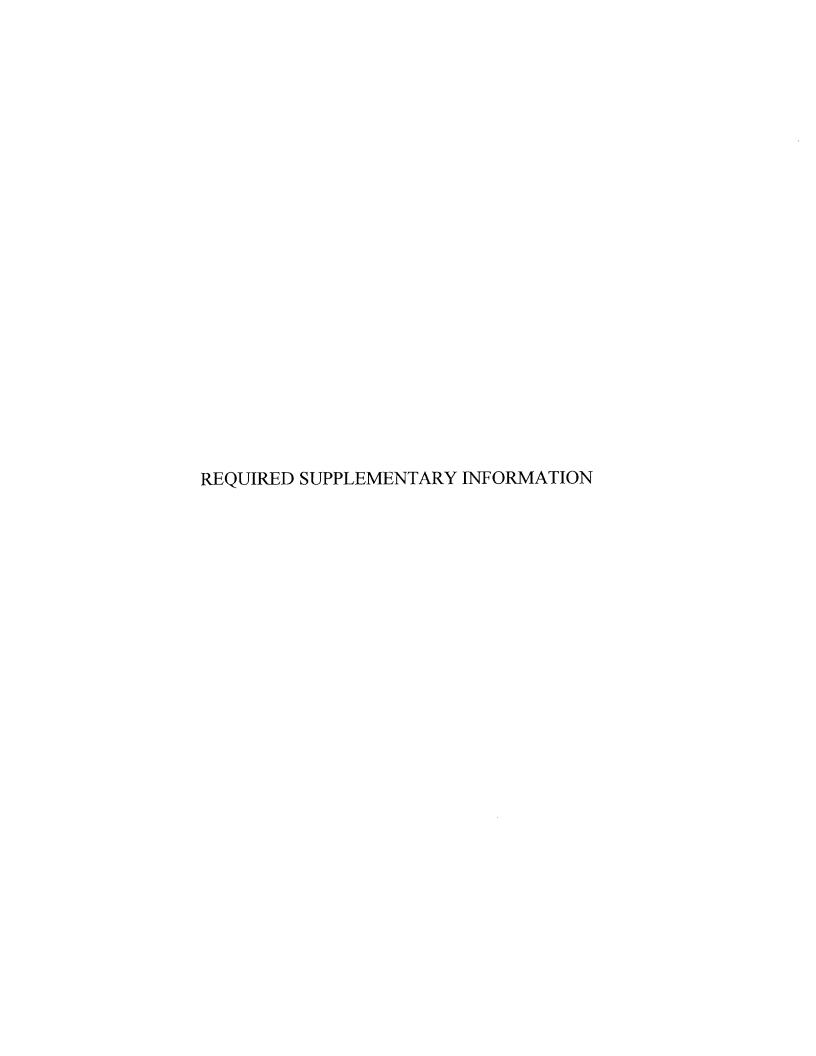
Activity in long term liability of the landfill closure and postclosure care cost was as follows:

Balance January 1,					Balance December 31,			Due Within		
2005		Addition		I	Deletion		2005	1 year		
\$	11,111,326	\$	787,909	\$		\$	11,899,235	\$		

(c) Fuel Contamination Sites

During the 1964 earthquake, approximately 250,000-400,000 gallons of diesel fuel spilled on the ground. According to numerous environmental investigations, the spill impacted soil and groundwater at Plant 1 of the Electric Utility, and properties west/northwest of Plant 1. Currently, no active remediation, environmental investigation, or monitoring is being requested by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) at this site. However, these activities may be triggered if soil-disturbing activities occur at Plant 1 or in the area impacted by the 1964 spill.





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

	Ru	dget	Actual	Budget to GAAP	Actual	Variance With Final Budget – Positive	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Difference	GAAP Basis	(Negative)	
Revenues:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Taxes	\$ 42,247,460	\$ 399,444,892	\$ 398,135,665	\$	\$ 398,135,665	\$ (1,309,227)	
Special assessments	557,000	557,000	499,201		499,201	(57,799)	
Licenses and permits	11,896,220	12,148,980	13,012,040		13,012,040	863,060	
Intergovernmental	3,763,920	3,169,930	3,076,303		3,076,303	(93,627)	
Charges for services	33,236,850	36,285,290	36,597,251		36,597,251	311,961	
Fines and forfeitures	11,132,030	12,372,900	8,738,432	_	8,738,432	(3,634,468)	
Investment income	1,480,620	2,718,100	3,584,377		3,584,377	866,277	
Restricted contributions	367,360	442,360	116,989	_	116,989	(325,371)	
Other revenues	2,826,710	1,805,181	1,804,845		1,804,845	(336)	
Total revenues	107,508,170	468,944,633	465,565,103		465,565,103	(3,379,530)	
Expenditures:							
Current:	16.115.010	16.000.100	16 160 406	(1) (00.706)	15,057,769	021 (05	
General government	16,445,940	16,079,170	15,157,475	(1) (99,706) (1) 18,152	54,300,270	921,695 894,650	
Fire services	53,778,628	55,176,768	54,282,118 70,673,280		70,733,253	1,220,352	
Police services	69,814,500	71,893,632 14,761,870	13,523,456	(1) 59,973 (1) (28,127)	13,495,329	1,238,414	
Health and human services	14,076,420 39,659,760	40,131,650	37,640,997	(1) (28,127)	37,449,226	2,490,653	
Economic & community development	16,002,620	16,098,010	16,045,103	(1) (191,771)	16,053,331	52,907	
Public transportation	15,957,820	17,354,180	16,178,342	(1) (802,621)	15,375,721	1,175,838	
Public works	13,537,620	170,080,162	170,080,162	(1) (002,021)	170,080,162	1,175,050	
Education Maintenance and operations	27,258,080	28.041.150	26,885,450	(1) 268,512	27,153,962	1,155,700	
Debt service:	27,230,000	20,041,150	20,003,430	(1) 200,312	27,100,702	1,155,700	
Principal	24,155,300	24.496,710	24,583,791		24,583,791	(87,081)	
Interest	17,894,210	17,204,440	16,819,464		16,819,464	384,976	
Bond issuance costs	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		562,497		562,497	(562,497)	
Total expenditures	295,043,278	471,317,742	462,432,135	(767,360)	461,664,775	8,885,607	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(187,535,108)	(2,373,109)	3,132,968	767,360	3,900,328	5,506,077	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in - from other funds	7,010,100	8,375,140	9,225,827	www	9,225,827	850,687	
Transfers out - to other funds	(8,531,432)	(9,822,793)	(10,944,207)		(10,944,207)	(1,121,414)	
Transfers out - to component unit	_	(300,000)	(300,000)	_	(300,000)	761 100	
Premium on bond sale	-	_	751,129		751,129	751,129	
Refunding bonds issued		-	61,255,000	-	61,255,000	61,255,000	
Premium on refunding bonds	***************************************		5,422,081		5,422,081	5,422,081	
Payments to extinguish debt	-		(61,690,000)		(61,690,000) (4,424,584)	(61,690,000) (4,424,584)	
Payments to refunding bond escrow agent		35,000	(4,424,584)	_	36,211	1,211	
Sale of capital assets		112,420	36,211 114,300	_	114,300	1,880	
Insurance recoveries	(4.504.000)						
Total other financing uses	(1,521,332)	(1,600,233)	(554,243)		(554,243)	1,045,990	
Deficiency of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(189,056,440)	(3,973,342)	2,578,725	767,360	3,346,085	6,552,067	
Fund balance, beginning of year	41,941,499	41,941,499	41,941,499	(2) 974,112	42,915,611		
· • · · ·	\$ (147,114,941)	\$ 37,968,157	\$ 44,520,224	\$ 1,741,472	\$ 46,261,696	\$ 6,552,067	
Fund balance, end of year	Ψ (177,117,941)	\$ 51,500,157	47,520,227	1,7,1,7,2	5,25,,070	- 0,552,007	

Explanation of differences:

- Encumbrances for goods and services ordered but not received are reported in the year the orders are placed for budgetary purposes, but are reported in the year goods and services are received for GAAP purposes.
- (2) The amount reported as "fund balance" on the budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing the Municipality's budget. This amount differs from the fund balance reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because of the cumulative effect of transactions such as those described above.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data

December 31, 2005

In 2003, Anchorage implemented GASB Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences. This statement, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 34, clarifies the budgetary presentation requirements for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences that result in not being able to present budgetary comparison information for their general fund and major special revenue funds. The estimated appropriations in Anchorage's General Fund Budget do not correspond to the expenditures that are reported for the general fund on a GAAP basis. A reconciliation from GAAP to budgetary basis is provided to present the actual amounts on a budgetary basis for the budget to actual comparison.

In accordance with the Anchorage Home Rule Charter, the Mayor is required to submit a proposed budget for the next fiscal year to the Assembly at least 90 days before the end of the current fiscal year. The Assembly holds two public hearings on the proposed budget. The Assembly may increase or decrease any item, and may add or delete items; but must approve a budget and appropriate the necessary resources by ordinance at least 21 days prior to year end. Otherwise, the Mayor's proposal becomes the budget and appropriation.

The Assembly approved 2005 operating budgets and appropriations of direct costs at the department level, and indirect costs at the fund level. Some departmental appropriations span more than one fund. The Assembly approved 2005 capital budgets with anticipated appropriation of resources for the general government and appropriations for each utility. Upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that actual resources have become available for specific general government capital projects; e.g., when a grant is accepted, a bond sale or interfund transfer is approved, or a special assessment district is created, a supplemental appropriation is submitted to the Assembly for final approval. Supplemental appropriations are also submitted for approval upon certification by the Chief Fiscal Officer that operating grant funds have become available. The legal level of a budgetary control is the department and fund level.

During the year, no obligation involving the expenditure of money may be made unless the Chief Fiscal Officer has certified that the money required for the expenditure has been appropriated for that purpose. When each obligation is incurred, the committed amount becomes encumbered; i.e., it is treated as a reduction of available budget so that the committed amount will be available to pay for the goods or services when they are received. When the commitment is fulfilled, the encumbrance is released and an expenditure is recorded. An encumbrance is also released when a commitment is canceled.

The Assembly may approve supplemental appropriations to increase or decrease the budget and appropriations, or transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance from one appropriation to another by resolution. The Assembly, by ordinance, may authorize a contract, lease or other obligation requiring financing from future appropriations, except that a lease purchase agreement committing funds in excess of \$1 million is not valid until approved by the voters. The Mayor may transfer all or part of any unencumbered balance between categories within an appropriation.

At the end of the year, an unencumbered operating appropriation lapses into the fund from which it was appropriated; except that supplemental appropriations of grant and capital project resources do not lapse until their purpose has been accomplished or abandoned.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Heritage Land Bank (a Special Revenue Fund), Debt Service Funds, and the administrative operating costs of the Pension Trust Fund. Appropriations for these funds lapse at year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered. The General Fund is the only major fund required to be included as required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Data
December 31, 2005

Annual budgets are also adopted for proprietary fund types. However, since the measurement focus for proprietary fund types is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows, GAAP does not require the adoption of budgets, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds.

The Municipal Assembly is required to approve the School District budget (in total only) and appropriate by ordinance the necessary resources at least sixty (60) days prior to the current School District year end. Any budget revisions during the year increasing the total appropriation require approval by the Assembly. Expenditures may not exceed the aggregate total amount of the budget.

Required Supplementary Information – Condition Rating of Anchorage's Road Network

December 31, 2005

Percentage of Lane – Miles in Good or Better Condition

	2005	2002
Anchorage Road District	74.89%	76.61%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	95.16%	95.25%
Girdwood Road District	93.01%	73.75%
Other Road Districts	87.62%	76.94%
Overall System	80.01%	80.57%

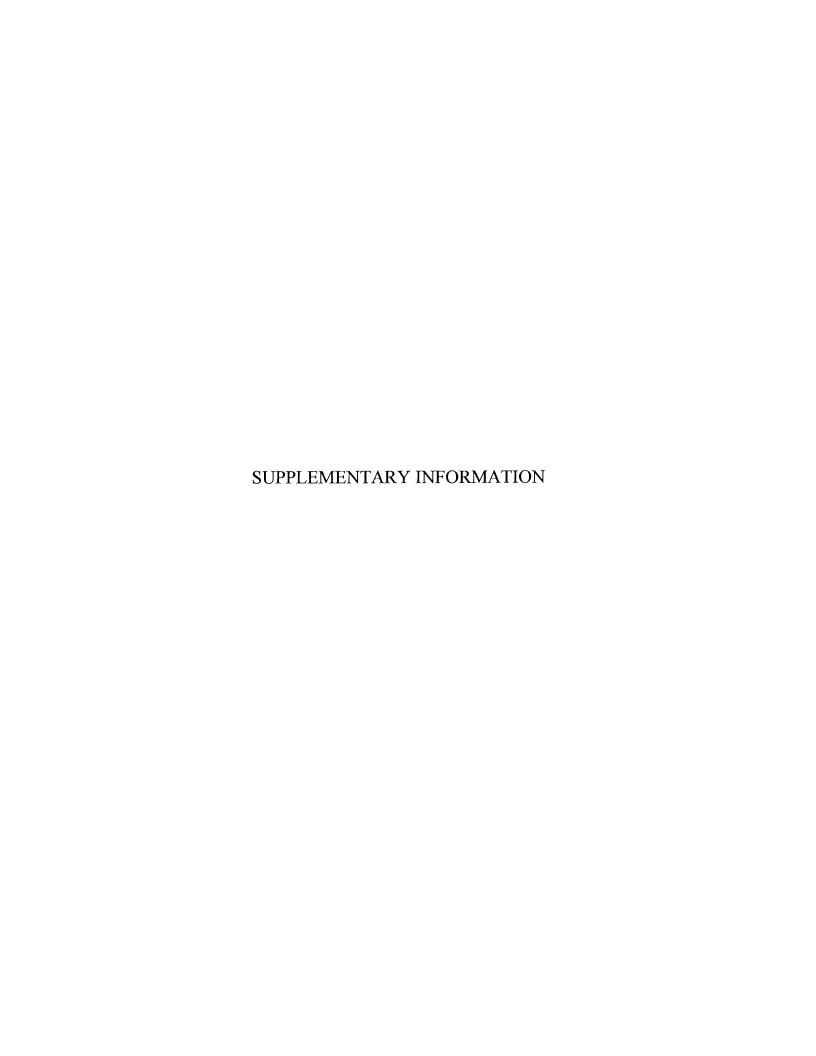
Percentage of Lane – Miles in Fair Condition

	2005	2002
Anchorage Road District	25.11%	23.39%
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District	4.84%	4.75%
Girdwood Road District	6.99%	26.25%
Other Road Districts	12.38%	23.06%
Overall System	19.99%	19.43%

Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (in Thousands)

	 2005	 2004	 2003	 2002
Anchorage Road District:				
Needed	\$ 21,497	\$ 12,968	\$ 11,145	\$ 6,914
Actual	21,250	11,835	11,854	6,997
Chugiak/Eagle River Road District:				
Needed	1,585	1,819	1,783	1,415
Actual	1,480	1,460	1,584	1,173
Girdwood Road District:				
Needed	115	97	89	104
Actual	89	111	78	103
Other Road Districts:				
Needed	411	279	268	616
Actual	1,094	237	224	338
Overall System:				
Needed	23,608	15,163	13,285	9,049
Actual	23,913	13,643	13,740	8,611
Difference	305	(1,520)	455	(438)

Note: The condition of road pavement is measured based upon an assessment of the longitudinal profile (International Roughness Index) and rut depth provided by the Dynatest Road Surface Profiler. The measurement system is an algorithm that combines the international roughness index, rut depth, and road profile to determine a condition index from two for pavement in excellent condition to seven for pavement in fair condition. The condition index is used to classify paved roads in good or better condition (4 or less) and fair condition (5 or more). It is Anchorage's policy to maintain 60% or more of the total paved road miles in good or better condition. Condition assessments are updated every three years.





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Heritage Land Bank Fund accounts for Municipal-owned real estate.

The **Police Investigation Fund** accounts for the proceeds from sale of property seized by the Police Department, State and Federal agencies.

The **State Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with State grant agreements.

The **Federal Grants Fund** accounts for financial resources which may be used only in accordance with Federal grant agreements.

The **Miscellaneous Operational Grants Fund** accounts for the use of miscellaneous restricted contributions and donations.

The **Other Restricted Resources Fund** accounts for the use of other specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The **Special Assessment Bonds Fund** accounts for special assessments and interest used to retire special assessment bonds which were issued to finance improvements to the assessed properties, except for special assessment bonds accounted for in proprietary funds.

The Retirement Certificates of Participation Fund accounts for an annuity investment and related income; the earnings and proceeds of which are to be used for payment of debt service requirements on certain Certificates of Participation and pension obligations of Anchorage in 2006, which include a \$9,800,000 contribution to the Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund.

The **Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Fund** accounts for contributions and earnings which are used to fund the Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust.

The **Jail Revenue Bond Fund** accounts for debt service on jail revenue bonds and the lease revenue from the jail used to fund the debt service.

The PAC Surcharge Revenue Bond Fund accounts for the performing arts center surcharge revenue and debt service on the roof repair loan.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

The **Areawide Capital Projects Fund** accounts for general government construction projects not accounted for in other funds.

The **Public Safety Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects in support of police, fire and rescue operations.

The Roads and Drainage Capital Projects Fund accounts for all roads and drainage capital improvement projects.

The **Public Transportation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for transit facilities and equipment.

The **Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund** accounts for capital improvement projects for out-of-service area roads and drainage, gas lines and pass-thru grants.

The Parks and Recreation Capital Projects Fund accounts for parks and recreation capital improvement projects in the taxing districts which receive parks and recreation services.

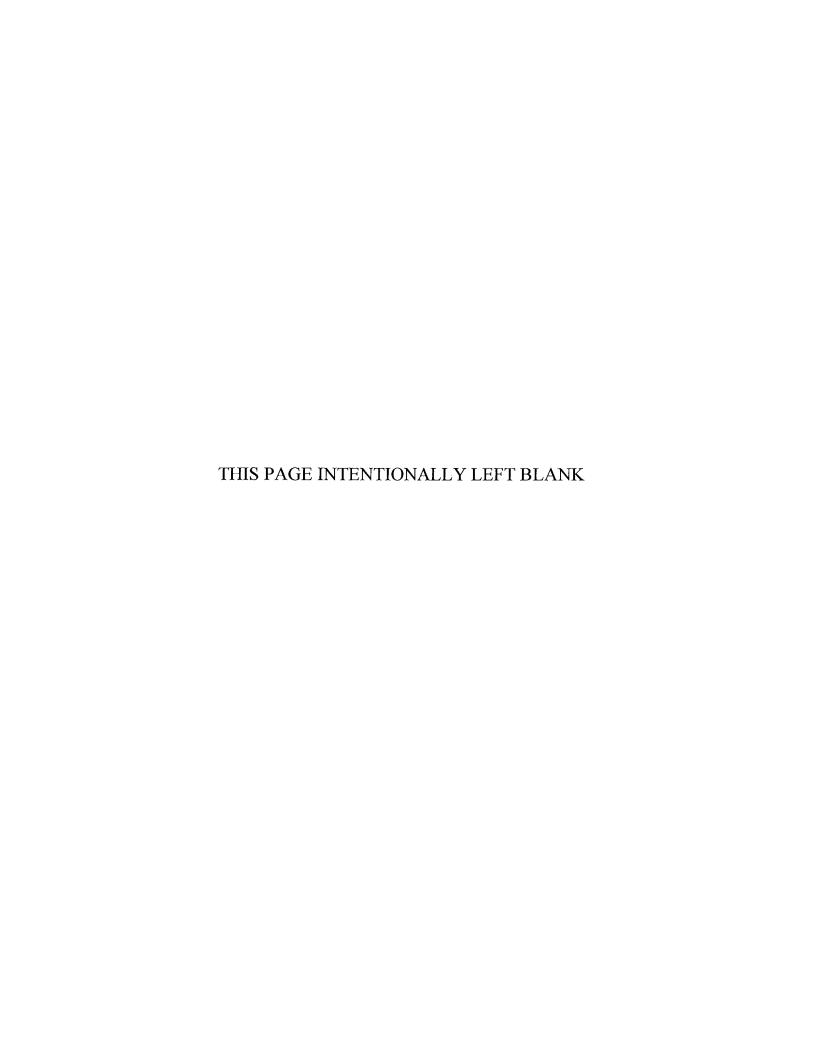
The **Historic Preservation Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the preservation of historic structures.

The Heritage Land Bank Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital improvement projects recommended by the Board of Heritage Land Bank and approved by the Assembly.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

The Cemetery Perpetual Maintenance Permanent Fund accounts for contributions, revenues and expenditures for perpetual maintenance of the Anchorage Memorial Park Cemetery.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Assets	Heritage Land Bank		Inv	Police estigations	State Grants		Federal Grants	Or	cellaneous perational Grants
Cash Cash in central treasury Investments Due from other funds Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Intergovernmental receivables Interest receivable Special assessments receivable Prepaid items and deposits Restricted assets: Investments	\$	1,749,320 	\$	5,811 543,471 	\$ 2,826,903 ————————————————————————————————————	\$	1,072,413 854,059 4,497,340 5,765,094	\$	495,193 6,011 19,760 44 —
Total assets	\$	3,003,698	\$	549,282	\$ 9,728,303	\$	12,188,906	\$	521,008
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Due to other funds Unearned revenue and deposits	\$	26,573 5,725	\$	35,146	\$ 717,221 47,267	\$	559,327 2,910,039	\$	16,401 — 19,760
Total liabilities		32,298		35,146	 764,488		3,469,366		36,161
Fund balances (deficits): Reserved: Encumbrances Prepaids and deposits Long-term loans Perpetual care Debt service		70,826 3,653 ————————————————————————————————————		77,009	1,969,906 259 ———————————————————————————————————		4,704,770 4,415,886 —		110,738
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue fund Capital project funds: Designated Undesignated		2,896,921		437,127	 6,993,650 — —		(401,116)		374,109
Total fund balances		2,971,400		514,136	 8,963,815		8,719,540		484,847
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,003,698	\$	549,282	\$ 9,728,303	\$	12,188,906	\$	521,008

Debt Service Retirement Certificates of Special Assessment Police/Fire Other Total Retiree Medical PAC Surcharge Total Jail Revenue Restricted Special Bonds Participation Liability Bond Revenue Bond Debt Service Resources Revenue 5,81**1** 6,786,577 \$ 6,212 \$ 6,212 99,277 905,298 13,304,697 403,513 14,613,508 860,070 19,960,445 19,960,445 100,197 100,197 _ 5,767,100 12,666,235 44 11,409 11,409 51,863 51,138 271,822 271,822 3,912 358,669 3,805,537 4,164,206 17,121,643 1,535,789 19,960,445 \$ 6,212 503,710 39,127,799 150,415 26,141,612 \$ 5,000 1,359,668 \$ \$ \$ 217,227 2,982,791 217,227 217,227 5,000 4,342,459 217,227 6,983,249 3,912 4,415,886 50,000 353,281 353,281 965,281 38,557,291 17,121,643 19,960,445 6,212 503,710 10,396,106 95,415 145,415 21,799,153 1,318,562 17,121,643 19,960,445 6,212 503,710 38,910,572 150,415 26,141,612 1,535,789 17,121,643 \$ 19,960,445 6,212 503,710 39,127,799

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

			Capital Projects									
Assets	Areawide			Public Safety		Roads and Drainage	Tr	Public ansportation	Miscellaneous			
Cash	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	_		
Cash in central treasury		2,912,231		8,139,799		78,532,864		800,394		69,246		
Investments								· —		· —		
Due from other funds		7,659,154										
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								-		_		
Intergovernmental receivables		1,047,988		184,529		3,895,390		1,534,973		335,155		
Interest receivable						_		_		-		
Special assessments receivable		_		-						645,723		
Prepaid items and deposits				_				_				
Restricted assets:												
Investments												
Total assets	\$	11,619,373	\$	8,324,328	\$	82,428,254	\$	2,335,367	\$	1,050,124		
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and retainages	\$	709,691	\$	130,183	\$	2,882,138	\$	160,078	\$	50,485		
Due to other funds		100,423		-						148,647		
Unearned revenue and deposits										656,472		
Total liabilities		810,114		130,183		2,882,138		160,078		855,604		
Fund balances (deficits):												
Reserved:												
Encumbrances		854,475		270,845		21,570,151		2,233,322		625,505		
Prepaids and deposits												
Long-term loans								_				
Perpetual care		-										
Debt service		_						_				
Unreserved, reported in:												
Special revenue fund				_		_		_		*****		
Capital project funds:												
Designated		9,822,393		6,960,503		57,800,310						
Undesignated		132,391		962,797		175,655		(58,033)		(430,985)		
Total fund balances		10,809,259		8,194,145		79,546,116		2,175,289		194,520		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	11,619,373	_\$	8,324,328	_\$_	82,428,254	.\$	2,335,367	. \$	1,050,124		

				 		Total		nanent Fund Cemetery	Total No Governme		
	Parks and Recreation		listoric eservation	 Heritage Land Bank		Capital Projects		Perpetual aintenance	 ecember 31, 2005	D	ecember 31, 2004
\$	10,490,628	\$	56,113	\$ 3,971,467	\$	104,972,742	\$		\$ 12,023 126,662,550	\$	14,783 93,667,037
			·						20,820,515		24,101,703
	_		_	_		7,659,154			7,759,351		574,836
								_	5,767,100		4,751,210
	83,584			_		7,081,619		_	19,747,854		12,114,476
	-								11,453		4,526
	_		-			645,723		_	969,408		538,923
	_		_	_		*****			3,912		3,754
				 					 4,164,206		4,068,116
\$	10,574,212	\$	56,113	\$ 3,971,467	\$	120,359,238	\$	289,723	\$ 185,918,372	\$	139,839,364
\$	1,432,222	\$		\$ 94	\$	5,364,891	\$		\$ 6,724,559	\$	3,920,977
	.,,					249,070		_	249,070		1,105,754
				 		656,472			 3,856,490		3,857,894
•	1,432,222			94		6,270,433		_	10,830,119		8,884,625
		-			-	_					
	769,981			105,898		26,430,177			33,413,426		29,606,259
			*******			****			3,912		3,754
						_			4,769,167		5,018,893
						-		289,723	289,723		269,397
	_					_			38,557,291		41,719,238
	_							-	10,396,106		12,570,336
	8,185,813			3,488,933		86,257,952		_	86,257,952		41,292,751
	186,196		56,113	 376,542		1,400,676			 1,400,676		474,111
	9,141,990		56,113	 3,971,373		114,088,805	,	289,723	 175,088,253		130,954,739
\$	10,574,212	\$	56,113	\$ 3,971,467	\$	120,359,238	\$	289,723	\$ 185,918,372	\$	139,839,364
				 	====		-		 		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

		Special Revenue								
		age Land Bank		Police stigations		State Grants		Federal Grants		scellaneous perational Grants
Revenues: Special assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental						16,056,971		11,914,949		
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		_		359,775						
Investment income		132,192		16,868		15,447		42,777		17,268
Restricted contributions		132,172		10,000		15,447		72,777		368,260
Other		186,050		58,936		_		413,014		
Total revenues	 	318,242		435,579		16,072,418		12,370,740		385,528
Expenditures:		310,212		155,577		10,072,710		12,5 . 0,1 . 0		
Experiatures. Current:										
General government		936,834				102,402				37,059
Fire services						34,339		3,106,513		1,317
Police services		_		392,963		360,251		1,761,961		78,298
Health and human services		_				7,991,245		4,555,248		148,399
Economic and community development		_		-		1,092,524		5,346,456		232,388
Public transportation		_				3,425,628		340,056		-
Public works						642,755		755,828		
Maintenance and operations				_		52,978		_		****
Education						313,206		_		***
Debt service:										
Principal		_		~~~						
Interest		_								
Bond issuance costs		_		~~~				-		
Capital projects							-			
Total expenditures		936,834		392,963		14,015,328		15,866,062		497,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		(618,592)		42,616		2,057,090		(3,495,322)		(111,933)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in – from other funds						538,094		1,402,920		1,710
Transfers out – to other funds	(1	1,533,830)				(203,700)				
General obligation bonds issued						_		-		
Long term debt issued		***************************************								
Refunding bonds issued		_				_				
Premium on bond sale				_		_				
Premium on refunding bonds						_		-		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt										
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Capital Leases		_								_
Sale of capital assets		834,048								
•			-			224 204		1 402 020		1.710
Total other financing sources (uses)		(699,782)				334,394		1,402,920		1,710
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	(1	,318,374)		42,616		2,391,484		(2,092,402)		(110,223)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		1,289,774		471,520		6,572,331		10,811,942		595,070
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2	2,971,400	\$	514,136	\$	8,963,815	\$	8,719,540	\$	484,847

Debt Service Special Police/Fire Total Retirement Other Retiree Medical Jail Revenue **PAC Surcharge** Total Special Assessment Certificates of Restricted Revenue Bonds Participation Liability Bond Revenue Bond Debt Service Resources 642,254 223,935 223,935 \$ 642,254 27,971,920 4,656,778 4,656,778 359,775 87,986 242,528 224,552 368,260 40,204 (1,134,319) 1,248,501 156 658,000 1,248,501 4,656,934 87,986 5,123,241 30,224,761 264,139 (1,134,319)642,254 1,639,795 3,142,169 2,593,473 28,563 28,563 563,500 809,671 809,671 989,597 989,597 12,694,892 6,671,368 3,765,684 1,398,583 52,978 313,206 5,545,000 3,017,704 2,175,000 2,481,778 110,000 60,000 3,200,000 228,261 ____ 57,605 250,060 452,887 452,887 117,605 1,827,831 5,109,665 338,261 10,843,422 32,272,148 3,450,060 563,500 (579,330) (452,731) 78,754 (2,047,387)146,534 (4,584,379) (250,275) (5,720,181) 1,942,724 1,800,000 305,347 2,105,347 _ (1,737,530)40,835,000 40,835,000 2,598,103 (39,585,000) 2,598,103 (39,585,000) (3,395,216) (3,395,216) 834,048 1,800,000 452,887 305,347 2,558,234 1,039,242 55,072 146,534 (4,584,379) 1,220,670 156 (3,161,947)78,754 (1,008,145)22,807,298 1,172,028 21,706,022 18,739,775 6,056 448,638 42,072,519 66,661

21,799,153

145,415

1,318,562

17,121,643

19,960,445

6,212

503,710

38,910,572

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Revenuers Revenuers Problem of Services Revenuer of Services Service				Capital Projects		
Special assessments		Areawide				Miscellaneous
Transfer Statistic Stati						
Charges for services Fines and forficitures Fines are forficiture						
Fines and forfeitures 167,326 52,146 57,627 629 720			744,687	7,419,982	3,868,447	495,566
		241,304	******	_		
Sestitical contributions 340,403 1,512 310,338 356 216 Total revenues 5,894,411 798,345 7,787,947 3,868,983 854,101 Expenditures: Use of the properties of the propertie		167 326	52 146	57 627		6 297
Other 340,403 1,512 310,338 536 216 Expenditures: Current: Sependitures:		107,520	52,140	51,021		0,277
Total revenues 5,894,411 798,345 7,787,947 3,868,983 854,101		340,403	1,512	310,338	536	216
Current:		5,894,411		7,787,947	3,868,983	854,101
Current:	Carpondituras				***************************************	
General government						
Fire services Police services Police services Health and human services Economic and community development Public transportation Pub		_				
Health and human services		wateres.	where		roma	_
Economic and community development		-				
Public transportation —					-	MATTER STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
Public works — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>						-
Maintenance and operations — </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>****</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			****			
Education Debt service: Principal Interest Bond issuance costs 1,322 Total expenditures 14,122,377 1,3651,971 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,696,552 Transfers our to other funds 1,696,552 Transfers our to other funds 1,696,552 Teneral obligation bonds issued 480,000 General obligation bonds issued 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Region of refunding bonds 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Response (uses) 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Response (uses) 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Response (uses) 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Response (uses) 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt 1,000 Refunding bonds 1,000 Refunding bond			******	_	~	-
Debt service: Principal		and the same of th		_	-	
Principal Interest —		_	_	_		
Interest Bond issuance costs		_				
Bond issuance costs		_	********	********	*******	-
Capital projects 14,121,055 3,651,971 48,230,452 4,48,431 512,330 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,227,966) (2,853,626) (40,702,431) (584,762) 341,771 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers on — from other funds 1,696,552 436,030 2,270,070 35,871 40,000 Transfers out — to other funds (365,000) (350,000) — — — — General obligation bonds issued 480,000 — 94,395,000 1,930,000 — Long term debt issued — 350,000 — — — Refunding bonds issued (37,804) (74,268) (67,047) 5,314 — Premium on bond sale (37,804) (74,268) (67,047) 5,314 — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — Capital Leases Sale of capital assets		1,322		259,926	5,314	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,227,966) (2,853,626) (40,702,431) (584,762) 341,771		14,121,055	3,651,971	48,230,452	4,448,431	512,330
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,227,966) (2,853,626) (40,702,431) (584,762) 341,771	Total expenditures	14 122 377	3 651 971	48 490 378	4 453 745	512 330
expenditures (8,227,966) (2,853,626) (40,702,431) (584,762) 341,771 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in – from other funds 1,696,552 436,030 2,270,070 35,871 40,000 Transfers out – to other funds (365,000) (350,000) ————————————————————————————————————	•	11,122,577	3,031,571	10,150,570	1,100,110	312,530
Transfers in – from other funds 1,696,552 436,030 2,270,070 35,871 40,000 Transfers out – to other funds (365,000) (350,000) — — — — General obligation bonds issued 480,000 — 94,395,000 1,930,000 — Refunding bonds issued — — — — — Premium on bond sale (37,804) (74,268) (67,047) 5,314 — Premium on refunding bonds — — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — Capital Leases — — — — — — Sale of capital assets 26 — — — — — Total other financing sources (uses) 1,773,774 361,762 96,598,023 1,971,185 40,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and oth		(8,227,966)	(2,853,626)	(40,702,431)	(584,762)	341,771
Transfers in – from other funds 1,696,552 436,030 2,270,070 35,871 40,000 Transfers out – to other funds (365,000) (350,000) — — — — General obligation bonds issued 480,000 — 94,395,000 1,930,000 — Refunding bonds issued — — — — — Premium on bond sale (37,804) (74,268) (67,047) 5,314 — Premium on refunding bonds — — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — Capital Leases — — — — — — Sale of capital assets 26 — — — — — Total other financing sources (uses) 1,773,774 361,762 96,598,023 1,971,185 40,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and oth	Other financing sources (uses):					
General obligation bonds issued 480,000		1,696,552	436,030	2,270,070	35,871	40,000
Long term debt issued Refunding bonds issued Premium on bond sale Premium on bond sale Premium on refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Capital Leases Sale of capital assets 26 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,773,774 361,762 96,598,023 1,971,185 40,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (6,454,192) (2,491,864) 55,895,592 1,386,423 381,771 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 17,263,451 10,686,009 23,650,524 788,866 (187,251)	Transfers out – to other funds	(365,000)	(350,000)		·	-
Refunding bonds issued		480,000	-	94,395,000	1,930,000	
Premium on bond sale (37,804) (74,268) (67,047) 5,314 — Premium on refunding bonds — — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt — — — — — Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — — — Capital Leases —	Long term debt issued		350,000			
Premium on refunding bonds — </td <td></td> <td>(27.00.4)</td> <td>(51.2(0)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		(27.00.4)	(51.2(0)			
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt — <td></td> <td>(37,804)</td> <td>(74,268)</td> <td>(67,047)</td> <td>5,314</td> <td></td>		(37,804)	(74,268)	(67,047)	5,314	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Capital Leases —		_				_
Capital Leases Sale of capital assets 26 —	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinguish debt					
Sale of capital assets 26 —		NOTION .	_		_	
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,773,774 361,762 96,598,023 1,971,185 40,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (6,454,192) (2,491,864) 55,895,592 1,386,423 381,771 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 17,263,451 10,686,009 23,650,524 788,866 (187,251)		26		_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (6,454,192) (2,491,864) 55,895,592 1,386,423 381,771 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 17,263,451 10,686,009 23,650,524 788,866 (187,251)	·	1,773,774	361,762	96,598,023	1,971,185	40,000
sources over expenditures and other uses (6,454,192) (2,491,864) 55,895,592 1,386,423 381,771 Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year 17,263,451 10,686,009 23,650,524 788,866 (187,251)	3	*	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		(6,454,192)	(2,491,864)	55,895,592	1,386,423	381,771
Fund balances, end of year \$ 10,809,259 \$ 8,194,145 \$ 79,546,116 \$ 2,175,289 \$ 194,520	Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	17,263,451	10,686,009	23,650,524	788,866	(187,251)
	Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,809,259	\$ 8,194,145	\$ 79,546,116	\$ 2,175,289	\$ 194,520

Recreation Preservation Land Bank F \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 684,585	Capital Projects Perpetual Maintenance 2005 2004 352,022 \$
684,585 403,824 — 7,685 147,792 1,679 93,551 341,730 — —	18,358,385 — 46,330,305 34,181,66 653,073 11,050 5,320,901 5,605,9 — — 359,775 245,00 526,418 9,276 1,002,774 2,071,74 — — 368,260 1,260,0 994,735 — 1,652,735 855,7 20,884,633 20,326 56,252,961 45,012,8 — — 1,668,358 2,011,4 — — 3,951,840 1,872,4 — — 3,583,070 2,962,4
147,792 1,679 93,551 	526,418 9,276 1,002,774 2,071,74 — 368,260 1,260,0 994,735 — 1,652,735 855,7 20,884,633 20,326 56,252,961 45,012,8 — — 1,668,358 2,011,4 — — 3,951,840 1,872,4 — — 3,583,070 2,962,4
	20,884,633 20,326 56,252,961 45,012,8 — — 1,668,358 2,011,4 — — 3,951,840 1,872,4 — — 3,583,070 2,962,4
	3,951,840
	— 3,583,070 2,962,4
	<u> </u>
	6,671,368 4,038,4 3,765,684 3,147,4 1,398,583 1,113,6
	52,978 5. 313,206 285,2
	266,562 — 719,449 588,2 75,629,256 — 75,629,256 58,750,4
	75,895,818 — 119,011,388 94,694,3 (55,011,185) 20,326 (62,758,427) (49,681,5'
(2,669,489) 1,679 (316,361) (316,361) (316,361)	7,121,543 — 11,169,614 11,588,9
	(715,000) — (2,452,530) (5,000,85) 96,805,000 — 96,805,000 52,375,00 350,000 — 350,000 5,365,00
(93,299) — — —	40,835,000 (267,104) - (267,104) 591,51 - 2,598,103
	- (39,585,000) - (3,395,216) - (1,146,8)
1,146,051 — 1,403,670 10	26 — 834,074 2,145,9 103,294,465 — 106,891,941 68,212,4:
	48,283,280 20,326 44,133,514 18,530,8
	65,805,525 269,397 130,954,739 112,423,8 114,088,805 \$ 289,723 \$ 175,088,253 \$ 130,954,7

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Heritage Land Bank Special Revenue Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

Variance With

		Bu	dget				Fin	al Budget – Positive
		Original		Final	,	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Investment income Other revenues	\$	92,370 72,300	\$	123,240 140,070	\$	132,192 186,050	\$	8,952 45,980
Total revenues		164,670		263,310		318,242		54,932
Expenditures: General government		1,215,280		1,150,250	-	936,834		213,416
Total expenditures		1,215,280		1,150,250		936,834		213,416
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	,	(1,050,610)		(886,940)		(618,592)		268,348
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out — to other funds Proceeds from sale of assets		1,050,600		(3,278,622) 1,020,740		(1,533,830) 834,048		1,744,792 (186,692)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,050,600		(2,257,882)		(699,782)		1,558,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(10)		(3,144,822)		(1,318,374)		1,826,448
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,289,774		4,289,774		4,289,774		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,289,764	\$	1,144,952	\$	2,971,400	\$	1,826,448

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Assessment Bonds Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

		Bu	dget				Fin	riance With al Budget – Positive	
	Oı	iginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Special assessments Investment income	\$		\$	292,620	\$	223,935 40,204	\$	(68,685) 40,204	
Total revenues	,			292,620		264,139		(28,481)	
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest				235,000 57,620		60,000 57,605		175,000 15	
Total expenditures				292,620	,	117,605		175,015	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		_		_		146,534		146,534	
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,172,028		1,172,028		1,172,028			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,172,028	\$	1,172,028	\$	1,318,562	\$	146,534	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Retirement Certificates of Participation Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

			lget				Fi	ariance With nal Budget – Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues: Investment income	\$		\$		\$	(1,134,319)	\$	(1,134,319)
Total revenues	*******					(1,134,319)		(1,134,319)
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest		3,200,000 252,120		3,200,000 252,120		3,200,000 250,060		2,060
Total expenditures		3,452,120		3,452,120		3,450,060		2,060
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(3,452,120)		(3,452,120)		(4,584,379)		(1,132,259)
Fund balance, beginning of year		21,706,022		21,706,022		21,706,022		
Fund balance, end of year		18,253,902	\$	18,253,902	\$	17,121,643	\$	(1,132,259)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police/Fire Retiree Medical Liability Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

			dget					ariance With inal Budget – Positive
		Original		Final	<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)	
Revenues: Investment income	_\$_		\$		\$	1,248,501	\$	1,248,501
Total revenues						1,248,501		1,248,501
Expenditures: General government Fire services Police services		869,157 1,062,303		869,157 1,062,303		28,562 809,671 989,597		(28,562) 59,486 72,706
Total expenditures		1,931,460		1,931,460		1,827,830	,	103,630
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(1,931,460)		(1,931,460)		(579,329)		1,352,131
Other financing sources: Transfers in – from other funds		1,931,460		1,931,460		1,800,000		(131,460)
Total other financing sources		1,931,460		1,931,460		1,800,000		(131,460)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		1,931,460		1,931,460		1,220,671		1,117,041
Fund balance, beginning of year		18,739,775		18,739,775		18,739,775		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	20,671,235	\$	20,671,235	\$	19,960,446	\$	1,117,041

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Jail Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund

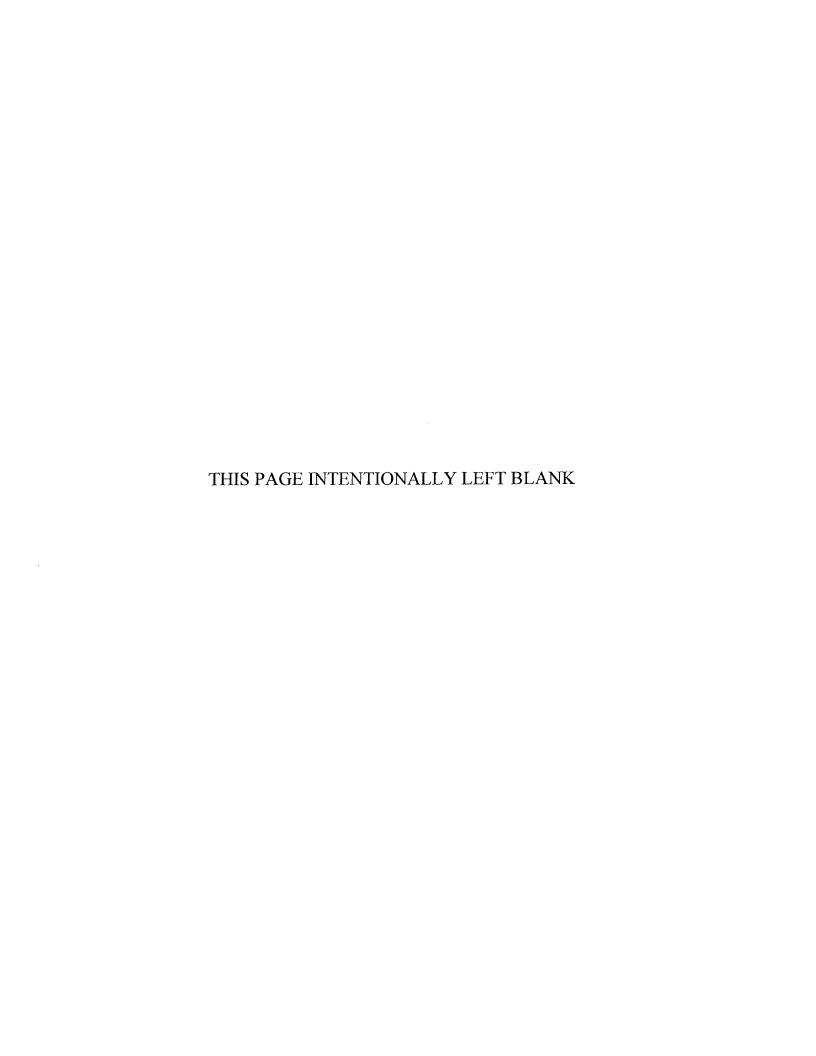
Year ended December 31, 2005

		Bu	dget				ariance With nal Budget – Positive
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$		\$	5,214,130	\$ 4,656,778 156	\$	(557,352) 156
Total revenues				5,214,130	 4,656,934		(557,196)
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest Bond issuance costs				2,175,000 3,039,130 ————————————————————————————————————	2,175,000 2,481,778 452,887		557,352 (452,887)
Total expenditures				5,214,130	 5,109,665		104,465
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures					(452,731)	-	(452,731)
Other financing sources (uses): Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent to extinquish debt Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Total other financing sources (uses)					 40,835,000 2,598,103 (39,585,000) (3,395,216) 452,887		(40,835,000) (2,598,103) 39,585,000 3,395,216 (452,887)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses					156		(905,618)
Fund balance, beginning of year		6,056		6,056	 6,056		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	6,056	\$	6,056	\$ 6,212	\$	(905,618)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule PAC Surcharge Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund

Year ended December 31, 2005

	Buc	lget		Variance With Final Budget – Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Investment income			87,986	87,986
Total revenues			87,986	87,986
Expenditures: Debt service:			110,000	(110,000)
Principal Interest	338,500	338,500	110,000 228,261	(110,000) 110,239
Total expenditures	338,500	338,500	338,261	239
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(338,500)	(338,500)	(250,275)	88,225_
Other financing sources: Transfers in – from other funds	338,500	338,500 338,500	305,347 305,347	33,153 33,153
Total other financing sources	338,500	338,300	303,347	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	_		55,072	121,378
Fund balance, beginning of year	448,638	448,638	448,638	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 448,638	\$ 448,638	\$ 503,710	\$ 121,378





NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services received.

The Refuse Utility Fund accounts for the Municipal-owned refuse collection services.

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the Municipal-owned landfill and transfer station operations.

The Port Fund accounts for operations of the Municipal-owned port facility.

The **Municipal Airport Fund** accounts for the operations of Merrill Field, a Municipal-owned airport.

The **CIVICVentures** accounts for the blended component unit nonprofit created to finance and construct a convention facility for the Municipality of Anchorage.

The **Anchorage Community Development Authority** accounts for the blended component unit public corporation created to promote adequate parking facilities within Anchorage.

The Alaska Center for the Performing Arts accounts for the blended component unit that operates, maintains and promotes the performing arts center.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Assets	Refuse Utility		Solid Waste	Port	
Current assets:		•		•	1.70
Cash	\$ 300	\$	1,475	\$	150
Cash in central treasury	2,740,553		11,001,945		10,135,404
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	425,372		1,142,410		673,382
Interest receivable			1,590		743
Current portion of lease receivable	1 220		2 207		501,727
Prepaid items and deposits	1,329		3,287		35,946
Restricted assets:					
Restricted deposits					
Receivables					529,912
Bond and acquisition and construction accounts	1,456,820		5,739,687		23,008,942
Revenue bond operations and maintenance accounts			382,195		1 255 200
Debt service accounts	 				1,255,890
Total current assets	 4,624,374		18,272,589		36,142,096
Noncurrent assets:					
Loans receivables, net					
Deferred charges and other assets			2,353		828,213
Capital assets, net	 2,375,309		51,323,025	,	57,849,682
Total noncurrent assets	 2,375,309		51,325,378		58,677,895
Total assets	\$ 6,999,683	\$	69,597,967	\$	94,819,991

				Anchorage Community	A 1-	aska Center	7	Γotal Nonmajor	Entor	rnrica Funds
 Municipal Airport	CIV	ICVentures	Development Authority			for the Performing Arts		December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004
\$ 200	\$	5,000	\$	3,973,837	\$	1,173,356	\$	5,154,318 23,877,902	\$	5,342,045 24,714,916
1,635				60,405		21,651		2,324,855		2,970,528
729								3,062		3,665
		_						501,727		457,236
1,827		_		39,709		27,511		109,609		86,591
				15,876		594,566		610,442		592,202
2,113,085						·		2,642,997		5,225
		-						30,205,449		41,751,923
								382,195		369,812
 								1,255,890		1,141,022
 2,117,476_		5,000		4,089,827		1,817,084		67,068,446		77,435,165
22 454								23,454		28,585
23,454				1,172,396		_		2,002,962		1,354,587
44,011,764		3,469,103		29,696,731				188,725,614		170,065,366
 44,035,218		3,469,103		30,869,127				190,752,030		171,448,538
\$ 46,152,694	\$	3,474,103	\$	34,958,954	\$	1,817,084	\$	257,820,476	\$	248,883,703

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Liabilities		Refuse Utility		Solid Waste	Port	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and retainages Compensated absences payable	\$	70,652 71,230	\$	202,239 338,625	\$	209,241 88,043
Due to other funds Accrued interest payable Long-term obligations maturing within one year Unearned revenue and deposits Deferred credits and other liabilities				243,036 3,519,980 —		33,250 1,296,897
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable Capital acquisition and construction accounts		_				
and retainage payable Total current liabilities		141,882	//	79,036 4,382,916		340,692 1,968,123
Noncurrent liabilities: General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts, premiums, deferred gain or loss on refunding) Alaska clean water loan payable Unfunded pension obligation		75,633		990,034 11,112,678 134,229		49,035
Total noncurrent liabilities		75,633		12,236,941		49,035
Deferred credits and other liabilities: Future landfill closure costs	·			11,899,235		
Total liabilities		217,515		28,519,092		2,017,158
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for operations and maintenance		2,375,309		35,700,333 382,195		56,552,785 1,223,383
Restricted for capital construction Unrestricted	•	1,456,820 2,950,039		5,739,687 (743,340)		22,668,250 12,358,415
Total net assets		6,782,168		41,078,875		92,802,833
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	6,999,683	\$	69,597,967	\$	94,819,991

			Anchorage Community			aska Center	Total Nonmajor	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				
 Municipal Airport	CIVIC	CVentures	r	Development Authority	Per	for the forming Arts	 December 31, 2005		ecember 31, 2004			
\$ 33,420 49,796 783,438 — 102,056	\$	12,156 3,461,947	\$	757,569 56,001 — 114,910	\$	249,195 	\$ 1,522,316 547,694 939,636 288,442 8,278,824 565,017	\$	1,228,919 516,108 360,217 433,681 4,907,931 216,764 260,004			
		********		15,509		65,216	80,725		54,944			
97,661					. <u> </u>		 517,389		585,189			
 1,066,371		3,474,103		943,989		762,659	 12,740,043		8,563,757			
		_		·			_		2,267,230			
<u> </u>				149,635			990,034 11,112,678 434,831		2,541,526 11,779,341 165,120			
 26,299				149,635			 12,537,543		16,753,217			
 							 11,899,235	,	11,111,326			
 1,092,670		3,474,103		1,093,624		762,659	 37,176,821		36,428,300			
44,011,764 — —				29,696,731 — 15,876		<u> </u>	168,336,922 1,605,578 610,442		148,569,338 1,446,334 35,142			
1,048,260				4,152,723		459,859	29,864,757 20,225,956		42,024,979 20,379,610			
 45,060,024				33,865,330		1,054,425	 220,643,655	_	212,455,403			
\$ 46,152,694	\$	3,474,103	\$	34,958,954	\$	1,817,084	\$ 257,820,476	\$	248,883,703			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Refuse Utility		Solid Waste		Port
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services Other	\$ 6,565, 27,	.860 \$.785	14,976,789 361,577	\$	5,945,222 4,133,726
Total operating revenues	6,593,	645	15,338,366		10,078,948
Operating expenses: Operations Municipal service assessment Amortization of future landfill closure costs Depreciation	5,507, 37, 398,	202	9,049,335 743,793 787,909 2,522,917		3,788,630 538,645 — 3,536,395
Total operating expenses	5,943,	209	13,103,954		7,863,670
Operating income (loss)	650,	436	2,234,412		2,215,278
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Other revenues Intergovernmental revenue Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposition of assets Other expenses Amortization of deferred charges	132,	716 691 — — —	657,300 30,319 (520,330) 224,624		1,203,961 1,714,374 529,912 (86,463) — (1,676,264) (52,600)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	135,	407	391,913		1,632,920
Income (loss) before transfers	785,	843	2,626,325		3,848,198
Capital contributions Transfers out Transfers in	(295,0	000)	(780,000)		
Change in net assets	490,	843	1,846,325		3,848,198
Total net assets – beginning	6,291,	325	39,232,550	,	88,954,635
Total net assets – ending	\$ 6,782,	168 \$	41,078,875	\$	92,802,833

					Anchorage Community	Ala	aska Center	7	Гotal Nonmajor	Enter	rprise Funds
	Municipal Airport	CIVIC	Ventures		evelopment Authority	Per	for the forming Arts		2005		2004
\$	1,029,593	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,307,814 27,827	\$	1,043,900 51,645	\$	34,869,178 4,602,560	\$	34,005,001 4,949,709
	1,029,593				5,335,641		1,095,545	****	39,471,738		38,954,710
	928,964 10,953		_ 		3,338,318 371,005		1,934,907 ————————————————————————————————————		24,547,326 1,701,598 787,909		23,128,824 1,564,550 786,694
	1,630,253				1,203,090				9,291,490		8,735,931
	2,570,170		National Co.		4,912,413		1,934,907		36,328,323		34,215,999
****	(1,540,577)				423,228	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(839,362)		3,143,415		4,738,711
	8,703 82,249				129,195		47,578 —		2,179,453 1,829,633		759,407 195,249
	3,607,806		-		_				4,137,718 (606,793)		2,303,543 (977,663)
							-		224,624		109,211
									(1,676,264) (52,600)		(52,929)
	3,698,758				129,195		47,578		6,035,771		2,336,818
	2,158,181				552,423		(791,784)		9,179,186		7,075,529
					(392,230) (500,687) 133,830		(305,347) 1,148,500		(392,230) (1,881,034) 1,282,330		(484,819) (1,839,338) 1,148,500
-	2,158,181				(206,664)		51,369		8,188,252		5,899,872
	42,901,843				34,071,994		1,003,056		212,455,403		206,555,531
		Φ.		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		•		Φ.	
_\$	45,060,024	\$		\$	33,865,330	_\$	1,054,425	\$	220,643,655	\$	212,455,403

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Refuse Utility	Solid Waste	Port
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 6,638,941 (3,964,107) (1,442,954)	\$ 15,127,906 (5,662,627) (3,975,989)	\$ 9,744,667 (1,734,601) (2,841,363)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,231,880	5,489,290	5,168,703
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Loan payments to central treasury Other noncapital receipts	(295,000) — — — —	(780,000) — — 30,319	38,110
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	(295,000)	(749,681)	38,110
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations Loan proceeds from central treasury Loan proceeds from line of credit Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposition of capital assets Grant proceeds Contributed capital – customers	(573,284)	(3,419,614) — (583,395) (3,374,449) 460,182 5,225	(1,250,000) — (117,713) (5,725,119) — 529,912
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(569,797)	(6,912,051)	(6,562,920)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from investment in direct financing leases Interest received	132,716	646,361	342,157 1,203,218
Net cash provided by investing activities	132,716	646,361	1,545,375
Net increase (decrease) in cash	499,799	(1,526,081)	189,268
Cash, beginning of year	2,241,054	12,529,501	9,946,286
Cash, end of year	\$ 2,740,853	\$ 11,003,420	\$ 10,135,554
Cash Cash in central treasury Cash. December 31	\$ 300 2,740,553 \$ 2,740,853	\$ 1,475 11,001,945 \$ 11,003,420	\$ 150 10,135,404 \$ 10,135,554
Casii, December 31	Ψ 2,740,000	Ψ 11,005,720	Ψ 10,133,334

				(Anchorage Community	Al	aska Center	Total Nonma		Ente	rprise Funds
-	Municipal Airport	CI	VICVentures		Pevelopment Authority	Per	for the forming Arts		2005		2004
\$	1,029,806 (787,867) (96,278)	\$		\$	5,340,032 (1,739,326) (2,892,175)	\$	5,930,823 (4,419,462) (2,149,919)	\$	43,812,175 (18,307,990) (13,398,678)	\$	42,685,507 (12,136,996) (15,988,555)
	145,661				708,531		(638,558)		12,105,507		14,559,956
	82,249				(500,687) 133,830 —		(305,347) 1,148,500 —		(1,881,034) 1,282,330 — 150,678		(1,839,338) 1,373,500 (310,332) 183,720
	82,249				(366,857)	*	843,153		(448,026)		(592,450)
	783,438		3,474,103		 		_ _ _		(4,669,614) 783,438 3,474,103 (701,108)		(5,012,932) 962,886 — (980,567)
	(3,103,589)		(3,469,103)		(542,910)		(87,251)		(16,875,705)		(18,188,822)
	2,083,636				(285,608)				463,669 2,618,773 (285,608)		208,637 2,044,836 (312,239)
	(236,515)		5,000		(828,518)		(87,251)		(15,192,052)		(21,278,201)
	8,605				 129,195	,	<u> </u>		342,157 2,167,673		568,160 1,067,182
	8,605				129,195		47,578		2,509,830		1,635,342
			5,000		(357,649)		164,922		(1,024,741)		(5,675,353)
	200				4,331,486		1,008,434		30,056,961		35,866,330
\$	200	\$	5,000	\$	3,973,837	\$	1,173,356	\$	29,032,220	\$	30,190,977
\$	200	\$	5,000	\$	3,973,837	\$	1,173,356	\$	5,154,318 23,877,902	\$	5,342,045 24,848,932
\$	200	\$	5,000	\$	3,973,837	\$	1,173,356	\$	29,032,220	\$	30,190,977

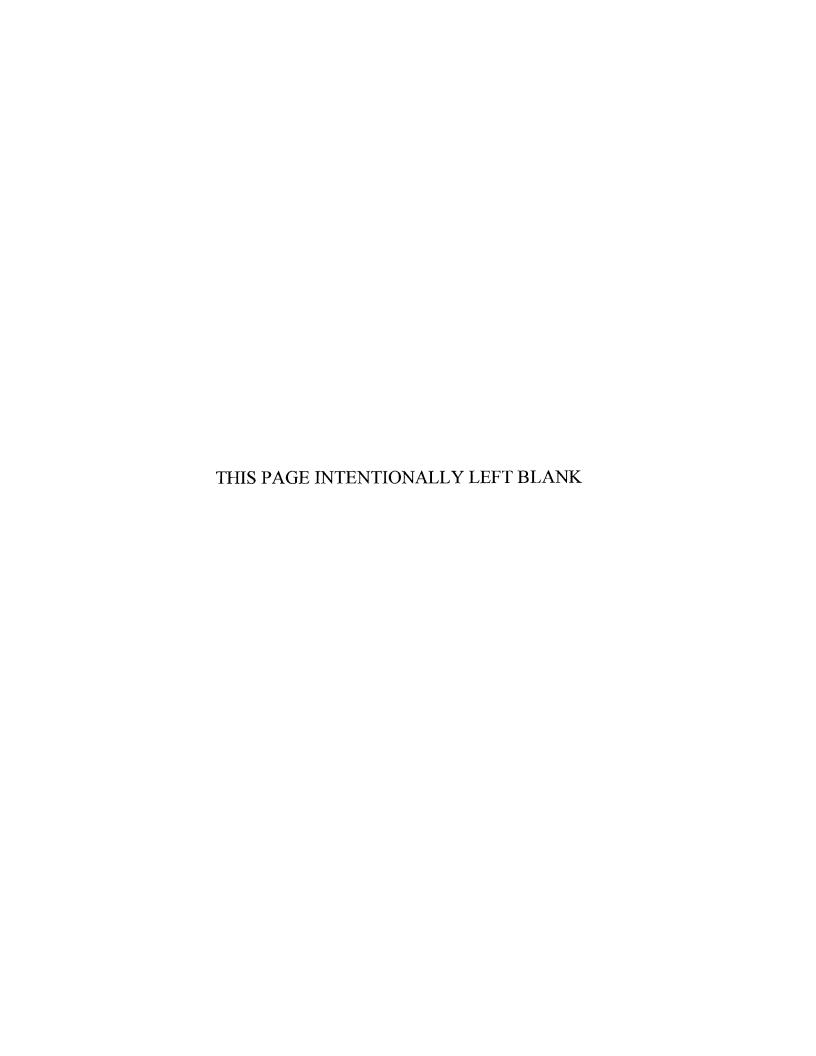
Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Refuse Utility			Solid Waste	Port	
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:	•	670.406	•			
Operating income (loss)	\$	650,436	\$	2,234,412	\$	2,215,278
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided or used by operating activities:		222 22 7				
Depreciation		398,835		2,522,917		3,536,395
Amortization of landfill closure costs		_		787,909		
Capital equipment purchases						
Changes in assets and liabilities which increase						
(decrease) cash:						
Accounts receivable		73,044		(210,551)		(334,281)
Prepaid items and deposits		37		91		987
Notes receivable				_		-
Customer deposits						
Deferred charges and other assets				-		
Accounts payable		41,311		28,681		(248,677)
Deferred credits		-		_		
Unearned revenue		921				
Compensated absences payable		17,404		46,575		(29,705)
Unfunded pension obligation		49,892		79,256		28,706
Total cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,231,880	\$	5,489,290	\$	5,168,703

 Municipal Airport		CIVICVentures		Anchorage Community Development Authority		Alaska Center for the Performing Arts		Total Nonmajor		Enterprise Funds 2004	
\$ (1,540,577)	\$	_	\$	423,228	\$	(839,362)	\$	3,143,415	\$	4,537,615	
1,630,253				1,203,090				9,291,490		8,735,931	
		-		_				787,909		786,694	
_						49,745		49,745		30,558	
12,967		_		(9,374)		7,795		(460,400)		(189,664)	
51				(39,709)		15,525		(23,018)		10,794	
5,344				(,,				5,344		6,500	
				19,266		10,272		29,538		19,170	
				(1,172,396)		_		(1,172,396)		´ 	
water				194,591		29,420		45,326		457,212	
				(720)		´		(720)		120,194	
23,790				(4,781)		88,047		107,977		(79,108)	
(2,688)		*******				· —		31,586		(41,060)	
16,521				95,336				269,711		165,120	
\$ 145,661	\$		\$	708,531	\$	(638,558)	\$	12,105,507	\$	14,559,956	





INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or service provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Three **Risk Management Funds** account for money received from other Municipal funds to pay for the costs of self-insurance claims in the following categories:

- General liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation
- Medical/Dental
- Unemployment compensation

The **Equipment Maintenance Fund** accounts for the management and maintenance of general government equipment and vehicles.

The Information Technology Fund accounts for management information services.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

	Risk Management							
Assets	C	General Liability/ Workers' ompensation		Medical/ Dental		employment empensation		Equipment Iaintenance
Current assets:								
Cash in central treasury	\$	6,818,972	\$	5,869,845	\$	79,403	\$	addition and
Due from other funds		908,019				343,000		
Due from component units Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		_				-		
Inventories								352,963
Prepaid items and deposits		217,828		22,246		_		
Restricted assets:								4,717,533
Capital acquisition and construction accounts	-							
Total current assets		7,944,819		5,892,091		422,403		5,070,496
Noncurrent assets:								
Advances to other funds		4,926,603						—
Due from component units				anticularities		771,525		19,061,380
Capital assets, net		4.026.603				771,525		19,061,380
Total noncurrent assets		4,926,603		5 002 001			<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	12,871,422	\$	5,892,091	\$	1,193,928	J	24,131,876
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Current liabilities:				25.002	•		æ	262 701
Accounts payable and retainages	\$	271,710 65	\$	37,993 4,118	\$	_	\$	253,701 203,646
Compensated absences payable Claims payable		5,760,339		1,255,808		78,933		205,040
Due to other funds		, , , <u> </u>		, , <u> </u>		,		_
Claims incurred but not reported		6,789,661		4,546,667		_		
Long-term obligations maturing within one year Unearned revenue and deposits								_
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Capital acquisition and construction accounts								
and retainage payable								716,441
Total current liabilities	v	12,821,775		5,844,586		78,933		1,173,788
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due to other funds								_
Unearned revenue Unfunded pension obligation		2,855		3,753				150,812
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,855		3.753				150,812
		12,824,630		5,848,339		78,933		1,324,600
Total liabilities		12,824,030		3,646,339		70,755	-	1,524,000
Net assets (deficit): Invested in capital assets, net of related debt								19,061,380
Unrestricted		46,792		43,752		1,114,995		3,745,896
Total net assets		46,792		43,752		1,114,995		22,807,276
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	12,871,422	\$	5,892,091	\$	1,193,928	\$	24,131,876
A VOMA AREV ANABAY WART								

	Total Internal Service Funds					
 nformation Fechnology	D	ecember 31, 2005		ecember 31, 2004		
\$ 74	\$	12,768,220 908,019 343,000 74	\$	5,610,445 908,019 — 143		
67,740		352,963 307,814		333,553 275,114		
 		4,717,533		6,467,563		
 67,814		19,397,623		13,594,837		
_		4,926,603 771,525		6,789,033		
 12,162,282		31,223,662		30,574,254		
 12,162,282		36,921,790		37,363,287		
\$ 12,230,096	<u> </u>	56,319,413	\$	50,958,124		
\$ 97,723 465,633 	\$	661,127 673,462 7,095,080 5,041,001 11,336,328 — 43,467	\$	566,190 595,710 6,633,412 5,988,019 5,837,424 75,997 43,467		
 263,814		980,255		532,374		
 5,911,638		25,830,720		20,272,593		
4,926,604 1,097,565 268,798		4,926,604 1,097,565 426,218	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6,024,762 1,276,128 132,536		
6,292,967		6,450,387		7,433,426		
12,204,605		32,281,107		27,706,019		
 6,327,659 (6,302,168)		25,389,039 (1,350,733)		23,565,476 (313,371)		
 25,491		24,038,306		23,252,105		
\$ 12,230,096	\$	56,319,413	\$	50,958,124		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	General Liability/ Workers' Compensation	Medical/ Dental	Unemployment Compensation	Equipment Maintenance
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services	\$ 8,082,959	\$ 36,288,272	\$ (60,839)	\$ 10,268,393
Total operating revenues	8,082,959	36,288,272	(60,839)	10,268,393
Operating expenses: Operations Depreciation	7,870,827	36,249,870	251,617	7,543,545 3,095,728
Total operating expenses	7,870,827	36,249,870	251,617	10,639,273
Operating income (loss)	212,132	38,402	(312,456)	(370,880)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Intergovernmental revenue Other revenues Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	437,323 — — — —	5,350	71,372	135,652 132,370 ————————————————————————————————————
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	437,323	5,350	71,372	387,287
Income (loss) before transfers	649,455	43,752	(241,084)	16,407
Transfer to other funds Transfer from other funds				200,000
Change in net assets	649,455	43,752	(241,084)	216,407
Total net assets (deficit) - beginning	(602,663)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,356,079	22,590,869
Total net assets – ending	\$ 46,792	\$ 43,752	\$ 1,114,995	\$ 22,807,276

I	nformation	Total Internal Service Funds						
	Fechnology		2005		2004			
\$	12,500,496	\$	67,079,281	\$	32,643,723			
	12,500,496		67,079,281		32,643,723			
	9,042,686 2,984,245		60,958,545 6,079,973		29,953,832 6,064,333			
	12,026,931		67,038,518		36,018,165			
	473,565		40,763		(3,374,442)			
	180,497 — 52,999 (589,390)		830,194 132,370 52,999 (589,390)		329,811 125,000 14,953 (241,784)			
			119,265		(36,202)			
	(355,894)		545,438	,	191,778			
	117,671		586,201		(3,182,664)			
			200,000		(3,872,918)			
	117,671		786,201		(7,055,582)			
	(92,180)		23,252,105		30,307,687			
\$	25,491	\$	24,038,306	\$	23,252,105			

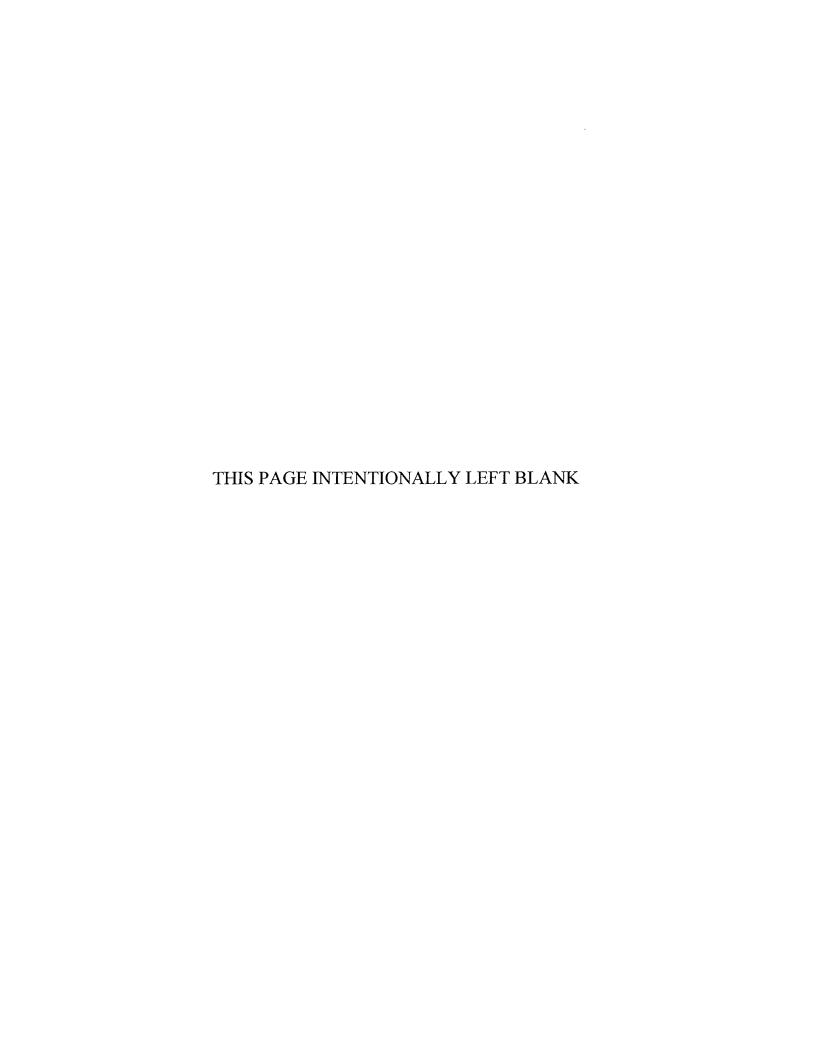
Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Risk Management							
		General Liability/ Workers' ompensation		Medical/ Dental		employment mpensation		Equipment Iaintenance
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$	8,212,603 (7,776,550) (91,356)	\$	36,288,272 (172,085) (30,251,692)	\$	(60,839) — (252,528)	\$	10,268,393 (2,864,404) (4,527,327)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		344,697		5,864,495		(313,367)		2,876,662
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers out Transfers in Loan proceeds from interfund loans Loan payments on interfund loans Loan to component unit		908,019		 				200,000 480,317 —
Other		(8,475)						4,468
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		899,544				(151,639)	-	684,785
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term obligations Interest payments on long-term obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets Intergovernmental revenue received Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		_ _ _ _						(3,950,468) 132,370 120,999
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities								(3,697,099)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		437,323		5,350		71,372		135,652
Net cash provided by investing activities		437,323		5,350		71,372		135,652
Net increase (decrease) in cash		1,681,564		5,869,845		(393,634)		
Cash, beginning of year		5,137,408				473,037		_
Cash, end of year	\$	6,818,972	\$	5,869,845	\$	79,403	\$	
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided or used by operating activities:	\$	212,132	\$	38,402	\$	(312,456)	\$	(370,880)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities which increase (decrease) cash:		mondan		_				3,095,728
Accounts receivable Prepaid items Inventories		8,820		(22,246)				— (19,409)
Deferred charges and other assets Accounts payable Unearned revenue Claims payable Deferred credits		(38,184) — 159,008		37,993 		(911)		29,044 — — —
Compensated absences payable Unfunded pension obligation		66 2,855		4,118 3,753				39,416 102,763
Total cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	344,697	\$	5,864,495	\$	(313,367)	\$	2,876,662

	Total Internal Service Funds								
Information Technology	2005	2004							
\$ 12,500,565 (5,176,985) (3,778,993)	\$ 67,208,994 (15,990,024) (38,901,896)	\$ 32,692,329 (7,556,858) (22,339,813)							
3,544,587	12,317,074	2,795,658							
	200,000 1,388,336	(3,872,918) — 918,486							
(947,017)	(947,017) (151,639) 48,992	(6,884,295) — 14,953							
52,999	538,672	(9,823,774)							
(1,174,155) (589,390) (1,069,561) — 	(1,174,155) (589,390) (5,020,029) 132,370 123,039	(1,040,689) (243,659) (1,128,534) 125,000 108,614							
(2,831,066)	(6,528,165)	(2,179,268)							
180,497	830,194	329,811							
180,497	830,194 7,157,775	329,811 (8,877,573)							
	5,610,445 \$ 12,768,220	\$ 5,610,445							
\$ — \$ 473,565 2,984,245	\$ 40,763 6,079,973	\$ (3,374,442) 6,064,333							
69	69 (13,426)	1,496 (8,017)							
(19,274) 66,082 34,152	(19,409) 9,770 65,891 34,152 5,960,572	46,509 157,225 32,213 ————————————————————————————————————							
(178,563) 184,311	(134,963) 293,682	(229,180) (27,015) 132,536							
\$ 3,544,587	\$ 12,317,074	\$ 2,795,658							





FIDUCIARY AND AGENCY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The **Police/Fire Retirement Trust Funds** account for the contributions, revenues, expenses and distributions of the three Municipal Police and Fire Retirement Plans.

The **Police/Fire Retiree Medical Trust Fund** accounts for contributions and distributions on behalf of the Police and Fire retirees who are eligible for the plan covered by the Trust.

The Employee Benefits Agency Fund accounts for payroll-related liabilities.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information at December 31, 2004)

Assets Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II Police/Fire Retirement System Plan III Police/Fire Retirement System Plan III Total Cash in central treasury \$ 24,405 \$ 16,648 \$ 48,991 \$ 90,044 Cash, cash equivalents held under securities lending program Investments at fair value: \$ 3,611,822 \$ 10,628,396 \$ 19,534,978 Investments at fair value: \$ 105,294,423 \$ 72,409,795 \$ 217,544,403 \$ 395,248,621 Noney market funds \$ 105,294,423 \$ 72,409,795 \$ 217,544,403 \$ 395,248,621 Debt securities \$ 105,294,423 \$ 72,409,795 \$ 217,544,403 \$ 395,248,621 Debt securities \$ 105,294,423 \$ 72,409,795 \$ 217,544,403 \$ 395,248,621 Capital assets, net \$ 4,977 \$ 3,395 \$ 9,990 \$ 18,362 Total assets \$ 110,618,565 \$ 76,041,660 \$ 228,231,780 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities \$ 34,147 \$ 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,628,396		Police/Fire Retirement Trust Funds									
Cash cash equivalents held under securities lending program Investments 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Investments Investments at fair value: Investment in master group trust Money market funds 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Money market funds Debt securities — — — — Equity securities — — — — Total investments 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Capital assets, net 4,977 3,395 9,990 18,362 Total assets \$ 110,618,565 76,041,660 \$ 228,231,780 \$ 414,892,005 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 34,147 \$ 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities \$ 105,289,658 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 </th <th colspan="2">Assets</th> <th>Retirement</th> <th>]</th> <th>Retirement</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th colspan="3">Total</th>	Assets		Retirement]	Retirement			Total			
Cash, cash equivalents held under securities lending program Investments 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Investments at fair value: Investment in master group trust Money market funds Debt securities 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Equity securities Total investments 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Capital assets, net Total investments 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Capital assets, net Total assets 110,618,565 76,041,660 228,231,780 414,892,005 Liabilities 34,147 20,993 54,656 109,796 Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities 5,294,760 3,632,815 10,683,052 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits Employees' pension benefits 72,408,845 217,548,728 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits — — — — —	Cash in central treasury	\$	24,405	\$	16,648	\$	48,991	\$	90,044		
Investment in master group trust Money market funds	Cash, cash equivalents held under securities lending program Investments		5,294,760		3,611,822		10,628,396		19,534,978		
Debt securities Equity securities Total investments ————————————————————————————————————	Investment in master group trust		105,294,423		72,409,795		217,544,403		395,248,621		
Total investments 105,294,423 72,409,795 217,544,403 395,248,621 Capital assets, net 4,977 3,395 9,990 18,362 Total assets \$ 110,618,565 76,041,660 \$ 228,231,780 \$ 414,892,005 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 34,147 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Debt securities										
Total assets \$ 110,618,565 \$ 76,041,660 \$ 228,231,780 \$ 414,892,005 Liabilities Accounts payable \$ 34,147 \$ 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231			105,294,423		72,409,795		217,544,403		395,248,621		
Total assets \$ 110,618,565 \$ 76,041,660 \$ 228,231,780 \$ 414,892,005 Liabilities \$ 34,147 \$ 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231	Capital assets, net		4,977		3,395		9,990		18,362		
Accounts payable \$ 34,147 \$ 20,993 \$ 54,656 \$ 109,796 Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	•	\$	110,618,565	\$	76,041,660	\$	228,231,780	\$	414,892,005		
Payable under securities lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Liabilities										
lending program 5,294,760 3,611,822 10,628,396 19,534,978 Total liabilities \$ 5,328,907 \$ 3,632,815 \$ 10,683,052 \$ 19,644,774 Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits —<	* -	\$	34,147	\$	20,993	\$	54,656	\$	109,796		
Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits	•		5,294,760	*****	3,611,822		10,628,396		19,534,978		
Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231	Total liabilities	\$	5,328,907	\$	3,632,815	\$	10,683,052	\$	19,644,774		
Employees' pension benefits \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231 Employees' postemployment healthcare benefits	Net Assets										
Total net assets \$ 105,289,658 \$ 72,408,845 \$ 217,548,728 \$ 395,247,231	Employees' pension benefits Employees' postemployment	\$	105,289,658	\$	72,408,845	\$	217,548,728	\$	395,247,231		
	Total net assets	\$	105,289,658	\$	72,408,845	\$	217,548,728	\$	395,247,231		

	Police/Fire		Total Fidu	ciary Funds				
Retiree Medical Trust Fund		I	December 31, 2005	December 31, 2004				
\$	1,567	\$	91,611	\$	72,443			
	 _		19,534,978		22,514,095 5,897,481			
	643,455 1,006,679 5,293,010 6,943,144		395,248,621 643,455 1,006,679 5,293,010 402,191,765		395,038,728			
	6,944,711	\$	18,362 421,836,716	\$	27,033 417,652,299			
\$		\$	109,796	\$	99,272			
			19,534,978		22,514,095			
		\$	19,644,774		22,613,367			
\$		\$	395,247,231	\$	395,037,416			
	6,944,711		6,944,711		5,898,997			
\$	6,944,711	\$_	402,191,942	_\$_	400,936,413			

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2005

(With summarized financial information for the year ended December 31, 2004)

	Police/Fire Retirement Pension Trust Funds										
	Police/Fire Retirement System Plan I		Police/Fire Retirement System Plan II			Police/Fire Retirement estem Plan III		Total			
Additions:											
Contributions from other funds	\$		\$	_	\$		\$				
Contributions		4,311		2,941		8,654		15,906			
Interest		1,719,705		1,178,264		3,505,247		6,403,216			
Dividends		416,123		285,244		850,616		1,551,983			
Net increase in fair value											
of investments		4,991,760		3,435,396		10,286,112		18,713,268			
Less investments expense		(387,013)		(264,936)		(787,404)	····	(1,439,353)			
Total additions		6,744,886		4,636,909		13,863,225	-	25,245,020			
Deductions:											
Regular benefit payments		8,246,764		4,982,931		10,737,444		23,967,139			
Administrative expenses		275,823		284,909		507,334		1,068,066			
Total deductions		8,522,587	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,267,840		11,244,778		25,035,205			
Change in net assets		(1,777,701)		(630,931)		2,618,447		209,815			
Net assets – beginning		107,067,359		73,039,776		214,930,281		395,037,416			
Net assets – ending	\$	105,289,658	\$	72,408,845	\$	217,548,728	\$	395,247,231			

	Police/Fire	,	Total Fidu	ciary	Funds
Retiree Medical Trust Fund			December 31, 2005		December 31, 2004
\$	1,799,268	\$	1,799,268	\$	1,495,890
			15,906		18,775
	35,474		6,438,690		5,892,040
	133,823		1,685,806		1,014,967
	180,617		18,893,885		36,966,300
			(1,439,353)		(1,430,934)
	2,149,182		27,394,202		43,957,038
	1,037,709		25,004,848 1,133,825		23,317,352 867,850
	65,759		1,133,623		807,830
	1,103,468		26,138,673		24,185,202
_	1,045,714		1,255,529		19,771,836
	5,898,997_		400,936,413		381,164,577
\$	6,944,711	\$	402,191,942	_\$_	400,936,413

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
Employee Benefits								
Assets: Equity in general cash pool Accounts receivable	\$	6,623,869 9,974	\$	212,332,513	\$	210,957,373 2,185	\$	7,999,009 7,789
Total assets	\$	6,633,843	\$	212,332,513	\$	210,959,558	\$	8,006,798
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to employees Due to employees' retirement system Payroll liabilities	\$	164,394 5,031,105 966,588 471,756	\$	9,963,865 114,856,882 28,214,498 69,252,758	\$	9,593,163 114,617,398 28,059,424 68,645,063	\$	535,096 5,270,589 1,121,662 1,079,451
Total liabilities	\$	6,633,843	\$	222,288,003	\$	220,915,048	\$	8,006,798